

INFIBEAM AVENUES LIMITED

	(Rupees i	n crore, except per	share data and if	otherwise stated)
Particulars	As per unaudited financial statements	As per last Audited Financial Year	1 year prior to the last Audited Financial Year	2 years prior to the last Audited Financial Year
	For period 01 April, 2023 to 30 June, 2023	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21
Equity Paid up Capital	267.78	267.78	267.63	133.10
Reserves and surplus	2,723.58	2,691.63	2,484.97	2,524.04
Carry forward losses				0.007.44
Net Worth	2,991.36	2,959.41	2,752.60	2,657.14
Miscellaneous Expenditure				40.00
Secured Loans		_		19.83
Unsecured Loans		**		-
Fixed Assets	2,067.50	2,079.46	2,101.38	2,092.30
Income from Operations	697.29	1,787.29	1,167.48	576.70
Total Income	699.53	1,851.13	1,175.59	585.84
Total Expenditure	662.18	1,669.63		525.39
Profit before Tax	37.34	181.50	84.54	60.45
Profit after Tax	27.76	135.49	69.86	49.40
Cash profit	61.11	229.11	152.17	134.39
EPS (in Rs.)	0.10	0.51	0.26	0.19
Book value (in Rs.)	11.15	11.05	10.29	19.96

For, Infibeam Avenues Limited

Shyamal Trivedi Sr. Vice President, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer



ODIGMA CONSULTANCY SOLUTIONS LIMITED

(Rupees in crore, except per share data and if otherwise stated)						
to a contraction of the contract	As per last	1 year prior to	2 years prior to			
	Audited Financial	the last Audited	the last Audited			
Particulars	Year	Financial Year	Financial Year			
	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21			
Equity Paid up Capital	0.44	0.22	0.22			
Reserves and surplus	66.31	26.96	25.09			
Carry forward losses	an 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 199					
Net Worth	66.75	27.19	25.32			
Miscellaneous Expenditure						
Secured Loans	No.	ar				
Unsecured Loans		-				
Fixed Assets	3.59	0.13	0.14			
Income from Operations	43.52	26.35	29.79			
Total Income	45.01	27.13	29.87			
Total Expenditure	43.63	25.24	28.64			
Profit before Tax	1.38	1.89	1.23			
Profit after Tax	1.05	1.88	0.76			
Cash profit	0.87	1.30	1.64			
EPS (in Rs.)	31.42	83.98	57.45			
Book value (in Rs.)	1,520.33	1,213.70	1,130.19			

For, Odigma Consultancy Solutions Limited

Vinc ancy So Vishal Mehta Director DIN: 03093563

ODigMa Consultancy Solutions Limited CIN: U72900GJ2011PLC131548

Corporate Office :

No. 211, 2nd & 3rd Floor, Kasturi Nagar Service Road, Outer Ring Road, Bengaluru- 560043, Karnataka, India. Ph: +91 80 4095 1342 | Mail ID: contact@odigma.com

INFIBEAM PROJECTS MANAGEMENT PRIVATE LIMITED [CIN: U70109GJ2022PTC129384]

INFIBEAM PROJECTS MANAGEMENT PRIVATE LIMITED

(Rupees in crore, except per share data and if otherwise stated)

	As per last Audited Financial Year	1 year prior to the last Audited Financial Year	2 years prior to the last Audited Financial Year		
	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21		
Equity Paid up Capital	0.01	-			
Reserves and surplus	0.02				
Carry forward losses	**				
Net Worth	0.03				
Miscellaneous Expenditure	-				
Secured Loans	48	Transferee Compan	y is incorporated on 14 lingly, the requirement to		
Unsecured Loans	9.06	submit audited financial	figures of FY 2020-21 and		
Fixed Assets	30	FY 2021-22 is not app	licable to the Transferee		
Income from Operations	0.18		npany.		
Total Income	0.35				
Total Expenditure	0.33	www.			
Profit before Tax	0.03				
Profit after Tax	0.02				
Cash profit	0.03	amm			
EPS (in Rs.)	20.25				
Book value (in Rs.)	30.25				

For, Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited,

Vishal Mehta Director DIN: 03093563



Registered Office: 28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road-5C, Zone-5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar – 382 355, Gujarat

SHAH & TAPARIA CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

203, Center Point Building, 100, Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Road, Opp. Bharatmata Theater, Lalbaug, Parel, Mumbai - 400012. Tel :- 022-42116800 Fax : 022 - 4022 0314 E-mail : info@shahtaparia.com visit us at : www.shahtaparia.com

Independent Auditor's Review Report on the Quarterly Unaudited Standalone Financial Results of the Company Pursuant to the Regulation 33 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended

Review Report to The Board of Directors of Infibeam Avenues Limited

- 1. We have reviewed the accompanying statement of unaudited standalone financial results of Infibeam Avenues Limited ('the Company') for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 ('the Statement') attached herewith, being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ('the Listing Regulations').
- 2. This Statement, which is the responsibility of the Company's management and approved by the Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ('Ind AS 34'), prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Statement based on our review.
- 3. We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. A review of interim financial statement consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than as audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.
- 4. Based on our review conducted as above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Statement, prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the aforesaid Indian Accounting Standard specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of the Listing Regulations, including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.

For Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 109463W

Narottam Shah Partner Membership Number: 106355 UDIN: 23106355BGXJBA5371

Place : Gandhinagar Date : August 08, 2023



		Infibeam Avenues Li			
		CIN: L64203GJ2010PL			
	28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, B	, , ,			
	Statement of Standalone Unau				
****		(/	Rupees in million, exce	pi per snare aata ana	
C			Quarter Ended		Year ended
Sr. No.	Particulars	June 30, 2023	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2023
NO.		(Unaudited)	(Audited) (Refer Note 3)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Income from operations				
	Income from operations	6,972.9	6,082.5	3,780.8	17,872
	Total income from operations	6,972.9	6,082.5	3,780.8	17,872
2	Other income	22.4	175.7	27.7	638
3	Total income (1+2)	6,995.3	6,258.2	3,808.5	18,511
4	Expenses				
	Operating expenses	6,110.3	5,279.0	3,139.6	15,001
	Employee benefits expenses	221.2	219.1	166.3	802
	Finance costs	6.3	7.3	3.4	19
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses	146.7	147.4	134.0	558
	Other expenses	137.3	103.8	62.2	315
	Total expenses	6,621.8	5,756.6	3,505.5	16,690
5	Profit before exceptional item and tax (3-4)	373.5	501.6	303.0	1,81
6	Exceptional items	-		-	
	Profit before tax (5-6)	373.5	501.6	303.0	1,815
	Total tax expenses	95.8	130.1	70.1	460
	Profit after tax (7-8)	277.7	371.5	232.9	1,354
	Other Comprehensive Income/ (Expenses) (net of tax)				
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
	-Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	-	(1.9)	~	(1
	-Net change in fair value of investments in equity instruments	6.3	69.7	(17.9)	52
	 Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 	(1.4)	1.1	1.8	:
0	Other comprehensive income, net of tax	4.9	68.9	(16.1)	53
1	Total Comprehensive Income for the Period (after tax) (9+10)	282.6	440.4	216.8	1,408
.2	Paid-up equity share capital (Face Value of the share Re. 1/- each)	2,677.8	2,677.8	2,676.7	2,67
.3	Other equity				26,916
	Earnings per share *				,
	(a) Basic	0.10	0.14	0.09	0.
	(b) Diluted	0.10	0.14	0.09	0.

See accompanying notes to the financial results





		N: L64203GJ2010P	061366					
	and the second s		0001000					
	28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road -5C, Zone-5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar - 382355							
	Reporting of Standalone Unaudited Segment Wise Revenue, Results, Assets And Liabilities							
	For T	he Quarter Ended Ju	une 30, 2023					
				(F	Rupees in millions)			
Sr.			Quarter Ended on		Year ended on			
No.	Particulars	June 30, 2023	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2023			
NU.		(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)			
	Segment Revenue							
1	(a) Payment Business	6,439.0	5,678.2	3,432.7	16,384.1			
+	(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	533.9	404.3	348.1	1,488.8			
	Total Revenue	6,972.9	6,082.5	3,780.8	17,872.9			
	Segment Results Profit/(Loss) before tax							
	and interest from each segment							
	(a) Payment Business	114.6	201.3	123.3	614.5			
	(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	309.0	241.6	191.5	785.4			
2	Total segment results	423.6	442.9	314.8	1,399.9			
6	Less: i) Interest expense	6.3	7.3	3.4	19.2			
	Less: ii) Other un-allocable expenditure	63.7	48.8	26.0	117.2			
	Add: iii) Un-allocable income	19.9	114.8	17.6	551.5			
	Profit before tax	373.5	501.6	303.0	1,815.0			
	Segment Assets							
	(a) Payment Business	28,518.5	27,927.2	26,918.3	27,927.2			
3	(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	8,150.0	7,967.8	6,571.0	7,967.8			
	(c) Unallocable corporate assets	2,154.3	2,278.1	2,280.6	2,278.1			
	Total Segment Assets	38,822.8	38,173.1	35,769.9	38,173.1			
	Segment Liabilities			1				
	(a) Payment Business	7,490.0	7,260.1	6,935.4	7,260.1			
4	(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	1,289.5	1,191.8	942.5	1,191.8			
	(c) Unallocable corporate liabilities	129.7	127.1	102.7	127.1			
	Total Segment Liabilities	8,909.2	8,579.0	7,980.6	8,579.0			
	Capital Employed (Segment assets -			1				
	Segment liabilities)							
	(a) Payment Business	21,028.5	20,667.1	19,982.9	20,667.1			
5	(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	6,860.5	6,776.0	5,628.5	6,776.0			
	(c) Unallocable corporate assets less liabilities	2,024.6	2,151.0	2,177.9	2,151.0			
	Total capital employed	29,913.6	29,594.1	27,789.3	29,594.1			

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Notes:

1. Business segments:

Based on the "management approach" as defined in Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments and evaluation by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, primary reportable segments of the Company consists of: (1) Payment Business and (2) E-commerce Platform Business

2. Segment assets and liabilities:

Segment information is prepared in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the standalone financial statements of the Company as a whole. Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and principally consists of operating cash, trade receivables and fixed assets, net of allowances and provisions which are reported as direct offsets in the balance sheet. While most such assets can be directly attributed to individual segments, the carrying amount of certain assets used jointly by two segments is allocated to the segments on a reasonable basis. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of trade payables and accrued liabilities. Segment assets and liabilities do not include those relating to income taxes.

3. Segment expense:

Segment expense comprises the expense resulting from the operating activities of a segment that is directly attributable to the segment or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to the segment and expense relating to transactions with other segments. Certain expenses are not specifically allocable to individual segments as the underlying services are used interchangeably. The Company therefore believes that it is not practicable to provide segment disclosures relating to such expenses, and accordingly such expenses are separately disclosed as 'unallocated' and directly charged against total income.

4. Certain assets and liabilities which are common to both the segments for which basis of allocation cannot be consistently identified are included under un-allocable assets and liabilities





and a second sec	Note	2:
	1	The above statement of unaudited standalone financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 ('the Statement') of Infibeam Avenues Limited ('the Company') are reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and taken on record by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on August 08, 2023. The report has been filed with the stock exchanges and is available on the Company's website at "www.ia.ooo".
	2	In accordance with Ind AS-108 - "Operating Segments" and evaluation by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, the Company operates in two business segments: (1) Payment Business includes Payment Gateway business with CC Avenue business brand and payment infrastructure including CPGS towards banks, and Credit & Lending related business and (2) E-Commerce Platform Business includes Software Framework & Infrastructure to enable E-Commerce for large enterprises and related services including domains & advertising.
	З	The standalone figures of the last quarter are the balancing figure between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year upto March 31, 2023 and the unaudited year-to-date figures upto December 31, 2022 being the date of the end of the third quarter of the financial year which were subjected to limited review.
Consideration and and a subscription of the second s	4	The figures for comparative period have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable.
A DATE OF A		For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Infibeam Avenues Limited
1		e: August 08, 2023 Conditioners
	Place	e: Gandhinagar Lalbat Parel, Munbal - 400012 ACCO

SHAH & TAPARIA CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

203, Center Point Building, 100, Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Road, Opp. Bharatmata Theater, Lalbaug, Parel, Mumbai - 400012. Tel :- 022-42116800 Fax : 022 - 4022 0314 E-mail : info@shahtaparia.com visit us at : www.shahtaparia.com

Independent Auditor's Review Report on Quarterly Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results of the Company Pursuant to the Regulation 33 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended

Review Report to The Board of Directors of Infibeam Avenues Limited

- We have reviewed the accompanying Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results of Infibeam Avenues Limited ('the Holding Company'), and its Subsidiaries and Associates (the Holding Company, Subsidiaries and its Associates together referred to as 'the Group') for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 ('the Statement') attached herewith, being submitted by the Holding Company pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 33 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended ('the Listing Regulations').
- 2. This Statement, which is the responsibility of the Holding Company's Management and approved by the Holding Company's Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ('Ind AS 34'), prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Statement based on our review.
- 3. We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. A review of interim financial statement consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than as audit conducted in accordance with standards on auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.
- We also performed procedures in accordance with the Circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/44/2019 dated March 29, 2019 issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India under Regulation 33(8) of the Listing Regulations, to the extent applicable.

	Sr No	Name of Entities	Relationship
. A	1	AI Fintech Inc	Subsidiary
8 TAP	2	Avenues Infinite Private Limited	Subsidiary
	3	Avenues World FZ LLC	Subsidiary
Reg. No. 109463W 203, Centre Point Bidg.	4	Cardpay Technologies Private Limited	Subsidiary
A 100, Dr. Ambedkar Road. Opp. Bharat Mata Cinema,	s 5	Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Limited	Subsidiary
Lalbaug, Parel, Mumbai - 400012	6	Infibeam Avenues Saudi Arabia for Information Systems Technology Co	Subsidiary
RED ACCO	7	Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited	Subsidiary
	· · · 8	Infibeam Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary
************************************	9	Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited	Subsidiary
:	10	Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	Subsidiary
2	11	Odigma Consultancy Solutions Limited	Subsidiary
	12	So Hum Bharat Digital Payments Private Limited	Subsidiary

4. The Statement includes the results of the following entities;

SHAH & TAPARIA CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

203, Center Point Building, 100, Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Road, Opp. Bharatmata Theater, Lalbaug, Parel, Mumbai - 400012. Tel :- 022-42116800 Fax : 022 - 4022 0314 E-mail : info@shahtaparia.com visit us at : www.shahtaparia.com

13	Uvik Technologies Private Limited	Subsidiary
14	Vavian International Limited	Subsidiary
15	Vishko 22 Products & Services Private Limited	Associate
16	Infibeam Global EMEA FZ-LLC	Associate

5. on our review conducted and procedures performed as stated in paragraph 3 above and based on consideration of the review report of other auditors referred to in paragraph 6 and 7 below, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Statement, prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the aforesaid Indian Accounting Standard and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.

6. The accompanying Statement includes unaudited interim financial information / financial results and other unaudited financial information of:

- 14 subsidiaries, whose unaudited interim financial information / financial results reflect total revenues of Rs. 564.73 millions, total net profit after tax of Rs. 27.14 millions and total comprehensive income of Rs. 33.70 millions for the quarter ended June 30, 2023, as considered in the Statement, which have been reviewed by their respective independent auditors.
- 2 associates which reflects the group's shares of total comprehensive income of Rs 6.12 millions for the quarter ended June 30, 2023, as considered in the Statement whose interim unaudited financial information / financial results have been reviewed by their respective independent auditors.

The independent auditor's reports on unaudited interim financial information / financials results of these entities have been furnished to us by the Management and our conclusion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures in respect of these subsidiaries and associates is solely based on the report of such auditors and procedures performed by us as stated in paragraph 3 above.

7. The interim financial statements of subsidiaries and associates which are located outside India have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in that country ("local GAAP") and have been reviewed by another auditor under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in that country. The Holding Company's management has converted the interim financial statements of these subsidiaries from the local GAAP to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have reviewed these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's Management. Our conclusion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures of these subsidiaries is based on the report of the other auditor and the conversion adjustments carried out by the Management of the Holding Company and reviewed by us.

Our conclusion on the Statement is not modified in respect of the above matters.

Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 109463W Narottam Shah Partner Membership Number: 106355 UDIN: 23106355BGXJBB3303 Place : Gandhinagar Date : August 08, 2023

eg. No. 109463v Centre Point Bldg 100, Dr. Ambedkar Road, Opp. Bharat Mata Cinema Lalbaug, Parel Numbai - 40001

		****	Quarter Ended		Year ended
ir.		June 30,2023	March 31, 2023	June 30,2022	March 31, 2023
lo.	PARTICULARS	(Unaudited)	(Audited) (Refer Note 3)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	income from operations				
	Income from operations	7,423.6	6,526.7	4,183.1	19,623
	Total income from operations	7,423.6	6,526.7	4,183.1	19,623
2	Other income	28.2	209.5	37.0	70
3	Total Income (1+2)	7,451.8	6,736.2	4,220.1	20,33
4	Expenses	6 436 0	5 610 0	3,447.9	16.22
	Operating expenses	6,436.0 302.6	5,610.9 293.0	230.6	16,33
	Employee benefits expenses Finance costs	6.3	6.9	3.8	1,073
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses	164.7	159.8	146.7	61
	Other expenses	196.7	127.3	79.6	409
	Total expenses	7,106.3	6,197.9	3,908.6	18,46
5	Profit before exceptional items / non-	345.5	538.3	311.5	1,86
-	controlling interest / share in net profit / (loss)				.,
5	Exceptional items	-	-	-	
7	Profit before non-controlling interest / share in	345.5	538.3	311.5	1,86
	net profit / (loss) of associates (5 - 6)				
3	Share in net profit/(loss) of associate	6.1	(24.1)	(12.6)	(4
	Profit before tax (7 + 8)	351.6	514.2	298.9	1,823
0	Tax expenses (refer note 4)				
	- for current year	97.0	113.5	73.0	44
	- for previous year	-	16.4	-	1
	Total tax expenses	97.0	129.9	73.0	459
1	Profit from operations after tax (9-10)	254.6	384.3	225.9	1,36
2	Other Comprehensive Income/(Expenses) (net of tax)				
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(0.5)		,,
	-Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	10.0	(0.5)	(17.0)	()
	-Net change in fair value of investments in equity instruments	12.8	(28.0)	(17.9)	(7-
	 Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 	(1.4)	1.1	1.8	
	Other comprehensive income, net of tax	11.4	(27.4)	(16.1)	(7:
3	Total Comprehensive income/ (expenses) for the period (11 + 12)	266.0	356.9	209.8	1,29
4	Profit for the period / year attributable to:				
	Owners of the company	260.6	393.0	237.4	1,39
	Non-controlling interest	(6.0)	(8.7)	(11.5)	(3)
5	Other comprehensive income/ (loss)			**************************************	
	Owners of the Company	11.4	(27.8)	(16.1)	(7
	Non-controlling interest	-	0.4	~	· (
6	Total Comprehensive Income/ (Expenses)				
	Owners of the Company	272.0	365.2	221.3	1,323
	Non-controlling interest	(6.0)	(8.3)	(11.5)	(3)
7	Paid-up equity share capital (Face Value of the share Re. 1/- each)	2,677.8	2,677.8	2,676.7	2,67
8	Other equity				28,97
9	Earnings per share *				
	(a) Basic	0.09	0.14	0.08	0.
	(b) Diluted	0.09	0.14	0.08	0.

* Not annualised

See accompanying notes to the Financial Results





	CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366						
	28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road -5C, Zone-5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar - 382355						
	Reporting Of Consolidated Unaudited Segment Wise Revenue, Results, Assets And Liabilities						
	For th	e Quarter ended on	June 30, 2023				

Sr.		*****	Quarter Ended on		Year ended on		
No.	Particulars	June 30, 2023	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2023		
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)		
	Segment Revenue						
1	(a) Payment Business	6,867.1	6,076.1	3,783.9	17,932.3		
	(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	556.5	450.6	399.2	1,691.1		
L	Total Revenue	7,423.6	6,526.7	4,183.1	19,623.4		
	Segment Results Profit/(Loss) before tax						
	and interest from each segment						
	(a) Payment Business	117.3	205.4	120.2	615.7		
	(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	272.6	240.0	194.3	768.3		
2	Total segment results	389.9	445.4	314.5	1,384.0		
4	Less: i) Interest expense	6.3	6.9	3.8	19.4		
	Less: ii) Other un-allocable expenditure	63.7	48.8	26.0	117.2		
	Add: iii) Un-allocable income	25.6	148.6	26.8	620.4		
	Profit before tax	345.5	538.3	311.5	1,867.8		
	Segment Assets						
	(a) Payment Business	32,057.7	31,113.1	30,192.3	31,113.1		
3	(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	7,759.5	7,649.0	6,164.7	7,649.0		
	(c) Unallocable corporate assets	2,154.3	2,278.1	2,280.6	2,278.1		
	Total Segment Assets	41,971.5	41,040.2	38,637.6	41,040.2		
	Segment Liabilities						
	(a) Payment Business	8,489.5	7,952.6	7,638.4	7,952.6		
4	(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	1,397.7	1,295.9	1,057.4	1,295.9		
	(c) Unallocable corporate liabilities	129.7	127.1	102.6	127.1		
	Total Segment Liabilities	10,016.9	9,375.6	8,798.4	9,375.6		
	Capital Employed (Segment assets -						
	Segment liabilities)						
	(a) Payment Business	23,568.2	23,160.5	22,553.9	23,160.5		
5	(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	6,361.8	6,353.1	5,107.3	6,353.1		
	(c) Unallocable corporate assets less	******					
	liabilities	2,024.6	2,151.0	2,178.0	2,151.0		
	Total capital employed	31,954.6	31,664.6	29,839.2	31,664.6		

Infibeam Avenues Limited

Note 1. Business segments: s:

Based on the "management approach" as defined in Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments and evaluation by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, primary reportable segments of the Group consists of: (1) Payment Business and (2) E-Commerce Platform Business

2. Segment assets and liabilities:

Segment information is prepared in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the consolidated financial statements of the Group as a whole. Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and principally consists of operating cash, trade receivables and fixed assets, net of allowances and provisions which are reported as direct offsets in the balance sheet. While most such assets can be directly attributed to individual segments, the carrying amount of certain assets used jointly by two segments is allocated to the segments on a reasonable basis. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of trade payables and accrued liabilities. Segment assets and liabilities do not include those relating to income taxes.

3. Segment expense:

Segment expense comprises the expense resulting from the operating activities of a segment that is directly attributable to the segment or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to the segment and expense relating to transactions with other segments. Certain expenses are not specifically allocable to individual segments as the underlying services are used interchangeably. The Group therefore believes that it is not practicable to provide segment disclosures relating to such expenses, and accordingly such expenses are separately disclosed as 'unallocated' and directly charged against total income.

4. Certain assets and liabilities which are common to both the segments for which basis of allocation cannot be consistently identified are included under un-allocable assets and liabilities





Note:

- 1 The above statement of unaudited consolidated financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 ('the Statement') of Infibeam Avenues Limited ('the Company') and its subsidiaries and associate ('the Group') are reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and taken on record by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on August 08, 2023. The report has been filed with the stock exchanges and is available on the Company's website at "www.ia.ooo".
- 2 In accordance with Ind AS-108 "Operating Segments" and evaluation by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, the Company operates in two business segments:

(1) Payment Business includes Payment Gateway business with CC Avenue business brand and payment infrastructure including CPGS towards banks, and Credit & Lending related business and

(2) E-Commerce Platform Business includes Software Framework & Infrastructure to enable E-Commerce for large enterprises and related services including domains & advertising.

- 3 The consolidated figures of the last quarter are the balancing figure between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year upto March 31, 2023 and the unaudited year-to-date figures upto December 31, 2022 being the date of the end of the third quarter of the financial year which were subjected to limited review.
- 4 The figures for comparative period have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Infibeam Avenues Limited barlad @ (1) Vishal Mehta Managing Director Date: August 08, 2023 688 DIN: 03093563 Place: Gandhinagar





Securing Trust - Ensuring Future Annual Report 2022-23

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Securing Trust - Ensuring Future

In the ever-evolving realm of digital commerce within India, Infibeam Avenues emerges as a pioneering visionary, transcending conventional gateways to redefine the payments landscape. With an unwavering dedication to innovation, we have meticulously curated a diverse range of cutting-edge payment solutions and platforms that empower businesses and individuals nationwide.

Our transformative journey beyond gateways commenced with a mission to bridge the divide between businesses and customers. Through meticulous craftsmanship, we have curated a comprehensive suite of payment solutions and platforms tailored to the unique needs of our diverse user base. From seamless mobile payments to secure e-commerce gateways, our solutions are intricately designed to simplify transactions, elevate customer experiences, and propel business growth.

Highlights of FY23



Significant Rise in TPV:

Infibeam Avenues witnessed a substantial increase in transaction processing value (TPV) in the digital payments business, and a **doubling of GMV in its largest ecommerce software implementation**, the Government eMarketplace (GeM). TPV grew 52% YoY to ₹ 4.5 trillion (\$54 billion) during FY 2023.

Stellar Growth in Merchants:

The company's merchants grew 61% YoY to 9.2 million by the end of FY 2023. The average daily merchant addition was approximately 9,500 in FY 2023 vs 8,750 in FY 2022.

Licensing Achievements:

Infibeam Avenues received two coveted licenses from the Reserve Bank of India (RBI). The company obtained a payment aggregator license (in-principal approval) to operate as the payment aggregator, while it also secured a perpetual license to operate as a Bharat BillPay Operating Unit (BBPOU) for bill payments.

Launch of CCAvenue TapPay:

Infibeam Avenues launched CCAvenue TapPay, an advanced omni-channel payment solution that can replace expensive, bulky and less portable, card-swiping POS machines with a smartphonebased app. The app received over 150,000 downloads within six months of launch. This accelerated to over 300,000 by the end of June 2023. **The company aims to reach one million downloads by the end of FY24.**

Processing Central Bank Digital Currency (CBDC) Transactions:

CCAvenue became India's first payment gateway player to process CBDC transactions for online retail merchants, further cementing its position as an innovative player in the digital payments.

Expansion into Australia:

Infibeam Avenues established its wholly-owned subsidiary, Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Limited, to tap into Australia's growing digital payment market. The unique CCAvenue TapPay technology, converting smartphones into POS machines, will play a crucial role in the expansion.

Consolidation of International Operations:

Infibeam Avenues consolidated its international business by transferring its subsidiaries in Australia, the USA, and Saudi Arabia to its UAEbased subsidiary, Vavian International Ltd. This move allows the company to have a focused strategy to tap into these regions' growing digital payment markets.

Strategic Investments and Partnerships:

Infibeam Avenues made strategic investment in software startup Vishko22 to develop omnichannel enterprise software products and services and partnered with Riyad Bank in Saudi Arabia and Oman's Bank Dhofar SAOG to expand its digital payment services in GCC.

Recognition and Awards:

CCAvenue and Infibeam Avenues received several accolades and recognition, including being recognised as a Superbrand, winning awards for best use of technology and innovation, and receiving the Excellence in Technology award.

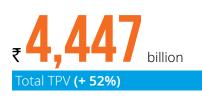
Dividend Announcement:

Infibeam Avenues announced a dividend of 5% to its shareholders, for the third year in a row, reflecting the company's financial strength and commitment to rewarding its investors.

Key Highlights of the Company



- → Listed fintech company
- → Retail Payment Aggregator
- → Enterprise e-Commerce Software Platform







₹ 2,011 billion GeM GMV (+ 88%)

9.2 million merchants ~9,500 avg. daily addition

118 million BillAvenue Volume (+ 39%)

₹ **19,623** million Gross Revenue (+ 52%)

₹ **17,932** million Payments Revenue (+ 58%) ₹ **1,691** million Platforms Revenue (+ 6%)



555%



AT as a % of Net Revenue

₹ 1,363 million PAT (+ 63%)

713

Net Revenue = Gross Revenue less Operating expenses (payment processing charges)

Key Advantages

BUSINESS MODEL ADVANTAGE

- → Agile and scalable fintech business model encompassing B2B omnichannel Digital Payments solutions (Payments), enterprise eCommerce Software Platforms (Platforms) and Lending solutions.
- → Comprehensive merchant-centric and bank-centric approach
- → Pan India presence with a digital inclusive approach
- → Expanding across fintech ecosystem organically and inorganically.

FINANCIAL ADVANTAGES

- ➔ Proven track record of consistent profitability
- → 5-year TPV CAGR of 74% to ₹ 4,447 billion in FY23 from ₹ 278 billion in FY18
- → 63% PAT growth in FY22
- → Consistent improvement in core business' RoE, RoCE and RoA
- → Strong operating & free cash flows
- → Zero debt

PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- → Comprehensive fintech portofolio covering full-stack payments and ecommerce platforms
- ➔ Product development organically as well as through inorganic acquisitions
- ➔ Brand equity developed through 20 years of operations
- ➔ Fintech R&D backed by a team of 400+ fintech experts.

LOCAL & GLOBAL ADVANTAGES

- ➔ Pan India presence
- → Increasing presence in GCC
- → Launching soon in USA, Australia
- → Will expand in multiple countries in the next 3-5 years
- ➔ Targeting 12%-15% international contribution to Payment's Net Revenue by FY28

TECH & INFRASTRUCTURE CAPABILITIES

Data Center Infrastructure segment includes state-of-the-art Tier III data center built in collaboration with Schneider and IBM at GIFT City, Gandhinagar. The centre has received Tier-III design certification from Uptime Institute and is built on resilient and high-speed processors. The Company will run the captive workload through this data centre and will also open additional capacity as public cloud with the following services: Infrastructure-as-a-Service (IaaS), Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS) (blockchain platform, e-commerce platform), Database-as-a-Service (DBaaS). The data centre business will offer storage as well as compute services. It will also provide domain infrastructure services under our '.OOO' generic top-level domain (gTLD) and will also run our advertisement platform frameworks. This centre houses the first IBM LinuxONE in India to run public cloud services and is the first production-ready blockchain platform in India running on HyperLedger.

Seamlessly Integrated Omnichannel Payments

In an era where consumer expectations are evolving at an unprecedented pace, the quest for a seamless integration between physical and digital realms has become paramount. Consumers today seek a harmonious experience that transcends the boundaries of traditional and online transactions. Enter the realm of omnichannel payments, a dynamic solution that bridges this gap by offering a unified, frictionless experience across various touchpoints. Whether it's starting a purchase online and completing it in-store, or vice versa, omnichannel payments enable customers to navigate effortlessly between different platforms while enjoying consistent convenience and security. This convergence caters to modern shopping habits and deepens brand engagement, fostering loyalty through a holistic, user-centric approach that seamlessly melds the tangible and virtual dimensions of commerce.

The Company, for this purpose, launched the world's most advanced omnichannel payment app in July 2022, with multiple ways of accepting payments and featuring India's first pin-on-glass SoftPOS solution – CCAvenue TapPay. The contactless technology, an all-in-one mobile app, can turn smartphones into payment terminals that also give instant audio confirmation of payment receipt without any additional hardware, making it a no-/low-cost payment acceptance mechanism.

RBI data reveals that more than 80 million credit card holders spent more than ₹ 1 trillion in each month of the financial year 2022-23, which has never been experienced before. The contribution of Credit and Debit cards spend between eCommerce (online) and POS (offline) in FY23 has remained almost equal at 50%. And this contribution in first quarter of 2023-24 has remained in the same range, based on the Payment System Indicators data, released by RBI.

Almost equal contribution between PoS and Ecommerce in Card spends		Credit and Debit card spends in FY24 is estimated to grow 15% YoY			4 is estimated to	
Years	POS	ECOMMERCE	Years	СС	DC	Total (₹ billion)
FY201	49%	51%	FY20	51%	49%	14,350
FY21	44%	56%	FY21	49%	51%	12,910
FY22	49%	51%	FY22	57%	43%	17,030
FY23	48%	52%	FY23	67%	33%	21,540
FY24 ²	45%	55%	FY24 ³	67%	33%	24,770

The Company is entering offline to increase Digital Payments market share

¹ RBI's Five months Payment System Indicators data

² RBI's Q1 FY24 Payment System Indicators data

³ Extrapolated based on RBI's Q1 FY24 Payment System Indicators data

The company, in the last 20+ years of operational history, had no presence in offline. After a very successful two-decade journey in online payments and software platforms, the company is now entering offline digital payments for the connected consumers of tomorrow, presenting multiple opportunities for the company through its diverse portfolio of payments, platforms and lending solutions for the business community.

The company has received an overwhelming response for its TapPay since launch. The number of merchants having CCAvenue TapPay on their mobile phones reached 150,000 by the end of March 2023, fifty thousand more than the targeted number. Also, by the end of June 2023, this number double to 300,000.

The company also plans to take this product to international markets, starting with UAE, followed by other GCC markets and then various other international locations where the company will launch payments business.

The All-In-One CCAvenue Payment Solutions to Simplify Business Payments

India's First Certified Pin-On-Glass Solution

- Transforms merchants smartphone into a PoS terminal to accept contactless payments
- Customers can tap their cards on merchant's or their own NFC-enabled mobile phone
- First Indian Pin-On-Glass solution certified by Visa, MasterCard and RuPay that securely accepts transactions over ₹ 5000 - a complete game changer for big-ticket businesses

ccavenue __ IVR *pay*

Convenient IVRS-based Payments

- → Allows to collect payments securely over the phone; does not require internet
- ➔ Provides swift and cost-effective means of payment acceptance

ccavenue______ QR*pay*

Instant QR Code-based Payments

- ➔ Offers secure and contactless payments with CCAvenue QR, UPI QR or Bharat QR codes
- → Smartphone users can scan the code to pay conveniently via any UPI enabled app

CCAVENUE _____ WEBpay

Highly Secure Online Transactions

- → Largest bouquet with multicurrency capability to accept payments in real-time on merchant's website
- Comprehensive payment stack including all the major credit/debit cards, net banking, EMI, UPI, mobile wallets and more

CCAVENUE _____ APPpay

Frictionless In-App Transactions

- ➔ Provides seamless, secure and enhanced inapp payment experience to customers with CCAvenue's mobile SDKs
- → Facilitates smooth and easy integration of company's payment solutions directly into business' iOS or Android app

ccavenue_____

Custom Payment Links

- ➔ Allows selling online without a website via easy to use payment links
- Merchants can share links with customers via email, SMS or social media networks

Among the Leading Financial Technology Companies in India

About Us

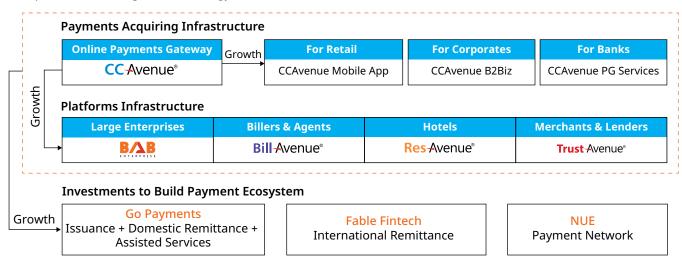
Infibeam Avenues Limited ("Infibeam") is among the leading financial technology ("Fintech") companies in India offering digital infrastructure comprising omnichannel digital payment solutions ("Payments"), and Enterprise Software Platforms ("Platforms") to merchants, institutions, enterprises and corporates. The company also offers merchants and banks lending solutions ("Finance"). Beyond its pan India presence, the company has footprints in GCC (UAE, Saudi Arabia, Oman) and USA. The Company has recently planned expansion in Australia.

The company's Digital Payment portfolio consists of payment acquiring (online and offline through a SoftPoS), payment issuance and remittances, and relevant infrastructure.

The company processes online transactions for merchants across various industries in various sectors both in India and abroad. The company offers eCommerce marketplace infrastructure through a SaaS model to large enterprises with 3P capability under the Software Platforms business. The Company also offers various value-added web-based services to merchants under Payments and Platforms businesses. The company has launched lending solutions where it offers early settlement to payment merchants and will soon offer working capital loans and bill/invoice discounting from lending partners through its AI/ML based lending platform.

IAL ONE-STOP-SHOP FOR MERCHANTS DIGITAL BUSINESS NEEDS

Comprehensive bank grade technology solutions for merchants to do business online



Our Global Footprints

2020

Forayed into the United States of America, one of the world's largest digital payments market by revenue. The company will offer its vast araray of digital payment solutions to web and mobile-based small and medium enterprises (SME) largely operating in the online retail, education, hospitality and travel and tourism industry, apart from other industry verticals.

2013

Forayed into United Arab Emirates (UAE) through BuildaBazaar platform, to become one of the first Indian e-commerce player to go overseas

2018

Launched CCAvenue payments in UAE in 2018

2022

The company forayed into the Australian market to focus on online digital payments to operate as a payment processor, to provide services for Mobile Point of Sale (mPOS), Near Field Communication (NFC) and contactless card technology in the area of online payments and non-

cash transactions.

2020

Infibeam Avenues collaborated with Bank Muscat, a largest financial services provider in the Sultanate of Oman.

Infibeam Avenues also partnered with Bank Dhofar, Oman's second largest financial services provider. Bank Dhofar SAOG to offer CCAvenue Payment Gateway Service to process online card transactions of various payment networks for Bank Dhofar SAOG and help the bank to authorise online payment for its customers.

2019

In August 2019, Infibeam Avenues partnered with Riyad Bank for digital payments solution and with this the company has made early inroads into Saudi Arabia's digital

payment space 🍐

Pioneering Digital Payments, eCommerce Solutions, and Reaching Significant Milestones

2000-2005

- → India's first retail PG, CCAvenue
- ➔ First PSP to provide net banking payment option
- → First to offer Invoice payments
- ➔ First to go live with Verified By Visa & MasterCard SecureCode

2006-2010

- ➔ First Indian PG to achieve PCI-DSS compliance
- ➔ First to become a MasterCard Member Service Provider.

- ➔ First to be certified by AmEx for global currency processing
- → Launched India's first ecommerce techology platform for enterprise

2016-2020

- ➔ first fintech to get listed on NSE and BSE
- ➔ First RBI licensed optg unit to onboard billers & agents
- ➔ Exclusive contract with GeM
- → launched B2B payments
- ➔ Launched payments in UAE, Saudi Arabia, Oman, USA

2011-2015

- ➔ First online RuPay debit card transaction through CCAvenue
- ➔ First to offer Payments for social media platforms
- → Launched cross-border payments platform; also used by 9 of India's top 10 private banks

2021-2023

- ➔ Went Live with a large conglomerate to offer Platform & Payment
- → Launched payments in Australia
- → Offered card tokenisation in India for the safety of consumers' data
- ➔ Launched India's first Pin-on-Glass solution targeting offline payments

Key Performance Indicators (Consolidated)

Transaction Processing Value (TPV)¹ (₹ in Billion)

FY23	4,447
FY22	2,929
FY21	1,394
FY20	879

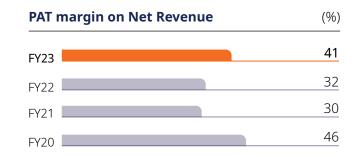
Transaction Volume	(Million)
FY23	360
FY22	299
FY21	182
FY20	157

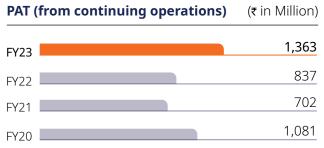
Gross Revenue	(₹ in Million)
FY23	19,623
FY22	12,939
FY21	6,760
FY20	6,327

Net Revenue ²		(₹ in Million)
FY23		3,284
FY22		2,594
FY21		2,333
FY20		2,363

EBITDA	(₹ in Million)
FY23	1,796
FY22	1,450
FY21	1,419
FY20	1,512

EBITDA margin on Net Revenue	
FY23	55%
FY22	56%
FY21	61%
FY20	64%





Net Cash	(₹ in Million)
FY23	3,099
FY22	2,093
FY21	1,583
FY20	725

Cash from operating activities		(₹ in Million)
FY23		1,130
FY22		1,220
FY21		1,549
FY20		224

Capital Expenditure	(₹ in Million)
FY23	627
FY22	421
FY21	825
FY20	552

EPS	(In ₹)
FY23	0.51
FY22	0.32
FY21	0.27
FY20	0.21

1 TPV includes (Payments TPV + GeM GMV)

2 Net Revenue = Gross Revenue - Operating Expenses

Key Drivers of The Business

Expanding Digital Payments Landscape in India: Projected Growth in P2M Digital Payments

The digital payments landscape in India is experiencing significant growth, providing immense opportunities for Infibeam Avenues. The country's total addressable market (TAM) for digital payments continues to expand rapidly. As per a report by BCG, India's digital payments landscape has witnessed phenomenal growth over the past five years. As per the report, India's digital payments market is at an inflection point and digital merchant payments is projected to witness 7x growth from US\$ 0.3-0.4 trillion in 2021 to US\$ 2.5-2.7 trillion by 2026. This projection highlights the tremendous potential for Infibeam Avenues to capitalise on this growth and establish a strong presence in the Indian digital payments market. (Make a chart showing values in 2021 and 2026 from the data points mentioned above)

The digital payments landscape in India is experiencing significant growth, providing immense opportunities for Infibeam Avenues.

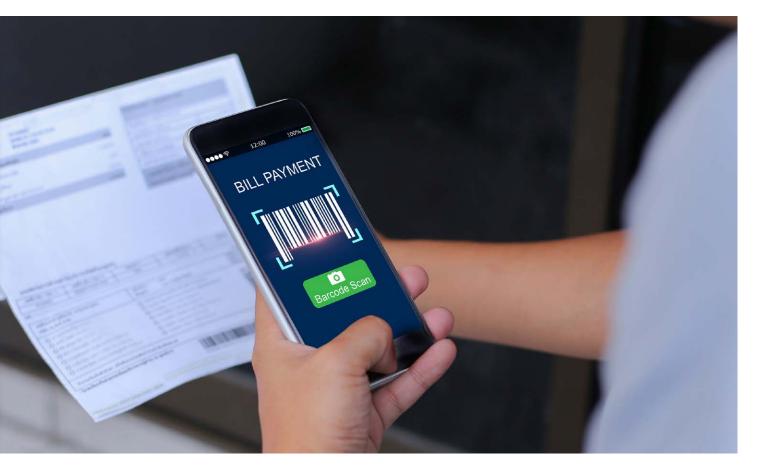
India's online shopper base is estimated to increase to 400–450 million by 2027, and, India's e-commerce market has the potential to surpass the US to become the secondlargest shopper base in the next one to two years.

Accelerating eCommerce Transactions: Catering to the Growing Online Market

The share of spending on eCommerce in India is on a steady rise. This presents significant opportunities for Infibeam Avenues to provide secure and efficient payment solutions for online transactions. By offering seamless integration with eCommerce platforms, Infibeam Avenues can cater to the evolving needs of consumers and merchants, solidifying its position as a trusted payment partner in the rapidly growing Indian eCommerce market. According to a report by Bain & Company, e-retail penetration is expected to grow from ~5% to ~9%-10% in 2027, India's online shopper base is estimated to increase to 400-450 million by 2027, and, India's e-commerce market has the potential to surpass the US to become the second-largest shopper base in the next one to two years.

Embracing Technological Innovations: Enabling Contactless Payments

Technological innovations are reshaping the digital payments landscape in India. Contactless payments is gaining prominence as the new acceptance form factor. Contactless payments in India surged six times in the last three years from 2.5% in December 2018 to 16% in December 2021. As per a report by Juniper Research, the global contactless card transaction values will reach \$2.5 trillion in 2021, from \$1.7 trillion in 2020, registering a growth of 45%. The global contactless payment market size is expected to reach \$6.25 trillion by 2028. Infibeam Avenues is leading from the front with its low cost contactless solution that offers convenience and safety to merchants as well as consumers for making digital payments through its mobile app, CCAvenue TapPay. By staying at the forefront of technological advancements, Infibeam Avenues can cater to the evolving preferences of consumers and merchants.



Modernising B2B Payments: Seizing Opportunities for Growth in Business Transactions

The modernisation of B2B (Business-to-Business) payments presents untapped opportunities for Infibeam Avenues in the Indian market. India's B2B transactions involve mostly cash and cheque, contributing to 55% of domestic B2B payments in Fiscal 2022. As a result, domestic B2B payments in India are expected to increase from US\$7.5-7.8 trillion in Fiscal 2022 to US\$9-10 trillion in Fiscal 2026 Of the 64 million businesses in India, three to four million have made rapid progress in digitalising their business spends, including large corporations, midmarket enterprises, and a rapidly growing ecosystem of start-ups By streamlining and digitising B2B transactions, Infibeam Avenues can offer secure and efficient payment solutions that cater to the evolving needs of businesses. This enables smoother financial transactions, fosters business growth, and positions Infibeam Avenues as a trusted payment partner for Indian enterprises.

Addressing the Persistence of Cash Payments: Driving Conversion to Digital Transactions

Despite the surge in digital payments, cash transactions still persist in India. According to the RBI, the value of the currency in circulation in India was ₹ 33.78 trillion at the end of FY23, up 7.8% YoY. This indicates the potential for further growth and conversion to digital payment methods. Infibeam Avenues can play a pivotal role in driving this conversion by providing secure, user-friendly, and innovative digital payment solutions that incentivise individuals and businesses to adopt digital transactions over cash payments.

Chairman's Letter to Shareholders

As we move forward, let us remember that our success is not measured merely by financial figures but by the positive impact we create in the lives of our customers and the communities we serve



Dear Shareholders,

I am writing to you with great enthusiasm and excitement to share our vision for the future of digital payments and its profound impact on our company's growth and success, which you have already witnessed over the last few years. As we continue to navigate the ever-evolving landscape of the global economy, we recognise that the digital revolution has become the cornerstone of modern commerce, transforming how we interact, transact, and conduct business.

At Infibeam Avenues, our commitment to innovation and adaptability to the dynamic changes in the sector has positioned us at the forefront of the digital payments industry. We firmly believe that embracing this transformation will unlock unprecedented opportunities, enhance our competitive edge, and create sustainable long-term value for all our shareholders.

Digital payments have redefined convenience, security, and efficiency in conducting financial transactions. As we embark on this journey, our primary objective is to develop a seamless and user-friendly platform that caters to the diverse needs of consumers and businesses alike. By offering a comprehensive suite of digital payment solutions, we aim to foster financial inclusion, empowering individuals and enterprises regardless of their geographical location or financial status.

Our vision extends beyond traditional payment methods. We are actively exploring cuttingedge technologies to enhance the security and privacy of transactions. By leveraging these advancements, we aspire to build a payment ecosystem that sets new standards for reliability and trust, bolstering confidence among our users, both the merchants to whom we offer our payment solutions and the consumers who finally transact on our payment page provided to the merchants.

Moreover, we recognise the importance of partnerships and collaborations in accelerating our progress. We actively engage with financial institutions, merchants, and government entities to develop synergistic relationships that pave the way for integrated payment solutions, ultimately benefitting all stakeholders involved.

Furthermore, we are steadfast in our commitment to promoting financial inclusion. By expanding our services to underserved regions and marginalised communities, we aim to bridge the gap between the unbanked and the financial world, empowering millions to participate actively in the global economy through our innovative payment solutions.

Environmental sustainability is another key aspect of our vision. As responsible global citizens, we are committed to minimising the ecological footprint of our operations. We aim to reduce reliance on paperbased transactions through digital payments, contributing to a greener and more sustainable future for generations to come.

As we forge ahead with our vision, we are mindful of potential challenges and risks. However, we firmly believe that with our dedicated team of experts, our resilient corporate culture, and our unyielding commitment to excellence, we can overcome any obstacles that come our way.

Behind every milestone we achieve is a team of remarkable individuals whose relentless efforts drive our success. To our dedicated employees, I sincerely appreciate your outstanding commitment and hard work. Your passion for excellence and innovative spirit have been instrumental in shaping the company's growth and success.

Our success as a company would not have been possible without the exceptional guidance and strategic understanding of our esteemed Board of Directors. Their visionary leadership and unwavering commitment to corporate governance have steered us through both prosperous and challenging times.

As we move forward, let us remember that our success is not measured merely by financial figures but by the positive impact we create in the lives of our customers and the communities we serve. With unity, determination, and a shared vision, we will pave the way for a future where digital payments revolutionize the world of finance.

In conclusion, I extend my heartfelt gratitude to all our shareholders for their unwavering support. Together, we embark on an exciting journey to shape the future of digital payments and redefine the way the world conducts transactions.

Thank you all for being an integral part of our remarkable journey. Together, we will script a legacy of innovation, inclusivity, and sustainable growth.

Thank you for your trust in us. Together, let us embrace the limitless possibilities of digital payments and continue to thrive in this ever-changing world.

Sincerely,

Ajit Mehta

Chairman

Corporate Governance Standards and Compliance

Good corporate governance – acting in harmony with the principles of responsible management aimed at increasing enterprise value on a sustainable basis – is an essential requirement for Infibeam Avenues.

Transparent reporting through corporate and investor communications, corporate governance that is aligned with the interests of all stakeholders, cooperation based on trust between the Board of Directors and Senior Management, Board Committee Members and employees, and compliance with applicable law are essential cornerstones of the corporate culture within Infibeam Avenues. The company's board and employees strictly conduct all compliance and operational aspects keeping in mind the material impacts on all its stakeholders by following various governance policies



OUR MISSION

Our mission is to provide world class state-of-the-art fintech platforms for trade, commerce and payments.



OUR VISION

Our vision is to enhance the way customers and merchants live, trade and transact through the digitisation and democratisation of commerce. We want to build a world class Fintech company as, our Fintech is 'Next Generation' and capable of delivering 10X value proposition to the customer.



GOVERNANCE STANDARDS

Organisation

- → High calibre Board of Directors
- → Reputed statutory auditors
- → Superior disclosure policy
- → Strong code of conduct
- → Complete digital business, ensuring transparency
- → ISO/IEC 27001:2013 Certification
- → Level I, PCI-DSS certified (international standard for Payments for security of customer data stored)

Business

- → Lowest chargeback ratio
- → No penalty ever
- → Zero dispute with all financial institutions
- → No delayed payments
- → 20-year negative data collection, Fraud and Risk database (F.R.I.S.K.), for safety and security
- → Stringent KYC policies discouraging negative/illegal businesses as notified under regulations



How We Create Value Through Managing Our Five Capitals

뜻 Manufactured Capital

The company's fintech products include omnichannel payment gateway CCAvenue, payment utility platforms BillAvenue, ResAvenue, and Go Payments. CPGS is the company's bank-centric payment Infrastructure. TrustAvenue is company's lending platform for merchants and banks. Enterprise BaB (BuildaBazaar) is company's ecommerce marketplace digital infrastructure for large organisations.

······ What We Do

The company provides payment services globally under the brand name CCAvenue and e-commerce software services to large businesses through brand name BaB.

········· How We Create Value

- → Offer comprehensive payment infrastructure to merchants and banks
- Enable merchants to sell online through large marketplace platforms

📔 Financial

A strong balance sheet with consistent profitability and generating higher returns for shareholders and investors.

HumanCapital

713 employees of which more than 50% are tech experts. The founders of the company are early founders of India's Fintech Industry

······ What We Do

The company gets its revenue predominantly by charging a fee per transaction and as subscription fee, licence fee, maintenance fee and development fee.

How We Create Value

- → Focus is on profitable revenue growth.
- Optimal utilisation of resources.

What We Do

We are a team of highly skilled experts who are champions in Fintech domain. Our project leads, writers, managers, and business heads make things possible with the right suite of skillsets.

········· How We Create Value

- The company believes in an empowered work culture in which employees while working with the experts gets an opportunity to learn, contribute and grow
- Most of our business heads are working with us since early inception

🖗 Intellectual Capital

The company's fintech team is led by our illustrious leadership and senior management team with proven expertise and experience in the B2B digital payments and enterprise software solutions space. Over the years the company has developed various payments and eCommerce platform with inhouse expertise and R&D

🛱 Relationship Capital

The company has merchants and banks across India and international locations using its payment solutions as well as large clients and the government for its platform business. Beyond business the company helps in strengthening the fintech ecosystem. ED of the company is Chairman of Payment Council of India as well as a member in various RBI committees to improve digital payments in India.

What We Do

We constantly work on enhancing our fintech offerings. With in-house research and technology development, the company over the years have developed payment and platform solutions across the ecosystem for a wide range of B2B customers. We have recently built world's first and most advanced omnichannel payments app.

How We Create Value

By constantly innovating, developing and offering many industry first in payment and platform businesses the company simplifies business and payments for all of its existing and potential B2B customers.

······ What We Do

We constantly engage with our merchants through various communication channels to improvise and innovate. Socially, we also build products that are targeted to tap bottom of the pyramid merchants/businesses to allow them to be a part of the organised/semi-organised retail which can be leveraged by lenders to provide credit to boost growth at the grassroot levels.

How We Create Value

- We have built long lasting relationships with many B2B customers and ecosystem partners who continue to utilise our solutions for over a decade. We continue to deepen our relationship with them while expanding and building new relationships in newer geographies.
- Marquee customers across sectors: Indigo, Vistara, Taj, Oberoi, ITC, makemytrip, Yatra, HUL, Bisleri, Jio, Airtel, Myntra, Firstcry, Podar
- → education, Govt of India, Burj Khalifa At The Top, Emaar, Damac, Nakheel, and many more.

Review by the Managing Director



Dear Shareholders,

I hope this letter finds you in good health and high spirits. I am delighted to share with you the exceptional financial performance of Infibeam Avenues during the past year, FY 2022-23, as well as our strong and promising future ahead.

Financial Performance Highlights:

I am thrilled to report that Infibeam Avenues has achieved remarkable financial results during the fiscal year. Our total income has grown significantly, reaching record levels, and crossing ₹ 20,000 million, thanks to our dedicated team and our customers (merchants) ' trust in us. Furthermore, our profitability has surged to the highest ever to ₹ 1,363 million.

One of the key drivers of our success has been our unwavering commitment to innovation and embracing emerging technologies. Through targeted investments in research and development, we have been able to create cutting-edge products and services that cater to the ever-evolving needs of our merchants. These technological advancements have improved our offerings and enabled us to gain a competitive advantage in the market. By exploring untapped opportunities and partnering with like-minded organisations, we have broadened our reach and unlocked new revenue streams

Our expansion into new markets and strategic partnerships have also played a pivotal role in our financial success. By exploring untapped opportunities and partnering with like-minded organisations, we have broadened



our reach and unlocked new revenue streams. Moreover, our commitment to providing unparalleled service experience has increased merchant retention and more banks partnering with us.

Our balance sheet remains robust and healthy as a testament to our financial strength. We have maintained a conservative approach to debt management (nil long-term debt) and remain focused on generating positive cash from operations and free cash flow, allowing us to weather economic uncertainties and capitalize on growth opportunities when they arise. Our prudent financial policies and philosophy to earn profitable revenue have further strengthened our position as a reliable and trustworthy partner for all stakeholders.

The Strong Future Ahead:

Looking ahead, I am filled with great optimism and excitement. We are standing at the cusp of a new era for Infibeam Avenues, where our dedication to continuous improvement and innovation will propel us to even greater heights.

Our commitment to digital transformation remains unwavering. We recognize that the future of business lies in harnessing the potential of technology to deliver superior products and services. In this regard, we launched a revolutionary omnichannel payment solution, called CCAvenue TapPay, which can be downloaded on any Android smartphone, which converts a mobile phone into a Point-of-Sale (POS) terminal to accept payments anytime anywhere. This solution is the first in India to allow merchants to accept payments using 200+ payment options. Furthermore, it allows consumers to use credit cards for transactions above the RBI limit of ₹ 5000, using a PIN; again, it is a first of its kind in India. We will continue investing in evolving technologies to ensure we stay ahead of the curve and offer solutions that exceed our merchants' expectations.

Furthermore, we are actively exploring opportunities in adjacent markets and exploring the potential of mergers and acquisitions to bolster our growth trajectory. Infibeam acquired Uvik Technologies last year to bolster its growth by offering an omnichannel payment solution, CCAvenue TapPay, by targeting the offline market where the company did not have any presence in the last 22+ years, as well as being able to offer this product in international markets. Our strategic vision encompasses diversification and expansion, and we will make well-informed decisions that align with our longterm objectives while maximising shareholder value.

Sustainability is another key pillar of our future strategy. We are committed to adopting environmentally responsible practices, promoting social initiatives, and embedding ethical principles throughout our operations. By aligning our business practices with sustainable goals, we will contribute positively to society while securing a sustainable future for Infibeam Avenues.

Our success is deeply rooted in our talented and dedicated team of employees. We understand that they are our most valuable asset, and their growth and wellbeing are vital to our continued success. We will continue to invest in their professional development, provide a nurturing work environment, and foster a culture of inclusivity and diversity.

I would also like to sincerely thank our esteemed Board of Directors for their strategic guidance and invaluable counsel. Their foresight and commitment to upholding the highest standards of corporate governance have been instrumental in guiding us on our journey of success.

CCAvenue TapPay can be downloaded on any Android smartphone, which converts a mobile phone into a Point-of-Sale (POS) terminal to accept payments anytime anywhere. This solution is the first in India to allow merchants to accept payments using 200+ payment options. Furthermore, it allows consumers to use credit cards for transactions above the RBI limit of ₹ 5000

Outlook for the company:

Following is the quantitative and qualitative guidance for the near-term;

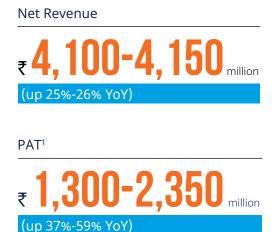
Quantitative

Gross Revenue

₹ 30,000-33,000 million

EBITDA





1 excluding any one-time and mark-to-market gains

Qualitative

- Increase the 'net take rate' in the Payments business to double digits from end of FY24 onwards
- Increase 'offline' presence through CCAvenue TapPay in India and International markets (tgt. 1mn merchants by FY24 end)
- Increase 'International' footprint (Saudi Arabia, Australia, USA, etc.)

In Conclusion:

As we reflect on our achievements and look forward to the future, I am filled with immense pride and gratitude. The strong financial performance of Infibeam Avenues is a testament to our team's hard work, dedication, and collective efforts.

With a clear vision, innovative strategies, and a shared commitment to excellence, we are poised to navigate the challenges and seize the countless opportunities that lie ahead. As we embark on this exciting journey together, I extend my heartfelt appreciation to all our shareholders, employees, and Board of Directors for their unwavering support.

The future is bright for the company, and we are excited to build on our successes and create a sustainable, prosperous, and inclusive future for all.

Sincerely,

Vishal Mehta

Managing Director

Strategic Framework

For Creating Value For All Stakeholders

- ➔ Core business product
- ➔ Enjoys first mover advantage

discounting (Source: World

Bank, HSBC)

- → Key focus area for merchant acquisition
- → Provides base for cross sell opportunities
- → India market size (P2M & B2B) \$4.5 tn by 2026 (Source: BCG)

(20, 4CQUINING **CC**Avenue[®] online PG | SoftPOS | B2Biz | CPGS **Digital Payments** → Natural extension of the GOPAYMENTS Res Avenue® payments business → Creates a sticky client base CCAVENUE by engaging large customers Bill-Avenue® ΤΑΡΏζΙΙ with high sales volume corporates Marketplace | bill payments | → Catering to a diversified hospitality payments | assisted commerce | contactless payments client base - Corporates, Enterprise, Governments **Enterprise Platforms** → Market size – over \$100bn (Source: GeM, RBI, NPCI, → Lending platform to provide Trust-Avenue® company estimates) credit upto grassroot Invoice dscntg., working capital, → Bridges the gap between express settlement banks and merchants through merchant data Finance analytics → Market size – over \$500 by 2025/26 including invoice

FINTECH UNIVERSE



Company is focused on stable, scalable and sustainable business from Merchants and Banks

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PAYMENTS

Merchant Centric Business Model

CC-Avenue®

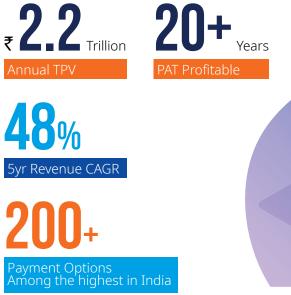
Infibeam Avenues is among the market leaders in India in the online Payment Acquiring segment offering "CCAvenue Payment Gateway" for merchants of all sizes

Established in 2001, CCAvenue, is India's first online retail payment gateway. CCAvenue payment gateway (PG), is offered to merchants to collect payments online and offline from their customers. The PCI-DSS Level 1 certified PG offers more than 200 payment options including 55+ net banking options, all the top credit card options, 100+ debit cards, the highest number of wallet and EMI choices, UPI, pay later and other payment options in a single integration with multi-currency and multi-lingual capability in India.

Internationally, The Company's PG solution offers most of the available local payment options and various features and services to merchants. The Company's PG solution is offered to merchants in India, and the UAE. The company will soon start

AMONG LARGEST ONLINE PAYMENTS COMPANY IN INDIA

in terms of revenue market share



operations in Saudi Arabia, USA and Australia. Highly robust security systems back the gateway services.

CCAvenue caters to the majority of the top marquee clients across various industry segments with a growing merchant base both domestically (India) and internationally. The company also offers its payment gateways to banks as a white label solution, having some of India's largest and leading private sector banks (HDFC Bank, Kotak Bank, ICICI Bank) and one of world's largest bank (JPMC Bank India) as its white label customers.

CCAvenue has recently added more acquiring partners (banks) for more options, better pricing and improved services & experience to the merchants.





Prefered by Marquee Clients

CC-Avenue®

Why our clients prefer us

- → Neutral PG with 200+ payment options
- → Omni-channel payment solution
- ➔ Robust security systems
- ➔ High success ratio
- ➔ Ability to scale
- ➔ Lowest chargeback ratio
- ➔ No penalty ever
- → Zero dispute with all financial institutions
- ➔ No delayed payments
- \rightarrow Quick integration
- → Excellent customer service & problem-solving skills
- → State-of-the-art fraud & risk identification system
- → White-label solution for banks in India and abroad

Marquee Clientele – India

TAJ Hotels Resorts and Palaces	Oberoi Hotels&resorts	ITC HOTELS RESPONSIBLE LUXURY	make <mark>my</mark> trip	P DREAM11
Ø yatr <u>a</u>	Paytm	Flipkart Wholesale	Fly the new feeling	ola
Cnaukri.com	MYNTMA.com	Bisleri	Since 1927 Podar Education	JioMart
🥏 airtel	GoDaddy		Amway	IndiGo
firstcry	BAJAJ	DriveTrack Plus	HYUNDAI	Air Asia

Successful Payments Processed	(₹ in Billion)
FY23	2,160
FY22	1,669
FY21	952
FY20	623
FY19	518



Our Prominent Payment Solutions

Our prominent payment solutions (in addition to the payment gateway)





B2Biz payments

It automates, streamlines and simplifies business collections and payments via multiple payment modes. It accelerates cashflow, improves efficiency and saves cost.

CCAvenue SNIP

Our Social Network Instream Payments (SNIP) enables clients to sell products and collect payments in-stream across social networks like Facebook, WhatsApp, Twitter and Pinterest, among others, instantly.



Invoice payments

This solution enables clients to automatically create and send itemised, recurring and bulk invoices in multiple currencies.



Subscriptions

This solution enables clients to create automated and customisable subscription plans and collection of recurring payments through multiple payments modes.

CCAvenue F.R.I.S.K (Fraud & Risk Identification System & Knowledgebase)

With a combination of best practices, leading technology and human intelligence, the CCAvenue F.R.I.S.K. engine, built over 20 years, provides an unprecedented level of risk detection and helps assess each transaction against a negative database collected over a decade and is verified by our dedicated risk management team over 150 variables like high-risk global IP address verification, BIN number mapping, Keystroke speed recording etc.

CCAvenue TokenPay

CCAvenue TokenPay is an end-to-end solution for merchants to allow their customers to continue saving cards via network issued tokens in compliance with RBI recommended framework. It is a multinetwork tokenisation solution, which enables token provisioning, token retrieval, token management and token processing through a unified platform without multiple integration.



In July 2022, launched world's most advanced omni-channel payment app, featuring India's first pin-on-glass SoftPoS solution – CCAvenue TapPay ('CCAvenue for Business' in Android's Play store)

Overview

While India is progressing well on the payment issuance front, there are various challenges being faced on the acquiring side, the payment acceptance infrastructure side. Certain systematic challenges are preventing the growth of digital payments in urban as well as rural areas which is the biggest driver to India's growth ambitions.

High cost of POS infrastructure, inaccessibility to users, lack of technological know-how, difficulty in servicing, installation issues, and continuous and expensive upgrades are some of the reasons for

MERCHANT CENTRIC BUSINESS MODEL

lower adoption of POS terminals. Legacy machines lack smart analytics capability and cannot offer valuable consumer insights for focused targeting. Businesses will have to adapt to new trends and consumer demands. This is possible only when acceptance infrastructure is disrupted with low cost, convenient and safe methods.

This is where CCAvenue omnichannel payment app aims to address the challenge of inadequate payments acceptance infrastructure and eliminate barriers to seamless digital adoption. (show the cover page image here)

Advantages

The unique features of CCAvenue Mobile App will help proliferate digital payment acceptance among millions of underserved Indian MSMEs. Merchants can convert their android smartphone devices into a payment terminal by just downloading the app.

For small businesses or large, the ease of its deployment and its portability makes it the best choice for many use-cases, apart from it being zero or low cost; Improved check-out experience at highend retail stores and restaurants, extended payment acceptance capability during busy periods (festivals, weekends, sale), accepting card payments for merchants on the go, market stalls and food delivery drivers, remote onboarding of personnel, doorstep service delivery, payments at trade fairs, etc.

Industry potential

Offline payments present a large opportunity that still remains largely untapped where Infibeam currently does not have any presence. Offline presents multiple cross sell opportunities for the company given its diverse fintech portfolio. Point of Sale and eCommerce are expected to contribute 45% and 55%, respectively, in FY24, based on RBI data of Q1 FY24, compared to almost equal contributions in FY22 and FY23. The company is targeting offline payments to increase its market share in digital payments and offer a unified solution to merchants.

The Government and the RBI are proactively working to promote digital payments in the country through forward-looking policies like Financial Inclusion, PM Jan Dhan Yojana, Meity's Digidhan mission and the rolling out of the PIDF scheme which aims to incentivize the deployment of payment infrastructure across India. The density of population dependent on a POS terminal is 358 in India, as per RBI, as against 20 in China, 10 in Brazil, Turkey, Netherlands and Italy. The dataset comparing 22 countries, showcases India to have the lowest POS density per person.

Government aims to reach to the bottom of the pyramid and RBI aims to triple digital payment transactions by 2025.

Also, there is huge opportunity for credit as India is credit starved. Increasing 'digital volumes' through no/low-cost digital infrastructure will allow merchants to be a part of 'organised or semi-organised retail' which can be leveraged by lenders to provide credit to boost growth at the grassroot levels.



OPPORTUNITY SPECTRUM

- ➔ India Fintech addressable market is expected to reach US\$10 trillion by 2026 from US\$3 trillion in 2021 (BCG and Phone Pe Pulse Analysis).
- → Cash in circulation is 12.7% of GDP, at ₹ 34 trillion. Tier 3-6 is still using cash largely.
- → There are only about 300 million consumers using digital payments in a country of 1.4 billion people.
- → There are 12.8 million retail stores across India.
- → 65 million MSMEs and millions of fringe vendors across the nook and corner of India that is still underserved or unserved.

CAVENUE[®] Mobile App

The World's Most Advanced Omnichannel Payment App Featuring India's First Pin-on-Glass SoftPoS Solution, CCAvenue TapPay



CCAvenue Omnichannel Payment Solution



150,000+ downloads in FY23 Crossed 300,000 by end of Q1 FY24 FY24 target – 1 million

OPPORTUNITY SPECTRUM

- ➔ Payments on-the-go; anytime anywhere
- ➔ No/Low Cost Android-based mobile app
- → Aligned with RBI's Payment Vision 2025 to increase payment acceptance through low cost solutions
- → Globally deployable contactless payment solution
- → 200+ payment options (highest in India)
- → SDKs approved from Payment Network providers for integration into merchant app
- → Tap-to-pay' for cards for transactions even above the RBI limit of ₹ 5000, with pin
- → Single MIS
- ➔ Top notch security features

Opportunity



PoS terminals for 1400 million Indians

Launched no/low-cost offline solution for penetration across India's hinterlands

CC-Avenue[®] **UAE**

We are among the leading non-bank private payment companies in the UAE. We have more than 5,000 clients, including many reputed companies and brands. Some of them include

List of key merchants

Sobha Middle East 6Th Street Radisson Blu Habtoor Grand Resort Autograph La Perle by Dragone Trump Golf Rehlat

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34

Brands For Less Fitness First Ezeego1 Cozmo Travel Cox & Kings VFS Global Udrive Al Tayer Motors

DAMAC

Hilton Hotels Rixos Bab Al Bahr 800Tickets Tasleem Billing Qatar Insurance Middlesex University Manipal University Fujairah Municipality











Annual Report 2022-23

CC-Avenue[®] Saudi

Large potential within GCC



CC-Avenue® Oman

3 of the largest banks are customers



CC-Avenue[®] Australia

Launching in 2H FY24



CC-Avenue[®] USA

Launching in FY25





Merchant Centric Business Model

Bill Avenue®

Bill Payments

BillAvenue is a unified interoperable online bill payments platform built on the Bharat BillPay (BBPS) infrastructure developed by the National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI). It offers an 'Anytime, Anywhere' bill payment facility to customers across India through a network of agents via multiple payment modes with instant confirmation of receipt of payment.

BillAvenue now has a perpetual license from RBI to operate as Bharat BillPay Operating Unit for bill payments under BBPS. BillAvenue has a license to operate both as a Biller Operating Unit and as a Customer Operating Unit. This allows it to earn revenue from the biller and customer side.



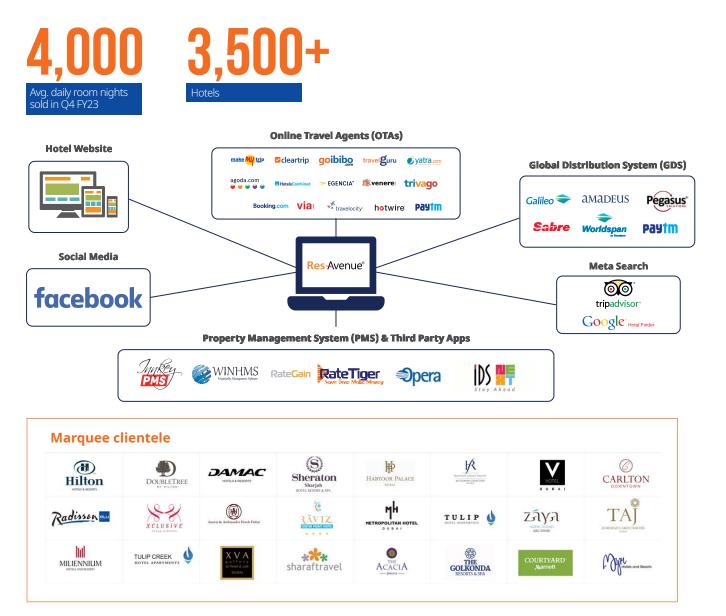


Merchant Centric Business Model

Res-Avenue®

Hospitality Payments

ResAvenue platform, is an online hospitality management solution helping hoteliers distribute room inventory with real-time room-night inventory update across various sales channel. It is integrated with CCAvenue payment gateway for hotels to accept payments from customers. It is a solution layer built on top of the payment gateway to specifically penetrate into the large and diverse hotel segment. This solution is currently being offered in India and the UAE. The company works with many marquee clients and has exclusive arrangements with some of the world's top hotel chains like Taj, Hilton, Oberoi, and many more.





Payment Issuance, Domestic Remittance



Go Payments is a subsidiary of Infibeam Avenues Limited. The primary business model is based on enabling users to perform digital financial transactions using the assisted commerce model. The platform connects 100,000+ agents (like kirana shops, pharmacies, mom-and-pop stores, etc.) pan-India to the formal banking system, thus enabling them to assist customers in performing digital financial services like domestic money transfer (DMT), AEPS, mobile recharge, travel bookings, insurance, and many other financial services.

Go Payments also provides end-to-end technology services (payment issuing and processing) to banks, governments and large corporates. Corporate solutions include prepaid cards comprising gift cards, meal cards, general-purpose reloadable cards, corporate credit cards and expense management software. Institutional solutions include a contactless end-to-end transport solution for cities and local governments, a smart ID card solution with contactless payment capability for Institutions like private clubs and universities, a cashless subsidy disbursement solution for the Central and State governments and a contactless CUG card solution for hospitals, government departments and other large institutions. All these institutional solutions are provided in conjunction with some of India's largest private banks.





Express Settlement, Loans & Invoice Discounting

CC-Avenue® Trust-Avenue®

Infibeam's Financing initiatives are aimed at monetising on the large and growing merchant database the company has. The Finance vertical will provide quick access to flexible financing making it simpler for businesses to maintain steady working capital for accelerated growth and improved operational efficiency. For this the company plans to target its growing base of merchant by connecting them to the lenders through its lending platform, TrustAvenue, to provide working capital loans, invoice/bill discounting, or by offering early settlement to digital payment merchants. In the process, the company will not take any credit exposure, but will be an enabler.

Express Settlements

The company offers early payments to merchants in the digital payments business, called CCAvenue Express Settlements. It provides rolling capital merchants by reducing the pay-out cycle from the default T+3 or T+2 days to within a few hours from the time of transaction.



Merchant Centric Business Model



BuildaBazaar for Enterprise (BaB-E) eCommerce Marketplace Platform

The company offers cloud-based, end-to-end software as a service (SaaS) technology platform, allowing corporates to transact online, manage the back end (orders, inventory and logistics), make digital payments, undertake online marketing and other value-added digital services.

BaB-E is a universal solution targeted at global enterprises having large-scale businesses. Company's focus is to onboard large enterprises that offer consistent, stable and long-term sustainable business.

The company has a mix of per-transaction and license fee-based pricing models for the enterprises.



Annual Procurement

(₹ in Billion)

FY23	2011
FY22	1067
FY21	380

Marquee clientele









Growing Trend of Sellers	(in Million)
FY23	6.0
FY22	4.0
FY21	1.4

Payments PAYMENTS

Bank Centric Business Model



Fable Fintech (Fable) offers remittance technology platform for cross border payments to banks, businesses and exchange houses as a one stop platform to launch remittance services.

Infibeam has an investment, 16.7%, in Fable to capture remittance market globally. In May 2021, the Company participated in Series A fund-raising round of Fable Fintech along with many other marquee investors to unlock the fintech potential of banks across the globe.

For the future, apart from foreign expansion, Fable is creating an innovation for banks to offer neo banking for expatriates, participation in the NUE along with Infibeam, offering core treasury products, cross border ecommerce payments, and more. Fable projects that, *"One in every 4 dollars going cross border would be touching or using a platform from the Fable Family"*.

Fable has been growing at a CAGR of 85% over the last five years. The company aims to make a profit shortly with a predicted annual rate of return of 30%.

Going forward Infibeam through this investment expects to gain revenue growth from the global remittances segment and increase shareholder wealth.

The end to end plug and play bank grade cross border remittance platform can be white labelled for banks with blockchain technology to launch cross border payments.

Standard

Chartered

Today, Fable caters to nine out of 10 top private sector banks in India including HDFC Bank, IDFC First Bank, Canara Bank, etc. In addition, Fable's platforms are also used by clients in Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, UK, Singapore, Bangladesh and Canada.

The offerings in this segment include:

International remittance platform offered to banks and financial institutions with blockchain technology (P2M) and to consumers (P2P) for both inward and outward remittances across various corridors globally.

Opportunity Spectrum

'Global cross-border payment flows, currently growing at 5% (CAGR), are expected to reach US \$156 Trillion by 2022', as per an EY Report.

In 2020, the top five recipient countries for remittances inflows in current USD were India (83 billion), China (60 billion), Mexico (43 billion), the Philippines (35 billion), and Egypt (30 billion) (ibid.). India has been the largest recipient of remittances since 2008. India received over USD83 billion in remittances in 2020.



IndusInd Bank



Bank Centric Business Model

CC-Avenue®

CCAvenue Payment Gateway Services (CPGS),

is a card processor offered to acquiring banks and acquiring financial institutions globally, where the company's solution validates and authenticates online card payments for the banks and financial institutions of its online card customers. The services are being to some large banks in the Middle East, and is also offered to a large conglomerate in India.

The company also offers its payment gateways to banks as a white-label solution, having some of India's largest and leading private sector banks (HDFC Bank, ICICI Bank & Kotak Bank) and one of the world's largest bank (JPMC Bank India) as its whitelabel customers.

Trust Avenue®

TrustAvenue – Making Merchants Digital Credible and Bankable

The core purpose of TrustAvenue through the realtime visibility of merchants' transaction data is to make working capital finance available quickly to the entrepreneurs so that they can focus on business instead of worrying about the gaps in their cash flows. TrustAvenue was launched in the last quarter of 2022 which is a smart and intelligent marketplace platform with rich analytical data of merchants that can be used by lenders to expand the lending base. TrustAvenue will also enable merchants to discount bills and get working capital loans.

NUE Payment Network

Infibeam Avenues has formed a majority owned subsidiary that has formed a consortium with one of India's largest conglomerate and two of the world's largest internet companies for a retail payment network. It has made an application to RBI and is awaiting approval. The NUE will 'for profit' entities that will be responsible for setting up, managing and operating new retail digital payment systems. It will also manage clearing and settlement systems and undertake initiatives to strengthen the digital payments ecosystem in the country.

Currently, approval from RBI is awaited.

BUILDING END-TO-END DIGITAL PAYMENTS

Along with the subsidiaries and strategic investments made, Infibeam Avenues is building an end-to-end digital payments company offering omni-channel Payment Acquiring solution (Infibeam Avenues), Payment Issuance (Go Payments), Payment Network (So

Hum Bharat) and cross-border payments (Fable Fintech) to merchants along with eCommerce Marketplace platforms and Financing to simplify business and payments for merchants allowing them to focus on core business activities.

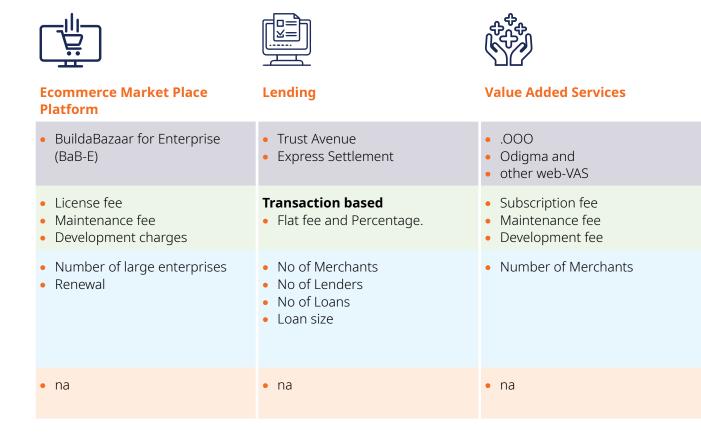
enues Limited

Revenue Model

Infibeam primarily offers Digital Payment Solutions and Enterprise Marketplace Software Platforms for ecommerce, broadly categorized as 'Payments' and 'Platforms' businesses respectively. More than 90% of consolidated gross revenue is transaction based- the whole of Payments business and the GeM portal offered to the Government of India- thus making the primary revenue model a transaction based one.

	◎ […]	
Payment Gateway	Bill Payments	Government eMarket Place
 CCAvenue (India + International ResAvenue B2Biz CPGS (Entp. Payments) 	• BillAvenue	• BuildaBazaar for Enterprise (BaB-E)
Transaction BasedPercentageFlat-fee	Transaction BasedFlat Fee	Transaction basedPercentage
 TPV Monthly volume Take rates charged to merchants International business Business from partners 	 No. of Billers No. of Industries Consumer using BBPS Channels for bill payment Agent Institution Network 	 Govt buyers Integration of various ministries State Govt Participation PWD Integration More Products and Services selection
Bank TDRPartner Charges	Commission Rates	• na
Businesses Revenue m	nodel Revenue drivers	Direct Cost drivers

The company also earns fixed annuity like revenue from its Platforms business in the form of license fee, subscription fee, setup costs, development fees, maintenance charges and through value added services offered to the clients.



Awards



Business App of the Year Idea Awards 2023 by Entrepreneur India



Superbrands 2023-24 Superbrands 2023-24 by Superbrands India



Best Tech for E-Commerce 13th India Digital Awards by IAMAI



Most Preferred Workplaces in BFSI 2022

Most Preferred Workplaces 2022 By Team Marksmen



Fintech – Digital Payments BFSI Awards 2022 By Governance Now



Best Online Payment Solution – Merchant

The Corporate Titan Awards 2022 by Feather Touch



Excellence in Innovation/ Technology Fintech & Digital Payments Awards 2022 By Assocham



Best Use of Technology & Best Innovator

(Financial Services) Unlocked Awards 2022 by Global Trends Forum



Best Payments Solution Provider of the Year ETBFSI Excellence Awards

by Economic Times



Best Mobile Payment Product & 'Most Innovative Mobile App

Digital Dragon Awards by Indian Business Council



Best Technology Solution for Enterprise Risk Management & Best Technology Provider for Fintech Services

By Inkspell Solution

Management Disscussion and Analysis

MACRO-ECONOMIC SCENARIO

The Digital Revolution in India's Macroeconomic Landscape

Introduction

India, with its vast and diverse economy, has witnessed remarkable transformations in recent years, particularly in the realm of macroeconomics. A pivotal factor contributing to this transformation is the nation's embrace of digital technology, reforms that foster the growth of startups, and substantial tech investments. These advancements have played a pivotal role in propelling India's digital economy and have set the stage for a surge in digital payments. There are definite improvements in reforms in India that are aiding the digital economy, fostering a thriving startup culture, attracting tech investments, and consequently, driving the growth of digital payments.

Reforms Powering the Digital Economy

The Indian government has initiated a series of policy reforms aimed at promoting a robust digital economy. One such reform is the "Digital India" campaign, launched in 2015, which seeks to bridge the digital divide and provide digital access to all citizens. This initiative has laid the foundation for the rapid expansion of digital infrastructure, including internet connectivity, which is crucial for the growth of the digital economy.



Startup Culture and Tech Investments

India has witnessed a surge in startup culture, with a flourishing ecosystem of innovative companies. This phenomenon is largely driven by government initiatives such as "Startup India," which offers incentives and support to budding entrepreneurs. Additionally, India's vast pool of tech talent has been instrumental in attracting investments from both domestic and international sources.

The startups across various sectors, including e-commerce, fintech, health tech, and edtech are not only transforming industries but also creating employment opportunities and contributing significantly to the country's GDP.

Digital Payments Revolution

One of the most striking outcomes of India's digital transformation has been the surge in digital payments. The government's demonetization move in 2016 accelerated the adoption of digital payment methods. Digital acceptance of payments, through cards, payment through UPI (Unified Payments Interface), mobile wallets and many alternative forms of payments have become increasingly popular, making it convenient for individuals and businesses to transact digitally.

Moreover, the COVID-19 pandemic accelerated the shift towards digital payments as people sought contactless alternatives. This trend has further cemented the importance of digital payments in the Indian economy.

Opportunities Ahead

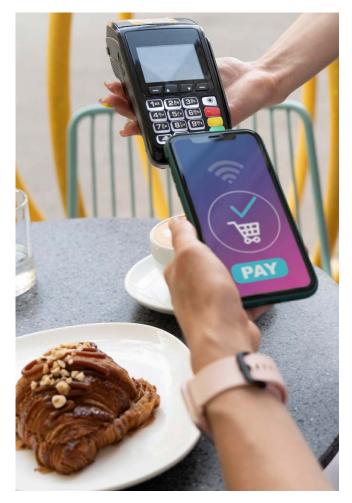
Looking ahead, the opportunities in India's digital ecosystem are immense. With a large and increasingly tech-savvy population, the digital economy is expected to continue its rapid expansion. Here are some key areas where growth is anticipated over the next decade:

- **1. Financial Inclusion:** India's digital ecosystem can work towards bringing millions of unbanked and underbanked individuals into the formal financial system, promoting financial inclusion.
- **2. E-commerce Boom:** The e-commerce sector is poised for substantial growth as more Indians shop online. This will drive the need for secure and convenient digital payment solutions.
- **3. Digital Infrastructure:** Continued investments in digital infrastructure, including 5G networks, will provide the necessary backbone for the digital economy to flourish.

- 4. Data Analytics and AI: Leveraging data analytics and artificial intelligence will enable businesses to better understand consumer behavior and provide tailored services, including payment solutions.
- 5. **Cybersecurity:** As digital transactions increase, so will the importance of robust cybersecurity measures to protect financial data.

Conclusion

India's macroeconomic landscape is undergoing a remarkable transformation, driven by reforms that support the digital economy, foster a thriving startup culture, and attract tech investments. This transformation has propelled the growth of digital payments, making them an integral part of daily life for millions of Indians. As the nation continues on this path of digitalization, the opportunities that lie ahead are abundant. With a proactive approach to innovation, investments, and policy support, India is well-positioned to become a global leader in the digital ecosystem and witness exponential growth in digital payments over the next decade.



FINTECH INDUSTRY

Introduction

Fintech is a broad category of software applications and different digital technologies deployed by the intermediaries that provide automated and improved financial services competing with traditional financial services. Fintech, as the name states, uses technologically advanced offerings in finance, enabling digitisation of payments, receipts or transfers, and includes Payment Technology, Digital Banking, FinTech Lending, Wealth management, InsurTech, etc. stylised in the following diagram (Source: RBI, Nov 2021).

Like in any domain, even fintech businesses can be either business-to-business (B2B) category or business-to-consumer (B2C) category. B2B businesses are those that cater to other businesses with their products and services; whereas business that sell their products and services directly to end consumers are classified as B2C.

Payment Tech	Digital Banking	FinTech Lending	Digital Wealth Management	Capital market (algo trading)	Equity Crowd Funding	InsurTech	ResTech	PropTech
				Functional Area	IS			
FinTech Horizontals Financial Regulation, Risk Management, Funding and Valuation								
			Emergi	ng Tech for Fin	Services			
FinTech Horizontals								
Distributed Ledger Technology ,' Blockchain, Internet of Things (loT), Artificial Intelligence (Al), Big Data Analytics, Cyber Security, Biometrics, Open Source Computing: API, Cloud Computing, Quantum Computing, Virtual Reality Augmented Reality (VRI AR) and Automation: Robotics								

Source/ Base: A taxonomy of FinTech by Michael B. !merman and Frank J. Fabozzi

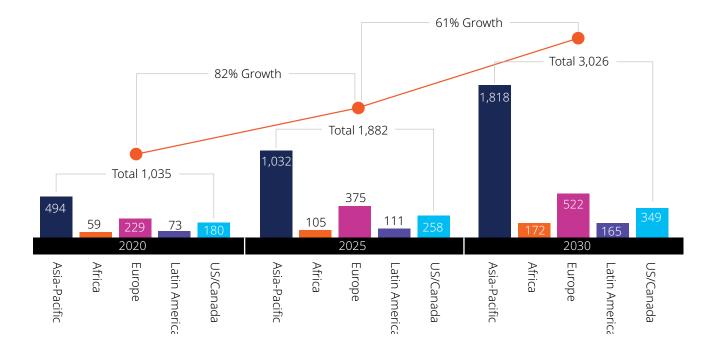
Infibeam Avenues operates in the B2B Fintech space offering digital payments and software platforms for eCommerce to small and large businesses, both private and public sector enterprises, including banks.



Cashless transactions set to rise globally

As of May 2023, there were 11,651 fintech (financial technology) startups in the Americas, making it the region with the most fintech startups globally. In comparison, there were 9,681 fintech startups in the EMEA region (Europe, the Middle East, and Africa)

and 5,061 in the Asia Pacific (APAC) region. This has increased compared to the data we presented in our FY22 annual report; as of November 2021, there were 10,755 fintech startups in USA, 9,323 in the EMEA and 6,268 in the APAC (Source: Statista).



Fintech in India is a sunrise sector that will lead to massive innovation in the Banking, Financial Services and Insurance sectors

2015 saw the birth of Fintech in India, with the advent of many products and services, which gradually multiplied from 2016 onwards and eventually got a rapid unparalleled boost in the past two years. Fintech is probably one of the very few sectors that took colossal leaps forward when every other sector reached the nadir, while the world was held captive by the pandemic.

In absolute terms, India currently stands at the third place in the Fintech arena, behind USA and China, in just five years since demonitisation in November 2016. Yet, we became global leaders in 2020 in real-time payments, 62% ahead of China at number two, setting an example for the world to see our progress in such a short span. Also, India has the highest Fintech adoption rate of 87% versus an average global rate of 64%.

India turning into a Fintech hub can be attributed to the explosion in this sector. The seeds of future global fintech ecosystem are already being sown in India, challenging the traditional financial sector and the legacy banking system. In 2021, India bagged around 40% of fintech deals in the APAC region. In 2021-22 fintech continued its lead doing 278 deals worth US\$ 8.5 billion vs 240 deals in 2020-21 worth US\$ 7.3 billion. Despite global challenges, as per data published by PwC, Fintech along with SaaS had the highest share of funding totalling more than USD 3.1 billion. India is host to around 2100+ fintech companies, as per 2nd edition of MEDICI's India FinTech Report, 67% of which have come into existence in the past five years.

Organisations are reconceptualising this industry in the post pandemic world. Fintech is seen to be percolating through most verticals ranging from retail to education, from hospitality to health. Digital payment is the largest pie within Fintech, where Infibeam Avenues has been among the leaders and is constantly innovating and scaling its operations. Digital Lending is the next biggest and among the fastest growing opportunity within Fintech where Infibeam Avenues is making inroads through various initiatives to help merchants/businesses grow as well as help lenders reach a larger underserved and/or unserved audience.

Within Fintech, Digital Payments in India presents multi-year high growth opportunity

As per a recent (May 2022) report by BCG and PhonePe; 40% of payments (by value) are digital, contributing to a US\$3 trillion digital payment market on account of rapid expansion in digital infrastructure, pandemicled acceleration of shift in customer preferences, growing merchant acceptance network and disruptive innovations by the fintechs.

Yet, certain segments of the market remain underpenetrated with considerable room for growth. The next wave of growth is likely to come from Tier 3-6 locations, as evidenced in the past two years wherein Tier 3-6 cities have contributed to nearly 60-70% of new mobile payment customers.

Expanding merchant acceptance, digitization of value chains, and establishment of financial services marketplace in underpenetrated segments are the primary factors that will spur the rapid growth of digital payments in India. The emergence of embedded payments via 5G and the Internet of Things (IoT), and the launch of India's sovereign Digital Rupee are, together, expected to provide further impetus.

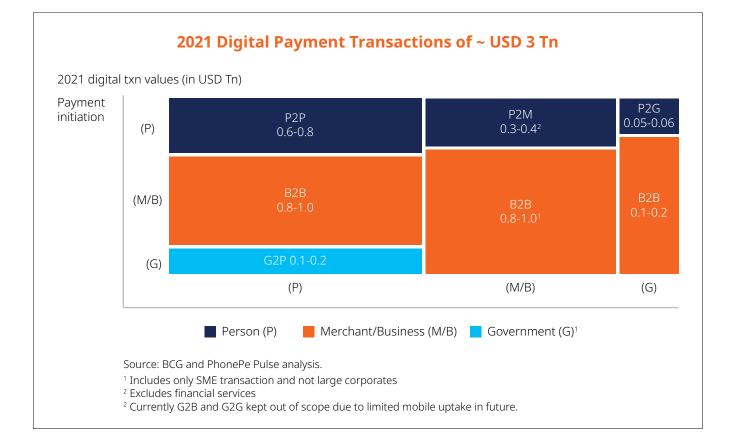
India's digital payments market is at an inflection point and is expected to more than triple from US\$3 trillion today to US\$10 trillion by 2026. As a result of this unprecedented growth, digital payments (non-cash) will constitute nearly 65% of all payments by 2026 i.e., 2 out of 3 transactions (by value) will be digital.

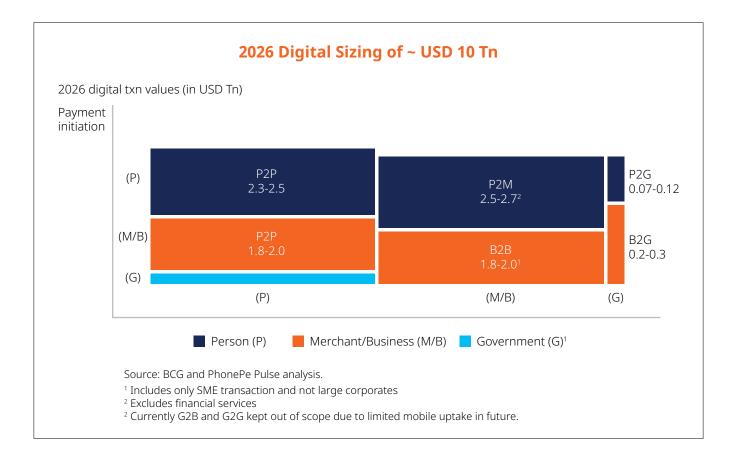
India will become a digital payment economy and **merchant payments will emerge as the most powerful driver** of this growth. BCG expects that merchant payments will soon outpace person-to-person fund transfers.

3 Trillion Indian digital payment market

Trillion
Expected Indian digital payment market by 2026

of all payments to be digital by 2026





Merchant Payments to be Major Driver of Digital Payments by 2026

Total merchant

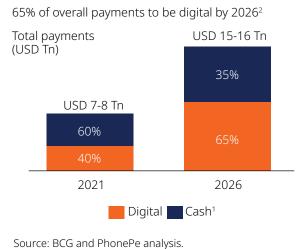
payments (USD Tn)

USD 1.8-2 Tn

80%

20

2021



¹ Includes non-digital paper instruments

² Values exclude finanacial services, B2B payments for large corporates, G2B and G2G

Encouraging trends in Digital Payments in India

As per RBI, digital payments volume (comprising Debit & Credit Card Payments, Prepaid Payment Instruments and UPI) in India increased at a compounded annual

growth rate (CAGR) of over 61% in the past five years from 9.1 billion in 2017-18 to 97.5 billion in 2022-23; over 10 times in 5 years. The year 2021-22 alone has seen a growth of 78% year-over-year while 2022-23 has seen a growth of 67% in volumes year-over-year, setting a stage for a strong digital payments' growth

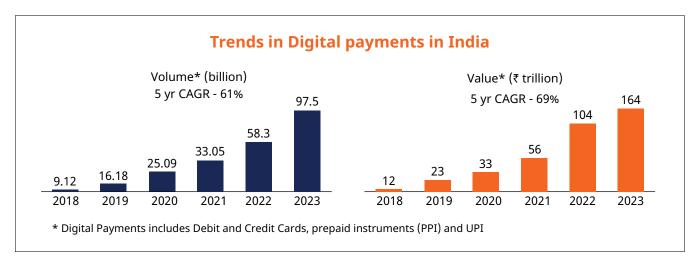
Digital Cash¹

Digital merchant payments expected to be 65% by 2026

USD 3.8-4.0 Tn

35%

2026

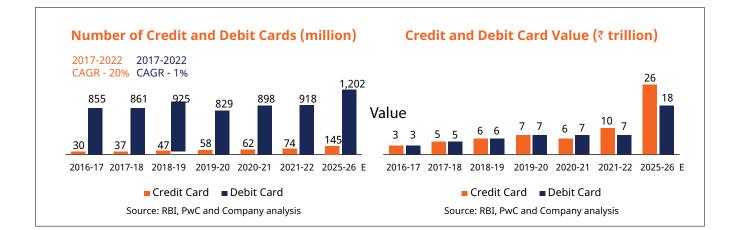


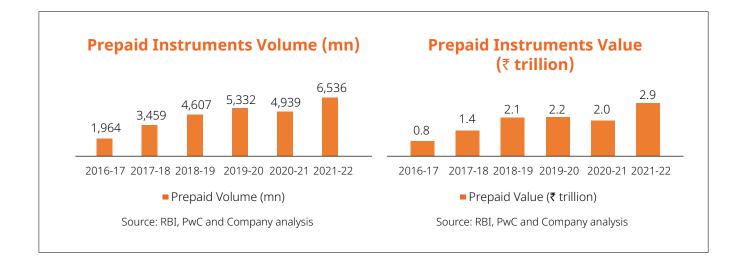
According to a report by the World Bank Development Research Group, "Integrating digital payments addresses crucial issues of broad economic growth and individual financial empowerment". RBI in its Payment Vision 2025 expects digital payments to triple. Hence, Digital Payments will have a crucial role to play in India's ambitious growth plans.

in India. Additionally, in value terms, digital payments in 2022-23, was ₹ 163.6 trillion (USD 2.0 trillion), up, a strong 57% compared to previous year.

India's Chief Economic Adviser (CEA) Mr V. Anantha Nageswaran said India would become a USD 5 trillion economy by 2026-27 and USD 10 trillion by 2033-34. Honorable Industry and Commerce Minister Mr. Piyush Goyal expects India to become \$30 trillion in the next three decades.

Current trends in Digital Payments indicate a strong growth for 2023-24 and beyond as the country moves towards its vision to become a USD 5 trillion and USD 10 trillion economy. Recurring transactions through Cards (Credit and Debit) for growing subscriptions to OTT platforms, journals and news portals, will contribute to an increase in transaction volumes. Further, the RBI mandate on expanding the scope of permitted devices and allowing card on file tokenisation will contribute to the growth of card payments. It will impart security and enhance the customer experience of card payments at e-commerce sites and through enabled devices at physical points. Card-based transactions are expected to continue to witness steady growth, at almost 16% year on year for the next four years (Source: PwC).



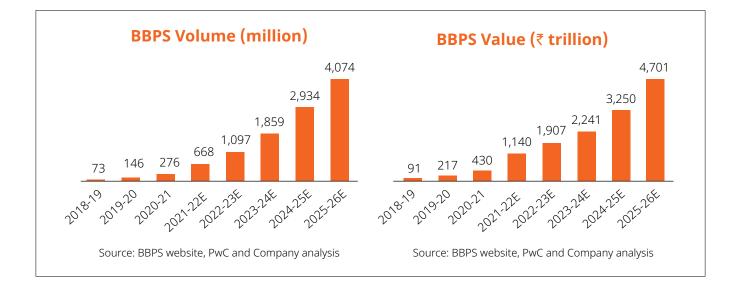


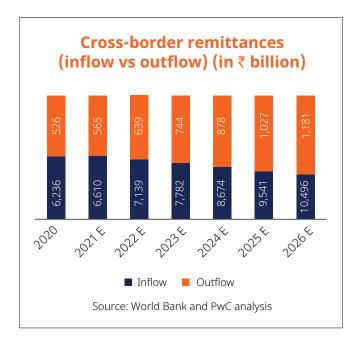
Prepaid instruments (eWallets and cards); Latest developments around wallet interoperability and the influx of online workspace could result in steady revenue flow for gift cards and the wallet industry. More corporates are entering into prepaid segments like expense management and food cards, which can also result in the overall steady growth of PPIs.

Bill payments form a major component of retail payment transactions. Launched in 2016 and owned and operated by NPCI, BBPS is envisioned as a one-stop interoperable, accessible and cost-effective ecosystem for payment of all utility bills. Moreover, it is available 24x7. It provides a single platform that allows banks and non-banks in aggregation business, payment service providers, billers, retailers and customers to connect, present and pay bills.

Government initiatives towards building better infrastructure, particularly for rural areas, shall lead to more households with electricity and water supply, subsequently adding more demand for telecom and gas connections, and hence, increasing the customer base of BBPS users. By 2025–2026, new biller categories are expected to reach an estimated value of ₹ 1,179 billion (USD 16 billion) with existing categories still accounting for a majority of the transaction value at an estimate of ₹ 2,189 billion (USD 29 billion).

International payments act as a catalyst for crossborder trade and investments, and have played an important part in shaping up the Indian economy. Despite the pandemic, there has not been a significant change in the volumes of **cross-border remittances**.





Expansion of merchant acceptance points will lead to an all-inclusive digital payment's growth in India

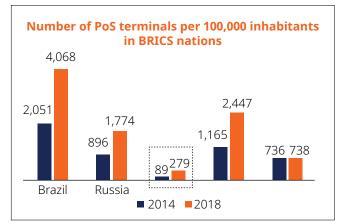
India is the largest global market for inward remittance flow at approximately ₹ 6 trillion. Since 2016, the volume of India's cross-border remittances has grown steadily at a CAGR of 4.5%.

The emergence of FinTech has eased cross-border payments. Indian banks have partnered with various international exchange houses to provide faster inward remittance services to Indians residing abroad. The International Financial System (IFS) and faster payments rails with more innovative approaches have been adopted by FinTechs in the cross-border payments space which is expected to reach ₹ 10,496 billion (USD 140 billion) by the end of 2025–26. The cost of cross-border remittances will keep decreasing as FinTechs continue to make technological advancements and operational innovations.

While India is progressing well on the payment issuance front (>900 million debit cards, over 75 million credit cards, over 2.5 billion wallets) there are **challenges being faced on the acquiring side, that is, the payment acceptance side**.

The growth of digital payments as a safe and convenient medium for financial transactions makes it necessary to strengthen the acceptance infrastructure across the country and achieve the core theme set by RBI in Payment Vision 2025, E-Payments for Everyone, Everywhere, Everytime. Data from the RBI shows that

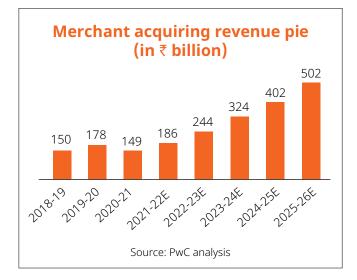
the PoS acceptance infrastructure in India is currently concentrated in tier 1 and 2 cities (Source: PwC and SBI data). The RBI has announced the creation of a Payments Infrastructure Development Fund (PIDF) to encourage acquirers to deploy PoS infrastructure in tier 3–6 centres and north-eastern states. As the deployment of acceptance infrastructure gains pace, there will be a jump in digital payments and demand for PoS machines.



In 2021-22, the number of POS terminals across the country has only increased by 1 million to reach 6.1 million in March 2022 (Post-Covid) compared to 5.1 million in March 2020 (Pre-Covid), despite a significant growth in overall digital payments. Post-Covid, in FY23, number of POS terminals increased by 1.7 million to reach 7.8 million as consumers went back to offline shopping. However, this number is still low as compared to the large Indian population that still shops offline. Certain systematic challenges are preventing the growth of digital payments in urban as well as the rural and remote areas in India, like expensive POS, service issues, far away locations, high cost of upgrade, etc. The number of terminals per 100,000 inhabitants can be considered as one of the indicators of the level of financial inclusion in a country. In India, this number stood at around 279 in 2018, which means the density of population per PoS terminal is around 358. The figure below shows the increase in the number of PoS terminals per 100,000 inhabitants in the BRICS nations from 2014 to 2018 (Source: PwC and Bank for International Settlements: https://stats.bis.org/statx/ srs/table/CT14B?p=2018). Addressing these issues is a pre-requisite for growth of digital payments in India.

Separately, India is largely a debit card market with the number of debit cards (961 million) being 11.3 times higher than that of credit cards (85.3 million) in March 2023. There is huge opportunity for the credit sector as, our country is credit starved. There are millions of unserved and underserved MSMEs not able to secure credit due to 'no credit' or 'insufficient' credit and repayment history. Increasing digital volumes will allow merchants to be a part of 'organised or semiorganised retail' which can be leveraged by lenders to provide credit to boost growth at the grassroot levels. Hence businesses will have to adopt to tech-led trends and consumer demands to uplift their own standards.

All this is possible only when acceptance infrastructure is disrupted with low cost, convenient and safe methods allowing digital payments to reach every nook and corner of the country. A typical PoS machine costs ₹ 12,000/- while a typical mPoS machine costs ₹ 5,000/- (RBI Notification: Card Payments – Relaxation in requirement of Additional Factor of Authentication for small value card present transactions, RBI/2014-15/601, dated 14 May 2015). Particularly for micro, small and medium sized businesses, and tier 2 and 3 cities, this cost of the PoS terminal, along with costs of maintenance and upgradation, often become a barrier to PoS adoption.



PoS devices supporting contactless payments from cards or near-field communication (NFC) enabled devices with payments application and authorisation have gained significantly in terms of value and are playing a crucial role in the steady growth of PoS devices, estimated to have increased by 15% compared to 2020 (Source: PwC, RBI). The adoption of contactless PoS terminals has positively impacted revenue growth in the merchant acquiring space.

As an opportunity, India is home to 65 million MSMEs and 12.8 million retail stores.

India Digital Payments Growth Drivers

India's young demographics and an ever-growing start-up culture among young Indians, sets a stage for tremendous growth through tech-led initiatives. This, coupled with cheap data, affordable smartphones, Government's BharatNet project, upcoming 5G technology, are some of the drivers that will make India Digital and leading to growth of Digital Payments.

Considering the 65 million MSMEs in India, we estimate there are only about 20-25 million merchants using digital payments. Of these, only about 5-10 million effectively use broad-based digital payments features while most use it sparingly. This leaves 50% of all the MSMEs out of the digital ecosystem. We estimate that the number of MSMEs will increase to 75-80 million in the next five to seven years. There are about 300 million consumers using digital payments in India, where there are one billion mobile connections and nearly 700 million smartphone users. The cash in circulation has also increased to 14.5% reaching $\mathbf{\overline{\xi}}$ 31 trillion, one of the highest in the recent times. The government aims to make India cash-lite, thereby reaching to every person in India, and boost digital transactions for speed, productivity and transparency.

Another important growth driver is the retail sector in India. India has 12.8 million retail stores across

To increase the acceptance infrastructure, Infibeam Avenues, has made this a purpose to drive infinite ecommerce. We aim to lead this transformation by offering the world's first and most advanced omnichannel payment app (CCAvenue mobile app) featuring India's first pin-on-glass SoftPOS solution-CCAvenue TAPpay, CCAvenue TAPpay. The launch of CCAvenue omnichannel mobile app will widen Company's customer reach to include all offline merchants apart from a wide online merchant coverage the company already enjoys.

01 Change in customer payment behaviour

- Payment behaviour of Indian customers has seen a tectonic shift.
- Integration of payment modes facilitated by FinTechs and PayTechs has led to ease of usage.
- Redefined customer journeys are driving adoption both in the physical and e-commerce space.

02 Technology as growth driver

- Technology platforms are catalysing the digitisation of payment processes.
- Cloud hosting, open APIs, etc., are enabling players to provide platform as a service and launch new product offerings.
- Ecosystem-based platforms with embedded finance have emerged.

03 Entry of new players

- The digital payment space is attracting big techs and non-banking players.
- Payment services are now being offered on messaging platforms .
- Value-added services, cross-selling of products and overlay services are a few emerging business models.

04 Regulatory initiatives

- The Payments Infrastructure Development Fund (PIDF) has been created to boost the growth of acquiring infrastructure.
- Guidelines have been issued on offline payments, tokenisation and regulatory sandbox.
- Reimbursement of MDR on RuPay card and UPI transactions has been announced.

various segments (groceries, fashion, electronics, toys, stationary, departmental stores, services, etc.). The retail sector in India is one of the top contributors to the economy and a key driver of growth. The demand for digital payments (offline and online) is linked to growth in the retail sector. The retail sector is expected to grow at a CAGR of 21% until 2026, with total market size of retail stores expected to reach USD 1,750 billion by 2026.

Collectively, this presents a big opportunity for digital payments growth in India. Some other key drivers of digital payments are highlighted below (Source: PwC analysis, RBI, MeitY).

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on an accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

The discussions in this section relate to the consolidated financial results pertaining to the year ended March 31, 2023. The financial statements of the company and its subsidiaries are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as 'Ind AS') prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, as amended from time to time.

The significant accounting policies, involve the use of estimates, judgments, and assumptions that are significant to understanding our results. For additional information, see Note 1-4 of consolidated financial statements.

A. Analysis of Revenue

1. Revenue from operations

(₹ in mn)	FY 23	FY 22	Change
Operating Revenue	19,623.39	12,939.34	51.7%

Revenue grew from ₹ 12,939.34 million in FY22 to ₹ 19,623.39 million in FY23. The growth is aided by both higher number of transactions and higher value of transactions for payment processed. Details are given below:

Particulars	FY 23	FY 22	Change
Volume of transactions processed (Nos. mn)	360	299	20.4%
Value of transactions processed (₹ in bn)	4447	2929	51.8%

Our Fintech offerings are in two broad business segments and segment-wise generation of revenue has been as follows:

Business Segment	FY 23	FY 22	Change
Payment Business	17,932.35	11,340.86	58.1%
E-Commerce Platform Business	1,691.04	1,598.48	5.8%
Total operating revenue	19,623.39	12,939.34	51.7%

The increase is mainly attributable to

- Higher utilization of Payment Gateway.
- Increased transactions in Government e Marketplace (GeM).
- Payment's expansion internationally (UAE).
- Higher transactions in Bill Payments (BillAvenue).
- Remittance & Assisted Commerce (Go Payments)

Our Fintech offerings can be further analyzed from the following perspectives:

Pers- pective	Revenue from operations (₹ in mn)	FY 23	FY 22	Change
	India	18,446.50	12,133.44	52.0%
Geography	Abroad	1,176.89	805.90	46.0%
	Total	19,623.39	12,939.34	51.7%

2. Other Income

(₹ in mn)	FY 23	FY 22	Change
Other Income	707.30	99.98	607.4%

The change is mainly on account of M2M gain and profit on sale of investment, interest income and net gain on account of foreign exchange fluctuation.

B. Analysis of Expenses

1. Operating expenses

(₹ in mn)	FY 23	FY 22	Change
Payment gateway processing charges and other operating expenses	16,339.68	10,345.45	57.9%
% of revenue	83.3%	80.0%	

It primarily consists of costs incurred in operating online payment gateway with a real-time transaction validation process. Processing charges as a percentage of Revenue may vary due to several factors, such as our level of productivity and accuracy, changes in volume and size. We have reported processing charges of ₹ 16,339.68 million in FY23 as against ₹ 10,345.45 million in FY22. The Payment gateway processing charges as a % of Revenues has increased by 57.9% as transaction value has also increased significantly.

2. Employee benefits

(₹ in mn)	FY 23	FY 22	Change
Employee benefits	1078.25	817.80	31.8%
% of revenue	5.5%	6.3%	

Employee benefit costs primarily consist of cost of salary and other terminal benefits like, gratuity, provident fund contribution etc. along with cost of compensation of stock options issued to various employees. Our primary cost comprises of Technology costs to carry out technological research and development activities. Our prime requirement of employees is in various technological segments like application, production, design, maintenance, operation, and platform development for new and existing products and services and other technology infrastructure. We seek to invest efficiently in several areas of technology development so we may continue to enhance the customer experience and improve our process efficiency through rapid technology developments while operating at an everincreasing scale. We expect spending in technology

cost to increase over time as we continue to add employees and technology infrastructure.

31.8 % increase in employee cost during FY 2023 is because of annual increments and recruitment of new employees to take care of growing business.

3. Finance Costs

(₹ in mn)	FY 23	FY 22	Change
Finance Costs	19.43	19.34	0.5%
% of revenue	0.1%	0.1%	

Finance cost remained consistent in view of free cash flows.

4. Depreciation and Amortisation

(₹ in mn)	FY 23	FY 22	Change
Depreciation and Amortization	616.02	626.37	-1.7%
% of revenue	3.1%	4.8%	

There is a decrease of 1.7% in Depreciation and Amortisation as compared to previous year since the group follows WDV method of depreciation.

5. Other expenses

(₹ in mn)	FY 23	FY 22	Change
Other Expenses	409.56	326.25	25.5%
% of revenue	2.1%	2.5%	

Increase of other expenses by 25.5% in FY23 is mainly on account of

- Increased expenses in Web Hosting & Web servers support expenses due to increased consumption of web services.
- Increased legal and professional expenses for business expansion/customer acquisition and other technical consultancy charges.
- Increased travelling expenses for business expansion/customer acquisition.
- Increased rent and office expenses.

6. Income tax

(₹ in mn)	FY 23	FY 22
Current tax	19.76	(247.46)*
Deferred Tax	439.71	394.52
Total tax expense	459.47	147.05
Profit Before Tax	1822.16	983.56
Tax as % of Profit before tax	25.2%	15.0%*

Income tax as % of Profit before Tax in FY 23 is 25.2% since the company has opted for section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act,1961.

*Income tax as % of Profit Before Tax in FY 22 is lower since company has reversed the excess income tax provision of earlier years and recognised deferred tax liability on difference in tax base on goodwill and deferred tax assets on unabsorbed depreciation under tax laws as per the amendment in Income Tax Act in respect of allowability on depreciation of goodwill by Finance Act 2021.

Key Financial Ratios

Rati o	Calculation	FY 23	FY 22	Variance	Reason for Significant Variance
Ratios-Financial p	erformance				
Operating margin	EBIT / Operating Net Revenue	36%	32%	13%	Increase in EBIT
EBIDTA margin	EBIDTA / Operating Net Revenue	56%	55%	(2%)	No significant variance
Net Profit margin	Net Profit / Operating Net Revenue	41%	32%	29%	Increase in net profit
Interest coverage ratio	EBIT / Interest	61	43	43%	In view of increase in operating efficiency and repayment of long-term borrowings
Ratios-Balance sh	eet				
Return on Net worth	Net Profit / Average Equity net of Goodwill	10%	6%	49%	Increase in net profit
Current ratio	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	1.60	1.37	17%	No significant variance
Debtors Turnover ratio	Operating Revenue / Average Debtors	27	17	60%	Improvement in view of better trade receivables management.

Ratio	Calculation	FY 23	FY 22	Variance	Reason for Significant Variance
Return on Equity Ratio	EBIT/Total Assets less Total Liabilities	6%	3%	71%	Improvement in view of increase in operating efficiency resulting into higher operating profit
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Income from Operations/Average Working Capital (Current Assets less Current Liabilities)	5.17	4.60	12%	No significant variance
Ratios - Per Share					
Earnings per share	PAT / Weighted average number of equity shares	0.51	0.32	62%	Increase in PAT

Note: Average is (Opening balance + Closing balance) / 2

CONCLUSION

Digital Payments Opportunity in India to Increase >3x to US\$ 10 trillion by 2026

The growth of the digital payments ecosystem has been supported by an expanding e-commerce marketplace and the wider availability of acceptance infrastructure at physical stores. With changing customer preferences, new use cases are being made a part of product offerings, rendering traditional payments modes obsolete. New product offerings developed with technological and infrastructural advancements are ushering in an era of innovative and fast digital payments, and nurturing the growth of retail payments.

India is one of the world's largest growing FinTech markets, including Digital Payments. Its overall Digital Payments market opportunity is estimated to be US\$ 10 trillion by 2026 (Source: BCG Phone Pe Pulse Analysis), growing more than 3x in five years. Banks and card networks are collaborating with FinTechs to redefine product offerings and enhance customer experience, in order to create effective solutions and thrive in the new payments landscape.

Payment Service Providers (PSPs) are leveraging existing platforms to offer a plethora of innovative digital payments solutions. The pandemic has resulted in more users adopting digital payments, and this trend is expected to continue as economies worldwide continue to recover.

Additionally, to democratise digital payments, the payments acceptance infrastructure needs to improve, and Fintechs need to innovate and offer cost effectively PoS solutions that will increase the payment acceptance, as digitalising and including the Tier 2-6

parts of the country is integral to India's ambitious growth targets. And SoftPoS makes for a good, costeffective alternative.

Further, the RBI has also issued regulatory guidelines supporting the softPoS ecosystem, which ease merchant acquisition via remote onboarding and encourage merchants and customers alike to turn to the use of contactless payments. Hence, the softPoS has the potential to revolutionize the merchant acquiring business, allowing merchants to accept payments via a simple app download, and thus increasing digital payments penetration in the country.

RISK FACTORS

Our business is susceptible to several risks and we believe in highlighting some of the key risks to maintain transparency with all our stakeholders. You should carefully consider these risks and all other information in the Annual Report. Any of these risks could adversely impact our business operations, financial position and prospects. For more risk factors, refer to our IPO prospectus filed with Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

1. We face intense competition in our business

Our web services industry, and especially the digital payments industry is intensely competitive and we expect competition in the industry to continue to increase. Our present and future competitors may range from large and established companies to emerging start-ups, Indian as well as large multinational companies, operating in India and in international markets where we have our operations. Since the barriers to entry for the companies are relatively low, we may also face increased competition from new entrants in our industry. We may respond by increasing advertising and promotions, which may increase our costs and may not reflect past trends.

Our competitors may have one or more of the following advantages compared to us – greater financial and other resources, advanced technology, larger sales and marketing networks, greater knowledge of the target markets, more extensive research and development and technical capabilities, logistics support, greater pricing flexibility, longer operating histories and/or strong branding and reputation. These advantages may assist them in attracting our merchants and customers.

The management of some of these competitors may have more experience in implementing their business plan and strategy. Our present and future competitors with requisite financial and other resources may be able to innovate and provide superior products and services more efficiently than we can. If our competitors leverage on these qualities to provide comparable or superior services and products, and we are unable to respond successfully to such competitive pressures, our customers could significantly decline, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

There can be no assurance that we will have sufficient resources to respond to competitors' investments in pricing and other promotional programmes or technological developments. We may be required to reduce our operating margins in order to compete effectively and maintain or gain market share. In the event that we are unable to provide superior services than our competitors, including superior technology, value added and user-friendly services, we may not be able to attract customers to us, which could have material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

2. The payment processing industry is intensely competitive in India

The payment processing industry is very competitive. We are facing competition from new players that are offering services below cost price to increase their market share. They are backed by significantly large investors providing strong financial support, despite these players burning heavy cash. Accordingly, these competitors may be able to offer more attractive fees to our current and prospective clients that we are not able to provide. Competition could result in a loss of existing clients, and greater difficulty attracting new clients. Furthermore, if competition causes us to reduce the fees we charge in order to attract or retain clients, there is no assurance we can successfully control our costs in order to maintain our profit margins. One or more of these factors could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

3. Our financial performance may experience high degree of fluctuations and we may also experience decelerated growth rates

Our revenue growth may not be sustainable, and our percentage growth rates may decrease. Our revenue and operating profit growth depends on the continued growth of demand for the web services offered by us and our services offered through our agent network. Our business is also affected by general economic and business conditions in India and in the regions we operate. It is impacted by the macro factors prevailing globally as well. A softening of demand, whether caused by changes in customer preferences or a weakening of the India or global economies, may result in decreased revenue and growth.

Our operating results will also fluctuate for many other reasons, including some of the following:

- Unfavorable changes in regulation;
- Our ability to offer our web services on favourable terms;
- The success of our service line and
- expansions;
- Variations in the mix of services we sell;
- Factors affecting our reputation or brand image;
- Our ability to retain and expand our business network;
- Our ability to satisfy our customers' demands and meet their expectations;
- Changes in usage or adoption rates of the internet, eCommerce, electronic devices, and web services, in the regions we operate and where we plan to expand;
- Timing, effectiveness, and costs of expansion upgrades of our systems and infrastructure;

- The outcomes of legal proceedings and claims, which may include significant monetary damages or injunctive relief and could have a material adverse impact on our operating results;
- The extent to which we invest in technology and other expense categories;
- Our ability to collect amounts owed to us when they become due;
- The extent to which use of our services is affected by spyware, viruses, phishing and other spam emails, denial of service attacks, data theft, computer intrusions, outages, and similar events; and terrorist attacks and armed hostilities.

4. Our expansion into new technology, geographical regions, other web services is subject to additional business, legal, financial and competitive risks

We have in recent periods experienced significant and rapid growth in our business operations from organic growth and acquisitions, which has placed, and will continue to place, significant demands on our managerial, operational, and financial infrastructure. Our integrated Web Services business model involves wide range of modular, customisable solutions developed on an advanced technology platform.

We continue to rapidly grow our business operations, targeting rapid merchant and customer acquisition in India as well as internationally, particularly in the Middle East with our current operations there, and as we plan to grow in many more international locations. We have already announced to launch our operations in the KSA and USA where we will face challenges related to the local market.

As our operations grow in scale and complexity, whether through offering of new services or expansion into new markets, we must continuously improve, upgrade, adapt and expand our technology systems and infrastructure to offer our merchants and customers enhanced services, features and functionality ahead of rapidly evolving consumer demands, while maintaining the reliability and integrity of our systems and infrastructure in a cost-efficient and competitive manner.

In addition, to effectively manage our growth, we will also need to continue to improve

our operational, financial and management controls, and our reporting systems and procedures. In particular, continued growth increases the challenges involved in, amongst others, continuous training and development of skilled and competent personnel and employees and developing and improving internal administrative infrastructure. These systems, enhancements and improvements will require significant capital expenditures and management resources. Our capital expenditure in the past may not reflect our future.

5. We may not be able to expand our share of the existing payment processing markets or expand into new markets which would impede our ability to grow and increase our profitability

Our future growth and profitability depends upon the growth of the markets in which we currently operate and our ability to increase our penetration and service offerings within these markets, as well as the emergence of new markets for our services and our ability to penetrate these new markets.

Our expansion into new markets is dependent upon our ability to adapt our existing technology and offerings or to develop new or innovative applications to meet the particular service needs of each new market. In order to do so, we will need to anticipate and react to market changes and devote appropriate financial and technical resources to our development efforts, and there can be no assurance that we will be successful in these efforts.

Furthermore, in response to market developments, we may continue to expand into new geographical markets and foreign countries in which we do not currently have any operating experience. We cannot assure you that we will be able to successfully continue such expansion efforts due to our lack of experience and the multitude of risks associated with global operations or lack of appropriate regulatory approval.

6. We may be unable to effectively manage our funding and liquidity risk arising from unsecured loan in Credit Card business we are entering into, materially affecting our funding, profitability, liquidity and ability to meet our obligations

We need funding and liquidity in our credit card business to effectively run and grow the business.

We may exhaust our own cash surpluses once we achieve scale, at which point we will have to access various funding options from multiple sources to get sufficient liquidity and/or credit line to scale the business. If we are unable to get funding or sufficient credit line from lending institutions we will not be able to grow the business.

We need to effectively manage our funding and liquidity in order to meet our daily cash requirements relating to operating expenses, extensions of revolving credit to our cardholders, payments of principal and interest on our indebtedness and payments on our other obligations. If we do not have sufficient liquidity, we may be exposed to maturity mismatches between our assets and liabilities, face liquidity shortfalls and may not be able to meet our obligations when due, particularly during a liquidity stress event.

We may also face issues in collection once we have offered credit to corporates who may not be able to make payment for the spends on the credit cards or may defer payment which can severely impact our growth and can also result in Non-Performing Assets (NPAs).

Disruptions, uncertainty or volatility in the capital or credit markets, such as the uncertainty and volatility experienced in the capital and credit markets during periods of financial stress and other economic and political conditions in the global markets, as well as the Government of India's indebtedness levels and fiscal policies, may limit our ability to obtain additional financing or refinance maturing liabilities on desired terms (including funding costs) in a timely manner or at all. As a result, we may be forced to delay obtaining funding or be forced to issue or raise funding on undesirable terms, which could significantly reduce our financial flexibility and cause us to contract or not grow our business, all of which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial conditions.

7. Our credit card portfolio is not supported by any collateral to ensure repayment. We may be unable to collect the unpaid balance

We will extend revolving unsecured credit to our cardholders as part of our business operations. Unsecured credit card receivables present a greater credit risk for us than a portfolio of secured loans because they are not supported by realisable collateral that could help ensure an adequate source of repayment for the credit card receivables. Although we may obtain direct debit instructions from our cardholders for such unsecured credit card receivables, we may still be unable to collect in part or at all in the event of non-payment by a cardholder. Further, any expansion in our unsecured credit card receivables portfolio could require us to increase our provision for credit losses, which would decrease our profitability.

8. Government regulation is evolving and unfavorable changes could harm our business

We are subject to general business regulations and laws, as well as regulations and laws specifically governing the internet, eCommerce, electronic devices, and other services. We are also subject to regulations and laws in all the international regions we operate in. Existing and future laws and regulations may impede our growth. Unfavorable regulations, laws, and decisions interpreting or applying those laws and regulations could diminish the demand for, or availability of, our web services and increase our cost of doing business.

9. We may be subject to risks related to government contracts

Our contracts with the Indian government are subject to regulations and other requirements as laid out in the government contract. We may be subject to audits and investigations relating to our government contracts, and any violations could result in various civil and criminal penalties and administrative sanctions, including termination of contract, refunding or suspending of payments, forfeiture of profits, payment of fines, and suspension or debarment from future government business. In addition, such contracts may provide for termination by the government at any time, without cause.

10. Our business could suffer if we are not successful in growing our investments and acquisitions.

We have in recent periods acquired and invested in companies, and we may acquire or invest or enter into joint ventures with additional companies. These transactions create risk of loosing management focus on existing business, retaining key employees, potential impairment of tangible and intangible assets and goodwill, additional operating losses, difficulties in implementing at companies we acquire the controls, procedures, policies appropriately for a public or a private company, potential unknown liabilities in companies we acquire or invest in, difficulty in integrating new company's accounting, financial reporting, management, information security, and the lack of control if such integration is delayed or not implemented.

As a result of future acquisitions or mergers, we might need to issue additional equity securities, spend our cash, or incur debt, contingent liabilities, or amortisation expenses related to intangible assets, any of which could reduce our profitability and harm our business. In addition, valuations supporting our acquisitions and strategic investments could change rapidly.

11. We may not be able to protect our Intellectual Property or may be accused of infringing intellectual property of third party

All our trademarks, domain names, copyrights and other intellectual property rights are material assets and are integral and critical to our business operations. We depend on a combination of copyright, trademark laws, noncompetition and confidentiality agreements with our employees, contractors, merchants and third-party service providers to protect our logo, brand name, domain names, merchant and customer database and technology infrastructure including customised Infibeam Avenues Limited that are integral to our advanced technology platform. Some of our trademark and patent applications are currently pending and there can be no assurance that these applications will be successful and these trademarks would be registered in our name. Confidentiality agreements with our employees require them to keep confidential and waive any rights to any of our trade secrets, works of authorship, software developed and other technology infrastructure upgrades made by them during their employment with us. However, there can be no assurance that our data or proprietary technology will not be copied or otherwise misappropriated or abused by third parties. There may be irreparable damage to our business in the event that our intellectual property are infringed by competitors, in which case an award of damages may not be an adequate remedy.

Third parties may claim that we infringe on their intellectual property rights as we acquire new technology companies. We may be subject to claims and legal proceedings regarding infringement of intellectual property rights. Such claims even if they lack merit or not may result in significant financial and management bandwidth, including satisfying of indemnity if required.

12. Failure to deal effectively with fraud, fictitious transactions, and poor customer experiences would harm our business, our brand image and result in losses

In the event that merchants using our payments web services do not fulfil their obligations to consumers or a merchant's goods or services do not match the merchant's description, we may incur substantial losses as a result of claims from consumers. We seek to recover such losses from the merchant, but may not be able to recover in full if the merchant is unwilling or unable to pay. In addition, in the event of the bankruptcy or other business interruption of a merchant that sells goods or services in advance of the date of their delivery or use (e.g., airline, concert tickets and subscriptions), we could be liable to the buyers of such goods or services on payment cards used by customers to fund their payment.

We could also incur substantial losses from claims that the consumer did not authorise the purchase, from customer fraud, from erroneous transactions, and as a result of customers who have closed bank accounts or have insufficient funds in their bank accounts to satisfy payments. We have taken measures to detect and reduce the risk of fraud, but these measures need to be continually improved and may not be effective against fraud, particularly new and continually evolving forms of fraud. If these measures do not succeed, our business could be harmed.

13. We could be affected by changes to payment card networks or bank fees, rules, or practices could harm our business

We rely on banks or other payment processors to process transactions and pay fees for the services. From time to time, payment card networks have increased, and may increase in future, the interchange fees that they charge for each transaction that accesses their networks. Payment card networks have or may impose special fees for transactions that are executed through a many of our payment options, which could impact us and significantly increase our costs. Our payment card processors may have the right to pass any increases in interchange fees on to us as well as increase their own fees for processing. Any changes in interchange fees could increase our operating costs and reduce our operating income.

14. We could face the risk of security breach and loss of data

We offer software as a service to clients and that we process, store, and transmit large amounts of data, failure to prevent any breach could expose us to potential liability and harm our business. We use third-party technology and systems for variety of reasons, including encryption, authentication, employee email, back office support and other functions. Although we have developed systems and processes to prevent data loss and other security breaches, such measures cannot provide absolute full proof security.

15. Reliance on information technology systems, networks and infrastructure, and internet penetration

Our business is technology driven, and we rely on information technology and networks and related infrastructure. As such, our business operations and quality of our service depend significantly on the efficient and uninterrupted operation and reliability of our information technology systems and networks and related infrastructure, both internal and external. We cannot guarantee an uninterrupted operation and reliability of these systems.

Internet penetration especially broadband services in India is limited and, though it has been increasing over the past few years, there can be no assurance that internet penetration in India will increase in the future as slowdowns or disruptions in upgrading efforts for infrastructure in India could reduce the rate of increase in the use of the internet. Further, any slowdown or negative deviation in the anticipated increase in internet penetration in India will affect our ability to attract and add new merchants and customers.

16. Proper functioning of payments solutions and platform is essential

The satisfactory performance, reliability and availability of our websites, our transactionprocessing systems and our network infrastructure are critical to our success and our ability to attract and retain customers and maintain adequate customer service levels. Our revenues depend on the volume of transactions we process and other service level agreements that we have in place. Any system interruptions caused by computer viruses, hacking or other attempts to harm our systems that result in the unavailability or slowdown of our website or reduced order fulfilment performance would reduce the volume of our services and the attractiveness of our offerings.

Our servers may also be vulnerable to computer viruses, physical or electronic break-ins and similar disruptions, which could lead to interruptions, delays, loss of data or the inability to complete a transaction. We may also experience interruptions caused by reasons beyond our control. There can be no assurance that such unexpected interruptions will not happen, and any such future occurrences could damage our reputation and result in a material decrease in our revenues.

17. A decline in the use of any payment option as a payment mechanism or adverse developments with respect to the payment processing industry in general could have a materially adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations

If consumers do not continue to use the payment options as a payment mechanism for their transactions or if there is a change in the mix of payments between cash, alternative currencies and technologies, which is adverse to us, it could have a materially adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Moreover, if there is an adverse development in the payments industry in general, such as new legislation or regulation that makes it more difficult for our clients to do business, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected.

18. Our risk management framework to mitigate our risk may not be fully effective against all types of risks.

Our risk management framework seeks to mitigate risk and loss to us. We have established processes and procedures intended to identify, measure, monitor, manage and report our risks. However, as with any risk management framework, there are inherent limitations to our risk management strategies such that there could be risks that we cannot anticipate or identify. If our risk management framework were to become ineffective, we could experience unexpected losses that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

We have well-documented policies and procedures, which cover all financial and operational functions, thereby ensuring an adequate system of internal controls in place. These aid in providing a reasonable assurance regarding maintenance of proper accounting controls to ensure that financial reporting is reliable, operations are monitored, assets are protected from unauthorised use or losses and regulations are well complied with. As always, our processes and controls are in alignment with the best global practices.

Some significant features of the internal control systems are:

- At all locations of IAL, the Internal Auditor monitors and evaluates not only the efficacy and adequacy of existing internal control systems, but also their compliance with the operating systems, accounting procedures and policies. On the basis of the report prepared by the Internal Auditor, respective process owners carry out corrective actions, thereby strengthening the existing controls. Major audit observations and the respective corrective actions taken up are presented before the Board.
- As per the listing requirements, documentation of major business processes and testing thereof are conducted, which includes financial closing, computer controls and entity-level controls, as part of our compliance programmes. We are very strict with our security policy and update our IT systems on a periodic basis.
- As part of the established practices for all operating and service functions, detailed business plans for each segment, investment strategies and year-on- year reviews, annual financial and operating plans and monthly monitoring are carried out.
- An independent, well-established and multidisciplinary internal audit team operates in line with the best practices of governance. It reviews and reports to the management and the Audit Committee on compliance with internal controls and the efficiency and effectiveness of operations as well as the key process risks. The scope and authority of the Internal Audit Division is derived

from the Internal Audit Charter that is duly approved by the Audit Committee as well as the anti-fraud programmes, including whistle blower mechanisms that are operative across IAL.

Throughout the organisation, the Board takes responsibility for the overall process of risk management. As per IAL's objectives, our business units and corporate functions address risks via an institutionalised approach through an Enterprise Risk Management programme, after which an internal audit is carried out. The Risk Management Committee reviews business risk areas covering operational, financial, strategic and regulatory risks. The business risk is managed through cross-functional involvement and communication across businesses, the results of which are presented to the senior management.

During FY 2022-23, we conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting and have determined that our internal control over financial reporting as on March 31, 2023 is effective.

HUMAN RESOURCES

Employees are the ultimate force behind our Company's success. We consider it our responsibility to provide our people a favourable, secured and supporting work environment. At the same time, we have in place a well-defined Code of Conduct and ensure that ethical business practices are followed at all levels of the organisation. To maintain a constant connect between the organisational goals and employee performance, we have put in place a fair and objective performance management system. Our appraisal mechanisms help in identifying the best performing employees and rewarding them accordingly in terms of the best-in-class compensation packages. To sharpen the existing skills and for the overall development of our employees, we conduct training programmes from time to time. This also helps us in identifying the loopholes in our existing talent and the taking necessary steps to address them in the best manner possible. It is because of this consistent involvement with our employees that we have been able to maintain our position as one of the most sought-after employers. As on March 31, 2023, we had an employee strength of 713 people.

Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Mr. Ajit Mehta

Mr. Vishal Mehta

Mr. Vishwas Patel

Mr. Keyoor Bakshi

Mr. Roopkishan Dave

Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth

Chairman Emeritus & Non-Executive Director Chairman & Managing Director Joint Managing Director* Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director

Independent Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE:

Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha

Mr. Keyoor Bakshi Mr. Vishal Mehta Mr. Roopkishan Dave Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth Chairman Member Member Member Member

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Roopkishan Dave Mr. Keyoor Bakshi Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth

STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Mr. Ajit Mehta Mr. Roopkishan Dave Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth Chairman Member Member Member

Chairperson

Member

Member

CSR Officer

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth Mr. Vishal Mehta Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha Mr. Sunil Bhagat

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. Vishal MehtaChairmanMr. Ajit MehtaMemberMr. Roopkishan DaveMemberMr. Sunil BhagatMember

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Mr. Vishal Mehta	Chairman & Managing Director
Mr. Vishwas Patel	Joint Managing Director*
Mr. Sunil Bhagat	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Shyamal Trivedi	Sr. Vice President and Company Secretary

*Subject to approval of members of the Company at this AGM.

REGISTERED OFFICE

28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road-5C, Zone-5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar – 382 355, Gujarat, India

WEBSITE

www.ia.ooo

EMAIL ID

ir@ia.ooo

LISTED ON

The BSE Limited (Scrip Code: **539807**) The National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE Symbol: **INFIBEAM**)

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. Shah & Taparia, Chartered Accountants

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

M/s. SPANJ & Associates, Company Secretaries

BANKERS

ICICI Bank Limited HDFC Bank Limited Indusind Bank Limited

REGISTRARS & SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS

Link Intime India Private Limited 506-508, Amarnath Business Centre-1 (ABC-1), Besides Gala Business Centre, Near St. Xavier's College Corner, Off C G Road, Ahmedabad - 380 009 Email: ahmedabad@linkintime.co.in Website: www.linkintime.co.in



INFIBEAM AVENUES LIMITED

[CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366]

Registered Office: 28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road-5C, Zone-5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar – 382 355, Gujarat Tel: +91 79 67772204; Fax: +91 79 67772205; Email: ir@ia.ooo; Website: www.ia.ooo

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the **13th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING ("AGM")** of the Members of **INFIBEAM AVENUES LIMITED** will be held on Tuesday, September 26, 2023 at 11.00 a.m. IST through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following businesses:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

Item No. 1 - Adoption of Financial Statements

To receive, consider and adopt:

- a) The audited standalone financial statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023, together with the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon and;
- b) The audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023, together with the report of Auditors thereon.

Item No. 2 – Declaration of Dividend

To declare a Final Dividend of Re. 0.05/- per Equity Share of Re. 1/- each (i.e. 5%) for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2023.

Item No. 3 – Appointment of Mr. Ajit Champaklal Mehta (DIN: 01234707) as a Director liable to retire by rotation

To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Ajit Champaklal Mehta (DIN: 01234707), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.

Item No. 4 - Re-Appointment of Statutory Auditors:

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 139, 142 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof) and pursuant to the recommendation of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company, M/s. Shah & Taparia, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number – 109463W), be and are hereby re-appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a second term of five consecutive years, who shall hold office from the conclusion of this 13th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 18th Annual General Meeting of the Company on such remuneration as shall be fixed by the Audit Committee and/ or Board of Directors of the Company in consultation with the Statutory Auditors of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors and/ or the Company Secretary be and are hereby severally authorized to settle any question, difficulty or doubt, that may arise in giving effect to this resolution, to decide and/or alter the terms and conditions of the appointment including the remuneration for subsequent Financial Years as it may deem fit and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, expedient and desirable for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution."

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

Item No. 5 - Continuation of Mr. Ajit Champaklal Mehta (DIN: 01234707) as a Non-Executive Director of the Company beyond the age of 75 Years:

To consider and if deemed fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Regulation 17(1A) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules made thereunder (including any amendments thereto or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Applicable Laws") and subject to such other consents, permissions, approvals as may be necessary, in consideration of the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board, the consent of the members be and are hereby accorded to the continuation of the directorship of Mr. Ajit Champaklal Mehta (DIN: 01234707) as Non-Executive Non-Independent Director of the Company beyond the age of 75 years.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as the Board may, in its absolute discretion, consider necessary, and to take such actions/ decisions in order to give effect to this resolution or as otherwise considered to be in the best interest of the Company, as it may deem fit."

Item No. 6 - Re-Designation of Mr. Vishwas Patel (DIN: 00934823) from Executive Director to Joint Managing Director:

To consider and if deemed fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as **Special Resolution:**

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 196, 197, 198, 203 read with Schedule V and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel)Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) ("Act") and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") (including any statutory modification(s) or reenactment thereof, for the time being in force) and subject to such other consents, permissions, approvals as may be necessary and in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, in consideration of the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board, Mr. Vishwas Patel (DIN: 00934823), Executive Director of the Company be and is hereby re-designated as Joint Managing Director for the period of 5 years w.e.f. August 08, 2023 at a remuneration of Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs Only) p.m. and other benefits plus any increment in remuneration by way of bonus/ incentive/ performance linked incentive, if any, payable to him with a liberty to the Board of Directors or Nomination and Remuneration Committee to revise the remuneration without approval of Shareholders within the prescribed ceiling limit of Schedule V and other applicable provisions of the Act.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT notwithstanding anything contained to the contrary in the Companies Act, 2013, wherein any Financial Year the Company has no profits or has inadequate profit, Mr. Vishwas Patel will be paid minimum remuneration as approved by the Board within the ceiling prescribed under Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof at relevant time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in the event of any statutory amendment or modification by the Central Government to Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as "the Board" which term shall be deemed to include any Committee constituted/ to be constituted by the Board) be and is hereby authorized to vary and alter the terms of appointment including salary, commission, allowances, perquisites and other benefits etc. payable to Mr. Vishwas Patel within such prescribed limits or ceiling and as agreed by and between the Company and Mr. Vishwas Patel without any further consent or approval of the Member(s) of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as the Board may, in its absolute discretion, consider necessary, and to take such actions/ decisions in order to give effect to this resolution or as otherwise considered to be in the best interest of the Company, as it may deem fit."

Item No. 7 – Approval pursuant to Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013:

To consider and if deemed fit, to give assent or dissent to the following resolution to be passed as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 185 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and all other rules, regulations, notifications and circular issued (including any statutory modifications, clarifications, exemptions or re-enactments thereof, from time to time) and the relevant provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, and in furtherance to the existing loans given, the consent of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board", which expression shall also include any Committee of the Board

and/or Authorized Representative(s) authorized by the Board to exercise the powers conferred on the Board under this resolution) for grant of loans and/or issue of Corporate Guarantee or providing Security in one or more tranches, for an amount upto Rs. 100.00 Million to Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited and an amount upto Rs. 1,000.00 Million to Instant Global Paytech Private Limited and an amount upto Rs. 50.00 Million to So Hum Bharat Digital Payments Private Limited, subsidiaries of the Company till the next Annual General Meeting of the Company for their principal business activities on such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to the aforesaid resolution the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized, to approve, decide, vary or modify the terms and conditions applicable for the aforesaid Loan, Corporate Guarantee and to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may, in its absolute discretion deem necessary, desirable or expedient and things in connection therewith and incidental thereto as the Board in its absolute discretion deem fit without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the members or otherwise to the end and intent that they shall be deemed to have given their approval thereto expressly by the authority of this resolution."

> By the Order of the Board, For Infibeam Avenues Limited

Shyamal Trivedi Sr. Vice President & Company Secretary

Registered Office:

28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road-5C, Zone-5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar - 382 355 Gujarat, India

Date: August 08, 2023

NOTES:

- **1.** The relevant explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in respect of the Special businesses set out as an item of the accompanying notice is annexed herewith.
- 2. A statement providing additional details of the Directors seeking re-appointment as set out in the Notice is annexed herewith as required under Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ('ICSI').
- In compliance with the circular issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"), vide its General Circular Nos. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, 2/2022 dated May 05, 2022, 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022 and other

relevant circulars ("MCA Circulars") and the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") has also issued circular in continuation to previous Circulars dated May 12, 2020 Circular dated January 15, 2021, Circular dated May 13, 2022 further extended the relaxation vide Circular dated January 05, 2023 which does not require physical presence of the Members at common venue. In view of this, the 13th Annual General Meeting (AGM) is being conducted through Video Conference ("VC")/ Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"). The registered office of the Company shall be deemed to be the venue for the AGM.

- **4.** Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars through VC/OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form, Attendance Slip and route map of the AGM are not annexed to this Notice. However, the Body Corporates are entitled to appoint authorized representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and participate thereat and cast their votes through e-voting.
- **5.** Institutional/Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals/HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPEG Format) of its Board Resolution or Governing Body Resolution/Authorization Letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Company by e-mail at <u>ir@ia.ooo</u>
- **6.** Participation of Members through VC will be reckoned for the purpose of quorum for the AGM as per section 103 of the Act.
- 7. In line with the aforesaid Circulars, the Notice of AGM along with Annual Report 2022-23 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Depositories. Member may note that Notice and Annual Report 2022-23 has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.ia.ooo. The Notice and Annual Report 2022-23 can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. the BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively and the AGM Notice is also available on the e-voting website of Link Intime India Private Limited ("Link Intime") (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e. https://instavote.linkintime.co.in .
- **8.** The Company has fixed Tuesday, September 19, 2023 as the 'Record Date' for the purpose of 13th AGM and for determining the entitlement of members to final dividend for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, if approved at the AGM. For members who have not updated their bank account details, dividend warrants / demand drafts / cheques will be sent out to their registered addresses. To avoid delay in receiving dividend, members are requested to update their

KYC with their depositories (where shares are held in dematerialized mode) and with the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent ("RTA") (where shares are held in physical mode) to receive dividend directly into their bank account on the payout date.

- **9.** If the final dividend, as recommended by the Board of Directors, is approved at the AGM, payment of such dividend subject to deduction of tax at source will be paid on or before October 25, 2023.
- **10.** Further in order to receive dividend in a timely manner, Members who have not updated their mandate for receiving dividends directly in their bank accounts through Electronic Clearing Service or any other means can register their Electronic Bank Mandate to receive dividends by following the below process:
 - Members holding shares in physical form are requested to notify/send their email id and bank account details along with ECS mandate Form available on the website of the Company i.e. <u>www.</u> ia.ooo to the RTA of the Company i.e. Link Intime by providing necessary details like Folio No., Name of the shareholder.
 - In addition, Members holding shares in the demat form are requested to contact their respective Depository Participant and register their email id and bank account.
- **11.** In case the Company is unable to pay dividend to any Member directly in their bank account through Electronic Clearing Services or any other means due to non-registration of Electronic Bank Mandate, the Company shall dispatch the dividend warrants to such member.
- **12.** Members may note that the Income-tax Act, 1961, ("the IT Act") as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, mandates that dividends paid or distributed by a company after April 1, 2020 shall be taxable in the hands of members. The Company shall therefore be required to deduct tax at source ("TDS") at the time of making the payment of final dividend. In order to enable us to determine the appropriate TDS rate as applicable, members are requested to submit relevant documents, as specified in the below paragraphs, in accordance with the provisions of the IT Act.

For resident shareholders, taxes shall be deducted at source under Section 194 of the IT Act as follows:

Members having valid Permanent Account Number ("PAN")	10% or as notified by the Government of India
Members not having PAN	20% or as notified by the
/ valid PAN	Government of India

However, no tax shall be deducted on the dividend payable to a resident individual if the total dividend to be received by them during fiscal year 2023 does not exceed ₹ 5,000 and also in cases where members provide Form 15G / Form 15H (Form 15H is applicable to individuals aged 60 years or more) subject to conditions specified in the IT Act. Resident shareholders

may also submit any other document as prescribed under the IT Act to claim a lower / nil withholding tax. PAN is mandatory for members providing Form 15G / 15H or any other document as mentioned above.

For non-resident shareholders, taxes are required to be withheld in accordance with the provisions of Section 195 and other applicable sections of the IT Act, at the rates in force. The withholding tax shall be at the rate of 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) or as notified by the Government of India on the amount of dividend payable. However, as per Section 90 of the IT Act, non-resident shareholders have the option to be governed by the provisions of the Double Tax Avoidance Agreement ("DTAA"), read with Multilateral Instrument ("MLI") between India and the country of tax residence of the member, if they are more beneficial to them. For this purpose, i.e. to avail the benefits under Purpose Fuels Growth 61 the DTAA read with MLI, non-resident shareholders will have to provide the following:

- Copy of the PAN card allotted by the Indian income tax authorities duly attested by the member or details as prescribed under rule 37BC of Income-tax Rules, 1962
- Copy of Tax Residency Certificate obtained from the revenue authorities of the country of tax residence, duly attested by member Selfdeclaration in Form 10F
- Self-declaration by the member of having no permanent establishment in India in accordance with the applicable tax treaty
- Self-declaration of beneficial ownership by the non-resident shareholder
- Any other documents as prescribed under the IT Act for lower withholding of taxes if applicable, duly attested by the member

In case of Foreign Institutional Investors / Foreign Portfolio Investors, tax will be deducted under Section 196D of the IT Act @ 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) or the rate provided in relevant DTAA, read with MLI, whichever is more beneficial, subject to the submission of the above documents.

Shareholders who are exempted from TDS provisions through any circular or notification may provide documentary evidence in relation to the same, to enable the Company in applying the appropriate TDS on Dividend payment to such shareholder.

The aforementioned documents are available on the website of the Company i.e. <u>https://www.ia.ooo/advice-to-shareholders</u> and are required to be emailed at infibeamdividend@ia.ooo on or before September 19, 2023. Incomplete and/or unsigned forms and declarations will not be considered by the Company. No communication would be accepted from members after September 19, 2023 regarding tax withholding matters. Shareholders may write to infibeamdividend@

ia.ooo for any clarifications on this subject.

- **13.** Shareholders seeking any information with regard to financial statements or any matter to be placed at the AGM are requested to write to the Company at least 10 days before the meeting so as to enable the management to keep the information ready.
- **14.** To support the "Green Initiative", Members holding shares in physical form are requested to notify/send their email id and bank account details to the RTA of the Company i.e. Link Intime by providing necessary details like Folio No., Name of the shareholder. In addition, Members holding shares in the demat form are requested to contact their respective Depository Participant and register their email id and bank account for receiving all communication including Annual Report 2022-23, Notices, Circulars, etc. from the Company electronically.
- **15.** Members are requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, email address, telephone/mobile numbers, Permanent Account Number (PAN), mandates, nominations, power of attorney, bank details such as, name of the bank and branch details, bank account number, MICR code, IFSC code, etc., to their DPs in case the shares are held in electronic form and to the RTA in case the shares are held in physical form.
- As per Regulation 40 of Listing Regulations, as amended, 16. securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April 01, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. Further, SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/RTAMB/CIR/P/2020/166 dated September 07, 2020 had fixed March 31, 2021 as the cut-off date for re-lodgement of transfer deeds and the shares that are re-lodged for transfer shall be issued only in demat mode. In view of this and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management, Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form. Members can contact the RTA of the Company i.e. Link Intime, 5th Floor, 506 to 508 Amarnath Business Centre - I (ABC -I), Beside Gala Business Centre, Nr. St. Xavier's College Corner Off C G Road, Navarangpura, Ahmedabad – 380 009, Gujarat, India for assistance in this regard.
- **17.** Pursuant to Section 72 of the Act, Members holding shares in physical form may file nomination in the prescribed Form SH-13 and for cancellation/variation in nomination in the prescribed Form SH-14 with the RTA of the Company i.e. Link Intime. In respect of shares held in electronic/demat form, the nomination form may be filed with the respective Depository Participant. The Nomination Form is available on the Company's website www.ia.ooo.
- **18.** SEBI has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit the PAN to their Depository Participant with whom they are maintaining

their demat accounts and Members holding shares in physical form to the Company / RTA.

19. SEBI vide its Circular Nos. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_ RTAMB/P/CIR/2021/655 dated November 03, 2021, SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2021/687 dated December 14, 2022 and SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/37 dated March 16, 2023 has provided common and simplified norms for processing investor's service request by RTA's and norms for furnishing PAN, KYC and Nomination details.

As per the said Circular, it is mandatory for the shareholders holding securities in physical form to inter alia furnish PAN, KYC and Nomination details. Physical folios wherein the PAN, KYC and Nomination details are not available shall be frozen by the RTA on or after due date. Holders of such frozen folios shall be eligible to lodge their grievance or avail service request from the RTA only after furnishing the complete documents/ details. Similarly, the holders of such frozen folios shall be intimated in case of any payment including dividend, interest or redemption stating that such payment is due and shall be made electronically upon furnishing complete documents/details.

Any payments including dividend in respect of such frozen folios shall only be made electronically with effect from April 01, 2024, upon registering the required details. The said physical folios shall be referred by the Company or RTA to the administering authority under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and/or Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, if they continue to remain frozen as on December 31, 2025.

Pursuant to the said Circular, the Company has sent letters to all Member(s) holding Shares of the Company in physical form for furnishing their PAN, KYC details (i.e., Postal Address with pin code, email address, mobile number, bank account details) and Nomination details through Form ISR-1.

The investor service requests forms for updation of PAN, KYC, Bank details and Nomination viz., Forms ISR-1, ISR-2, ISR-3, SH-13 and SH-14 are available on the website of the Company at <u>www.ia.ooo</u>. In view of the above, we urge the shareholders to submit the Investor Service Request form along with the supporting documents at the earliest.

20. Pursuant to SEBI circular SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_ RTAMB/P/CIR/ 2022/8 dated January 25, 2022, securities of the Company shall be issued in dematerialized form only while processing service requests in relation to issue of duplicate securities certificate, renewal/exchange of securities certificate, endorsement, sub-division/splitting of securities certificate, consolidation of securities certificates/ folios, transmission and transposition.

To avoid any inconvenience, you are requested to kindly convert your shares in demat form. In case of any clarification, shareholders are requested contact to the RTA at ahmedabad@linkintime.co.in.

21. Members are requested to refer to the Corporate Governance Report for information in connection with the unpaid/unclaimed dividend along with underlying shares thereto liable to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) administered by the Central Government. Members are requested to refer to the website of the Company for the details made available by the Company pursuant to the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Second Amendment Rules, 2019.

Members desiring to claim unclaimed dividend are requested to correspond with RTA as mentioned above or to the Company at its Registered Office. Members are requested to note that, dividends if not encashed for a consecutive period of 7 years from the date of transfer to Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company, are liable to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF") as per Section 124 of the Act, read with applicable IEPF rules. The shares in respect of such unclaimed dividends are also liable to be transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority. In view of this, Members/Claimants are requested to claim their dividends from the Company, within the stipulated timeline.

Members desiring to claim unclaimed shares are requested to correspond with RTA as mentioned above or to the Company at its Registered Office. Members are requested to note that, shares if not claimed for a consecutive period of 7 years from the date of its allotment, are liable to be transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority and Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF"), respectively as per Section 124 of the Act read with applicable IEPF rules. In view of this, Members/ Claimants are requested to claim their unclaimed shares from the Company, within the stipulated timeline.

Members may please note that in the event of transfer of such shares and the unclaimed dividends to IEPF, members are entitled to claim the same from IEPF authorities by submitting online application in the prescribed Form IEPF-5 available on the website <u>www.iepf.gov.in</u> and sending original documents enumerated in Form IEPF-5 duly signed to the Company along with Form IEPF- 5 for verification of claim.

- **22.** In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.
- **23.** The Register of Directors' and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Register of contracts or arrangements in which the Directors are interested under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, the certificate from Secretarial Auditors of the Company certifying that the Employee Stock Option Scheme of the Company has been implemented in accordance with the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 and all other documents referred to in the Notice will be available for inspection in electronic mode during the AGM.

- **24.** The Members can join the AGM through the VC/OAVM mode 30 minutes before and 15 minutes after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available for 1,000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- **25.** In compliance with the Circulars, the Annual Report 2022-23, the Notice of the 13th AGM, and instructions for e-voting are being sent through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/depository participant(s).
- **26.** Process for those Members whose email ids are not registered for registration of Email addresses to obtain AGM Notice/Annual Report of the Company:
 - a) For Members holding shares in Physical mode - please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder by email to <u>ir@ia.ooo</u>.
 - Members holding shares in Demat mode can get their E-mail ID registered by contacting their respective Depository Participant.

27. General Information:

- (i) Shareholders/Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Tablets/Laptops connected through broadband for better experience.
- (ii) Shareholders/Members are required to use Internet with a good speed (preferably 2 MBPS download stream) to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- (iii) Please note that Shareholders/Members connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptops connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Visual loss due to fluctuation in their network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- (iv) Shareholders are requested to speak only when moderator of the meeting/management will announce the name and serial number for speaking.
- (v) Shareholders who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may register themselves as a speaker in advance at least 7 days before the AGM by sending their request from their registered email address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID/Folio Number, PAN, mobile number at <u>ir@ia.ooo</u>. Those

Shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM.

28. VOTING THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS:

- In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of Α. the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, Regulation 44 of the Listing Regulations and in terms of SEBI vide circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/ CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 in relation to e-Voting Facility provided by Listed Entities, and any other applicable provisions as amended, the Company is pleased to offer the facility of voting through electronic means and the businesses set out in the Notice above may be transacted through such electronic voting. The facility of casting the votes by the Members using an electronic voting system from a place other than venue of the AGM ('remote e-voting') is provided by Link Intime India Private Limited.
- B. The Members who will be present in the AGM through VC facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting facility during the meeting.
- C. The Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also attend / participant in the AGM through VC but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
- D The remote e-voting period commences at 09:00 a.m. on Friday, September 22, 2023 and ends at 5:00 p.m. on Monday, September 25, 2023. During this period Members of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date i.e. Tuesday, September 19, 2023, may cast their vote by remote e-voting. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by Link Intime India Private Limited for e-voting thereafter. Members have the option to cast their vote on any of the resolutions using the remote e-Voting facility either during the period commencing from 09:00 a.m. Friday, September 22, 2023 and ends at 5:00 p.m. on Monday, September 25, 2023 or e-Voting during the AGM. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently or cast the vote again.
- E. The voting rights of shareholders shall be in proportion to their shares in the Paid Up Equity Share Capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being Tuesday, September 19, 2023.

29. Instructions for Remote E-voting and E-voting at the AGM:

Pursuant to SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode can vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants.

Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode/ physical mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method					
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	• If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password.					
	• After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.					
	• If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u> . Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</u>					
	Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to or goining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.					
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	• Existing user of who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or www.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or www.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login/home/login or					

Individual Shareholders holding securities in Physical mode & e-voting service provider is Link Intime.

- 1. Open the internet browser and launch the URL: <u>https://instavote.linkintime.co.in</u>
- Click on "Sign Up" under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab and register with your following details:-
- **A.** User ID: Shareholders/ members holding shares in **physical form shall provide** Event No + Folio Number registered with the Company.
- **B. PAN:** Enter your 10-digit Permanent Account Number (PAN) (Members who have not updated their PAN with the Depository Participant (DP)/ Company shall use the sequence number provided to you, if applicable.
- **C. DOB/DOI:** Enter the Date of Birth (DOB) / Date of Incorporation (DOI) (As recorded with your DP / Company in DD/MM/YYYY format)
- **D. Bank Account Number:** Enter your Bank Account Number (last four digits), as recorded with your DP/Company.
- Shareholders/ members holding shares in **physical form** but have not recorded 'C' and 'D', shall provide their Folio number in 'D' above
- Set the password of your choice (The password should contain minimum 8 characters, at least one special Character (@!#\$&*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter).
- Click "confirm" (Your password is now generated).
- 2. Click on 'Login' under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab.
- 3. Enter your User ID, Password and Image Verification (CAPTCHA) Code and click on **'Submit'.**
- 4. After successful login, you will be able to see the notification for e-voting. Select **'View'** icon.
- 5. E-voting page will appear.
- Refer the Resolution description and cast your vote by selecting your desired option 'Favour / Against' (If you wish to view the entire Resolution details, click on the 'View Resolution' file link).
- After selecting the desired option i.e. Favour / Against, click on 'Submit'. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on 'Yes', else to change your vote, click on 'No' and accordingly modify your vote.

Institutional shareholders:

Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on the e-voting system of LIIPL at <u>https://instavote.linkintime.</u> co.in and register themselves as **'Custodian/Mutual Fund/ Corporate Body'**. They are also required to upload a scanned certified true copy of the board resolution / authority letter/power of attorney etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorised representative(s) in PDF format in the **'Custodian/Mutual Fund/Corporate Body'** login for the Scrutinizer to verify the same.

Individual Shareholders holding securities in Physical mode & e-voting service Provider is Link Intime, have forgotten the password:

- Click on 'Login' under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab and further Click 'forgot password'
- Enter **User ID**, select **Mode** and Enter Image Verification (CAPTCHA) Code and Click on **'Submit'**.
- In case shareholders/ Members is having valid email address, Password will be sent to his / her registered e-mail address.
- Shareholders/ Members can set the password of his/ her choice by providing the information about the particulars of the Security Question and Answer, PAN, DOB/DOI, Bank Account Number (last four digits) etc.

as mentioned above.

• The password should contain minimum 8 characters, at least one special character (@!#\$&*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter.

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL/ CDSL have forgotten the password:

- Shareholders/ members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned depository/ depository participants website.
- It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- For shareholders/ Members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- During the voting period, shareholders/ Members can login any number of time till they have voted on the resolution(s) for a particular "Event".

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode:

In case shareholders/ members holding securities in demat mode have any technical issues related to login through

Depository i.e. NSDL/ CDSL, they may contact the respective **31.** Instructions for Shareholders/Members to Vote helpdesk given below:

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <u>evoting@nsdl.</u> <u>co.in</u> or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at <u>helpdesk</u> . <u>evoting@cdslindia.com</u> or contact at 022-23058738 or 22-23058542-43.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in physical mode/ Institutional shareholders & evoting service Provider is Link Intime.

In case shareholders/ Members holding securities in physical mode/Institutional shareholders have any gueries regarding e-voting, they may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ('FAQs') and InstaVote e-Voting manual available at https://instavote.linkintime.co.in, under Help section or send an email to <u>enotices@linkintime.co.in</u> or contact on: - Tel: 022 -4918 6000.

30. Process and manner for attending the Annual **General Meeting through InstaMeet:**

For a smooth experience of AGM proceedings, shareholders who are registered for the event are requested to download and install the Webex application in advance on the device that you would be using to attend the meeting by clicking on the link https://www.webex.com/downloads.html/.

Shareholders also have an option to click on the URL provided to attend the meeting. Please read the instructions carefully and participate in the meeting. For any support, shareholders may also call the RTA on the dedicated number provided in the instructions.

Open the internet browser and launch the URL for a) InstaMeet <u>https://instameet.linkintime.co.in</u> and register with your following details:

DP ID / Client ID or Beneficiary ID or Folio No.	Enter your 16 digit DP ID / Client ID or Beneficiary ID or Folio Number registered with the Company.
PAN	Enter your 10-digit Permanent Account Number (PAN) (Members who have not updated their PAN with the Depository Participant (DP)/ Company shall use the sequence number provided to you, if applicable.
Mobile No.	Enter your mobile number.
Email ID	Enter your email id, as recorded with your DP/Company.

b) Click "Go to Meeting" (You are now registered for InstaMeet and your attendance is marked for the meeting).

during the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet:

Once the electronic voting is activated by the scrutiniser during the meeting, shareholders/ members who have not exercised their vote through the remote e-voting can cast the vote as under:

- On the Shareholders VC page, click on the link for a) e-Voting "Cast your vote".
- b) Enter Demat Account No./Folio No. and OTP (received on the registered mobile number/ registered email Id) received during registration for InstaMeet and click on 'Submit'.
- C) After successful login, you will see "Resolution Description" and against the same the option "Favour/ Against" for voting.
- Cast your vote by selecting appropriate option i.e. d) "Favour/Against" as desired. Enter the number of shares (which represents no. of votes) as on the cut-off date under 'Favour/ Against'.
- e) After selecting the appropriate option i.e. Favour/ Against as desired and you have decided to vote, click on "Save". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "Confirm", else to change your vote, click on "Back" and accordingly modify your vote.
- f) Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify or change your vote subsequently.
- 32. In case shareholders/ members have any queries regarding login/ e-voting, they may send an email to instameet@linkintime.co.in or contact on: - Tel: 022-49186175.

33. Other Instructions:

- M/s. SPANJ & Associates, Company Secretaries (i) have been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-voting process as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM, in a fair and transparent manner.
- The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the (ii) conclusion of voting at the AGM, first count the votes cast during the AGM, thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-Voting and make, within two working days of conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or Company Secretary or a person authorized by the Chairman in writing, who shall countersign the same.
- (iii) Based on the report received from the scrutinizer, the Company will submit within Two working days of the conclusion of the Meeting to the Stock Exchanges i.e. the BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited, details of the voting results as required under Regulation 44(3) of the Listing Regulations and the shall also be

placed on the Company's website <u>www.ia.ooo</u> and on the website of Link Intime <u>http://instavote.</u> <u>linkintime.co.in</u>.

(iv) Subject to the receipt of requisite number of votes, the Resolutions forming part of the AGM Notice shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the AGM i.e. Tuesday, September 26, 2023.

ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2013 AND REGULATION 36(5) OF SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015

Item No. 4:

This Explanatory Statement is in terms of Regulation 36(5) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations'), though statutorily not required in terms of Section 102 of the Act.

The Members at the 08th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 29, 2018, had approved the appointment of M/s. Shah & Taparia, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No. 109463W), as the Joint Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office from the conclusion of the 08th AGM till the conclusion of the 13th AGM of the Company to be held in the year 2023. Their first term as Statutory Auditors of the Company would end at this AGM and they are eligible for re-appointment for the second term.

M/s. Shah & Taparia, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.: 109463W) established in the year 1970 are a national multi-discipline professional services firm having offices at Mumbai and Delhi serving clients all across India, providing comprehensive range of business and advisory services in areas of Assurance (including financial audit), Taxation, Corporate Advisory Services and consulting to listed and unlisted companies. In the past 5 decades, the firm has provided and continues to provide its services to large Institutional Clients and Large Conglomerates in the fields of Information Technology, Steel Manufacturing, Banking, Financial Services, Hospitality, Tours & Travels, Engineering, Infrastructure, Public Sector Undertakings, etc.

M/s. Shah & Taparia, Chartered Accountants, have given their consent for their re-appointment as the Statutory Auditors and have confirmed that the re-appointment, if made, would be within the limits specified under Section 141(3) of the Act and that they are not disqualified to be appointed as the Statutory Auditors in terms of the provisions of Section 139 and 141 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder. The Firm has a valid Peer Review Certificate issued by the ICAI.

Pursuant to Section 139(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company can appoint an auditors' firm for a second term of five consecutive years. After evaluating and considering various factors such as industry experience, competency of the audit team, efficiency in conduct of audit, independence, etc., the Board of Directors of the Company has at its Meeting held on August 08, 2023, based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, unanimously approved the re-appointment of M/s. Shah and Taparia, Chartered Accountants as the Statutory Auditors of the Company, for a further consecutive

term of five years from the conclusion of 13th AGM till the conclusion of 18th AGM of the Company to be held in the year 2028 at a remuneration as may be mutually agreed between the Board and the Statutory Auditors and recommended the same for approval of the shareholders. The proposed remuneration to be paid to M/s. Shah & Taparia, Chartered Accountants, is Rs. 6.60 Million for the Financial Year 2023-24 including Limited Review Fees but excluding, Certification Fees, if any, applicable taxes, reimbursement of out-ofpocket expenses, travelling and other expenses incurred in connection with audit to be carried out by them. The Board, in consultation with the Audit Committee, may alter and vary the terms and conditions of re-appointment, including remuneration for remaining tenure of second term, in such manner and to such extent as may be mutually agreed with the Statutory Auditors.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives, is in any way concerned or interested, financial or otherwise, in the said Resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution at Item No. 4 of the notice for approval of the shareholders through Ordinary Resolution.

Item No. 5:

Mr Ajit Champaklal Mehta [DIN: 01234707] would attain the age seventy-five (75) years in November 2023, is a Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director of the Company liable to retire by rotation. He is also the Promoter of the Company. As per Regulation 17(1A) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), with effect from April 01, 2019, no listed company shall appoint a person or continue the directorship of any person as a Non - Executive Director who has attained the age of seventy-five (75) years, unless a Special Resolution is passed to that effect.

He has been associated with the Company since its inception. He advises the Company on taking various strategic decisions from time to time. He has nearly more than 4 decades of experience in various industry segments out of which he has 20 years of experience in the textiles, chemicals, building material and construction sector and more than 16 years of experience in the automobile industry. His vast experience has helped the Company to grow further.

He is liable to retire by rotation at this Annual General Meeting and it is proposed to re-appoint him as a Director of the Company subject to requisite consent received from shareholders. Regulation 17(1A) of the Listing Regulations will be applicable and a Special Resolution is required to be passed. Hence, the approval of the members is sought by way of a Special Resolution.

Mr. Ajit Mehta is not disqualified from being appointed as Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act and he is not debarred from holding the office of director by virtue of any SEBI order or any other such authority.

The details required under the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in respect of Director(s) seeking appointment/re-appointment at this AGM forms part of the Notice. Except Mr. Ajit Mehta, Mr. Vishal Mehta relative of Mr. Ajit Mehta and other relatives of Mr. Ajit Mehta, none of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives, are in any way, concerned or interested in the proposed resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution at Item No. 5 of the notice for approval of the shareholders through Special Resolution.

Item No. 6:

Mr. Vishwas Patel (DIN: 00934823) was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company for a period of Five years w.e.f. August 14, 2018 to August 13, 2023. On recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors of the Company and on approval of the members at the AGM held on September 23, 2022, he was re-appointed as Executive Director for a further period of 5 years w.e.f. August 14, 2023.

Under the leadership of Mr. Vishwas Patel with his vision, competency and business acumen, the Payment Gateway division has been at the forefront of the growth and excellence. Under his leadership, the Company has won several awards. Based upon the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board of Director at their meeting held on August 08, 2023 and considering his vast experience and knowledge in the field of finance, information technology, RBI/Banking Matters even though his new tenure starts from August 14, 2023 as per original approval of members taken at AGM held on September 23, 2022, it was proposed to re-designate and appoint him as Joint Managing Director of the Company from the date of approval by the Board i.e. August 08, 2023 for the period of 5 years subject to approval of the members and who may be liable to retire by rotation.

Further, w.e.f from August 08, 2023 Mr. Vishwas Patel being the Joint Managing Director of the Company shall also fall under the definition of the Key Managerial Personnel under Section 2(51) of the Companies Act, 2013 and accordingly considered as Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

Mr. Vishwas Patel would be entitled for a remuneration of Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs Only) p.m. and other benefits plus any increment in remuneration by way of bonus/ incentive/ performance linked incentive, if any, payable to him with a liberty to the Board of Directors or Nomination and Remuneration Committee to revise the remuneration without approval of Shareholders within the prescribed ceiling limit of Schedule V and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Mr. Vishwas Patel shall be paid Minimum Remuneration in any Financial Year, where the profits of the Company are inadequate or the Company does not earn profits as provided in Part II of Schedule V of the Act subject to all requisite disclosure and compliances.

Mr. Vishwas Patel is not disqualified from being appointed as Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act and he is not debarred from holding the office of director by virtue of any SEBI order or any other such authority.

The details required under the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2) issued

by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in respect of Director(s) seeking appointment/re-appointment at this AGM forms part of the Notice.

The above mentioned terms and conditions may be treated as memorandum setting out the terms of appointment of Mr. Vishwas Patel under Section 190 of the Act.

Except Mr. Vishwas Patel and his relatives, none of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution, except to the extent of their respective shareholding, if any, in the Company.

This Explanatory Statement may also be regarded as a disclosure under applicable provisions of the Listing Regulations.

The Board recommends the resolution in Item No. 6 of the notice for approval of the shareholders through Special Resolution.

Item No. 7:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), a company may advance any loan, including any loan represented by a book debt, to any person or give any guarantee or provide any security in connection with any loan taken / to be taken by any such person, in whom any of the Directors of the Company is interested, subject to the condition that approval of the shareholders of the Company is obtained by way of passing a Special Resolution, requisite disclosures are made in the Explanatory Statement and the loans are utilised by the borrowing companies for its principal business activities.

In view of that the Company's Subsidiary(ies)/Associates/ specified entities as defined under Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 explore various options to raise funds through loan/issuance of debentures/bonds etc. which may be backed by corporate guarantee of the Company or the Company may have to render support for the business requirements of its Subsidiary(ies)/Associate/specified entities.

Hence, the Board seek approval of the Members pursuant to the provisions of Section 185 of the Act to advance any loan, including any loan represented by book debt, or provide financial assistance or to give guarantee or provide any security in connection with any loans/debentures/bonds etc. raised by the Entities for the capital expenditure of the projects and/or working capital requirements or other business expenses, as may be required from time to time for the expansion of its business activities and other matters connected and incidental thereon for their principal business activities.

The Board of Directors of the Company (or any committee thereof) would carefully evaluate proposal(s) to provide such loan(s) (including to provide any guarantee/security in connection with the loan) through deployment of funds out of internal resources/ accruals and/or any other appropriate sources, from time to time, only for principal business activities (including the matter connected thereto) of the subsidiaries of the Company or such other entity/person, in which any of the Director of the Company is interested or deemed to be interested, excluding loan/guarantee/ security exempted under the provisions of the Companies Act, in one or more tranches, outstanding at any point of time and the same will be in the best interest of the Company.

The Company is on a growth path through operations by itself and through its subsidiaries. In order to enable the Company and its subsidiary to channelize its resources for expansion and explore areas for future Business opportunities and growth plans for the benefit of the Company, the Board of Directors proposes to grant loans, in one or more tranches, to its subsidiaries, namely, Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited for an amount upto Rs. 100.00 Million and, to Instant Global Paytech Private Limited for an amount upto Rs. 1,000.00 Million and to So Hum Bharat Digital Payments Private Limited for an amount upto Rs. 50.00 Million on such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon and for their principal business activities, upto next Annual General Meeting.

The Board of Directors of the Company at its Meeting held on August 08, 2023 decided to seek prior approval of the Members of the Company to grant loans to Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited, Instant Global Paytech Private Limited and So Hum Bharat Digital Payments Private Limited, the Subsidiary companies. None of the Directors, KMPs or any of their relatives is, directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in the proposed resolution except to the extent of their shareholding, Common Directorship's, if any, in the aforesaid Companies.

The Board of Directors of the Company recommend the Resolution as set out in item No. 7 of the accompanying Notice for the approval of the Members of the Company by way of Special Resolution.

By the Order of the Board, For Infibeam Avenues Limited

Shyamal Trivedi Sr. Vice President & Company Secretary

Registered Office:

28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road-5C, Zone-5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar - 382 355 Gujarat, India

Date: August 08, 2023

DETAILS OF DIRECTORS SEEKING APPOINTMENT / RE-APPOINTMENT:

[Pursuant to Regulations 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Paragraph 1.2.5 of Secretarial Standard on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India]

Particulars	Profile of	the Director
Name of the Director(s)	Mr. Ajit Mehta	Mr. Vishwas Patel
DIN	01234707	00934823
Age	74 Years	54 Years
Date of Birth	November 17, 1948	March 02, 1969
Date of appointment on the Board	June 30, 2010	February 14, 2018
Qualifications	Bachelor's Degree in Commerce	Bachelor of Law (LLB) degree from Mumbai University
Experience & Expertise in specific functional areas	Mr. Ajit Mehta has been associated with the Company since its inception as a Promoter Director. He advises the Company in taking various strategic decisions from time to time. Mr. Ajit Mehta has more than 4 decades of experience of various industry segments out of which he has 24 years	the foundation for growth of digital payments in the
	of experience in the textiles, chemicals, building material and construction sector and more than 20 years of experience in the automobile industry. His vast experience helps the Company to grow further.	body representing companies in payments and settlement system in India. He is also a member in
		Under his leadership he has guided the payments business to be profitable for more than a decade The payment business provides payment processing services to over 1.5 million e-Merchants across the world including many marquee brands across industries.
		He has studied law and was a practising counsel on the original side of the Bombay High Court. He has been the recipient of numerous awards such as Asia-Pacific Information Security Leadership Achievements Awards by (ISC) ² , the non-profit global leader in educating and certifying information security professionals.
Remuneration last drawn (including sitting fees, if any)	Please refer to the Corporate Governance Report (Ar	nnexure C) as part of Director's Report
Number of Meeting of the Board attended during the Financial Year 2022-23	07 (Seven)	06 (Six)
Names of other Companies in which	 Infinium Communication Private Limited Infinium Motors Private Limited 	 Mangiamo Hospitality Private Limited So Hum Bharat Digital Payments Private Limited
the Director holds	 Infinitum Motors Private Limited Infinitum Motors (Gujarat) Private Limited 	 So Hum Briard Digital Payments Private Limited Avenues Enterprises Private Limited
Directorship as on 31.03.2023	4. Infinium Financial Services Limited	4. Uvik Technologies Private Limited
	5. Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited	
Names of other listed Companies from which the Director has resigned in past three years	NIL	NIL

Particulars			Profile c	of the Director
Names of Committees of other listed Companies in which the Director holds C h a i r m a n s h i p / Membership as on 31.03.2023	NIL			NIL
Shareholding in the Company as on 31.03.2023	12,04,59,120 E	quity Shares of R	e. 1/- each	30,63,82,648 Equity Shares of Re. 1/- each
In case of Independent Directors, the skills and capabilities required for the role and the manner in which the proposed person meets such requirements	N.A.			N.A.
Relationships between Directors, Key Managerial Personnel	Name of Director	Related to	Nature of Relationship	
and Managers of the Company.	Ajit Mehta	Vishal Mehta	Father	

Director's Report

Dear Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the 13th Annual Report of Infibeam Avenues Limited ("the Company" or "Infibeam") along with the Audited accounts of your Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023.

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company's financial performance for the year ended March 31, 2023 is summarised below:

				(₹ In Million)
	Stand	alone	Consoli	dated
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
	(FY 2023)	(FY 2022)	(FY 2023)	(FY 2022)
Revenue from Operations	17,872.86	11,674.80	19,623.39	12,939.34
Other Income	638.47	81.09	707.30	99.98
Total Income	18,511.33	11,755.89	20,330.69	13,039.32
Total Expenditure other than Finance Cost, Depreciation and Tax	16,118.89	10,305.16	17,827.49	11,489.49
Operating Profit / (Loss) before Finance Cost, Depreciation, Tax and Exceptional item	2,392.44	1,450.73	2,503.20	1,549.83
Less: Finance Cost	19.21	18.86	19.43	19.34
Less: Depreciation and amortization expenses	558.20	586.46	616.02	626.37
Profit / (Loss) before Tax and Exceptional item	1,815.03	845.41	1,867.75	904.12
Add: Exceptional Items	-	-	-	-
Profit / (Loss) before Tax	1,815.03	845.41	1,867.75	904.12
Less: Tax	460.05	146.84	459.47	147.05
Profit before share in profit/(Loss) in Associate	1,354.98	698.57	1,408.28	757.07
Share of profit / (Loss) of Associate	-	-	(45.59)	79.44
Profit from continuing operations after tax	1,354.98	698.57	1,362.69	836.51
Total other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	53.70	(223.32)	(71.85)	(666.54)
Total comprehensive income/(Expenses) for the period	1,408.68	475.25	1,290.84	169.97
Add: Balance brought forward from previous year	1,093.97	751.37	3,109.43	3,046.45
Add / (Less): on account of Consolidation Adjustment		-		(3.00)
Add / (Less): Share of minority		-	32.83	28.66
Profit available for appropriation	2,502.65	1,226.62	4,433.10	3,242.08
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve	-	-	-	-
Excess Losses pertaining to minority	-	-	-	-
Dividend on Equity Shares	-	(132.65)	-	(132.65)
Tax on Dividend	-	-	-	-
Balance carried over to Balance Sheet	2,502.65	1,093.97	4,433.10	3,109.43

Note: Previous year figures have been regrouped or recast wherever necessary to present them more appropriately with those of the current year.

2. KEY FINANCIALS AS ON MARCH 31, 2023

During the Financial Year 2022-23, gross revenue from operations on standalone basis significantly increased by 53% to Rs. 17,872.86 Million as against Rs. 11,674.80 Million in the previous year.

Gross revenue from operations on a consolidated basis also grew significantly by 52% year-on-year to Rs. 19,623.39 Million as against Rs. 12,939.34 Million in the previous year.

The Company witnessed strong growth in value of transactions processed (TPV), growth in transaction volumes and significant increase in merchant addition across all fintech platforms.

Overall, both Payment and Platform businesses reported excellent performance in FY 2023. We have built a strong pipeline of merchants from whom we expect a good business going forward as they grow their business through the digital mode.

The Company's discipline in allocating resources to key strategic growth areas while optimizing costs and improving efficiency resulted into a strong growth in Profit before Tax and Profit after Tax.

The standalone Profit before Tax has increased for the year by 115% to Rs. 1,815.03 Million as against Rs. 845.41 Million in the previous year and Profit after Tax has increased for the year by 94% to Rs. 1,354.98 Million as against Rs. 698.57 Million in the previous year.

The consolidated Profit before Tax has increased for the year by 107% to Rs. 1,867.75 Million as against Rs. 904.12 Million in the previous year and Profit after Tax has increased for the year by 63% to Rs. 1,362.69 Million as against Rs. 836.51 Million in the previous year.

3. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Consolidated Financial Statements of your Company for the Financial Year 2022-23 are prepared in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") read with the Rules made thereunder, applicable Accounting Standards and the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as the "Listing Regulations"). The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis of audited financial statements of your Company, its subsidiaries (including step down subsidiaries) and associate companies, as approved by their respective Board of Directors.

The Consolidated Financial Statements together with the Auditors' Report form part of this Annual Report.

4. DIVIDEND

Your Directors are pleased to recommend a Final Dividend of Rs. 0.05/- per equity share of Re. 1/- each, i.e., 5% for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, subject to approval of members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting (AGM). The Final Dividend, if approved,

will be paid to shareholders whose names appear in the Register of Members as on the book closure/record date.

The total dividend payout for the current year amounts to Rs. 134.17 Million will be subject to tax deduction at source (TDS) as per statutory requirement.

Pursuant to Finance Act, 2020, Dividend Income will be taxable in the hands of the Shareholders w.e.f. April 01, 2020 and the Company is required to deduct tax at source (TDS) from dividend paid to the Members at prescribed rates as per the Income-tax Act, 1961.

The details of the unclaimed dividend pertaining to the previous dividend disbursements are available on the Company's website at <u>www.ia.ooo</u>.

Your Company has formulated a Dividend Distribution Policy which is disclosed on the website of the Company and can be accessed at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-ofconduct-policies</u>.

5. TRANSFER TO RESERVES

Your Company does not propose to transfer any amount to the general reserve on declaration of dividend.

6. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS

Basic nature of business of the Company remains same and there is no change in business.

7. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of your Company between the end of the Financial Year and date of this report.

8. SUBSIDIARIES & ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

During the year under review, the following changes have taken place in Subsidiaries / associates:

Subsidiaries & Associate Companies acquired / formed:

- Your Company has incorporated a Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company, namely, Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Limited in Australia.
- Your Company has made an investment in Vishko22 Products and Services Private Limited ("Vishko22") by acquiring its 50.00% stake. Post investment, Vishko22 became an Associate Company.
- Your Company has divested its entire stake held in its Wholly Owned subsidiaries namely Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Limited, Infibeam Avenues Saudi Arabia for Information System Technology Co. and AI Fintech Inc. to Vavian International Limited, Wholly Owned Subsidiary of the Company. Post dilution, Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Limited, Infibeam Avenues Saudi

Arabia for Information System Technology Co. and AI Fintech Inc. are now Step down subsidiaries of the Company.

• Your Company has divested its 19.00% stake in DRC Systems India Limited ("DRC"). DRC ceased to be an Associate of the Company w.e.f. September 30, 2022.

Pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Act read with rules framed thereunder, pursuant to Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations and Ind - AS 110 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, Consolidated Financial Statements presented by the Company include the financial statements of its subsidiaries and associates.

A separate statement containing the salient features of the financial performance of the subsidiaries and associates for the Financial Year 2022-23 in the prescribed form AOC – 1 is annexed to the Directors' Report as **Annexure - A** and forms a part of this report. The Audited Consolidated financial statements together with Auditors' Report, forms an integral part of the Annual Report.

The Policy for determining material subsidiaries is available on the Company's website i.e. <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies</u>. The Company does not have a material subsidiary.

In terms of provisions of Section 136 of Act, separate audited accounts of the subsidiary Companies shall be available on website of the Company at <u>www.</u> <u>ia.ooo</u>. These documents shall also be made available for inspection by any Member of the Company at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours between 11.00 A.M. to 2.00 P.M. on all working days of the Company (Except Saturday, Sundays and Public holiday) up to the date of the AGM.

9. CHANGE IN SHARE CAPITAL

a. Increase in Authorized Share Capital of the Company

In order to facilitate the future requirements, if any, of the Company, pursuant to approval of the Shareholders at the 12th Annual General Meeting held on September 23, 2022, increased the Authorized Share Capital of the Company from the existing Rs. 280,00,000/- (Rupees Two Hundred and Eighty Crores Only) divided into 280,00,00,000 (Two Hundred and Eighty Crores) Equity Shares of Re. 1/- (Rupee One Only) each to Rs. 350,00,00,000/- (Rupees Three Hundred and Fifty Crores Only) divided into 350,00,000 (Three Hundred and Fifty Crores) Equity Shares of Re. 1/- (Rupee One Only) each.

b. Allotment of Equity Shares

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the total Issued and Paid-Up Equity Share Capital of the Company has been increased from Rs. 2,676.31 Million to Rs. 2,677.78 Million pursuant to the allotment of 14,70,720 Equity Shares.

During the Financial Year 2022-23, after obtaining necessary approvals, the Company issued and allotted,

- i. 3,84,600 Equity Shares of Re. 1/- each on June 08, 2022, to its eligible employees of the Company & its subsidiaries under the ESOP Scheme(s). After the issue, the Equity Share Capital of the Company stood at Rs. 2,676.69 Million.
- ii. 10,86,120 Equity Shares of Re. 1/- each on January 19, 2023 to its eligible employees of the Company and its subsidiaries under the ESOP Schemes. After the issue, the Equity Share Capital of the Company stood at Rs. 2,677.78 Million.

Consequently, the issued, subscribed and paid up Equity Share Capital as on March 31, 2023 is Rs. 267,77,81,182 divided into 267,77,81,182 Equity Shares of Re. 1/- each.

The Company after the closing of Financial Year 2022-23, after obtaining necessary approvals, the Company has issued and allotted 55,93,704 Equity Shares of Re. 1/- each on August 01, 2023, to its eligible employees of the Company under the ESOP Schemes. After the issue, the Equity Share Capital of the Company stood at Rs. 2,683.37 Million.

10. PREFERENTIAL ISSUE OF FULLY CONVERTIBLE WARRANTS

The Company, after obtaining necessary approvals, had issued and allotted 9,50,00,000 Fully Convertible Warrants ("Warrants") to Vybe Ventures LLP (other than the Promoters and Promoter Group) on Preferential Issue basis with a right to the Warrant holder to apply for and be allotted 1 (one) Equity Share of Re. 1/- each of the Company at an issue price of Rs. 17/- per share (including a premium of Rs. 16/- per share), for each warrant, within a period of 18 months from the date of allotment of the said warrants i.e October 07, 2022.

There are no material variations between the projections and actual utilization of the funds raised through Preferential Issue by the Company during the year 2022-23.

11. DEPOSITS

During the year under review, your Company has not accepted any public deposits within the ambit of Section 73 read with Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 made under Chapter V of the Act and any other provisions of the Act, read with rules made there under. As on March 31, 2023, there were no deposits lying unpaid or unclaimed.

12. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

During the financial year, there were no changes in the Board of Directors or Key Managerial Personnel.

Mr. Ajit Mehta (DIN: 01234707), Non-Executive Director retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, has offered himself for reappointment.

As per Regulation 17(1A) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), no listed Company shall appoint or continue the appointment of a Non-executive director, who has attained the age of 75 (Seventy-Five) years, unless a special resolution is passed to that effect. Mr. Ajit Mehta (DIN: 01234707), Promoter & Non-Executive Director of the Company will attain the age of 75 years. In view of the same, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on August 08, 2023 recommended and approved the continuation of the directorship of Mr. Ajit Mehta on or after the attainment of 75 years of age, subject to the approval of Members at the ensuing AGM.

Mr. Ajit Mehta relinquished his position as Chairman of the Company and was appointed as Chairman Emeritus w.e.f. August 08, 2023. Consequently, his designation stands as Chairman Emeritus and Non-Executive & Non-Independent Director of the Company.

Mr. Vishal Mehta (DIN: 03093563), Managing Director of the Company was elevated as Chairman of the Company w.e.f. August 08, 2023. Consequently, his designation stands as Chairman and Managing Director of the Company.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on August 08, 2023 recommended and approved the re-designation of Mr. Vishwas Patel (DIN: 00934823), Executive Director of the Company as Joint Managing Director of the Company, subject to the approval of Members at the ensuing AGM.

Brief details of the Directors proposed to be appointed/ re-appointed as required under Regulation 36 of the Listing Regulations are provided in the Notice of the AGM.

Key Managerial Personnel of the Company as on March 31, 2023 comprised of Mr. Vishal Mehta, Managing Director, Mr. Sunil Bhagat, Chief Financial Officer and Mr. Shyamal Trivedi, Sr. Vice President & Company Secretary of the Company.

13. DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet with the criteria of independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Act and under Listing Regulations. They have registered their names in the Independent Directors data-bank. They have also affirmed compliance to the Conduct for Independent Directors as prescribed in Schedule IV of the Act. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors of the Company fulfil the conditions specified under the Act and Listing Regulations and are independent of the management.

14. DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Act, the Board of Directors, to the best of its knowledge and ability, confirm that:

- in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures;
- ii. they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the Financial Year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- iii. they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv. they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- v. they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively;
- vi. they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

15. BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to applicable provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations, the Board, in consultation with its Nomination & Remuneration Committee, has formulated a framework containing, inter-alia, the criteria for performance evaluation of the entire Board of the Company, its Committees and individual Directors, including Independent Directors. The annual performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and each Director has been carried out for the Financial Year 2022-23 in accordance with the framework.

The annual performance evaluation of the Board, the Chairman, Committees and each Director has been carried out in accordance with the framework. The summary of the evaluation reports was presented to the respective Committees and the Board. The Directors had given positive feedback on the overall functioning of the Committees and the Board. The suggestions made by the Directors in the evaluation process have been suitably incorporated in the processes. The details of evaluation process of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors, including Independent Directors have been provided under the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Report.

16. FAMILIARIZATION PROGRAMME

The details of the familiarization programme undertaken during the year have been provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Report.

The policy on Familiarization programme for Independent Directors as approved by the Board is

uploaded on the Company's Website at <u>https://www.</u> <u>ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies</u>.

17. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

The Company has formulated and adopted the Nomination and Remuneration Policy in accordance with the provisions of the Act read with the Rules issued thereunder and the Listing Regulations.

This Policy is available on the website of the Company i.e. <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies.</u>

We affirm that the remuneration paid to the Directors is as per the terms laid out in the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

18. BOARD MEETINGS HELD DURING THE YEAR

The Board met 7 (Seven) times during the Financial Year 2022-23. The meeting details are provided in the Corporate governance report that forms part of this Annual Report. The maximum interval between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days as prescribed in the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations.

19. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186

Details of loans, guarantees and investments under the provisions of Section 186 of the Act read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as on March 31, 2023, are given in the Notes to the financial statements, which forms a part of this Annual Report.

20. PARTICULARS OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All transactions entered with Related Parties as defined under Section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 23 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, ("Listing Regulations") during the Financial Year under review were on an arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business. Prior omnibus approval was obtained on a yearly basis for the transactions which were of a foreseeable and repetitive nature and the same were further executed on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. Further, a statement giving details of all Transactions executed with Related Parties is placed before the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis for its approval/ ratification as the case may be. All the transactions entered with related parties were in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act read with the relevant rules made thereunder and the Listing Regulations.

During the year, the Company had not entered into any related party transactions which could be considered 'material' in terms of Section 188 of the Act and rules made thereunder and according to the policy of the Company on materiality of Related Party Transactions. Accordingly, there are no transactions that are required to be reported in Form AOC-2. However, you may refer to Related Party transactions in Note No. 26 of the Standalone Financial Statements. The Policy on Related Party Transactions as approved by the Board is uploaded on the Company's Website at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies</u>.

21. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The disclosures to be made under Section 134(3) (m) of the Act read with rule 8 (3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 by the Company are as under:

i) Conservation of Energy

Steps taken or Impact on Conservation of Energy:

The Company strives and makes conscious efforts to reduce its energy consumption through business operations of the Company which are not energy intensive. Some of the measures undertaken are listed below:

- Usage of LED lights at office spaces that are more energy efficient.
- Regular monitoring of temperature inside the office premises and controlling the Air Conditioning system.
- Optimised cooling within data center facility to operate within permissible temperature range of IT equipment.
- PACs are deployed in shifts and groups to improve efficiency and life of equipment.
- Rationalisation of usage of electricity
- Planned preventive maintenance

ii) Technology Absorption

The Company by itself operates into the dynamic information technology space. The Company has adequate members in Technology development functions and keep updating the changes in technology.

IT team constantly monitor and optimise usage of proprietary software within company. They optimise cost by replacing proprietary software by open source wherever possible.

iii) Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo

Further during the year under review, details of foreign exchange earnings and outgo are as given below:

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	Financial Year 2022-23	Financial Year 2021-22
Earning in Foreign Currencies	457.38	285.00
Expenditure in Foreign Currencies	28.63	10.45

22. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review, as stipulated under Listing Regulations, is presented in a separate section, forming a part of this Annual Report.

23. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

In compliance with Regulation 34 of the Listing Regulations, a separate report on Corporate Governance along with a certificate from the Practicing Company Secretary on its compliance forms part of this Report as **Annexure - B**.

24. BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

Pursuant to the Regulation 34 of SEBI Listing Regulations, BRSR describing the initiatives taken by the Company is enclosed as part of this Annual Report.

25. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

Details of various committees constituted by the Board of Directors as per the provision of the Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this report.

26. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

Disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197 (12) of the Act read with Rule 5 (1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is attached as **Annexure - C** which forms part of this report.

The statement containing particulars of employees as required under Section 197 (12) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, will be provided upon request. In terms of Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Report and Accounts are being sent to the Members and others entitled thereto, excluding the information on employees' particulars which is available for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours on working days of the Company. If any member is interested in obtaining a copy thereof, such Member may write to the Company at <u>ir@ia.ooo</u> in this regard.

27. DETAILS OF EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION PLANS

Employee Stock Option Plan(s) ("the Schemes") are administered under the instructions and supervision of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC").

The Schemes are in line with the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 / SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 ("SEBI SBEBSE Regulations"). The Company has received a certificate from the Secretarial Auditors of the Company that the Schemes are implemented in accordance with the SEBI SBEBSE Regulations. A copy of the certificate would be available at the AGM for inspection by Members. The applicable disclosures as stipulated under SEBI SBEBSE

Regulations with regard to Employees Stock Option Plans of the Company are available on the website of the Company at <u>www.ia.ooo</u>.

During the year ended March 31, 2023, there has been no material change in the Company's existing Schemes and the Schemes are in compliance with SEBI SBEBSE Regulations.

28. DETAILS OF STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS SCHEME

The Scheme is in line with the SEBI SBEBSE Regulations. The Company has received a certificate from the Secretarial Auditors of the Company that the Scheme is implemented in accordance with the SEBI SBEBSE Regulations. The certificate would be available at the AGM for inspection by Members. The applicable disclosures as stipulated under SEBI SBEBSE Regulations with regard to Stock Appreciation Rights of the Company are available on the website of the Company at <u>www.ia.ooo</u>.

29. AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT

I. STATUTORY AUDITORS:

The Statutory Auditors of your Company namely, M/s. Shah & Taparia, Chartered Accountant (Firm Registration No. – 109463W) were appointed at the 8th AGM of the Members of the Company held on September 29, 2018, for a period of five (5) years to hold office till the conclusion of the 13^{th} AGM.

Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors has recommended the re-appointment of M/s. Shah & Taparia, Chartered Accountant (Firm Registration No. – 109463W) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a further period of five (5) years from the conclusion of the ensuing 13th AGM till the conclusion of 18th AGM subject to the approval of Members.

Your Company has received written consent(s) and certificate(s) of eligibility in accordance with Sections 139, 141 and other applicable provisions of the Act, and Rules issued thereunder (including any statutory modification (s) or re-enactment(s) for the time being in force), from M/s. Shah & Taparia, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. – 109463W).

> Statutory Auditors' Report

During the period under review, no incident of frauds was reported by the Statutory Auditors pursuant to Section 143 (12) of the Act. The Auditors' Report is enclosed with the financial statements in this Annual Report.

II. SECRETARIAL AUDITORS:

In terms of Section 204 of the Act, and rules made thereunder, the Board had appointed M/s. SPANJ & Associates, Company Secretaries, as the Secretarial Auditors to conduct an audit of the secretarial records, for the Financial Year 2022-23.

> Secretarial Audit Report

Your Company has obtained Secretarial Audit Report as required under Section 204(1) of the Act, from M/s. SPANJ & Associates, Company Secretaries. The said Report is attached with this Report as **Annexure – D**.

There are no remarks / qualification in the Secretarial Audit Report, hence no explanation has been offered.

30. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

The Company has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee and has framed a CSR Policy. The brief details of CSR Committee are provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this report.

The Annual Report on CSR activities is annexed to this Report as **Annexure – E**.

The CSR policy is available on your Company's website <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies</u>.

31. ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 92(3) and Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Return is available on the website of the Company at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/annual-return</u>.

32. VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has established a robust Vigil Mechanism and adopted a Whistle Blower Policy in accordance with provisions of the Act and Listing Regulations, to provide a formal mechanism to the Directors and employees to report their concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct or ethics policy. The Policy provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees who avail of the mechanism and also provides for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. It is affirmed that no personnel of the Company have been denied access to the Audit Committee. The policy of vigil mechanism ("Whistle Blower policy") is available on the Company's website at https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies.

33. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

Internal Financial Controls are an integral part of the risk management process, addressing financial and financial reporting risks. The internal financial controls have been documented, digitised and embedded in the business processes. Assurance on the effectiveness of internal financial controls is obtained through management reviews, control self-assessment, continuous monitoring by functional experts as well as testing of the internal financial control systems by the auditors during the course of their audits. We believe that these systems provide reasonable assurance that our internal financial controls are designed effectively and are operating as intended. Detailed information on the same has been included under the Management Discussion & Analysis report forming a part of this Annual Report.

34. HUMAN RESOURCE

Our employees are our key strength, which has led us to achieve the results and various milestones in our organization's journey. The Company believes that attracting, developing and retaining talent is crucial to organizational success. The Company has several initiatives and programs to ensure employees experience a holistic and fulfilling career with IT sector.

We remain focused on building trust through a culture of openness, conversations and opportunities to speak up. We grew stronger as a team by supporting each other wholeheartedly throughout the F.Y. 2022-23. Employees, their talent and capabilities are our greatest asset, our competitive advantage. In a highly competitive environment, our formidable talent pool becomes our key differentiator.

With a focus on digitalization, we are also implementing several robust HR practices and processes to enhance employee experience, engagement and enablement to deliver exemplary results.

35. ENHANCING SHAREHOLDERS' VALUE

Your Company is committed to creating and returning value to shareholders. Accordingly, your Company is dedicated to achieving high levels of operating performance, cost competitiveness, enhancing the productive asset and resource base and striving for excellence in all areas of operations.

Your Company strongly believes that its success in the marketplace and good reputation are among the primary determinants of shareholder value. Its close relationship with customers and a deep understanding of their challenges and expectations drive the development of new products and services. Anticipating customer requirements early and being able to address them effectively requires a strong commercial backbone. Your Company continues to develop this strength by institutionalizing sound commercial processes and building world-class commercial capabilities across its marketing and sales teams. Your Company uses an innovative approach in the development of its services, as well as execution of growth opportunities.

Your Company is also committed to creating value for all its stakeholders by ensuring that its corporate actions positively impact the economic, societal and environmental dimensions of the triple bottom line.

36. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has in place a Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees are covered under the policy. No complaint has been received by the Company under this Policy during the year 2022-23. The Company is committed to provide a safe and conducive work environment to all its employees and associates.

The Policy for prevention of Sexual Harassment is available on the Company's website at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies</u>.

37. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Board of Directors has laid down a Code of Conduct applicable to the Board of Directors and Senior Management. All the Board Members and Senior Management personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct. The Code of Conduct of Board of Directors is also available on the Company's website https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies.

38. SIGNIFICANT/MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status of your Company and its operations in future.

39. TRANSFER TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

There are no amounts that are due to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

The Company has sent adequate communication(s) to the Members whose dividends are unclaimed, requesting them to provide/update bank details with the RTA/Company, so that dividends paid by the Company are credited to the investors' account on timely basis.

40. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board of the Company has formed a Risk Management Committee to frame, implement and monitor the risk management plan for the Company. The committee is responsible for reviewing the risk management plan and ensuring its effectiveness. The audit committee has additional oversight in the area of financial risks and controls.

The Company has a Risk Management Policy, which from time to time, is reviewed by the Audit Committee as well as by the Board of Directors. The Policy is reviewed by assessing the threats and opportunities that will impact the objectives set for the Company as a whole. The Policy is designed to provide the categorization of risk into threat and its cause, impact, treatment and control measures. As part of the Risk Management policy, the relevant parameters for protection of environment, safety of operations and health of people at work are monitored regularly with reference to statutory regulations and guidelines defined by the Company.

The Risk Management policy is available on the

Company's website at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies</u>.

41. CREDIT RATING

Details of Credit Rating are given in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this report.

42. OTHER DISCLOSURES

- The Company has complied with Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2).
- The Managing Director of the Company has not received any remuneration or commission from any of Company's subsidiary.
- The Company has not issued Equity Shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- The Company has not issued any Sweat Equity Shares to its Directors or Employees.
- Interested Directors were recused from the discussion of the agenda items, in which they were interested, of the Board or Committee meetings held during the year.
- No application against the Company has been filed or is pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, hence, the requirement to disclose the details is not applicable.
- There were no instance where your Company required the Valuation for one-time settlement or while taking the loan from the Bank or Financial institutions.
- The maintenance of cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the business activities carried out by the Company.

43. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors place on record their appreciation for the contributions made by all employees, without whom the exemplary performance of the Company year after year, would not have been possible.

The Board places on record its appreciation for the continued co-operation and support extended to the Company by customers, vendors, regulators, banks, financial institutions, rating agencies, stock exchanges, depositories, auditors, legal advisors, consultants and business associates with whose help, cooperation and hard work the Company is able to achieve the results.

The Board deeply acknowledges the trust and confidence placed by the customers of the Company and all its Stakeholders.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Place: Gandhinagar Date: August 08, 2023 Vishal Mehta Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 03093563) Ajit Mehta Chairman Emeritus & Non-Executive Director (DIN: 01234707)

FORM AOC-1

Part – A: Subsidiary Companies

Statement pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 of the Companies Act 2013, read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Z	Particulars	-	2	m	4	5	9	7	80	6	10	1	12	13	14
	Name of Subsidiaries	Infibeam Digital Enter- tainment Private Limited	Infibeam beam Logis- tics 9 Private Limited	Infi- Odigma Ban Consul- gis- tancy tics Solutions /ate Private ited Limited	Avenues Infinite Private Limited	Vavian In- ternational Limited	Avenues World FZ- LLC	Instant Global Pay- tech Private Limited	AI Fintech Inc	Cardpay Tech- nologies Private Limited	So Hum Bharat Digital Pay- ments Private Limited	Uvik Tech- nologies Private Limited	Infibeam Projects Manage- ment Private Limited	Infibeam Avenues Saudi Ara- bia for In- formation systems Technolo- gy Co.	Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Ltd
ي ب ب	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	November 30, 2012	March 31, 2014	February 24, 2014	April 01, 2017	March 21, J 2019	:h 21, July 01, 2018 2019 July 01, 2018	May 06, 2020	April 20, 2020	June 05, 2020	February 11, 2021	March 01, 2022	February 14, 2022	July 01, 2022	June 06, 2022
עליטרב	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding Company's reporting period	April 01, ⁴ 2022 to March 31, 2023	April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	April 01, 2022 to March 31, 1 2023	April 01, / 2022 to / March 31, 2023	April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	April 01, , 2022 to March 31, 2023 3	April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	January 01, 2022 to December 31, 1 2022	April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	July 01, 2022 to June 30, 2023
с с с с т х Ц	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.	INR	ж Z	INR	INR	UAE Dirham Exchange rate as on March 31, 2023, 1 AED = 22.39	UAE Dirham Exchange rate as on March 31, 2023, 1 AED = 22.39 INR	IN	USD Exchange rate as on March 31, 2023, 1 USD = 82.17 INR	IZR	INR	N. R. N.	Ц Ц	SAR Exchange rate as on March 31, 2023, 1 SAR = 21.89 INR	AUD Exchange rate as on March 31, 2023, 1 AUD = 55.03 INR
₫.	Paid up share capital	42.5	375.10	4.39	39.36	0.71	22.39	0.33	456.30	0.50	10.00	0.16	0.10	2.22	0.55
~	Reserves & surplus	(137.37)	(19.48)	663.10	624.05	953.49	664.62	63.82	64.56	0.14	(1.45)	36.13	0.20	(7.36)	(0.19)
Ĥ	Total assets	1.37	363.04	692.36	663.56	954.31	997.83	502.58	526.38	1.94	8.68	73.39	94.15	85.03	0.39
Ē	Total liabilities	96.24	7.42	24.87	0.15	0.11	310.82	438.43	5.52	1.30	0.13	37.09	93.84	90.17	0.02
Ч	Investment				202.72	535.95	,	0.64		,	'		11.70		·
10 T	Turnover		0.06	435.18	0.80		849.09	870.72	26.17	'	'	39.82	1.81	4.12	·
11 ti P	Profit / (Loss) before taxation	0.07	(10.71)	13.76	48.51	(13.24)	271.62	(73.14)	(5.46)	(0.29)	(0.11)	(2.84)	0.27	(6.44)	(0.19)
12 PI	Provision for taxation	1	0.15	3.30	1	-	1	'	1	1	0.11	(4.21)	0.07	1	
13 PI	Profit (Loss) after Tax	0.07	(10.86)	10.46	48.51	(13.24)	271.62	(73.14)	(5.46)	(0.29)	(0.22)	1.37	0.20	(6.44)	(0.19)
14 P	Proposed Dividend										,				
15 %	% of Shareholding	74%	100%	1 00%	1 00%	100%	100%	54.80%	100%	54.80%	50.50%	100%	1 00%	100%	100%

Annexure – A

Note:

1. Name of Subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations – Nil

- Name of Subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year On September 23, 2022 the Board approved the divestment of its 100% ownership with control in its Wholly Owned Subsidiaries i.e. Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Limited, Infibeam Avenues Saudi Arabia for Information System Technology Co. and AI Fintech Inc. to its Wholly Owned Subsidiary i.e. Vavian International Limited and all the three Wholly Owned Subsidiary Companies became step down Wholly Owned Subsidiaries of the Company. N.
 - *Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Subsidiary i.e. Instant Global Paytech Private Limited. m.

Part- B: Associate & Joint Venture

Statement pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 of the Companies Act 2013, read with rule 5 of Companies (₹ In Million) (Accounts) Rules, 2014

s. Š	Particulars	÷	2	ĸ
	Name of Associate Company	Vishko 22 Products & Services Private Limited (With effect from September 20, 2022)	Infibeam Global EMEA FZ-LLC	DRC Systems India Limited (Upto September 30, 2022)*
-	Latest Audited Balance sheet Date	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
	Shares of Associates or Joint Ventures held by the Company on the Year end	Equity Shares	Equity Shares	Equity Shares
0	No. of Shares	1,25,000	36,016	41,30,820
1	Amount of Investment in Associates or Joint Ventures	1.25	675.86	11.01
	Extent of Holdings (In Percentage)	50%	49%	9.41% **.
m	Description of how there is significant influence	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
4	Reason why the associates / Joint Ventures is not Consolidated	Cor	Consolidation carried out based on equity method	sed on equity method
ы	Net worth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited balance Sheet	1,40	3,134,26	32.25
	. Profit or (Loss) for the Year.	0.34	(102.93)	15.75
9	. i. Considered in Consolidation.	0.17	(50.43)	4.68
	li. Not Cansidered in Cansalidation	0.17	(52.50)	11.07
Note:				
<u>_</u>	Names of associates/ioint ventures which are vet to commence operations – NIL			

*DRC Systems India Limited ceased to be an associate of the Company w.e.f. September 30, 2022 ы.

**The total shareholding of the Company in DRC Systems India Limited as on March 31, 2023 is 9.41%

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vishal Mehta

Managing Director DIN: 03093563

Ajit Mehta Chairman

DIN: 01234707

Chief Financial Officer **Sunil Bhagat**

Sr. Vice President & Company Secretary

Shyamal Trivedi

Date: May 25, 2023 Place: Gandhinagar

Annexure – B

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Directors present the Company's Report on Corporate Governance for the year ended March 31, 2023, in terms of Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (The "Listing Regulations") and the report contains the details of Corporate Governance systems and processes at Infibeam Avenues Limited for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2023 is given herein below:

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Infibeam Avenues Limited's ("Infibeam" or "the Company") philosophy on Corporate Governance encompasses adherence to the highest levels of transparency, accountability and fairness, in all areas of its operations and in all interactions with all its stakeholders which reflects our value system encompassing our culture and policies. The Company believes that Corporate Governance is an integral part of the philosophy of the Company in its pursuit of excellence, growth and value creation. The Company recognizes that good governance is a continuing exercise and reiterates its commitment to pursue highest standards of Corporate Governance in the overall interest of all its stakeholders. The Company firmly believes, Corporate Governance is not just a destination, but a journey to constantly improve sustainable value creation. The Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance oversees business strategies and ensures fiscal accountability, ethical corporate behaviour and fairness to all stakeholders comprising regulators, employees, customers, vendors, investors and the society at large. Strong corporate governance founded on values is the bedrock of the sustained performance at the Company and fuels the Company's vision to achieve the respect of stakeholders. The Company is conscious of the fact that the success of a corporation is a reflection of the professionalism, conduct and ethical values of its management and employees. In addition to compliance with regulatory requirements, the Company endeavours to ensure that highest standards of ethical and responsible conduct are met throughout the organisation.

The Company's governance framework is based on the following principles:

- Follow the spirit of the law and not just the letter of the law, Corporate Governance standards should go beyond the law;
- Appropriate composition and size of the Board, with each member bringing in expertise in their respective domains;

- Availability of information to the Members of the Board and Board Committees to enable them to discharge their fiduciary duties;
- Timely disclosure of material operational and financial information to the stakeholders;
- Systems and processes in place for internal control;
- Proper business conduct by the Board, Senior Management and Employees;
- Embracing a trusteeship model in which the management is the trustee of the Shareholders' capital;
- Making a clear distinction between personal convenience and corporate resources.

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its employees including the Directors and the Key Managerial Personnel(s) ("KMPs") and Senior Management. In addition, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Independent Directors which suitably incorporates the duties of Independent Directors as laid down in the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). The Company's Corporate Governance philosophy has been further strengthened through the Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and the Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information.

SHAREHOLDERS

The Act and the Listing Regulations prescribed the governance mechanism by shareholders in terms of passing of ordinary and special resolutions, voting rights, participation in the corporate actions such as bonus issue, buyback of shares, declaration of dividend, etc. Your Company follows a robust process to ensure that the shareholders of the Company are well informed of Board decisions both on financial and non-financial matters and adequate notice with a detailed explanation is sent to the shareholders well in advance to obtain necessary approvals.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for and committed to sound principles of Corporate Governance in the Company. The Board, along with its Committees, provides leadership and guidance to the management and directs and supervises the performance of the Company, thereby, enhancing stakeholders' value.

The Board provides strategic guidance and independent views to the Company's senior management while discharging its fiduciary responsibilities.

a) Composition and category of Directors

The Company has a well-diversified Board and have an appropriate mix of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors, to maintain its independence, and separate its functions of governance and management. As on March 31, 2023, our Board comprised Seven members, consisting of one Non-Executive and Non-Independent Chairman, Two Executive Directors including One Managing Director and Four Independent Directors including One Woman Independent Director. The Board periodically evaluates the need for change in its size and composition.

The present strength of the Board reflects a judicious mix of professionalism, competence and sound knowledge which enables the Board to provide effective leadership to the Company.

b) Directors' Directorships/Committee memberships

In accordance with Regulation 26 of the Listing Regulations, none of the Directors are members in more than 10 committees excluding private limited companies, foreign companies and companies under Section 8 of the Act or acts as a Chairperson of more than 5 committees across all listed entities in which he/she is a Director. The Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee are only considered in computation of limits. Further, all Directors have informed about their Directorships, Committee Memberships/Chairmanships, including any changes in their positions during the year. Relevant details of the Board of Directors as on March 31, 2023 are given below:

Name of		Meeting(s) Details		No. of Direc- torship in	No. of Con positions other Con	held in	Attend- ance at the last	Directorship in other listed entity
Directors*	Category	Entitled to At- tend	Attended®	other Public Company**	Chairman	Mem- ber [#]	AGM held on 23-09- 2022 Yes / No	(Category of Directorship)
Mr. Ajit Mehta DIN: 01234707	Promoter/ Non-Executive Chairman ^s	07	07	02	00	00	Yes	-
Mr. Vishal Mehta DIN: 03093563	Promoter/ Managing Director ^{ss}	07	07	06	00	00	Yes	-
Mr. Vishwas Patel DIN: 00934823	Executive Director ^{sss}	07	06	02	00	00	Yes	-
Mr. Keyoor Bakshi DIN: 00133588	Independent Director	07	07	07	03	05	Yes	 Kiri Industries Limited (Non-Executive, Independent Director) Gokul Agro Resources Limited (Non-Executive, Independent Director) Saanvi Advisors Limited (Non-Executive, Independent Director) Innovative Tyres & Tubes Limited (Non-Executive, Independent Director) Praveg Limited (Non-Executive, Independent Director)
Mr. Roopkishan Dave DIN: 02800417	Independent Director	07	05	05	00	03	No	1. DRC Systems India Limited (Non-Executive, Independent Director)
Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth DIN: 07129801	Independent Director	07	07	00	00	00	Yes	-
Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha DIN: 00484132	Independent Director	07	04	04	00	03	Yes	 Gujarat Narmada Valley Fertilizers & Chemicals Limited (Non-Executive, Independent Director) Silver Touch Technologies Limited (Non-Executive, Independent Director)

Note: The committees considered for the purpose are Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, excluding that of Infibeam Avenues Limited.

* Profile of the Directors is available on the website of the Company at https://www.ia.ooo/board-of-directors.

**The Directorship held by the Directors, as mentioned above excludes alternate directorships, directorships in foreign companies, Companies under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Private Limited Companies, which were not the subsidiaries of Public Limited Companies.

@Meetings attended by Video Conferencing is also included in the attendance.

Membership includes Chairmanship position.

\$ Appointed as Chairman Emeritus & Non-Executive Director w.e.f from August 08, 2023.

\$\$ Appointed as Chairman and Managing Director w.e.f. from August 08, 2023.

\$\$\$ Appointed as Joint Managing Director w.e.f. from August 08, 2023, subject to approval of members at this Annual General Meeting.

Director's Inter-se Relationship:

Name of Directors	Relation	Name of Related Directors	
Mr. Ajit Mehta	Father of	Mr. Vishal Mehta	
Mr. Vishal Mehta	Son of	Mr. Ajit Mehta	

None of the other Directors are related to any other Director on the Board.

c) Number of Board Meetings:

The Company adheres to the provisions of the Act read with the Rules issued thereunder, Secretarial Standards and Listing Regulations with respect to convening and holding the meetings of the Board of Directors and its Committees.

Board Meetings are governed by structured agenda. All major agenda items are backed by comprehensive background information to enable the Board to take informed decisions. The Company Secretary, in consultation with the Senior Management, prepares the detailed agenda for the meetings. Agenda papers and Notes on Agenda are circulated to the Directors, in advance, in the defined agenda format. All material information is circulated along with agenda papers for facilitating meaningful and focused discussions at the meeting. Where it is not practicable to attach any document to the agenda, the same is tabled before the meeting with specific reference to this effect in the agenda.

Detailed presentations are made at the Board/Committee meetings covering finance, major business segments and operations of the Company, global business environment, key business areas of the Company including business opportunities, business strategy and the risk management practices, before taking on record the quarterly/half yearly / annual financial results of the Company.

The important decisions taken at the Board/Committee meetings are communicated to departments concerned, promptly. Action taken report on the decisions taken at the meeting(s) is placed at the immediately succeeding meeting of the Board / Committee, for noting by the Board/Committee.

The Board meets at regular intervals to discuss and decide on business strategies/policies and review the financial performance of the Company and its subsidiaries.

During the Financial Year 2022-23, 07 (Seven) meetings of the Board of Directors were held and the maximum time gap between two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days.

The dates of the Board meetings are as under:

Date(s) on which meeting(s) were held						
 May 09, 2022	August 04, 2022	August 25, 2022				
September 23, 2022	November 04, 2022	February 06, 2023				
March 28, 2023						

The Company provides the information as set out in Regulation 17 read with Part A of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations to the Board and the Board Committees to the extent it is applicable and relevant. Such information is submitted either as part of the agenda papers in advance of the respective meetings or by way of presentations and discussions during the Meetings.

The Company Secretary attends the Board Meetings and advises the Board on Compliances with applicable laws and governance processes.

During the year, the Board of Directors accepted all recommendations of the Committees of the Board, which were statutory in nature and required to be recommended by the Committee and approved by the Board of Directors. Hence, the Company is in compliance of condition of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations.

d) The shareholding of the Directors of your Company as on March 31, 2023

Sr. No.	Name of Directors	Nature of Directorship	No. of shares held	Percentage to the paid up share capital
1.	Mr. Ajit Mehta	Non-Executive Chairman/ Promoter ^{\$}	12,04,59,120	4.50
2.	Mr. Vishal Mehta	Managing Director / Promoter ^{\$\$}	23,98,37,600	8.96
3.	Mr. Vishwas Patel	Executive Director ^{\$\$\$}	30,63,82,648	11.44
4.	Mr. Keyoor Bakshi	Non-Executive Independent Director	Nil	0.00
5.	Mr. Roopkishan Dave	Non-Executive Independent Director	2,000	0.00
6.	Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth	Non-Executive Independent Director	Nil	0.00
7.	Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha	Non-Executive Independent Director	Nil	0.00

The Company has not issued any convertible instruments to any Directors of the Company during the Financial Year 2022-23.

However, during the Financial Year 2022-23, the Company has issued and allotted 9,50,00,000 Fully Convertible Warrants to Vybe Ventures LLP in which Mr. Vishwas Patel, Executive Director of the Company is also a Designated Partner.

\$ Appointed as Chairman Emeritus & Non-Executive Director w.e.f from August 08, 2023.

\$\$ Appointed as Chairman and Managing Director w.e.f. from August 08, 2023.

\$\$\$ Appointed as Joint Managing Director w.e.f. from August 08, 2023, subject to approval of members at this Annual General Meeting.

e) Familiarisation Programme for Independent Directors:

The Company conducts a Familiarization Programme for newly appointed Independent Directors to enable them to be familiarized with the Company, its management and its operations to gain clear understanding of their roles, rights and responsibilities for enabling their contribution to the Company. They are provided a platform to interact with multiple levels of management and are provided with all the documents required and/ or sought by them to have a good understanding of Company's operations, businesses and the industry as a whole. They are updated on all business related issues and new initiatives. They are also informed of the important policies of your Company including the Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management Personnel and the Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading.

Further, on an ongoing basis, Independent Directors are regularly updated in the Board Meetings on various matters inter-alia covering the Company's and its subsidiaries/associates businesses and operations, industry and regulatory updates, strategy, finance, risk management framework, role, rights, responsibilities of the Independent Directors under various statutes and other relevant matters.

As a process when a new Independent Director is appointed, a familiarization programme is conducted by the senior management team to apprise the newly appointed Independent Director and whenever a new member is appointed to a Board Committee, information relevant to the functioning of the Committee and the role and responsibility of Committee members is informed.

Brief details of the familiarization programme are uploaded on the website of your Company, <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies</u>.

f) Key Board qualifications, expertise and attributes:

The Board has identified the following skills/expertise/ competencies fundamental for the effective functioning of the Company which are currently available with the Board:

International Business experience	Experience in leading businesses in different geographies/markets around the world
General management/Governance	Strategic thinking, decision making and protect interest of all stakeholders
Financial skills	Understanding the financial statements, financial controls, risk management, mergers and acquisition, etc.
Strategy and Planning	Appreciation of long-term trends, strategic choices and experience in guiding and leading management teams to make decisions in uncertain environments.
Technology and Innovation	Experience or knowledge of emerging areas of technology such as digital, artificial intelligence, cyber security, data centre, data security etc.

The following is the list of core skills/competencies identified by the Board of Directors as required in the context of the Company's business and that the said skills are available within the Board Members:

	Area of skills/expertise/ competencies				
Name of Director	International Business Experience	General Management Governance	Financial Skills	Strategy and Planning	Technology and Innovation
Mr. Ajit Mehta	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Mr. Vishal Mehta	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Mr. Vishwas Patel	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Mr. Keyoor Bakshi	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Mr. Roopkishan Dave	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha	\checkmark		\checkmark		

Note: These skills/competencies are broad-based, encompassing several areas of expertise/experience as shown in the table above. Each Director may possess varied combinations of skills/experience within the described set of parameters.

g) Independent Directors:

The Company has on its Board, a group of eminent Independent Directors who have brought in an independent judgement to the Board's deliberations including issues of strategy, risk management and overall governance. They have played a pivotal role in safeguarding the interests of all stakeholders.

Independent Directors have submitted The declaration(s)/disclosures under section 149(7) of the Act and Regulation 25(8) of the Listing Regulations and have confirmed that they meet the criteria of Independence laid down under section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16 of the Listing Regulations and have also confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgement and without any external influence. The Board of Directors, based on the declaration(s) received from the Independent Directors, have verified the veracity of such disclosures and confirmed that the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions of independence specified in the Listing Regulations and are independent of the management of the Company. The maximum tenure of the Independent Directors is in compliance with the Act.

As per Regulation 17A of the Listing Regulations, Independent Directors of the Company do not serve as Independent Director in more than seven listed companies. Further, the Managing Director of the Company does not serve as an Independent Director in any listed entity.

Policy of Code of Conduct and Term & Conditions of Appointment of Independent Director is placed on your Company's website at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies</u>.

h) Independent Directors' Meeting:

Schedule IV of the Act and the Rules thereunder mandate that the Independent Directors of the Company shall hold at least one meeting in a year, without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors and Members of the Management. During the year under review, the Independent Directors met on November 04, 2022, without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors and Members of the management, inter alia, to discuss on the following:

- To review the performance of the Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole;
- Review the performance of the Chairperson of your Company, taking into account views of Executive / Non- Executive Directors; and
- Assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between your Company's management and the Board that was necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

i) Disclosures Regarding Appointment/Re-Appointment of Directors:

Mr. Ajit Mehta, Non-Executive Director, is retiring at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, and being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has recommended and Board has approved the following things

- 1. Continuation of the Directorship of Mr. Ajit Mehta on or after attaining the age of 75 (Seventy Five) years.
- 2. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on August 08, 2023 recommended and approved the re-designation of Mr. Vishwas Patel (DIN: 00934823), Executive Director of the Company as Joint Managing Director of the Company, subject to the approval of Members at the ensuing AGM.

The said continuation of the Directorship and Redesignation of position is subject to the approval of the Shareholder in this AGM.

Brief resume and other relevant details of the Directors proposed to be appointed/re-appointed are given in the Notice of the AGM.

j) Evaluation of the Board Effectiveness:

In terms of applicable provisions of the Act read with Rules framed thereunder and Part D of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations and on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors has put in place a process to formally evaluate the effectiveness of the Board, its Committees along with performance evaluation of each Director to be carried out on an annual basis. The Board evaluation framework has been designed in compliance with the requirements under the Act and the Listing Regulations. Accordingly, the annual performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and each Director was carried out for the Financial Year 2022-23.

Structured questionnaires were prepared to evaluate the performance of the Board as a whole, individual performance of each Director and self - assessment carried out by the Directors. The parameters of the performance evaluation process for Directors, inter alia, includes, effective participation in meetings of the Board, Contribution in strategy and other areas impacting company's performance, domain knowledge, attendance of Director(s), etc. In assessing the overall performance of the Board, the parameters included qualifications, experience and competency (in area of law, finance, accounting, economics, management, administration or another area relevant to the field in which the Company operates), bringing his/her experience and credibility to bear on the critical areas of performance of the organization, giving fair chance to other members to contribute, participates actively in the discussions and is consensus oriented. The questionnaires for assessing the performance of the Committees of the Board included aspects like understanding of the terms of reference by the Committee members, adequacy of the composition of the Committees, effectiveness of the discussions at the Committee meetings, information provided to the Committee to discharge its duties, performance of the Committee vis-à-vis its responsibilities, etc.

Regular evaluation of the Directors' creates more confidence in the integrity of the Company, the quality of the discussions at Board meetings, the credibility of the reports and information they receive, the level of interpersonal cohesion between Board members and the degree of Board knowledge which enable Board members, individually and collectively, to develop the key skills required to meet foreseeable requirements with timely preparation, agreed strategies and appropriate development goals.

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on March 28, 2023, has noted the overall feedback on the performance of the Directors and the Board as a whole and its Committees. The overall outcome of this exercise to evaluate effectiveness of the Board and its Committees was positive and members expressed their satisfaction.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board has constituted various Committees with an optimum representation of its members and has assigned them specific terms of reference in accordance with the Act and the Listing Regulations. These Committees hold meetings at such a frequency as is deemed necessary by them to effectively undertake and deliver upon the responsibilities and tasks assigned to them. The Board supervises the execution of its responsibilities by the Committees and is responsible for their action. Your Company currently has 5 (Five) Statutory Committees of the Board viz., Audit Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and Risk Management Committee and 1(One) Non-Statutory Committee namely Securities Allotment Committee.

1. AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The primary objective of Audit Committee is, to monitor and provide an effective supervision of the Management's financial reporting process, to ensure accurate and timely disclosures, with the highest levels of transparency, integrity and quality of financial reporting. The Committee overseas the work carried out in financial reporting process by the Management, internal auditors and independent auditors. The Audit Committee is responsible for selection, evaluation, and where appropriate, replacing the independent auditors in accordance with the law.

The composition of the Audit Committee is in alignment with provisions of Section 177 of the Act and Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations. The members of the Audit Committee are financially literate and have experience in financial management.

The composition of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company along with the details of the meetings attended during the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023 is detailed below:

C. N.	No. Name of Members Category		Nature of		Meeting(s) Details		
Sr. NO.	T. NO. Name of Members Category	Category	Membership	Entitled to Attend	Attended**		
1.	Mr. Keyoor Bakshi	Independent Director	Chairman	07	07		
2.	Mr. Vishal Mehta	Managing Director	Member	07	07		
3.	Mr. Roopkishan Dave	Independent Director	Member	07	05		
4.	Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha	Independent Director	Member	07	04		
5.	Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth*	Independent Director	Member	05	05		

*Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth was appointed as a Member of the Audit Committee w.e.f. August 24, 2022.

**Meetings attended by Video Conferencing is also included in the attendance.

Mr. Shyamal Trivedi, Sr. Vice President & Company Secretary, acts as a Secretary to the Committee.

The Committee invites the Statutory Auditors, Internal Auditors and other related functional executives of the Company to attend the meeting when required.

During the Financial Year 2022-23, 07 (Seven) meetings of the Audit Committee were held and the maximum time gap between two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days.

The dates of the Audit Committee meetings are as under:

Date(s) on which meeting(s) were held				
May 09, 2022	August 04, 2022	August 25, 2022		
September 23, 2022	November 04, 2022	February 06, 2023		
March 28, 2023				

The Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the last AGM held on September 23, 2022 to answer the shareholders' queries.

The minutes of the Audit Committee Meetings are reviewed by the Board and taken note of.

The Audit Committee is empowered, pursuant to its terms of reference, powers and its role, inter alia, includes the following:

A) Scope and functions:

- 1. Overseeing the Company's financial reporting process and disclosure of its financial information to ensure that its financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible;
- Recommending to the Board the appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of the statutory and internal auditors of the Company;
- Reviewing and monitoring the statutory auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- 4. Approving payments to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- 5. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - a. Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Act, as amended;
 - b. Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - c. Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - d. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - e. Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - f. Disclosure of any related party transactions; and
 - g. Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report.
- Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- 7. Reviewing with the Management, the financial statements of subsidiaries and in particular the investments made by each of them;
- 8. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses/ application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential

issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilised for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/ prospectus/ notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue or preferential issue or qualified institutions placement, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter. This also includes monitoring the use/application of the funds raised through the proposed Issue by the Company;

- 9. Approval or any subsequent modifications of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- 10. Scrutinising of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- 11. Valuing of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- 12. Evaluating of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- 13. Establishing a vigil mechanism for directors and employees to report their genuine concerns or grievances;
- 14. Reviewing, with the management, the performance of statutory and internal auditors, and adequacy of the internal control systems;
- 15. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- 16. Discussing with internal auditors on any significant findings and follow up there on;
- 17. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
- 18. Discussing with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- 19. Looking into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- 20. Reviewing the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- 21. Review and approve, policy formulated for determination of material subsidiaries;
- 22. Review and approve, policy on related party transactions and also dealing with related party transactions;
- 23. Approving the appointment of the chief financial officer or any other person heading the finance

function or discharging that function after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;

- 24. Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the Company in the subsidiary exceeding Rs. 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision;
- 25. To provide guidance to the Compliance Officer for setting forth policies and implementation of the Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and the Code of Corporate Disclosure Practices;
- 26. To note and take on record the status reports detailing the dealings by Designated Persons in Securities of the Company, as submitted by the Compliance Officer;
- To give suitable directions for initiating penal action against any person upon being informed by the Compliance Officer that such person has violated the Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and/or Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- 28. To review and recommend to the Board for approval Business plan, Budget for the year and revised estimates; and
- 29. Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee and any other terms of reference as may be decided by the Board and/or specified/provided under the Act or Listing Regulations or by any other regulatory authority.

B) Power of Audit Committee:

The powers of the Audit Committee shall include the following:

- 1. To investigate any activity within its terms of reference;
- 2. To seek information from any employee;

- 3. To obtain outside legal or other professional advice; and
- 4. To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.

C) Reviewing Powers:

The Audit Committee shall mandatorily review the following information:

- 1. Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- 2. Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- 3. Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses;
- 4. The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the internal auditor shall be subject to review by the audit committee; and
- 5. Statement of deviations:
 - a) Quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of the Listing Regulations; and
 - b) Annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice in terms of the Listing Regulations.

2. STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:

The composition of the Stakeholder Relationship Committee is in compliance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations.

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee ("SRC") comprises of four members, with a majority of Independent Directors.

The constitution of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Board of Directors of your Company along with the details of the meetings attended by the members of the Committee during the Financial Year 2022-23 is detailed below:

			Natura of	Meeting	Meeting (s) Details	
Sr. No.	Sr. No. Name of Members Category	Category	Nature of Membership	Entitled to Attend	Attended**	
1.	Mr. Ajit Mehta	Non-Executive Director	Chairman	03	03	
2.	Mr. Roopkishan Dave	Independent Director	Member	03	03	
3.	Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha	Independent Director	Member	03	03	
4.	Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth*	Independent Director	Member	01	01	

*Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth was appointed as a Member of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee w.e.f. August 24, 2022.

**Meetings attended by Video Conferencing is also included in the attendance.

During the Financial Year 2022-23, 03 (Three) meetings of the Stakeholder Relationship Committee were held on following dates:

Date(s) on which meeting(s) were held

May 09, 2022 August 04, 2022 November 04, 2022

The Chairman of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Mr. Ajit Mehta was present at the AGM held on September 23, 2022.

The Committee looks into the matters of Shareholders/ Investors grievances along with other matters listed below:

- 1. Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the listed entity including complaints related to transfer/ transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.;
- 2. Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
- 3. Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent;
- 4. Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company;
- 5. Recommend measures for overall improvement of the quality of investor services;
- 6. Approve issue of duplicate certificates of the Company;
- 7. Carry out any other function as is referred by the Board from time to time and / or enforced by any statutory notification / amendment or modification as may be applicable.

The minutes of the SRC Meetings are reviewed by the Board and taken note of.

Mr. Shyamal Trivedi, Sr. Vice President & Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer for complying with requirements of Securities Laws.

Investor Grievance Redressal:

Details pertaining to the number of complaints received and responded and the status thereof during the Financial Year 2022-23 are given below:

Nature of Complaints	Pending as on 01.04.2022	Complaints received	Complaints resolved	Pending as on 01.04.2023
Non receipt of certificates lodged for Transfer/ Transmission, issue of Duplicate Shares	NIL	0	0	NIL
Non-receipt of dividend warrants/Bonus Shares	NIL	02	02	NIL
Non-receipt of annual report	NIL	0	0	NIL
Dematerialization/Rematerialization of shares	NIL	01	01	NIL
Others	NIL	02	02	NIL

All complaints have been resolved to the satisfaction of shareholders.

The Secretarial Department of the Company and the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, Link Intime India Private Limited attend all the grievances of the shareholders received directly or through SEBI, Stock Exchanges, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Registrar of Companies, etc. The Company endeavours to implement suggestions as and when received from the Investors.

3. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The role of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is governed by its Policy and its composition is in compliance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations.

The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company along with the details of the meetings attended by the members of the Committee during the Financial Year 2022-23 is detailed below:

			N	Meetin	g (s) Details
Sr. No.	Name of Members	Category	Nature of Membership	Entitle to Attend	Attended**
1.	Mr. Roopkishan Dave	Independent Director	Chairman	03	02
2.	Mr. Keyoor Bakshi	Independent Director	Member	03	03
3.	Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha	Independent Director	Member	03	01
4.	Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth*	Independent Director	Member	03	03

*Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth was appointed as a Member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee w.e.f. August 24, 2022.

**Meetings attended by Video Conferencing is also included in the attendance.

During the Financial Year 2022-23, 03 (Three) meetings of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee were held on following dates:

Date(s) on which meeting(s) were held				
August 25, 2022	January 19, 2023	March 28, 2023		

Mr. Shyamal Trivedi, Sr. Vice President & Company Secretary, acts as a Secretary to the Committee.

The minutes of the NRC Meetings are reviewed by the Board and taken note of.

The roles and responsibilities of the Committee covers the area as specified in the Listing Regulations, Act and other applicable laws, if any, besides other role and powers entrusted upon it by the Board of Directors from time to time. The roles and responsibilities of the Committee include the following:

- 1. Formulating the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommending to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- 2. Formulating of criteria for evaluation of the performance of the Independent Directors and the Board;
- 3. Recommend to the Board the appointment or re-appointment of Director;
- 4. Recommend to the Board the appointment of Key Managerial Personnel;
- 5. Devising a policy on Board diversity;
- 6. Specify methodology for effective evaluation of performance of Board/ Committees/Directors either by Board, Nomination and Remuneration Committee or an Independent external agency and to review implementation of evaluation system;
- 7. Carry out the evaluation of every Director's performance and formulate criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors, Board/Committees of Board and review the term of appointment of Independent Directors on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors;
- 8. Identifying persons who qualify to become Directors or who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, recommending to the Board their appointment and removal, and carrying out evaluations of every Director's performance;
- 9. Determining whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the Independent Director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors;
- 10. Analysing, monitoring and reviewing various human resource and compensation matters;
- 11. Determining the Company's policy on specific remuneration packages for Executive Directors including pension rights and any compensation payment, and determining remuneration packages of such directors;
- 12. Recommending to the Board all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to Senior Management;
- 13. Reviewing and approving compensation strategy from time to time in the context of the then current Indian market in accordance with applicable laws;
- 14. Performing such functions as are required to be performed by the compensation committee under the ESOP and other Regulations;
- 15. Suggesting to Board/ shareholder's changes in the Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOP) and Stock Appreciation Rights (SAR);

- 16. Deciding the terms and conditions of ESOP and SAR;
- 17. Identifying familiarization and training programs for the Board to ensure that Non-Executive Directors are provided adequate information regarding the operations of the business, the industry and their duties and legal responsibilities;
- 18. Performing such other activities as may be delegated by the Board of Directors and/or specified/provided under the Act or Listing Regulations or by any other regulatory authority; and
- 19. Any other terms of reference as per the provisions of the act and listing regulations (including any other amendments thereto).

Nomination and Remuneration Policy:

The Company has formulated a Nomination and Remuneration Policy which indicates criteria for making payment to Non-Executive Directors. As per the said Policy, the remuneration/ commission paid to Non-Executive Directors shall be in accordance with the statutory provisions of the Act, and the rules made thereunder for the time being in force. The Non-Executive/Independent Directors may receive remuneration by way of sitting fees for attending meetings of Board or Committees thereof. Provided that the amount of such fees shall not exceed the maximum amount as provided in the Act per meeting of the Board or Committees.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company has been uploaded on the Company's website and can be accessed at: <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies</u>.

Performance Evaluation:

Upon recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee the Board of Directors has laid down the process, format, attributes and criteria for performance evaluation of the Board of the Company, its Committees and the individual Board members, including Independent Directors. On the basis of performance evaluation of Independent Directors, it is determined whether to extend or continue their term of appointment, whenever their respective term expires.

The Independent Directors at their separate meeting reviewed the performance of the Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole, Chairperson of the Company, and also took into consideration the views of the Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors, the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company management and the Board.

The Directors were satisfied with the evaluation results, which reflected the overall engagement of the Board and its Committees with the Company.

The performance evaluation process for the financial year 2022-23 has been completed.

Details of Remuneration:

Remuneration to Non-Executive Directors (including Independent Directors):

The Non-Executive Directors of the Company are paid remuneration by way of sitting fees.

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Company paid sitting fees to the Directors for attending meetings of the Board/Committee.

The Company has also taken a Directors' & Officers' Liability Insurance Policy.

• Remuneration to Executive Directors:

The Board in consultation with the Nomination and Remuneration Committee decides the remuneration structure for Executive Directors etc. On the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Remuneration payable is approved by the Board of Directors and by the members in the General Meeting in terms of provisions applicable from time to time.

Details of remuneration paid to Directors for the Financial Year 2022-23 is as under:

(Rs. In Million)

Designation	Sitting fees	Salary & Perquisites	a · ·	
		Salary & Ferquisites	Commission	Total
Non-Executive Chairman	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.17
Managing Director	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Executive Director	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Independent Director	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.24
Independent Director	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.20
Independent Director	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.23
Independent Director	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.16
	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
-	Managing Director Executive Director Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director	Managing Director0.00Executive Director0.00Independent Director0.24Independent Director0.20Independent Director0.23Independent Director0.16	Managing Director0.000.00Executive Director0.000.00Independent Director0.240.00Independent Director0.200.00Independent Director0.230.00Independent Director0.160.00	Managing Director 0.00 0.00 0.00 Executive Director 0.00 0.00 0.00 Independent Director 0.24 0.00 0.00 Independent Director 0.20 0.00 0.00 Independent Director 0.23 0.00 0.00 Independent Director 0.16 0.00 0.00

No Stock Option has been offered to the Directors during the Financial Year 2022-23.

The Executive Directors are not being paid sitting fees for attending meetings of the Board of Directors and its committees. The Company has no pecuniary relationship with Non- Executive Independent Directors except for payment of sitting fees for attending meetings of the Board/Committees thereof.

4. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE:

The role of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee ("CSR") is governed by its Policy and its composition is in compliance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Act and rules made thereunder.

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Company comprises of 3 Directors comprising of 2 Non-Executive Independent Directors and 1 Managing Director.

As on March 31, 2023, Mr. Sunil Bhagat is the CSR Officer of the Committee.

The Composition of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company along with the details of the meetings attended by the members of the Committee during the Financial Year 2022-23 is detailed below:

~ •		e .	Nature of	Meeting (s) Details	
Sr. No.	Name of Members	Category	Membership	Entitle to attend	Attended*
1.	Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth	Independent Director	Chairperson	01	01
2.	Mr. Vishal Mehta	Managing Director	Member	01	01
3.	Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha	Independent Director	Member	01	01

Date(s) on which meeting(s) were held				
August 04, 2022				
The minutes of the CSR Meetings are reviewed by the Board and taken note of.				

The role of CSR Committee is as under:

- a. Formulate and recommend to the Board, a CSR Policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII in compliance with the Act and rules thereunder and review thereof;
- b. Formulate and recommend to the Board, an annual action plan in pursuance to CSR Policy.
- c. Recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities;
- d. Monitor the implementation of framework of CSR Policy of the Company from time to time;
- e. Submit annual report of CSR activities to the Board;
- f. Review and monitor all CSR projects; and
- g. Such other activities as the Board of Directors may determine from time to time.

A CSR Policy indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Act and the CSR Expenditure thereon. The CSR policy of the Company is available on the website of the Company <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies</u>.

5. **RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE:**

The composition of the Committee is in conformity with the Listing Regulations, with majority of members being Directors of the Company.

The Committee is required to lay down the procedures to inform to the Board about the risk assessment and minimisation procedures and the Board shall be responsible for framing, implementing and monitoring the risk management plan of the Company.

The Composition of the Risk Management Committee as at March 31, 2023 is as under:

6 N.a	Name of Member	C -t	Notice - 6 March	Meeting (s) Details		
Sr. NO.	Sr. No. Name of Member Category	Nature of Membership	Entitle to attend	Attended		
1	Mr. Vishal Mehta	Managing Director	Chairman	02	02	
2	Mr. Ajit Mehta	Non-Executive Director	Member	02	02	
3	Mr. Roopkishan Dave	Independent Director	Member	02	00	
4	Mr. Sunil Bhagat	Chief Financial Officer	Member	02	02	

During the Financial Year 2022-23, 02 (Two) meetings of the Risk Management Committee were held on following dates:

Date(s) on which meeting(s) were held

July 07, 2022

January 02, 2023

The role of Risk Management Committee is as under:

- To approve and review the risk treatment plans put in place by management;
- To formulate a detailed risk management policy which shall include:
 - a. A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the listed entity, in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee.
 - b. Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks.
 - c. Business continuity plan.
- To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company;
- To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems including but not limited to cyber security and related risks;
- To periodically review the risk management policy, at least once in two years, by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity;
- To keep the Board of Directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken;
- The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Risk Officer (if any) shall be subject to review by the Risk Management Committee;
- To review and approve Company's risk appetite and tolerance with respect to line of business;
- To obtain reasonable assurance from management that all known and emerging risks has been identified and mitigated and managed; and
- To carry out any other function as is referred by the Board from time to time or enforced by any statutory notification/ amendment or modification as may be applicable.

6. SECURITIES ALLOTMENT COMMITTEE:

During the year under review, your Company had constituted a Securities Allotment Committee to issue and allot Equity Shares and/or any Convertible securities of the Company to the shareholders.

The Composition of the Securities Allotment Committee as at March 31, 2023 is as under:

Sr No	r. No. Name of Member Category	•	Nature of	Meeting (s) Details	
Sr. No.		Membership	Entitle to attend	Attended	
1 Mr. Vishal Mehta Managing Director		Chairman	1	1	
2	Mr. Vishwas Patel	Executive Director	Member	1	1
3	Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha	Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha Independent Director		1	0
4	Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth	Independent Director	Member	1	1

October 07, 2022

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

A senior management team consists of core member of the management team, which are leading and managing a team of employees, providing guidance and support as needed. The Profile of the Senior Management is available on the website of the Company at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/</u> There has no change in the senior management team since close of the previous Financial Year.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

As on March 31, 2023, Your Company does not have a material subsidiary Company in terms of Regulation 16 of the Listing Regulations. A synopsis of the minutes of the Board Meetings of the Subsidiary Companies are placed at the Board meeting of your Company on a periodical basis. The Audit Committee reviews the Financial Statements including investments by the unlisted subsidiary Companies.

The Policy for determining "material" subsidiaries has been placed on the website of your Company i.e. <u>https://www.ia.ooo/</u> <u>code-of-conduct-policies</u>

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

a. Details of last three Annual General Meetings of the Company are given below:

Financial Year	Date	Time	Venue	Whether any Special Resolution Passed
2019-20	September 30, 2020	09.30 a.m.	Meeting conducted through VC / OAVM pursuant to the MCA and SEBI Circular(s)	Yes Special Resolutions: a. Approval pursuant to Section 185 of the Companies Act 2013
2020-21	September 23, 2021	10.00 a.m.	Meeting conducted through VC / OAVM pursuant to the MCA and SEBI Circular(s)	Yes Special Resolutions: a. Adoption of new set of Clause III (B) of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.
2021-22	September 23, 2022	11.00 a.m.	Meeting conducted through VC / OAVM pursuant to the MCA and SEBI Circular(s)	 Yes Special Resolutions: a. Re-appointment of Mr. Vishal Mehta (DIN: 03093563) as the Managing Director of the Company. b. Re-appointment of Mr. Vishwas Patel (DIN: 00934823 as an Executive Director of the Company. c. Re-appointment of Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha (DIN 00484132) as an Independent Director of the Company d. Issuance of Fully Convertible Warrants on a Preferentia Issue basis. e. Approval pursuant to Section 185 of the Companies Act 2013.

b. Whether special resolutions were put through postal ballot last year, details of voting pattern:

During the year under review, no resolution was passed through Postal Ballot.

c. Whether any special resolution is proposed to be conducted through postal ballot:

No Special Resolution is proposed to be passed through Postal Ballot as on the date of this Report.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

Effective communication of information is an essential component of Corporate Governance. It is a process of sharing information to all stakeholders which strengthens relations between management and stakeholders. The Company regularly interacts with shareholders through multiple channels of communications. We have established robust procedures to disseminate relevant information in a planned manner to our Shareholders, analysts, employees and the society at large. The details of the means of communication are given below:

1. Publication of quarterly results:

Quarterly, Half-yearly and Annual Financial Results of the Company are sent to the Stock Exchanges and published in the leading English and vernacular language newspapers (viz., Financial Express – National Daily all editions and Financial Express – Gujarati edition). Simultaneously, they are also displayed on the Company's website and can be accessed at <u>www.ia.ooo</u>.

2. Press Releases, News Releases and Presentations to the Institutional Investors/Analysts:

Official news releases, press releases and presentations are made to the institutional investors and financial analysts on the Company's quarterly, half - yearly as well as annual financial results. These press releases, presentations and schedule of analyst or institutional investors meet are also displayed on the Company's website and can be accessed at <u>www.ia.ooo_</u>as well as sent to the Stock Exchanges. No unpublished price sensitive information is discussed in the meeting or in the presentation with institutional investors and financial analysts.

Website: 3.

The Company's website www.ia.ooo contains a separate dedicated section 'Investor Relations' where Shareholders' information is available.

4. **Annual Report:**

The Annual Report containing, inter alia, Audited Standalone Financial Statements, Audited Consolidated Financial Statements, Board's Report, Auditors' Report and other important information is circulated to the Members and others entitled thereto. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Report forms part of the Annual Report. The Company's Annual Report is also available in a downloadable form on the Company's website i.e. www.ia.ooo.

5. Stock Exchange(s):

The Company makes timely disclosures of necessary information to the BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited in terms of the Listing Regulations and other rules and regulations issued by the SEBI.

NEAPS (NSE Electronic Application Processing 6. System) and BSE Corporate Compliance & the Listing Centre:

NEAPS is a web-based application designed by NSE for corporates. BSE Listing is a web-based application designed by BSE for corporates. All periodical compliance filings, inter alia, financial results, Shareholding Pattern, Corporate Governance Report, Corporate Announcements, statement of investor complaints, and other such filings are in accordance with the Listing Regulations filed electronically on NEAPS/BSE Listing centre.

7. **SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES):**

The investor complaints are processed in a centralised web-based complaints redressal system. The salient features of this system are: centralised database of all complaints, online upload of Action Taken Reports (ATRs) by concerned companies and online viewing by investors of actions taken on the complaint and its current status.

8. **Exclusive email ID for investors:**

The Company has designated the email id ir@ia.ooo exclusively for investor servicing.

GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Company Registration Details: (i)

The Company is registered in the State of Gujarat, India. The Corporate Identity Number (CIN) allotted to the Company by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) is L64203GI2010PLC061366.

(ii) Annual General Meeting:

Date : September 26, 2023

- Day : Tuesday
- Time : 11:00 a.m.
- Place: Meeting is being conducted through VC/OAVM pursuant to the relevant MCA Circular(s) and SEBI Circular(s) and hence there is no requirement to have a venue for the AGM. For more details please refer to the Notice of this AGM.

(iii) Financial Calendar:

Financial Year		April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	
Tentative Schedule for declaration of results during the Financial Year 2023-24		- //	
First Quarter	:	On or before August 14, 2023	
Second Quarter and Half yearly	:	On or before November 14, 2023	
Third Quarter and Nine Months	:	On or before February 14, 2024	
Fourth Quarter and Annual	:	On or before May 30, 2024	
(iv) Record Date	:	September 19, 2023	
(v) Dividend Payment Date	:	On or before October 25, 2023	

Financial Year	Type of dividend	Amount of Dividend per Share	Date of declaration	Due date for transfer to IEPF
2017 10	Interim	0.10	February 14, 2018	March 22, 2025
2017-18	Final	0.10	September 29, 2018	November 4, 2025
2019-20	Interim	0.10	October 25, 2019	November 30, 2026
2020-21	Final	0.05	September 23, 2021	October 29 , 2028
2021-22	Interim	0.05	January 31, 2022	March 08, 2029

Dividends declared in the past -

• Unclaimed Dividend

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124(5) of the Act, if the dividend transferred to the Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer then such unclaimed or unpaid dividend shall be transferred by the Company along with interest accrued, if any, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ('the IEPF'), a fund established under sub-section (1) of section 125 of the Act. The details of unclaimed/unpaid dividend are available on the website of the Company viz. www.ia.ooo.

During the year under review, the Company has not transferred any Unclaimed Dividend to IEPF.

• Mandatory Transfer of Shares to Demat Account of IEPFA in case of unpaid/ unclaimed dividend on shares for a consecutive period of seven years

In terms of Section 124(6) of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, (as amended from time to time) shares on which dividend has not been paid or claimed by a Shareholder for a period of seven consecutive years or more shall be credited to the Demat Account of IEPFA within a period of thirty days of such shares becoming due to be so transferred. Upon transfer of such shares, all benefits (like bonus, etc.), if any, accruing on such shares shall also be credited to such Demat Account and the voting rights on such shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner claims the Equity Shares. Shares which are transferred to the Demat Account of IEPFA by following the procedure prescribed under the aforesaid rules. Therefore, it is in the interest of shareholders to regularly claim the dividends declared by the Company.

Consequent to the above, during the Financial Year 2022-23, none of the Equity Shares of the Company were transferred to the IEPFA.

(vi) Dividend Distribution Policy:

As per Regulation 43A of the Listing Regulations, the top 1000 listed companies shall formulate a Dividend Distribution Policy. Accordingly, the policy was adopted to set out the parameters and circumstances that will be taken into account by the Board in determining the distribution of dividend to its shareholders and/or retaining profits earned by the Company. The Dividend Distribution Policy of the Company is available on the website of the Company at https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies.

(vii) Listing on Stock Exchanges:

Sr. No.	Name of Stock Exchange(s)	Stock Code (s)	ISIN for Depositories	
1.	BSE Limited (BSE) Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001	539807		
2.	National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051	INFIBEAM	INE483S01020	

Your Company has paid the listing fees to BSE and NSE for the Financial Year 2023-24.

(viii) Market Price Data:

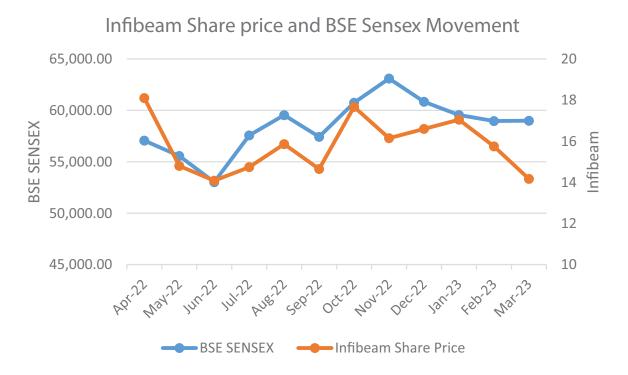
The monthly high and low prices and volumes of your Company's shares at BSE and NSE for the year ended March 31, 2023 are as under:

		BSE			NSE	
Months	High (In ₹)	Low (In ₹)	Volume (No. of Shares)	High (In ₹)	Low (In ₹)	Volume (No. of Shares)
2022	_			_		
April	20.80	17.40	1,03,11,190	20.80	17.40	7,38,58,914
May	18.20	12.50	1,38,07,093	18.30	12.50	9,54,99,790
June	15.64	12.91	59,68,413	15.70	12.90	4,11,95,357
July	15.09	12.99	59,94,376	15.15	12.95	5,79,07,576
August	17.25	14.45	1,23,80,193	17.35	14.50	11,31,46,764
September	17.45	13.70	1,39,44,097	17.45	13.85	8,84,08,340
October	20.22	13.80	3,21,79,943	20.25	14.00	17,38,27,881
November	19.40	15.70	2,09,14,459	19.40	15.70	16,66,86,461
December	20.30	14.40	3,05,12,192	20.35	14.40	28,28,37,848
2023						
January	18.90	15.20	2,97,21,691	18.90	15.25	36,14,61,427
February	17.65	15.25	2,13,03,230	17.65	15.25	41,16,04,055
March	16.68	12.85	2,42,98,834	16.70	12.85	17,71,68,577

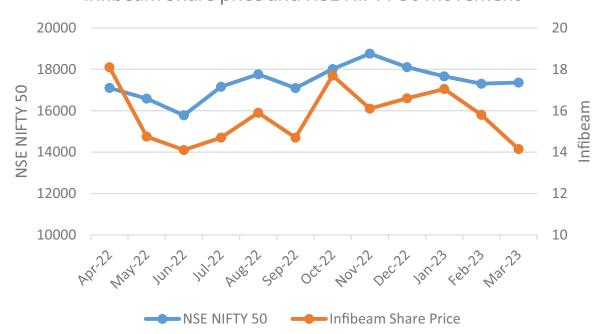
(Source: BSE and NSE website)

(ix) Performance of the Share price of the Company in comparison to the BSE SENSEX and NSE NIFTY:

The chart below shows the comparison of the Company's share price movement vis-à-vis the movement of the BSE SENSEX and NSE Nifty for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 (based on month end closing):







(x) In case the securities of the Company are suspended from trading, the reasons thereof

The Securities of the Company are not suspended from trading on the stock exchanges where the Company is listed.

(xi) Registrars & Transfer Agent

Registrars and Share Transfer Agents (RTA) for both Physical and Demat Segment of Equity Shares of the Company:

Link Intime India Private Limited

C-101, 247 Park L.B.S. Marg, Vikroli (West), Mumbai- 400 083 Toll-free number : 1800 1020 878 E-mail: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in Website: www.linkintime.co.in

5th Floor, 506 to 508, Amarnath Business Centre-1 (ABC -1), Beside Gala Business Centre, Near St. Xavier's College Corner, Off C.G. Road, Ahmedabad - 380 006 Tel: 079 - 2646 5179 E-mail: ahmedabad@linkintime.co.in Website: www.linkintime.co.in

(xii) Distribution of Shareholding as on March 31, 2023:

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	No. of Share Holders		No. of Shares	
Shareholding (No. of Shares)	Number	% of Total	Shares	% of Total
Upto – 500	1,63,761	66.31	2,45,72,555	0.92
501 – 1000	33,395	13.52	2,73,08,613	1.02
1001 - 2000	22,920	9.28	3,68,50,569	1.38
2001 – 3000	7,308	2.96	1,88,42,272	0.70
3001 - 4000	5,064	2.05	1,89,56,728	0.71
4001 - 5000	2,969	1.20	1,40,74,150	0.52
5001 -10000	6,045	2.45	4,54,68,973	1.70
10001 and above	5,500	2.23	2,49,17,07,322	93.05
Total	2,46,962	100.00	2,67,77,81,182	100.00

(xiii) Category of Shareholders as on March 31, 2023:

Category	No. of Shares held	% of Shareholding
Promoters & Promoter's group	82,00,74,551	30.63
Foreign Portfolio Investors	17,30,10,042	6.46
Alternate Investment Funds	1,70,000	0.01
Mutual Funds	16,19,473	0.06
LLP	2,31,59,540	0.86
Bodies Corporate	21,87,52,794	8.17
Foreign Company	1,22,22,222	0.46
NRI	5,60,30,267	2.09
Individual	83,57,40,113	31.21
Directors and their relatives (excluding independent directors and nominee directors)	41,13,56,342	15.36
Key Managerial Personnel	14,41,360	0.05
HUF	10,46,79,929	3.91
Trusts	68,60,920	0.26
Clearing Member	3,11,987	0.01
NBFCs registered with RBI	40,000	0.00
Employee Benefit Trust	1,23,11,642	0.46
Total	2,67,77,81,182	100.00

(xiv) Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any Convertible Instruments, Conversion Date and likely impact on Equity:

As on March 31, 2023, your Company has outstanding 9,50,00,000 Fully Convertible Warrants allotted to Vybe Ventures LLP (other than the Promoters and Promoter Group) on Preferential Issue basis with a right to the warrant holder to apply for and be allotted 1 (one) Equity Share of Re. 1/- each of the Company at an issue price of Rs. 17/- per share (including, a premium of Rs. 16/- per share), for each warrant, within a period of 18 months from the date of allotment i.e. October 07, 2022 of the said warrants.

Apart from the aforementioned, your Company does not have any outstanding GDRs/ ADRs/ Warrants/Convertible Instruments as on March 31, 2023.

(xv) Employee Stock Options:

During the year under review, 14,70,720 Equity Shares have been allotted under Employee Stock Options Scheme(s). Particulars with regard to Employees' Stock Options are put up on the Company's website i.e. <u>www.ia.ooo</u>.

(xvi) Share Transfer System:

In terms of Regulation 40(1) of Listing Regulations, as amended from time to time, securities can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. Further, SEBI had fixed March 31, 2021 as the cut-off date for re-lodgement of transfer deeds and the shares that are re-lodged for transfer shall be issued only in dematerialised mode. The requests for effecting transfer/ transmission/ transposition of securities shall not be processed unless the securities are held in the dematerialised form. Transfers of equity shares in electronic form are effected through the depositories with no involvement of the Company. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form. To expedite the transfer / transmission of shares held in physical mode the powers to authorise transfers have been delegated to specified officials of the RTA and Company. The details of transfers / transmission approved by the delegates, if any are noted by the Stakeholders Relationship Committee at its next meeting.

During the year under review, the Company had obtained following certificate(s) from Practising Company Secretary and submitted the same to the stock exchanges within stipulated time:

- 1. Certificate confirming due compliance of share transfer formalities by the Company pursuant to Regulation 40(9) of the SEBI Listing Regulations for year ended March 31, 2023; and
- 2. Certificate regarding Reconciliation of the Share Capital audit of the Company on quarterly basis.

(xvii) Dematerialisation of Shares and Liquidity:

Equity shares of the Company can be traded only in electronic mode by all the investors. The Company has entered into an agreement and established connectivity with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL).

99.92% of the Equity Shares have been dematerialised as on March 31, 2023. Under the Depository System, the International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to the Company's shares is INE483S01020.

The Company's shares are frequently traded on the 'BSE Limited' and the 'National Stock Exchange of India Limited'.

The shareholders holding shares in physical form are requested to dematerialize their shares for safeguarding their holdings and managing the same hassle free. Shareholders are accordingly requested to get in touch with any of the Depository Participant(s) registered with SEBI to open a Demat account.

Transactions involving issue of share certificates, namely, issuance of duplicate share certificates, split, rematerialisation, consolidation and renewal of share certificates etc. should be addressed to RTA of the Company at the address given above and the same are approved by the Stakeholders Relationship Committee.

Pursuant to SEBI circular dated January 25, 2022, securities of the Company shall be issued in dematerialized form only while processing service requests in relation to issue of duplicate securities certificate, renewal / exchange of securities certificate, endorsement, sub-division / splitting of securities certificate, consolidation of securities certificates/folios, transmission and transposition.

In terms of the said circular the necessary forms for processing the above requests are available on the website of the Company i.e. <u>www.ia.ooo</u>. Shareholders holding shares in physical form are advised to avail the facility of dematerialisation. Shareholders may communicate with Link Intime India Private Limited, the Company's Registrars & Share Transfer Agent quoting their folio number or Depository Participant ID and Client ID number, for any queries relating to their securities. Members holding Equity Shares of the Company in physical form are requested to kindly get their Equity Shares converted into demat/ electronic form to get inherent benefits of dematerialisation and also considering that physical transfer of equity shares/ issuance of equity shares in physical form have been disallowed by SEBI.

The prescribed process for dealing with the above requests has been advised to the shareholders holding shares in physical form vide our separate communication on this. The shareholders holding shares in physical form are requested to refer to the same. In terms of the circular, the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents are required to issue a letter of confirmation upon processing of investor requests in lieu of physical share certificates and the same is required to be dematerialized by the shareholder or claimant within 120 days of the issue of letter of confirmation. In case the shareholders or claimant fails to submit a demat request within the aforesaid 120 days, the shares would be credited to a Suspense Escrow Demat Account opened by the Company. The Company shall issue shares from Suspense Escrow Demat Account as and when the shareholder or claimant approaches the Company.

In view of the above, we urge the shareholders holding shares in physical form are requested to dematerialize their shares for safeguarding their holdings and managing the same hassle free. Shareholders are accordingly requested to get in touch with any of the Depository Participant(s) registered with SEBI to open a Demat account.

The said measure of SEBI is aimed at curbing fraud and manipulation risk in physical transfer of securities by unscrupulous entities. Transfer of securities in demat form will improve ease, convenience and safety of transactions for investors.

(xviii) Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities:

The Company manages foreign exchange risk and hedges to the extent considered necessary as and when required. The Company does not deal in commodities and hence the disclosure pursuant to SEBI Circular dated November 15, 2018 and any other circular is not required to be given.

(xix) Plant Locations: Not Applicable

(xx) Address for Correspondence:

For any queries relating to the shares of your Company, correspondence may please be addressed to **Link Intime India Private Limited** at:

5th Floor, 506 to 508, Amarnath Business Centre-1 (ABC -1), Beside Gala Business Centre, Near St. Xavier's College Corner, Off C.G. Road, Ahmedabad - 380 006 Tel: 079 - 2646 5179 E-mail: <u>ahmedabad@linkintime.co.in</u> Website: www.linkintime.co.in

For the benefit of shareholders, documents will continue to be accepted at the following Registered Office of the Company:

Infibeam Avenues Limited

CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366 28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road – 5C, Zone - 5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar-382 355, Gujarat, India Tel: +91 79 6777 2204 Fax: +91 79 6777 2205 E-mail: ir@ia.ooo Website: www.ia.ooo

Compliance Officer: Mr. Shyamal Trivedi, Sr. Vice President & Company Secretary

(xxi) Credit Ratings:

The Company has not issued any debt instruments during the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

During the year under review, at the request of the Company, ICRA Limited ("ICRA") had withdrawn its rating as there were no Long term fund based facilities outstanding under the said rating.

OTHER DISCLOSURES

(i) Related Party Transactions:

There were no material Related Party Transactions having potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large during the Financial Year 2022-23. All the transactions entered into by your Company with related parties, during the Financial Year 2022-23, were in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. The details of the related party transactions are set out in the Notes to Financial Statements forming part of this Annual Report.

Also, the Related Party Transactions undertaken by your Company were in compliance with the provisions set out in the Act and Regulation 23 of the Listing Regulations.

The policy on related party transactions has been placed on the Company's website and can be accessed through the following link: <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies</u>

- (ii) In the preparation of the financial statements, the Company has followed the accounting policies and practices as prescribed in the Accounting Standards.
- (iii) Details of non-compliance by the Company, penalties, strictures imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchange(s) or SEBI or any statutory authority on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years: **Not applicable**.

(iv) Whistle Blower Policy:

The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy and Prevention of Sexual Harassment Policy, has established the necessary vigil mechanism and procedures and it affirms that no personnel has been denied access to the Audit Committee. The said policies are also posted on the website of the Company at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/</u> <u>code-of-conduct-policies</u>.

The Company has also adopted Policy on Determination of Materiality for Disclosures, Policy on Archival of Documents and Policy for Preservation of Documents. The said policies have been displayed on the website of the Company at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conductpolicies</u>.

(v) Adoption of Mandatory and Non-Mandatory Requirements

The Company has complied with all mandatory requirements of Regulation 34 of the Listing Regulations. The Company has also adopted the following non-mandatory requirements of Regulation 27 and Regulation 34 of the Listing Regulations:

- a. The Internal Auditor reports to the Audit Committee.
- b. The auditors' reports on statutory financial statements of the Company are with an unmodified opinion.
- c. The quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial results of the Company are published in the newspapers and also posted on the Company's website i.e. <u>www.ia.ooo</u>. The same are also available on the websites of stock exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed i.e. <u>www.bseindia.com</u> and <u>www.nseindia.com</u>.

(vi) Details of preferential allotment or qualified institutional placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A) of the Listing Regulations:

Upon receipt of 25% of the issue price of the Warrants, the Company had allotted 9,50,00,000 (Nine Crore Fifty Lakhs) Fully Convertible Warrants ("Warrants"), at Rs. 17/- per Warrant (including a premium of Rs. 16/- per Warrant) for cash consideration to Vybe Ventures LLP through preferential issue. The amount raised through Preferential Issue has been utilized as per the Objects specified in the Explanatory Statement of AGM Notice dated August 25, 2022. Within 18 months from the date of allotment, the said warrants will be convertible into the Equity Share of Face Value of Re. 1/- each after receiving the balance amount i.e. 75% of the issue price of the Warrant.

(vii) Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary:

Mr. Ashish C. Doshi, Partner of SPANJ & Associates, Company Secretaries, has issued a certificate as required under the Listing Regulations, confirming that none of the directors on the board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified by the Board/MCA or any such statutory authority from being appointed or are continuing as directors of companies. The certificate regarding the aforesaid compliance is enclosed in this section.

(viii) Where the board had not accepted any recommendation of any committee of the board which is mandatorily required, in the relevant financial year:

Not Applicable

(ix) Remuneration to Statutory Auditors:

As required under Regulation 34 read with Part C of the Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, the Total Fees paid by the Company and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/ entity of which the statutory auditor is a part are as under:

Type of Services	Amount (Rs. in Million)
Audit Fee	3.56
Limited Review Fee	4.76
Certification charges	0.16
Out of Pocket Fees reimbursement	0.02
Total	8.49

(x) Disclosure relating to Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

Your Company has zero tolerance for sexual harassment at its workplace and has adopted a policy on prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment at the workplace in line with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder for prevention and redressal of complaints of sexual harassment at workplace. The policy is also available on the website of the Company at https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies.

The Company has in place an effective mechanism for dealing with complaints relating to sexual harassment at workplace. The details relating to the number of complaints received and disposed of during the Financial Year 2022-23 are as under:

Number of complaints filed during the financial year	0
Number of complaints disposed of during the financial year	NA
Number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year	NA

(xi) The Company has complied with corporate governance requirements specified in Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of the Listing Regulations.

(xii) Direct credit of Dividend:

The Company provides the facility of direct credit of the dividend to the member's bank account. Listing Regulations also mandate Companies to credit the dividend to the members electronically. Members are therefore urged to avail of this facility to ensure safe and speedy credit of their dividend into their Bank account.

Payment of dividend through electronic mode has following advantages:

- Shareholder need not make frequent visits to his bank for depositing the physical warrants;
- Prompt credit to the bank account of the shareholder through electronic clearing. This would also reduce the amount of unclaimed dividend being transferred to IEPF.
- Fraudulent encashment of warrant is avoided;
- Delay/loss in postal transit is avoided.

(xiii) Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading:

The Board has adopted a code for the Prevention of Insider Trading in the securities of the Company. The Code inter alia requires pre-clearance from Designated Persons for dealing in the securities of the Company as per the criteria specified therein and prohibits the purchase or sale of securities of the Company by Designated Persons while in possession of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information in relation to the Company besides during the period when the trading window is closed. This code has been displayed on the Company's website at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/codeof-conduct-policies</u>.

Further, Your Company is in compliance with regulation 3(5) & 3(6) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.

(xiv) Policy and procedure for inquiry in case of leak/ suspected leak of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information:

The Company has formulated the 'Policy and procedure for inquiry in case of leak / suspected leak of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information' ('UPSI'). The Policy is formulated to maintain ethical standards in dealing with sensitive information of the Company by persons who have access to UPSI. The rationale of the Policy is to strengthen the internal control systems to ensure that the UPSI is not communicated to any person except in accordance with the Insider Trading Regulations. The Policy also provides an investigation procedure in case of leak/suspected leak of UPSI. The Policy is also available on the website of the Company at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies</u>.

(xv) Code of Conduct:

The Company has laid down a Code of Conduct for the Members of Board of Directors and Senior

(xix) Equity Shares in the Suspense Account:

Management Personnel. This code has been displayed on the Company's website at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/codeof-conduct-policies</u>.

(xvi) Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit:

As required by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), quarterly audit of the Company's share capital is being carried out by a Practicing Company Secretary to reconcile the total admitted capital with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) (collectively Depositories) and held in physical form, with the total issued and listed capital. The Certificate confirming the same is submitted to BSE and the NSE on a quarterly basis.

(xvii)CEO/CFO Certification:

As required under Regulation 17(8) of the Listing Regulations, the CEO/CFO certificate for the Financial Year 2022-23 signed by Mr. Vishal Mehta, Managing Director and Mr. Sunil Bhagat, Chief Financial Officer was placed before the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on May 25, 2023.

(xviii) Annual Secretarial Compliance Report:

SEBI vide its Circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/27/2019 dated February 8, 2019 read with Regulation 24(A) of the Listing Regulations, directed listed entities to conduct Annual Secretarial compliance audit from a Practicing Company Secretary of all applicable SEBI Regulations and circulars/guidelines issued thereunder. The said Secretarial Compliance Report is in addition to the Secretarial Audit Report by Practicing Company Secretaries under Form MR – 3 and is required to be submitted to Stock Exchanges within 60 days of the end of the Financial Year.

The Company has submitted the Annual Secretarial Compliance Report to the Stock Exchanges.

In accordance with the requirement of Regulation 34(3) and Part F of Schedule V to the SEBI Listing Regulations, details of Equity Shares in the suspense account are as follows:

Particulars	No. of Shareholders	No. of Equity Shares
Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying as on April, 2022	01	150
Shareholders who approached the Company for transfer of shares from suspense account during the year	0	0
Shareholders to whom shares were transferred from the suspense account during the year	0	0
Shareholders whose shares are transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority as per Section 124 of the Act	0	0
Number of Shares Transferred to Suspense Account during the year	0	0
Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying as on March 31, 2023	01	150

The Voting rights on these shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares.

The rightful owner can still claim his/ her shares from the suspense account after complying with the procedure laid down in the statute regarding the same.

(xx) Disclosure by listed entity and its Subsidiaries of Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/ Companies in which Directors are interested:

The Company has not given any loans or advances to any firm / company in which its directors are interested. Loans granted to subsidiaries are given in notes to the Financial Statement.

(xxi) Details of material subsidiaries of the listed entity; including the date and place of incorporation and the name and date of appointment of the statutory auditors of such subsidiaries.

During the F.Y 2022-23, the Company did not have any material subsidiary Company in terms of Listing Regulations.

(xxii)Disclosure of certain types of agreements binding listed entities.

During the F.Y 2022-23, there was no any binding agreement entered into.

(xxiii)Others:

A. Non-resident shareholders:

Non-resident shareholders are requested to immediately notify:

- a. Change in their residential status on return to India for permanent settlement; and
- b. Particulars of their Non Resident Rupee Account, whether repatriable or not, with a bank in India, if not furnished earlier.

B. Updation of shareholders details:

1. Shareholders holding shares in physical form are requested to notify the changes to the Company/ its RTA, promptly by a written request under the signatures of sole/first joint holder; and

Place: Gandhinagar Date: August 08, 2023

- 2. Any service request shall be entertained by RTA only upon registration of the PAN, Bank Account details and Nomination.
- 3. Shareholders holding shares in electronic form are requested to send their instructions directly to their DPs.
- **C.** Shareholders are requested to keep record of their specimen signature before lodgement of shares with the Company to obviate possibility of difference in signature at a later date.

D. Nomination of Shares:

Section 72 of the Act extends nomination facility to individuals holding shares in physical form in companies. Shareholders, in particular, those holding shares in single name, may avail of the above facility by furnishing the particulars of their nominations in the prescribed Form No. SH-13 annexed to this report or download the same from the Company's website i.e. www.ia.ooo.

E. Email Id registration:

To support the green initiative, shareholders are requested to register their email address with their DPs or with the Company's RTA, as the case may be. Communications in relation to Company like Dividend credit intimations, Notice of AGM and Annual Report are regularly sent electronically to such shareholders who have registered their email addresses.

DECLARATION

As provided under Regulation 26 (3) of the Listing Regulations and in any other provision, all Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed the compliance with the provisions of the code of conduct for the year ended on March 31, 2023.

> Vishal Mehta Chairman & Managing Director [DIN: 03093563]

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

To, The Board of Directors Infibeam Avenues Limited Gandhinagar.

We, Vishal Mehta, Managing Director and Sunil Bhagat, Chief Financial Officer of Infibeam Avenues Limited hereby certify that:

- A. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2023 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - 1. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - 2. These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. To the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the Financial Year 2022-23, which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- D. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit committee that:
 - 1. There has not been any significant change in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - 2. There has not been any significant change in accounting policies during the year; and

We are not aware of any instances of significant fraud with involvement therein, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Place: Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023 Vishal Mehta Managing Director Sunil Bhagat Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10) (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To, The Members INFIBEAM AVENUES LIMITED

CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366 Regd. Off: 28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road-5C, Zone-5, Gift City, Gandhinagar - 382355

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **INFIBEAM AVENUES LIMITED** having CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366 and having registered office at 28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road-5C, Zone-5, Gift City, Gandhinagar - 382355 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2023 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1.	Mr. Ajit Champaklal Mehta	01234707	30/06/2010
2.	Mr. Vishal Ajitbhai Mehta	03093563	30/06/2010
3.	Mr. Keyoor Madhusudan Bakshi	00133588	25/08/2014
4.	Mr. Roopkishan Sohanlal Dave	02800417	25/08/2014
5.	Ms. Vijaylaxmi Tulsidas Sheth	07129801	20/03/2015
6.	Mr. Vishwas Ambalal Patel	00934823	14/02/2018
7.	Mr. Piyushkumar Mithileshkumar Sinha	00484132	14/02/2018

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Sign: _____ ASHISH C DOSHI, PARTNER SPANJ & ASSOCIATES Company Secretaries ACS/FCS No.: F3544 COP No.: 2356 P R Certi No.: 702/2020

UDIN: F003544E000512184

Date : 21st June, 2023 Place : Ahmedabad

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Members of INFIBEAM AVENUES LIMITED {CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366} Gandhinagar.

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by **INFIBEAM AVENUES LIMITED**, for the year ended **31st March**, **2023**, as stipulated in Regulations 17-27, clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46 (2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations'), pursuant to the Listing Agreement of the Company with Stock Exchanges.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us along with documents & submissions for regulatory compliances provided for our verification and representation made by the management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of the Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Sign: _

ASHISH C DOSHI, PARTNER SPANJ & ASSOCIATES

Company Secretaries ACS/FCS No.: F3544 COP No.: 2356 P R Certi No. : 702/2020 UDIN: F003544E000512140

Date : 21st June, 2023 Place : Ahmedabad

Annexure - C

Details under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Sr. No.	Particulars	Status		
Ι	Ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median			
	remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year	Chairman	Nil	
		Managing Director	Nil	
		All other Directors	Nil	
II	Percentage increase in remuneration of each of the Director, the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Executive Officer, the Company Secretary or the Manager, if any, in the financial year	Category	% increase in remuneration in the Financial Year	
	Secretary of the Manager, in any, in the infancial year	Directors	Nil	
		Key Managerial Personnel	16%	
III	Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year	11%		
IV	Number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company	713		
V	Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration	managerial personnel in the last Financial Year was 23% a 16% for managerial personnel		
VI	Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company	It is affirmed that the remune Policy of the Company.	ration is as per the Remuneration	

NOTES:

Shares allotted under ESOP Scheme of the Company have not been included in the above. 1.

The Non-Executive Directors are paid only sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and its Committees. The 2. ratio of remuneration and percentage increase in remuneration of these Directors is therefore not considered for the above.

Annexure -D

Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON 31st MARCH, 2023 [Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members INFIBEAM AVENUES LIMITED

CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366 Regd. Off: 28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road-5C, Zone-5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar– 382355 (Gujarat)

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **INFIBEAM AVENUES LIMITED** (hereinafter called "the Company"). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives, during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2023 has complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021;
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; and
 - (i) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018

However, it has been found that there were no instances requiring compliance with the provisions of the laws indicated at point (e), (g) and (h) of para (v) mentioned hereinabove during the period under review.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with the Stock Exchange(s) and the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

VI. We further report that having regard to the compliance management system prevailing in the Company and on examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof made available to us on test-check basis, the Company has compliance management system for the sector specific laws applicable specifically to the Company.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, mentioned hereinabove subject to our observations and there is adequate compliance management system for the purpose of other sector specific laws. We have relied on the representations made by the Company and its officers for systems and mechanisms formed by the Company for compliances under other sector specific laws applicable to the Company.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act. During the year under review, Mr. Vishal Mehta (DIN: 03093563) was re-appointed as the Managing Director of the Company for further period of Five Years w.e.f. 1st February, 2023, Mr. Vishwas Patel (DIN: 00934823) was re-appointed as an Executive Director of the Company for a period of five years w.e.f. 14th August, 2023 and Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha (DIN: 00484132) was re-appointed as an Independent Director of the Company for the second term of Five Years w.e.f. 14th February, 2023.

Adequate notice were given to all the directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decisions were carried through while the dissenting members' views were captured and recorded as part of the minutes, wherever required.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company which commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable sector specific laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period of the Company, there were following events/actions having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.

- During the year under review, Company has incorporated a Wholly Owned Subsidiary, namely Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Limited in Australia.
- During the year under review, Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company in its meeting held on 8th June, 2022, had allotted 3,84,600 Equity Shares to the Employees under ESOP Scheme(s);

- During the year under review, Board of Directors of the Company passed Resolution in Board meeting dated 25th August, 2022, for Investment not exceeding Rs. 12.50 Lakhs in the Equity Shares (50%) of Vishko22 Products & Services Private Limited. Consequent to said Investment, Vishko22 became an Associate Company;
- During the year under review, Company had Increased Authorized Share Capital from Rs. 280,00,00,000 (Two hundred Eighty Crores) divided into 280,00,00,000 (Two hundred Eighty Crores) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each to Rs. 350,00,00,000 (Three Hundred Fifty Crores) divided into 350,00,00,000 (Three Hundred Fifty Crores) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each by passing necessary resolution at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 23rd September, 2022;
- During the year under review, Special resolution was passed at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 23rd September, 2022, to grant loans, in one or more tranches, to its subsidiaries, namely, Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited for an amount upto Rs. 100.00 Million, to Instant Global Paytech Private Limited for an amount upto Rs.500.00 Million and to So Hum Bharat Digital Payments Private Limited for an amount upto Rs. 50.00 Million on such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon and for their principal business activities, upto next Annual General Meeting;
- During the year under review, Board approved to transfer its 100% stake in its three international Wholly Owned Subsidiary Companies i.e. Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Limited, AI Fintech, Inc. and Infibeam Avenues Saudi Arabia for Information Systems Technology. Co to Vavian International Limited ("Vavian"), a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of the Company. Hence, above three international Wholly Owned Subsidiary Companies became Wholly Owned Subsidiaries of Vavian, based in UAE and Step Down Wholly Owned Subsidiaries of the Company;
- During the year under review, Board approved to divest its 19.00% stake in DRC Systems India Limited ("DRC") out of 29.69% stake held by the Company to its Wholly Owned Subsidiary i.e. Avenues Infinite Private Limited ("AIPL"). through off Market transaction at a total consideration of Rs. 25.70 Crores;
- During the year under review, Special resolution was passed at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 23rd September, 2022 for issuance of 9,50,00,000 Fully Convertible Warrants each convertible into, or exchangeable into equivalent number of fully Paid Up Equity Shares of the Company of Face Value of Rs. 1/- on a Preferential Issue basis each at a price of Rs. 17/-each payable in cash which may be exercised in one or more tranches during the period commencing from the date of allotment of the Warrants until expiry of 18 months, to Vybe Ventures LLP on Preferential Issue basis;
- During the year under review, Securities Allotment Committee meeting held on 7th October, 2022 has allotted 9,50,00,000 Fully Convertible Warrants to Vybe

Ventures LLP (other than the Promoters and Promoter Group) on preferential issue basis with a right to the warrant holder to apply for and be allotted 1 (one) Equity Share of Rs. 1/- each of the Company at an issue price of Rs. 17/- per share (including premium of Rs. 16/- per share), for each warrant;

• During the year under review, Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company in its

Date : 21st June, 2023 **Place:** Ahmedabad meeting held on 19th January, 2023, had allotted 10,86,120 Equity Shares to the Employees under ESOP Scheme(s);

During the year under review, Board of Director of the Company passed Resolution in Board meeting dated 6th February, 2023, to make further investment in the Subsidiary Company i.e. Instant Global Paytech Private Limited ("GoPay").

> Signature: Ashish C. Doshi, Partner SPANJ & ASSOCIATES Company Secretaries

ACS/FCS No. : F3544 C P No : 2356 P R Certi No. : 702/2020 UDIN: F003544E000512228

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

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ANNEXURE - A

To, The Members **INFIBEAM AVENUES LIMITED** CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366

Regd. Off: 28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road-5C, Zone-5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar - 382355 (Gujarat)

Sir/Ma'am,

Sub.: Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2023

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Date : 21st June, 2023 **Place:** Ahmedabad Signature: Ashish C. Doshi, Partner SPANJ & ASSOCIATES Company Secretaries

ACS/FCS No. : F3544 C P No : 2356 P R Certi No. : 702/2020 UDIN: F003544E000512228

Annexure - E

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILTY

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

The Company's CSR policy intends to focus on certain long term projects which shall include initiatives, inter alia, in the fields of education, skill development, health care, sanitation, safe drinking water, environment sustainability, women empowerment and rural development which will enable creation of a sustainable livelihood in society and better human capital culture.

The CSR policy of the Company covers the proposed CSR activities in line with Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Schedule VII thereto. The CSR Policy of the Company may be accessed on the Company's website at <u>www.ia.ooo</u>.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

Name of Director	Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
Ms. Vijaylaxmi Sheth	Chairperson	1	1
Mr. Vishal Mehta	Member	1	1
Mr. Piyushkumar Sinha	Member	1	1
N	/r. Vishal Mehta /r. Piyushkumar Sinha	As. Vijaylaxmi Sheth Chairperson Ar. Vishal Mehta Member Ar. Piyushkumar Sinha Member	DirectorshipyearAs. Vijaylaxmi ShethChairperson1Ar. Vishal MehtaMember1

Mr. Sunil Bhagat is the CSR Officer of the CSR Committee.

3. Provide the web-link(s) where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.

The composition of the CSR committee is available on our website, at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/</u> <u>CompositionofVariousCommittee.pdf</u>

The Committee, with the approval of the Board, has adopted the CSR Policy as required under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The CSR Policy of the Company is available on our website, at <u>https://www.ia.ooo/wp-content/uploads/2021/02/CSRPolicy.pdf</u>

- 4. Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable: Not Applicable
- 5. (a) Average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135. = Rs. 682.79 Millions
 - (b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135. = Rs. 13.66 Millions
 - (c) Surplus arising out of the CSR Projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years. = NIL
 - (d) Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any. = **NIL**
 - (e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d)]. = Rs. 13.66 Millions
- 6. Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project)
 - (a) Amount spent against other than ongoing project for the financial year = Rs. 15.10 Million
 - (b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads. = NIL
 - (c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable. = NIL
 - (d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)]. = Rs 15.10 Million
 - (e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

	Amount Unspent (₹ in Million)									
Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year.		ansferred to Unspent s per Section 135(6)	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Sched VII as per second proviso to Section 135(5)							
(₹ in Million)	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer					
Rs. 15.10 millions	NIL	NA	NA	NIL	NA					

(f) Excess amount for set-off, if any:

Sr. No.	Particular	Amount (₹ in Million)
(1)	(2)	(3)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135	13.66
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	15.10
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	1.44
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years, if any	0.09
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years [(iii)-(iv)]	1.53

- 7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three Financial Years: NA
- 8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: No
- 9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per subsection (5) of section 135. = NA

Vishal Mehta Chairman & Managing Director DIN : 03093563 Vijaylaxmi Sheth Chairperson, CSR Committee DIN : 07129801

Business Responsibility & Sustainability Report (BRSR)

(Pursuant to Regulation 34 (2) (f) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations")

SECTION A

GENERAL DISCLOSURES

I. Details of the listed entity

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company	L64203GJ2010PLC061366
2.	Name of the Listed Entity	Infibeam Avenues Limited
3.	Year of incorporation	2010
4.	Registered Office address	28 th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road – 5C, Zone -5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar - 382 355 Gujarat, India.
5.	Corporate Office address	28 th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road – 5C, Zone -5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar - 382 355 Gujarat, India.
6.	Website	www.ia.ooo
7.	Email id	ir@ia.ooo
8.	Telephone	+91 79 6777 2204
9.	Financial year for which reporting is being done	April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023
10.	Name of the Stock Exchange(s) where shares are listed	BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited
11.	Paid Up Capital	Rs. 2,67,77,81,182
12.	Name and contact details (telephone, email address) of the person who may be contacted in case of any queries on the BRSR report	Shyamal Trivedi, Sr. Vice President and Company Secretary Tel.: +91 79 6777 2200, Email: ir@ia.ooo
13.	Reporting boundary - Are the disclosures under this report made on a standalone basis (i.e. only for the entity) or on a consolidated basis (i.e. for the entity and all the entities which form a part of its consolidated financial statements, taken together)	The disclosures under this report have been made on a standalone basis, unless specified in any particular disclosure.

II. Product & Services

14. Details of business activities (accounting for 90% of the turnover):

	S No Description of Main Activity		Description of Business Activity	% of turnover of the entity
	1.	Financial and Insurance activities	Digital Payments and Checkout Web Services	91.67%
15.	Produ	cts/Services sold by the entity (a	ccounting for 90% of the entity's turnover)	

S No	Product /Service	NIC Code	% of the total turnover contributed
1.	Digital payment and checkout web services	62013	91.67%

III. Operations

16. Number of locations where plants and/or operations/offices of the entity are situated

Location	Number of Plants	Number of Offices	Total
National	-	7	7
International	-	4	4

17. Markets served by the entity:

a. Number of Locations: Local, State, National and International.

Number
28 States and 8 Union Territories
4

b. What is the contribution of exports as a percentage of the total turnover of the entity?

The contribution of exports as a percentage of Infibeam's Standalone Turnover is 2.56%.

c. A brief on types of customers

Infibeam works with many leading corporates, Banks and public sector undertakings. Infibeam had 9.2 million merchants at the end of March 2023. Of these, about 6.0 million merchants use company's software platforms while the remaining 3 million use company's payment platforms. Overall, more than 75% of the merchants are MSME merchants. The merchants are spread across the length and breadth of India. A little over 5,000 merchants, including large enterprises and MSME are located outside India as well, largely in the UAE.

IV. Employees

18. Details as at the end of Financial Year:

a. Employees and workers (including differently abled):

	Total	Male		Female	
Particulars	(A)	No. (b)	%(B/A)	No. (C)	%(C/A)
ees					
Permanent (D)	713	539	76%	174	24%
Other than Permanent (E)	-	-	-	-	-
otal Employees (D + E)	713	539	76%	174	24%
5					
Permanent (F)	-	-	-	-	-
Other than Permanent (G)	-	-	-	-	-
otal Employees (F + G)					
S P C C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C C C C C C C C C C C C C	ermanent (F) ther than Permanent (G)	ermanent (F) - cher than Permanent (G) -	ermanent (F) ther than Permanent (G)	ermanent (F) cher than Permanent (G)	ermanent (F)

b. Differently Abled Employees & Workers

	Total	Ма	ale	Fen	nale
Particulars	(A)	No. (B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)
ently Abled Employees					
Permanent (D)	1	1	100%	-	-
Other than Permanent (E)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Employees (D + E)	1	1	100%	-	-
rently Abled Workers					
Permanent (F)	-	-	-	-	-
Other than Permanent (G)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Employees (F + G)	-	-	-	-	-
	······································	Particulars (A) rently Abled Employees 1 Permanent (D) 1 Other than Permanent (E) - Total Employees (D + E) 1 rently Abled Workers 1 Permanent (F) - Other than Permanent (G) -	Particulars Iotal (A) No. (B) rently Abled Employees 1 Permanent (D) 1 1 Other than Permanent (E) - - Total Employees (D + E) 1 1 rently Abled Workers - - Permanent (F) - - Other than Permanent (G) - -	Particulars(A)No. (B)% (B/A)rently Abled EmployeesPermanent (D)11100%Other than Permanent (E)Total Employees (D + E)11100%rently Abled WorkersPermanent (F)Other than Permanent (G)	Particulars International (A) No. (B) % (B/A) No. (C) rently Abled Employees 1 1 100% - Permanent (D) 1 1 100% - Other than Permanent (E) - - - - Total Employees (D + E) 1 1 100% - rently Abled Workers - - - - Permanent (F) - - - - Other than Permanent (G) - - - -

19 Participation/Inclusion/Representation of Women

(A)	No.(B)	% (B/A)
7	4	
/		14%
3	0	0
713	174	24%
	3 713	3 0 713 174

20. Turnover rate for permanent employees and workers.

	Turnover Rate - FY2023			Turnover Rate – FY2022			Turnover Rate – FY2021		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Permanent Employees	19%	9%	28%	22%	8%	30%	9%	3%	12%
Permanent Workers Not applicable; The company does not have a worker category									

V. Holding, Subsidiary and Associate Companies (Including joint ventures)

21. (a) Names of holding/subsidiary/associate companies/joint ventures

S. No.	Name of the holding/subsidiary/associate companies/ joint ventures (A)	Indicate whether holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate/ Joint Venture	% of shares held by listed entity	Does the entity indicated at column A, participate in the Business Responsibility initiatives of the listed entity? (Yes/No)
1	Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited	Subsidiary	74.00%	No
2	Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	Subsidiary	100.00%	No
3	Infibeam Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary	100.00%	No
4	Avenues Infinite Private Limited	Subsidiary	100.00%	No
5	Uvik Technologies Pvt Ltd	Subsidiary	100.00%	No
6	Vavian International Limited	Subsidiary	100.00%	No
7	Avenues World FZ LLC	Subsidiary	100.00%	No
8	AI Fintech Inc	Subsidiary	100.00%	No
9	Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Limited	Subsidiary	100.00%	No
10	Infibeam Avenues Saudi Arabia for Information System Technology Co	Subsidiary	100.00%	No
11	Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited	Subsidiary	100.00%	No
12	Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	Subsidiary	54.80%	No
13	Cardpay Technologies Private Limited	Subsidiary	54.80%	No
14	So Hum Bharat Digital Payments Private Limited	Subsidiary	50.50%	No
15	Infibeam Global EMEA FZ LLC	Associate	49.00%	No
16	DRC systems India Limited (Upto September 30, 2022)	Associate	29.69%	No
17	Vishko22 Products & Services Private Limited	Associate	50.00%	No

VI. CSR Details

- 22. (i) Whether CSR is applicable as per section 135 of Companies Act, 2013: Yes
 - (ii) Turnover (in Million): Rs. 17,872.86

(iii) Net worth (in Million): Rs. 29,594.04

VII. Transparency and Disclosures Compliances

23. Complaints/Grievances on any of the principles (Principles 1 to 9) under the National Guidelines on Responsible Business Conduct:

	Grievance Redressal	FY2023			FY2022					
Stakeholder Group from whom complaint is received	Mechanism in Place. Yes/No (If yes, then provide web- link for grievance redress policy)	Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks	Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks			
Communities	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Investors (Other than Shareholders)	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Shareholders	Yes	5	0	-	1	0	-			
Employees & Workers	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Customers	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Value Chain Partners	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other (Please specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			

All the policies are available on website link: https://www.ia.ooo/code-of-conduct-policies

24. Overview of the entity's material responsible business conduct issues. Please Indicate material responsible business conduct and sustainability issues pertaining to environmental and social matters that present a risk or an opportunity to your business, the rationale for identifying the same, approach to adapt or mitigate the risk along with its financial implications, as per the following format

SL No	Material Issue Identified	Risk / Opportunity	Rational for identifying risk or opportunity	In case of risk approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implication of risk or opportunity
1.	Corporate Governance	Risk	Weak corporate governance can result in unethical behavior, resource mismanagement, legal troubles, and harm to a company's reputation and financial strength.	I	Negative
		Opportunity	Effective corporate governance, through transparency, accountability, and ethics, boosts investor confidence, attracts capital, and fosters lasting, sustainable growth.		Positive

SL No	Material Issue Identified	Risk / Opportunity	Rational for identifying risk or opportunity	In case of risk approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implication of risk or opportunity
2.	Talent management	Risk	Failing to effectively nurture and expand the company's talent pool can lead to increased expenses for talent recruitment and training. Additionally, it can hinder revenue growth and innovation within the business.	dedicated to ensuring a secure,	Negative
		Opportunity	Securing and retaining employees over the long term substantially cuts down on talent expenses and positions the company for innovation, leveraging the dedication and skill of loyal team members.	well-being concerns. Such an inclusive environment drives	Positive
3.	Cybersecurity and Data Privacy	Risk	Insufficient handling of data security threats, encompassing prevention, detection, and resolution, can impact customer acquisition and retention, leading to reduced market share and decreased demand.	threats and safeguard operations and data, the company continually invests in the latest tools and protocols.	Negative
		Opportunity	Elevated customer confidence will stem from being recognized as an innovation leader in information security, implementing state-of- the-art cybersecurity standards throughout all operations.	cybersecurity advancements to uphold effective practices and	Positive
4.	Employee wellness	Risk	Mismanaged employee benefits can lead to diminished morale, increased turnover, and a negative corporate image.	The company has diligently prioritized employee well- being and work-life balance. This includes organizing health	Negative
		Opportunity	Thoughtfully crafted employee benefits heighten job satisfaction, draw top-tier talent, enhance employee retention, increase productivity, and uplift morale.	camps, training sessions, and activities for physical and mental well-being. An array of benefits, such as medical insurance, creche facilities, and parental/maternity leave, are provided to ensure the well- being of employees.	Positive

SECTION B:

Management and Process Disclosures

This section is aimed at helping businesses demonstrate the structures, policies and processes put in place towards adopting the NGRBC Principles and Core Elements.

P1 Business should conduct and govern themselves with Ethics, Transparency and Accountability

P2 Businesses should provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle

P3 Businesses should promote the wellbeing of all employees

P4 Businesses should respect the interests of, and be responsive towards all stakeholders, especially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized

P5 Businesses should respect and promote human rights

P6 Business should respect, protect, and make efforts to restore the environment

P7 Businesses, when engaged in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a responsible manner

P8 Businesses should support inclusive growth and equitable development

P9 Businesses should engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner

Disclosure Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
Policy and Management Processes									
1. a. Whether your entity's policy/policies cover each principle and its core elements of the NGRBCs. (Yes/No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
b. Has the policy been approved by the Board? (Yes/No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes
c. Web Link of the Policies, if available			https://	www.ia.o	<u>oo/code-</u>	of-condu	<u>ıct-polici</u>	<u>es</u>	
2. Whether the entity has translated the policy into procedures. (Yes / No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes
3. Do the enlisted policies extend to your value chain partners? (Yes/No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes
4. Name of the national and international codes/ certifications/labels/ standards (e.g. Forest Stewardship Council, Fairtrade, Rainforest Alliance, Trustea) standards (e.g. SA 8000, OHSAS, ISO, BIS) adopted by your entity and mapped to each principle.	 We adhere to ISO 27001:2013 for Information Security Management verified through yearly audits. AS, - Payments business segment also complies with Payment Card Indust 						-		
5. Specific commitments, goals and targets set by the entity with defined timelines, if any.	The Company is in the process of set targets to track key parameters like customer satisfaction, shareholder complaints, employee satisfaction surveys, consumption of resources like water, paper, electricity consumption.								
6. Performance of the entity against the specific commitments, goals and targets along-with reasons in case the same are not met.									
Governance, leadership and oversight									
7. Statement by director responsible for the business responsibility report, highlighting ESG									akeholders t, Efficient nagement,
related challenges, targets and achievements (listed entity has flexibility regarding the placement of this disclosure)	ESG jou and Bus emergir policies,	urney. W siness Etl ng areas moniton on in co	e institu hics, sour of cyber ring con	ted prac nd risk c security sumptior	tices like ulture, di and info of reso	Compr gitisation formation	ehensiven n of bus security and taki	e Code o iness, inve y, Employe ng target	Company's f Conduct estment in ee welfare s towards ous other

8. Details of the highest authority responsible for implementation and oversight of the Business Responsibility policy (ies).	Mr. Vishal Mehta Managing Director
9. Does the entity have a specified Committee	Yes
of the Board/ Director responsible for decision	Name: Mr. Vishal Mehta
making on sustainability related issues? (Yes /	Designation: Managing Director
No).	Telephone No.: +91 79 6777 2204
If yes, details.	E-mail: ir@ia.ooo

10. Details of Review of NGRBCs by the Company:

Subject for Review	Indicate whether review was undertaken by Director / Committee of the Board/ Any other Committee	Frequency (Annually/ Half yearly/ Quarterly/ Any other – please specify)						
	P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P7 P8 P9	P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P7 P8 P9						
Performance against above policies and follow up action	Policies have been formulated and implemented in accordance with National Guidelines on Responsible Business conduct, requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI regulations.							
Compliance with statutory requirements of relevance to the principles, and, rectification of any non-compliances	The Company is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.	Quarterly						
-	pendent assessment/ evaluation of the							

working of its policies by an external agency? (Yes/No). If yes, Name of the Internally

12. If answer to question (1) above is "No" i.e. not all Principles are covered by a policy, reasons to be stated: Questions

Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Ρ7	P8	P9
The entity does not consider the Principles material to its business (Yes/No)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
The entity is not at a stage where it is in a position to formulate and implement the policies on specified principles (Yes/No)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
The entity does not have the financial or/human and technical resources available for the task (Yes/No)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
It is planned to be done in the next financial year (Yes/No)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Any other reason (please specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	YES	-	-
	nature formul require	of its ate cer ements	busine tain po from t	ss, the plicies. ime to	Board Howev time a	l has r er, the	e Comp not felt Board npany w ses.	the ne review	ed to 's the

SECTION C

This section is aimed at helping entities demonstrate their performance in integrating the Principles and Core Elements with key processes and decisions. The information sought is categorized as "Essential" and "Leadership". While the essential indicators are expected to be disclosed by every entity that is mandated to file this report, the leadership indicators may be voluntarily disclosed by entities which aspire to progress to a higher level in their quest to be socially, environmentally and ethically responsible.

PRINCIPLE 1.

Businesses should Conduct and Govern themselves with integrity and in a manner that is ethical, transparent and accountable.

Essential Indicators:

1. Percentage coverage by training and awareness programmes on any of the Principles during the financial year:

Segment	Total Number of training and awareness programmes held	Topics / principles covered under the training and its impact	% of persons in respective category covered by the awareness programme		
Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel	3	 Updates and awareness related to regulatory changes are conducted for the Board of Directors & KMPs. Topics covered includes: 1. Corporate Governance 2. Companies Act 3. SEBI Listing Requirements 4. Familiarization Programme to its Independent Directors 5. Environmental & Safety matters 6. Risk Management, and Data or Information Security 7. Code of Conduct Guidelines 8. Prohibition of Insider Trading 9. Prevention of Sexual Harassment 10. Whistle Blower 	100%		
Employees other than BoD and KMPs	2 Prevention of Money Laundering Ordanisation				

2. Details of fines / penalties /punishment/ award/ compounding fees/ settlement amount paid in proceedings (by the entity or by directors / KMPs) with regulators/ law enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions, in the financial year, in the following format (Note: the entity shall make disclosures on the basis of materiality as specified in Regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Obligations) Regulations, 2015 and as disclosed on the entity's website):

No fines / penalties /punishment/ award/compounding fees/ settlement amount has been paid in any proceedings by the entity or by directors / KMPs.

A. Monetary

Particulars	NGRBC Principle	Name of the regulatory /Enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions	Amount (In Rs.)	Brief of the Case	Has an appeal been preferred? (Yes/No)
Penalty/Fine					
Settlement		NIL			
Compounding Fee					

B. Non-Monetary

Particulars	NGRBC Principle	Name of the regulatory / Enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions	Brief of the Case	Has an appeal been preferred ? Yes/No
Imprisonment		N ITI		
Punishment		NIL		
				<i>c</i>

3. Of the instances disclosed in Question 2 above, details of the Appeal/ Revision are preferred in cases where monetary or non-monetary action has been appeale:

Name of the regulatory /enforcement agencies/judicial institutions
Not Applicable
-

4. Does the entity have an anti-corruption or anti-bribery policy? If yes, details in brief and if available, a weblink to the policy.

Yes, The Company believes in the conduct of its affairs in a fair and transparent manner to foster professionalism, honesty, integrity and ethical behavior. We take a zero-tolerance approach to bribery and corruption and are committed to acting professionally, fairly and with integrity in all our business dealings and relationships, wherever we operate, and to implementing and enforcing effective systems to counter bribery. Our designated persons (as defined below) are prohibited from engaging in any bribery or potential bribery. This includes a prohibition against both direct and indirect bribery, including payments through third parties. If any associate suspects or becomes aware of any potential bribery involving the Company, it is the duty of that designated persons to report their suspicion or awareness to the Vigilance and Ethics Officer.

Web-link: https://www.ia.ooo/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/Anti-Bribery-and-Anti-Corruption-Policy-2.pdf

5. Number of Directors/KMPs/employees/workers against whom disciplinary action was taken by any law enforcement agency for the charges of bribery/ corruption:

No disciplinary action was taken by any law enforcement agency for the charges of bribery/ corruption against any of the Directors/KMPs/employees/ workers.

	FY2023	FY2022
Directors	NIL	NIL
KMPs	NIL	NIL
Employees	NIL	NIL
Workers	NIL	NIL

6. Details of complaints with regard to conflict of interest:

No complaint has been received with regard to conflict of interest against any of the Directors or KMPs.

Destinution	FY	2023	FY2022		
Particulars	Number	Remarks	Number	Remarks	
Number of complaints received in relation to issues of Conflict of Interest of the Directors	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	
Number of complaints received in relation to issues of Conflict of Interest of the KMPs	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	

7. Details of any corrective action taken or underway on issues related to fines / penalties / action taken by regulators/ law enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions, on cases of corruption and conflicts of interest:

Not Applicable

Leadership Indicators

1. Awareness programmes conducted for value chain partners on any of the Principles during the financial year

Total number of awareness	Topics/principles covered under the	% of value chain partners covered
programmes held	training	under the awareness programmes
-	-	-

2. Does the entity have processes in place to avoid/ manage conflict of interests involving members of the Board? (Yes/No) If Yes, details of the same.

Yes. The Company believe in transparency while entering into any transaction with member of the board to avoid any conflict of interest. The concerned director does not participate in the transaction/ agenda where he or she is interested.

PRINCIPLE 2.

Businesses should provide goods and services in a manner that is sustainable and safe.

Essential Indicators:

1. Percentage of R&D and capital expenditure (CAPEX) investments in specific technologies to improve the environmental and social impacts of product and processes to total R&D and capex investments made by the entity, respectively.

Category	FY2023	FY2022	Details of improvements in environmental and social impacts
R&D	-	-	Acquired Uvik Technologies Pvt Limited ("Uvik") through Investment. Uvik Technologies is in the contactless payments space and has developed a technology that converts any
			smartphone into a payment device. Uvik's made in India SoftPoS can turn Android phones with contactless technology into payment terminals without additional hardware.
Capex	NIL	₹750 Million (16.80% of total invest- ment)	Infibeam's core business is to offer technology solutions for a sustainable future. The increasing utilization of digital payments has not only minimized the need for physical cash but also contributed to environmental benefits by reducing greenhouse gas emissions associated with the production, transportation, and disposal of paper currency. This shift towards more efficient payment methods aligns with sustainable practices, aiding in the reduction of carbon footprints and promoting a greener future. Our recent launch of Tapto-Pay solution is also a step in this direction for a sustainable future whereby we have built the capability to reach merchants in every corner of the country and the world by allowing them to download the company's payment app on their mobile phone to start accepting payments.

2. Sustainable Sourcing

a. Does the entity have procedures in place for sustainable sourcing? (Yes/No)

Not applicable. Since the company offers its services over the internet, the company consumes less resources. Our central business idea is to make commerce efficient through technology. This makes the overall business proposition sustainable.

b. If yes, what percentage of inputs were sourced sustainably?

Not Applicable, as our business operations are not resource intensive.

3. Processes in place to reclaim products for reuse, recycle, and safe disposal of products at the end of life for

a. Plastics (Including Packaging)

b. E-Waste

c. Hazardous waste

d. other waste

Being inherently service-focused, our company places little reliance on tangible resources, rendering the recycling of products inconsequential to our operational framework. The generation of waste within our office premises remains nominal. Nevertheless, our well-defined protocols facilitate the responsible disposal of e-waste via accredited vendors specialized in e-waste management. Our approach to managing other forms of waste, such as paper products, involves their proper disposal.

4. Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR)

Whether Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is applicable to the entity's activities (Yes / No). If yes, whether the waste collection plan is in line with the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) plan submitted to Pollution Control Boards? If not, steps taken to address the same.

Not applicable, as we are a service company and do not manufacture any tangible products.

Leadership Indicators

1. Life Cycle Assessment

Has the entity conducted Life Cycle Perspective / Assessments (LCA) for any of its products (for the manufacturing industry) or for its services (for the service industry)? If yes, details in the following format.

NIC Code	Name of Product /	% of total turnover	The boundary for which the Life Cycle Perspective/ Assessment was conducted	Whether conducted by an independent	Results communicated in public domain (Yes/No)
	Service	contributed	Assessment was conducted	external agency	If yes the link

Not applicable. The Company has not carried out LCA due to the intangibles nature of the business having relatively small environmental footprint.

2. If there are any significant social or environmental concerns and/or risks arising from the production or disposal of your products/services, as identified in the Life Cycle Perspective / Assessments (LCA) or through any other means, briefly describe the same along-with action taken to mitigate the same.

Infibeam Avenues is a provider of digital solutions. No social or environmental concerns are associated with the use of its offerings.

3. Percentage of recycled or reused input material to total material (by value) used in production (for manufacturing industry) or providing services (for service industry).

Not applicable, due to the business being of services in nature.

4. Of the products and packaging reclaimed at end of life of products, amount (in metric tonnes) reused, recycled, and safely disposed, as per the following format:

Co. La constanta da la constant		FY23			FY22	
Category	Re-used	Re-Cycles	Safely Disposed	Re-used	Re-Cycles	Safely Disposed
Plastics (including packaging)						
E-waste						
Hazardous waste	Not applicable, due to the business being of services in nature.					
Other waste						

5. Reclaimed products and their packaging materials (as percentage of products sold) for each product category.

Indicate Product Category	Reclaimed products and their packaging materials as % of total products sold in respective category
	Not applicable, due to the business being of services in nature.

PRINCIPLE 3.

Businesses should respect and promote the well-being of all employees, including those in their value chains.

1. Essential Indicators

a. Details of measures for the well-being of employees

					% of en	nployees co	vered by				
Category	Total	Health Ins	surance	Accid insura		Mater Bene		Pater Bene		Day C Facilit	
5.7	A	A Number % Number <u>%</u> Number %	% (D/A)	Number E	% (E/A)	Number F	% (F/A)				
				Pe	rmanent	Employees					
Male	539	539	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Female	174	174	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	713	713	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
				Other th	an perm	anent empl	oyees				
Male											
Female					1	Not Applicab	le				
Total											

added for such disclosures.

b. Details of measures for the well-being of Workers

No workers, hence Not Applicable

2. Details of retirement benefits, for current FY and previous financial year

		FY 2023			FY 2022	
Benefits	Number of employees covered as % of total employees	Number of Workers covered as % of total Workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/N.A)	Number of employees covered as % of total employees	Number of Workers covered as % of total Workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/N.A)
PF	86%	N/A	Y	86%	N/A	Y
Gratuity	100%	N/A	N/A	100%	N/A	N/A
ESI	10.2%	N/A	Y	9%	N/A	Y
Others – specify	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

3. Accessibility of workplaces

Are the premises / offices of the entity accessible to differently abled employees and workers, as per the requirements of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If not, whether any steps are being taken by the entity in this regard.

Yes, all offices of the Company are accessible to differently abled employees.

4. Does the entity have an equal opportunity policy as per the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If so, a web-link to the policy.

We recognise the unique needs of our diverse workforce, especially differently abled employees. However, we do not have an explicit policy in this regard.

5. Return to work and Retention rates of permanent employees and workers that took parental leave.

	Permanent	Employees	Permanent	Workers
Gender	Return to work Rate	Retention Rate	Return to work Rate	Retention rate
Male	100%	100%	N/A	N/A
Female	100%	100%	N/A	N/A
Total	100%	100%	N/A	N/A

6. Is there a mechanism available to receive and redress grievances for the following categories of employees and worker? If yes, give details of the mechanism in brief.

Particulars	Yes/No (if yes then give details of the mechanism in brief)
Permanent Workers	N/A
Other than Permanent Workers	N/A
Permanent Employees	If any employee wants to raise any grievances, then they directly address it to their respective HR through direct conversations, emails and calls. Based on case-to-case basis the company closes the grievance within certain stipulated timelines after thorough assessment.
Other than permanent Employees	N/A

7. Membership of employees and worker in association(s) or Unions recognised by the listed entity:

None of the employees are part of any association or Unions.

8. Details of Training imparted to the employees and workers on health & safety measures and on skill upgradation

Yes, the Company provides yearly training to all our employees regarding health & safety measures Link:- https://www. ia.ooo/wp-content/uploads/2021/07/EHS-Policy.pdf

			FY2023			FY2022				
Category	Total		alth and Measures		skill adation	Total		alth and Aeasures	On skill u	pgradation
	(A)	NO. B	% (B/A)	No.C	% (C/A)	(D)	No. (E)	% (E/D)	No.(F)	%(F/D)
Employees										
Male	539	539	100%	-	-	482	482	100%	-	-
Female	174	174	100%	-	-	165	165	100%	-	-
Total	713	713	100%	-	-	647	647	100%	-	-

Workers - not applicable

9. Details of performance and career development reviews of employees and workers:

Catagoria		FY2023		FY2022				
Category	Total (A)	No.(B)	% (B/A)	Total C	No.(D)	% (D/C)		
Employees								
Male	539	539	100%	482	482	100%		
Female	174	174	100%	165	165	100%		
Total	713	713	100%	647	647	100%		

10. Health and safety management system

a. Whether an occupational health and safety management system has been implemented by the entity? (Yes/ No). If yes, the coverage such system?

Central to our business strategy are the individuals who drive it, and the welfare of our employees stands as a cornerstone of utmost importance. In pursuit of nurturing an enriching and constructive workspace, we are always conscious of

the Health and Safety of our employees through routine and non-routine follow-ups. This framework underscores our proactive stance in promptly recognizing and addressing potential workplace risks and threats. Moreover, it delves into our supplementary endeavors aimed at ensuring the optimal well-being of every member of our workforce.

b. What are the processes used to identify work-related hazards and assess risks on a routine and non-routine basis by the entity?

We care about our employees' well-being and are dedicated to making sure they have a safe and healthy workplace. We check for safety risks as needed and add safety measures for each situation. We work hard to fix safety issues and adjust how we work to make sure everyone is safe and healthy at work.

- **Routine Process:** Regular Audits, Employee feedback, Internal review & Trainings are given.
- Non-Routine Process: Identify the risk, internal meetings.
- c. Whether you have processes for workers to report the work related hazards and to remove themselves from such risks. (Y/N)

Not applicable, as we do not have the worker category.

d. Do the employees/ worker of the entity have access to non-occupational medical and healthcare services? (Yes/ No)

Yes, the Company has made provisions to make non-occupational medical and healthcare services accessible to all the employees.

11. Details of safety related incidents

Safety Incident / Number	Category	FY2023	FY2022
Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) Per One million -person hours worked	Employees	Nil	Nil
Total recordable work-related injuries	Employees	Nil	Nil
No of fatalities	Employees	Nil	Nil
High consequence work-related injury or ill-health (excluding fatalities)	Employees	Nil	Nil

Since there is no classification of workers in the workforce, the workers category does not apply to the Company

12. Measures taken by the entity to ensure a safe and healthy work place.

The Health & Safety policy is conveyed to all employees, with the Compliance Officer overseeing implementation, seeking approvals as needed, and driving operational and management system improvements to maintain environmental, health, and safety excellence.

Some of the mitigation measures to prevent or mitigate significant occupational health & safety impacts include,

- We provide and keep up fire detection, alarm, and suppression systems.
- We frequently review, inspect, and audit our sites to make sure we're ready for safety situations.
- We do practice drills for fires and medical emergencies on a regular basis.
- We have medical rooms in our corporate offices and first aid kits with basic medicines in certain locations for general health and safety needs.
- We value our employees' input and involve them by asking for feedback and consulting them, which helps us improve our health and safety practices.

13. Number of complaints made by employees and workers

		FY2023		FY2022			
	Filed during the year	Pending resolutions at the end of the year	Remarks	Filed during the year	Pending resolutions at the end of the year	Remarks	
Working Conditions	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-	
Health & Safety	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-	

14. Assessments for the year

Particulars	% of plants and offices that were assessed (By entity or statutory authorities or third parties
Health and safety practices	The Company implements employee support programs aimed at promoting mental well-being. The
Working Conditions	Company places the highest value on the safety of its employees. To make this happen, we organize sessions to raise awareness, practice drills, and regular demonstrations covering safety, security, and well-being. We also keep our employees informed about safety through regular updates and alerts. The Company is dedicated to improving its employees' health and has taken steps to ensure good air quality in our office spaces.

15. Details of any corrective action taken or underway to address safety-related incidents (if any) and on significant risks / concerns arising from assessments of health & safety practices and working conditions.

No such incident or concern was observed during the financial year.

Leadership Indicators

- 1. Does the entity extend any life insurance or any compensatory package in the event of death of (A) Employees (Y/N) (B) Workers (Y/N).
 - A) Employees No
 - B) Workers Not Applicable, as there are no workers employed by the Company in its workforce.
- 2. Measures undertaken by the entity to ensure that statutory dues have been deducted and deposited by the value chain partners.

The company monitors and tracks the compliance of value chain partners locally and centrally.

3. Number of employees / workers having suffered high consequence work-related injury / ill-health / fatalities (as reported in Q11 of Essential Indicators above), who have been are rehabilitated and placed in suitable employment or whose family members have been placed in suitable employment:

Category	Total Number of aff work		No. of employees/workers that are rehabilitated and placed in suitable employment or whose family members have been placed in suitable employment				
	FY2023	FY2022	FY2023	FY2022			
Employees	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil			
Workers	Not applicable						

4. Transition assistance programs to facilitate continued employability and the management of career endings resulting from retirement or termination of employment? (Yes/ No)

No

5. Details of Assessment of value chain partners

Particulars	% of value chain partners (by the value of business done with such partners) that were assessed
Health & and safety practices	No formal assessments were conducted in the financial year.
Working conditions	Not applicable

6. Details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks / concerns arising from assessments of health and safety practices and working conditions of value chain partners.

Not applicable, as no such concern was raised during the financial year.

PRINCIPLE 4.

Businesses should respect the interests of and be responsive to all its stakeholders.

Essential Indicators:

1. Process for identification of key stakeholders

Infibeam actively collaborates with a diverse group of stakeholders to gain deeper insights into their needs and expectations. This engagement guides the development of sustainable strategies across short, medium, and long-term horizons, while also mitigating risks and seizing opportunities in business operations. Key stakeholders, including customers, employees, shareholders, academic institutions, and more, have been identified in consultation with management. Additionally, Infibeam engages with industry and equity analysts, news media, and others who represent these stakeholders. Interaction formats range from structured (surveys, statements) to unstructured (town halls, meetings), occurring as needed, periodically, or continuously through platforms like websites and social media.

2. Key stakeholder groups

	Whether identified as Vulnerable & Marginalized Group (Yes/ No)	Channels of communication (Email, SMS, Newspaper, Pamphlets, Advertisement, Community Meetings, Notice Board, Website), Other	Frequency of engagement (Annually/ Half yearly/ Quarterly / others – please specify)	Purpose and scope of engagement including key topics and concerns raised during such engagement
Employees	No	Periodical Employees' Surveys, IT services related survey, learning and development activities.	Need basis	Career Management and Growth Prospects, Learning opportunities, Compensation structure, Building a safety culture and inculcating safe work practices, Improving Diversity and Inclusion, etc.
Customers	No	Calls and meetings related to projects; project management assessments; discussions on relationships; executive briefings; visits from customers; replies to RFIs/RFPs; hosted events; mailers; newsletters; brochures.	Need basis	Ethical Conduct, Collaboratively devise solutions to meet present and future customer requirements for enhanced satisfaction, and Understand customer needs and industry trends for accurate assessment
Shareholders/ Investors	No	Press releases and press conferences, email advisories, in-person meetings, investor conferences, non-deal roadshows, conference calls, newspaper publications	Need basis	Understand investor expectations, Inform them about Company's growth trajectory, Helping investors voice their concerns
Business Partners and Collaborators	No	Various virtual/physical meetings were held with the vendors of the Company to ensure continuous interaction with them.	Need basis	Stronger partnerships, Credit worthiness, Ethical Behavior, Fair Business Practices, Governance
Community	No	CSR initiatives	Continuous	Support community through social giving, Contribute to sustainable development
Industry Bodies, Regulators, Governments	No	Conferences and seminars, working committee, meetings, surveys, other meetings	Need basis	Ensure adherence to regulations, Oversee company reputation, Share insights and contribute to thought leadership on public and business matters, Address responsible business concerns and discuss company's stance

Leadership Indicators:

1. Processes for consultation between stakeholders and the Board on economic, environmental, and social topics or if consultation is delegated, how is feedback from such consultations provided to the Board.

The Board aids management in consistently identifying and prioritizing key stakeholders. The Board along with company management offers crucial direction for stakeholder engagement and grievance resolution, along with supervising the Company's environmental, health, and safety obligations. This facilitates strategic and policy adjustments in line with stakeholder requirements.

2. Whether stakeholder consultation is used to support the identification and management of environmental, and social topics (Yes / No).

Yes, the Board and the senior management team is pivotal in evaluating the Company's ESG commitments to stakeholders. Input from stakeholder groups guides our identification and prioritization of critical matters. By integrating their viewpoints, we assure that our approach resonates with stakeholder interests and expectations, cultivating a sustainable and ethical business model.

3. Details of instances of engagement with, and actions taken to, address the concerns of vulnerable/ marginalized stakeholder groups.

The Company consistently interacts and engages with both internal and external stakeholders, including disadvantaged, vulnerable, and marginalized groups.

PRINCIPLE 5.

Businesses should respect and promote human rights

Essential Indicators

1. Training on human rights issues and policies

		FY2023		FY2022			
Category	Total (A)	Number of employees and workers covered (B)	% (B/A)	Total (C)	Number of employees and workers covered (D)	% (D/C)	
Employees							
Permanent	713	713	100%	647	647	100%	
Other than Permanent	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Employees	713	713	100%	647	647	100%	
Workers – Not applicable							

2. Details of minimum wages paid to employees and workers, in the following format

	Equ	•							
Equal to Total Minimum Wage		More than Minimum Wage		Total	Equal Minimum Wage		More than minimum wage		
(A)	No.(B)	%(B/A)	No.(C)	% (C/A)	(D)	No. (E)	% (E/D)	No.(F)	% (F/D)
		ſ	Employee	s					
539	-	-	539	100%	482	-	-	482	100%
174	-	-	174	100%	165	-	-	165	100%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		No.(B)	No.(B) %(B/A)	No.(B) %(B/A) No.(C) Employee 539 - - 539	No.(B) %(B/A) No.(C) % (C/A) Employees 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300	No.(B) %(B/A) No.(C) % (C/A) Employees 482	No.(B) %(B/A) No.(C) % (C/A) No. (E) Employees 482 -	No.(B) %(B/A) No.(C) % (C/A) No. (E) % (E/D) Employees 539 - - 539 100% 482 - -	No.(B) %(B/A) No.(C) % (C/A) No. (E) % (E/D) No.(F) Employees 539 - - 539 100% 482 - - 482

3. Details of remuneration/ salary/ wages (including differently abled)

		Male		Female		
Category	Number	Median remuneration/ salary/wages of respective category	Number	Median remuneration/ salary/wages of respective category		
Board of Directors	6	Nil	1	Nil		
Key Managerial Personal	2	₹ 4.75 million	-	-		
Employees other than BoD and KMP	537	₹1.00 million	174	₹ 0.91 million		
Workers		Not ap	olicable			

4. Focal point (Individual/ Committee) responsible for addressing human rights impacts or issues caused or contributed to by the business? (Yes/No)

Yes, our Employees can address the issues to the HR Team.

5. Describe the internal mechanisms in place to redress grievances related to human rights issues.

As a Company, we have a specific (HR) team within the organization to act as points of contact for receiving and addressing human rights grievances.

6. Disclosure of complaints made by employees and workers on sexual harassment, discrimination at workplace, Child Labour, Forced Labour/Involuntary Labour, Wages or other human rights related issues.

The Company reiterates its commitment to providing its employees a workplace free from harassment/discrimination and where every employee is treated with dignity and respect.

	FY2023			FY2022		
Category	Filed during the day	Pending Resolution at the end of the year	Remarks	Filed During the Year	Pending Resolution at the end of the year	Remarks
Sexual Harassment	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Discrimination at workplace	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Forced Labour/Involuntary Labour	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Wages	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Other human right related issues	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-

The workers category does not apply to the Company.

7. Mechanisms to prevent adverse consequences to the complainant in discrimination and harassment cases.

The employees connect with the HR to discuss any harassment related queries or concerns. Proper investigation is done & strict action is taken.

8. Do human rights requirements form part of your business agreements and contracts? (Yes/No)

Yes, the company ensures that all parties involved adhere to ethical and legal standards related to human rights.

9. Assessments of the year

Category	% of plants and offices that were assesses by the entity or by the statutory authorities or third parties
Child Labour	Nil
Forced/Involuntary Labour	Nil
Sexual harassment	Nil
Discrimination at workplace	Nil
Wages	Nil
Others – please specify	Nil

10. Details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks / concerns arising from the assessments at Question 9 above.

Not applicable

Leadership Indicators

1. Details of a business process being modified / introduced as a result of addressing human rights grievances/ complaints.

No complaints regarding human rights violations have arisen. Yet, the company diligently oversee, assess, and refresh company policies and procedures to maintain a human rights issue-free environment.

2. Details of the scope and coverage of any Human rights due-diligence conducted.

No human rights due diligence was undertaken in the current reporting year.

3. Is the premise/office of the entity accessible to differently abled visitors, as per the requirements of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016?

The company's premises are friendly and accessible for all visitors who are differently abled. In case where there is any inconvenience, our staff personally ensures smooth movement.

4. Details on assessment of value chain partners

Particulars	% of value chain partners (by value of business done with such partners) that were assessed
Sexual Harassment	
Discrimination at workplace	
Child Labour	No assessments have been carried out during the financial year.
Forced labour/Involuntary Labour wages	iniancial year.
Others – please specify	

5. Details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks / concerns arising from the assessments at Question 4 above.

Not applicable

PRINCIPLE 6.

Businesses should respect and make efforts to protect and restore the environment.

Essential Indicators:

1. Details of total energy consumption (in Joules or multiples) and energy intensity

Parameter	FY23 (In GJ)	FY22 (In GJ)
Total electricity consumption (A)	7513.11	6195.48
Total fuel consumption (B)	0.73	0.42
Energy consumption through other sources (C)	-	-
Total energy consumption (A+B+C)	7513.84	6195.90
Energy intensity per rupee of turnover (Total energy consumption/ turnover in rupees)	0.42 GJ/ ₹ Million	0.53 GJ/ ₹ Million

Any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

No such assessment /evaluation/ assurance by an external agency.

2. Sites / facilities identified as designated consumers (DCs) under the Performance, Achieve and Trade (PAT) Scheme of the Government of India? (Y/N)

No.

If yes, disclose whether targets set under the PAT scheme have been achieved. In case targets have not been achieved, the remedial action taken, if any.

Not applicable.

3. Details of the following disclosures related to water

Parameter	FY23	FY22
Water Withdrawal by Source (In Kiloliters)		
(i) Surface water		
(ii) Groundwater		
(iii) Third party water		
(iv) Seawater / desalinated water		
(v) Others	No such usage / with company being in th	
Total volume of water withdrawal (in kilolitres) (i + ii + iii + iv + v)		
Total volume of water consumption (in kilolitres)		
Water intensity per rupee of turnover (Water consumed / turnover)		
Water intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity		
Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been c	arried out by an extern	al agency? (Y/N)
No such independent assessment/ evaluation/ assurance by an external a	gency.	
If yes, name of the external agency		
Not applicable		
Mechanism for Zero Liquid Discharge? If yes, details of its coverage	e and implementatio	n.
No. Not applicable being a service company.		

5. Details of air emissions (other than GHG emissions) by the entity

Parameter	Please specify unit	FY23	FY22
NOx			
Sox			
Particulate Mater			
Persistent organic pollutants (POP)	Not applicabl	e being a service com	pany.
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)			
Hazardous air pollutants (HAP)			
Others – please specify			

No

4.

If yes, name of the external agency

Not Applicable

6. Details of greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions) & their intensity

Parameter	Unit	FY23	FY22
Total Scope 1 emissions			
(Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)			
Total Scope 2 emissions			
(Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)	Not applic	able being a service	e company.
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions per rupee of turnover			
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity			

Independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N)

No.

If yes, name of the external agency

Not applicable.

7. Project related to reducing Green House Gas emission? If yes, details.

Infibeam's core business is centered around offering digital solutions for eCommerce. Embracing online software platforms and digital payment solutions offers a multitude of benefits that extend beyond convenience and efficiency, significantly contributing to environmental well-being. By enabling remote access and reducing the need for physical infrastructure, these technologies directly translate to a lowered demand for energy-intensive resources, thereby minimizing Greenhouse Gas emissions and reducing carbon footprints. This transition to digital platforms eliminates the necessity for excessive paper usage and unnecessary transportation, leading to reduced deforestation, energy consumption, and pollution associated with traditional business operations. Ultimately, the adoption of online software and digital payments represents a proactive step towards a greener future, aligning businesses with sustainable practices and reinforcing their commitment to ecological preservation.

The Company's headquarter is also located in a Green Building, at GIFT City in Gandhinagar Gujarat. GIFT City was built to be urban and sustainable. The Company's headquarter in GIFT city Green Building is awarded a Green Cities 'Gold' certification from the Indian Green Building Council (IGBC).

8. Details of waste generated, re-cycled re-used and disposed off

Parameter	FY23	FY22
Total Waste generated (in metric tonnes)		
Plastic waste (A)		
E-waste (B)		
Bio-medical waste (C)		
Construction and demolition waste (D)		
Battery waste (E)	Not applicable being a service compa	
Radioactive waste (F)		
Other Hazardous waste (G)		
Other Non-hazardous waste generated (H)		
(Break-up by composition i.e by materials relevant to the sector		
Total (A+B+C+D+E+F+Gg+H)		
For each category of waste generated, total waste recovered through recycling, re-usi tonnes)	ng or other recovery	operations (in metric

Parameter	FY23	FY22
Category of waste		
i.Re-cycled		
ii.Re-used	Niekerselise is starte starte in starte	
iii.Other recovery operations	Not applicable being a	a service company.
Total		
For each category of waste generated, total waste disposed by nat	ure of disposal method (in metric tonnes)	
Category of Waste		
i.Incineration		
ii.Landfilling		
iii.Other disposal operations	Not applicable being a	a service company.
Total		
Independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been c	arried out by an external agency? (Y/N)	
No such assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carrie	d out by an external agency.	

If yes, name of the external agency

Not applicable

9. Details of waste management practices, strategy adopted by the company to reduce usage of hazardous and toxic chemicals in our products and processes and the practices adopted to manage such wastes

Not applicable being a service Company.

10. Operations/offices if any in/around ecologically sensitive areas (such as national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, biosphere reserves, wetlands, biodiversity hotspots, forests, coastal regulation zones etc.) where environmental approvals / clearances are required,

Location of operations/offices	Type of operations	Whether the conditions of environmental approval / clearance are being complied with? (Y/N) If no, the reasons thereof and corrective action taken, if any.
		NIL

11. Details of environmental impact assessments (EIA) of projects undertaken by the entity based on applicable laws, in the current financial year:

Name and brief details of project	EIA Notification No.	Date	Whether conducted by independent external agency (Yes / No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes / No)	Relevant Web Link

.....

NIL 12. Compliance with the applicable environmental law/ regulations/ guidelines in India; such as the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Environment protection act and rules thereunder (Y/N).

No. Not Applicable

If not, details of all such non-compliances, in the following format

SL No	Law / regulation / guidelines which was not complied with	Details of the non- compliance	Any fines / penalties / action taken by regulatory agencies such as pollution control boards or by courts	Corrective action taken, if any
		NIL		

Leadership Indicators:

1. Break-up of the total energy consumed (in Joules or multiples) from renewable and non-renewable sources:

Parameter	FY23 (In GJ)	FY22 (In GJ)
From Renewable Sources		
Total Electricity Consumption (A)	NIL	NIL
Total Fuel Consumption (B)	NIL	NIL
Energy Consumption other sources (C)	NIL	NIL
Total energy consumed from renewable sources (A+B+C)	NIL	NIL
From Non-Renewable Sources		
Total Electricity Consumption (A)	7513.11	6195.48
Total Fuel Consumption (B)	0.73	0.42
Energy Consumption other sources (C)	-	-
Total energy consumed from non- renewable sources (A+B+C)	7513.84	6195.90

Independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N)

No

If yes, name of the external agency

Not applicable

2. Break-up details related to water discharged

As per the nature of our Company that we do not manufacture any tangible products, we do not have any material water discharge, however, we are in line with the government norms.

Independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N)

No.

If yes, name of the external agency

Not applicable.

3. Water withdrawal, consumption and discharge in areas of water stress (in kilolitres):

For each facility / plant located in areas of water stress, information:

- (i) Name of the area
- (ii) Nature of operations
- (iii) Water withdrawal, consumption and discharge in the following format:

Not applicable, as we do not operate in areas of water stress.

4. Details of total Scope 3 emissions & its intensity

Presently, the Company does not track these details being a service company.

Independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N)

No.

5. Ecologically sensitive areas reported at Question 10 of Essential Indicators above, details of significant direct & indirect impact of the entity on biodiversity in such areas along-with prevention and remediation activities.

Not applicable being a service company.

6. Specific initiatives or used innovative technology or solutions to improve resource efficiency, or reduce impact due to emissions / effluent discharge / waste generated, details of the same as well as outcome of such initiatives.

SI No.	Initiative undertaken	Details of the initiative (Web-link, if any, along-with summary)	Outcome of the initiative		
Refer Point No. 7 of PRINCIPLE 6.					

7. Does the entity have a business continuity and disaster management plan?

The Company has a risk management system, featuring a detailed register of identified risks, their impact, and mitigation strategies. The mitigation strategies aligns with strategic objectives, safeguarding interests and ensuring a seamless response to disruptions, upholding critical operations. The potential risks are identified, assessed and appropriate response is devised to handle respective risks.

8. Any significant adverse impact to the environment, arising from the value chain of the entity. What mitigation or adaptation measures have been taken by the entity in this regard.

No significant adverse impact envisaged from company's value chain.

9. Percentage of value chain partners (by value of business done with such partners) that were assessed for environmental impacts.

During the FY23, the Company did not conduct a formal assessment specifically focused on evaluating the environmental impact of its value chain partners.

PRINCIPLE 7.

Businesses, when engaging in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a manner that is responsible and transparent.

Essential Indicators

1 a. Number of affiliations with trade and industry chambers/associations.

The Company is a member of 3 (three) trade and industry chambers/associations i.e. Gujarat Chambers of Commerce & Industry (GCCI), Internet and Mobile Association of India (IAMAI) and Payments Council of India (PCI)

b. List the top 10 trade and industry chambers/associations (determined based on the total members of such body) the entity is a member of /affiliated to

SL No	Name of the trade industry chambers/associations	The reach of trade and industry chambers/associations (State/National)
1	Gujarat Chambers of Commerce & Industry (GCCI)	State
2	Internet and Mobile Association of India (IAMAI)	National
3	Payments Council of India (PCI)	National

2. Details of corrective action taken or underway on any issues related to anticompetitive conduct by the entity, based on adverse orders from regular authorities.

The Company did not receive any adverse orders from regulatory authorities related to anti-competitive conduct during FY23.

Leadership Indicators

1. Details of public policy positions advocated by the entity:

The Company does not engage in direct public advocacy, but provide the suggestions and recommendation specific to the industry through the trade bodies/association.

PRINCIPLE 8.

Businesses should promote inclusive growth and equitable development

Essential Indicators

1. Details of social impact assessments (SIA) of projects undertaken by the entity based on applicable laws, in the current financial year.

Name and brief details of the project	SIA notification No.	Date of notification	Whether conducted by an Independent external agency (Yes/No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes/ No)	Relevant weblink
			NIL		

2. Information on project (s) for which ongoing rehabilitation and resettlement (R&R) is being undertaken by the entity

SL No	Name of project for which R&R is ongoing	State	District	No. of project- affected families	% of PAFs covered by R&R	Amount paid to PAFs in FY23
			Ν	IIL		

3. Mechanisms to receive and redress grievances of the community

All agreements between the company and its stakeholders, contain clauses on handling of grievances, disputes etc.

4. Percentage of input material (inputs to total inputs by value) sourced from suppliers

Particulars	FY23	FY22	
Directly sourced from MSMEs/small producers	Not applicable being a service company.		
Sourced directly from within the district and neighbouring districts	Not applicable being	a service company.	

Leadership Indicators

1. Details of actions taken to mitigate any negative social impacts identified in the Social Impact Assessments (Reference: Question 1 of essential indicators above)

Not applicable.

2. CSR projects undertaken by the entity in designated aspirational districts as identified by government bodies

The Company has not undertaken any CSR project in designated aspirational districts as identified by government bodies during FY23.

3. a. Preferential procurement policy with preference to purchase from suppliers comprises marginalised / vulnerable groups (Yes/No)

No.

b. From which marginalized /vulnerable procured

Not applicable

c. Percentage of total procurement (by value)

Nil

4. Details of the benefits derived and shared from the intellectual properties owned or acquired by the entity (in the current financial year) based on traditional knowledge.

Not applicable

5. Details of corrective actions taken or underway, based on any adverse order in intellectual property related disputes wherein usage of traditional knowledge is involved.

No such disputes arised in FY23.

PRINCIPLE 9.

Businesses should engage with and provide value to their consumers in a responsible manner

Essential Indicators

1. Describe the mechanism in place to receive and respond to consumer complaints and feedback.

The company has a robust and highly effective complaints and feedback mechanism that underscores its commitment to customer satisfaction. The company has implemented a streamlined system that allows users to easily voice their concerns, provide feedback, or report any issues they encounter during payment transactions. This mechanism not only ensures swift resolution of problems but also serves as a valuable source of insights for continuous improvement. Through prompt responsiveness, attentive problem-solving, and a dedication to enhancing merchant and user experience, the company demonstrates its unwavering dedication to maintaining the highest standards of service while fostering trust and loyalty among its clientele.

Customer Grievance Redressal Policy

Payments Business: https://www.ccavenue.com/customer-grievances-policy.jsp

Platforms Business: https://www.ia.ooo/grievance-redressal.

2. Turnover of products and /services as a percentage of turnover from all products/service that carry information about

Particulars	As a % of total turnover
Environmental and social parameters relevant to the product	NIL
Safe and responsible usage	NIL
Recycling and/or safe disposal	NIL

3. Number of consumer complaints in respect of the following

FY2023 Received Pending Remarks during the resolution at year end of year			FY2022		
		Received Pending during the resolution at year end of year		Remarks	
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
109,135	29	-	127,909	0	-
	Received during the year - - - - - - - - -	Received during the yearPending resolution at end of year	Received during the year Pending resolution at end of year Remarks - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Received during the year Pending resolution at end of year Remarks Received during the year - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Received during the yearPending resolution at end of yearRemarksReceived during the yearPending resolution at end of year

4. Details of instances of product recalls on account of safety issues:

Particulars	Number	Reasons for recall
Voluntary recalls		

Forced recalls Not applicable being a service company.

5. Framework/ policy on cyber security and risks related to data privacy? (Yes/No) If available, web-link of the policy.

Yes, the company has detailed policies for cyber security and data privacy.

Payment Business Data Privacy link: www.ccavenue.com/privacy.jsp

Platform Business Data Privacy link: https://www.ia.ooo/privacy-policy

Cyber Security: No website link.

6. Details of any corrective actions taken or underway on issues relating to advertising, and delivery of essential services; cyber security and data privacy of customers; re-occurrence of instances of product recalls; penalty / action taken by regulatory authorities on safety of products / services.

NIL

Leadership Indicators

1. Channels / platforms where information on products and services of the entity can be accessed (web link, if available).

www.ia.ooo

www.ccavenue.com

2. Steps taken to inform and educate consumers about safe and responsible usage of products and/or services.

Not applicable, as the Company does not have any products/services that can entail safety issues or a usage abuse.

3. Mechanisms in place to inform consumers of any risk of disruption/discontinuation of essential services.

Each customer relationship has a mechanism in place to handle any disruption/discontinuation of services.

4. Does the entity display product information on the product over and above what is mandated as per local laws? (Yes/No/Not Applicable) If yes, details in brief. Did the entity carry out any survey with regard to consumer satisfaction relating to the major products / services of the entity, significant locations of operation of the entity or the entity as a whole? (Yes/No)

Not applicable.

- 5. Information relating to data breaches:
- a. Number of instances of data breaches along-with impact

No such instances.

b. Percentage of data breaches involving personally identifiable information of customers

0%

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Infibeam Avenues Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone IND AS financial statements of Infibeam Avenues Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone IND AS financial statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone IND AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023 and its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone IND AS financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone IND AS financial statements

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr No Key Audit Matter

Auditors Response

procedures were adopted:

1. <u>Goodwill Impairment</u>

Included on the balance sheet is an intangible assets balance of ₹ 18,832.23 million as on March 31, 2023 which relates to goodwill of ₹ 16,124.18 million which arose mainly from past acquisition and other intangible assets like Computer Software, IT Platform, Trademark and Customer relationship of ₹ 2,708.05 million are classified as other Intangible Assets.

The Company is required to perform impairment assessments of goodwill annually. For intangible assets with useful lives, the Company is required to review these for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable, and at least annually, review whether there is any change in their expected useful lives.

For the purpose of performing impairment assessments, all intangible assets including goodwill have been allocated to groups of cash generating units ("CGUs"). The recoverable amount of the underlying CGUs is supported by value-in-use calculations which are based on future discounted cash flows. Management concluded that the intangible assets including goodwill were not impaired as of March 31, 2023.

The above assessment on annual impairment of • goodwill having indefinite useful life is considered as significant accounting judgement and estimate to the • standalone IND AS financial statements and a key audit matter because the assumptions on which the tests are based are highly judgmental and are affected by future market and economic conditions which are inherently uncertain, and because of the materiality of the balances to the standalone IND AS financial statements as a whole.

Kindly refer Note No. 6 to the standalone IND AS financial statements.

Principal Audit Procedures Focusing on Infibeam Avenues Ltd business, we understood, evaluated and validated management's key controls over the impairment assessment process. The company had obtained a valuation report from

Evaluating the methodical and mathematical accuracy of the model used for the impairment testing, the appropriateness of the assumptions, and the methodology used to prepare its cash flow forecasts.

external independent valuer. On observing the same, following audit

- gaining an understanding and assessing the reasonableness of business plans by comparing them to prior year's assumptions;
- comparing the current years actual results included in the model to consider whether forecasts including assumptions that, with hindsight, have been appropriate.
- discussing the potential changes in key drivers as compared to previous year / actual performance with management in order to evaluate whether the inputs and assumptions used in the cash flow forecasts were suitable.
- recalculating the value in use calculations
- challenging the robustness of the key assumptions used to determine the value in use, including the allocation of goodwill to the adequate CGUs, cash flow forecasts, longterm growth rates and the discount rates based on our understanding of the commercial prospects of the related CGUs and by comparing them with publicly available data, where possible;

We also considered the appropriateness of disclosures in the standalone IND AS financial statements and conclude that our audit procedures did not lead to any reservations regarding the goodwill impairment test.

Information Other than the Standalone IND AS financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the standalone IND AS financial statements and our report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone IND AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone IND AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone IND AS financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone IND AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone IND AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone IND AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone IND AS financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone IND AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone IND AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone IND AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone IND AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause

the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone IND AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone IND AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone IND AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone IND AS financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) Planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone IND AS financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the **"Annexure A"** a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flow and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in

agreement with the relevant books of account.

- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone IND AS financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" to this report.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

During the financial year the company has not paid any remuneration to any of the directors.

- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31st March, 2023 on its financial position in its standalone IND AS financial statements - Refer Note No. 21 and Note No. 22 to the standalone IND AS financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company.
 - iv.(a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in Note No. 36 to the standalone IND AS financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate

Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or

provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in Note No. 36 to the standalone IND AS financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
 - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (iv) (a) and (iv) (b) contain any material mis-statement.
- v. As stated in Note 10.8 to the standalone IND AS financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approvals of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.
- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership Number: 106355 UDIN: 23106355BGXIZE4248 Date : May 25, 2023 Place : Gandhinagar

Annexure A referred to in Para 1 of the Independent Auditors Report

With reference to the Annexure A referred to in the Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone IND AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023, we report the following:

- i. In respect of Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets;
 - a) (A) The company has maintained records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, plant and equipment.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.
 - b) It has been explained to us that the Company has a regular program for physical verification of Property, plant and equipment on an annual basis, which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c) The title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone IND AS financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
 - d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right-of-use assets) or Intangible assets or both during the year.
 - e) There are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- ii. In respect of inventories;

The Company is a service company, primarily rendering website development and maintenance services (Web Services) and payment gateway services. Accordingly, it does not hold any physical inventories. Thus, paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

iii. In respect of Investments, Loans and Advances;

The Company has made investments in, granted loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year, in respect of which:

(a) The company has provided loans and advances in the nature of loans during the year, details which are given below:

Par	ticulars	Amount (₹ Millions)
А.	Aggregate amount granted / provided during the year	
	- Subsidiary companies	140.07
	- Associates	-
	- Others	623.06
B.	Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases	
	- Subsidiary companies	105.59
	- Associates	-
	- Others	-
The	Company has not provided any	guarantee o

The Company has not provided any guarantee or security to any other entity during the year.

- (b) The investments made and the terms and conditions of the grant of all the above-mentioned loans during the year are, in our opinion, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (c) In the case of loans given, the loans given are repayable on demand and as such we are not able to comment whether the repayments or receipts have been regular.
- (d) As informed to us there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans given.
- (e) There is no loan given falling due during the year which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans given to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same party.
- (f) The loans and advances granted by the Company are repayable on demand. The aggregate amount of such loans and advances to Promoters is Nil and to other related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 Rs. 140.07 million which is equal to 18.4% of the total loans and advances granted.
- iv. The Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees and securities provided, as applicable.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable
- vi. To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the

Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, for the services of the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.

- vii. In respect of statutory dues;
 - a) In our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, duty of Custom, and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities. There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, duty of Custom, and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b) To the best of our knowledge, according to the information and explanations given by the management, no statutory dues referred to in a) above have not been paid on account of any dispute.
- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix. (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) There were no term loans raised during the year.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for longterm purposes by the Company
 - (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
 - (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- x.(a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has made private placement of shares during the year and the requirements of section 42 of the Act have been complied with. Funds raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised.

- xi. (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) Based on the information provided by the company, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year (and upto the date of this report). Accordingly, clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone IND AS financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv.(a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv. In our opinion, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi.(a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the

assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

xx. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable. xxi. The reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone IND AS financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership Number: 106355 UDIN: 23106355BGXIZE4248 Date : May 25, 2023 Place : Gandhinagar

Annexure B referred in para 2 of the Independent Auditors Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone IND AS financial statements of Infibeam Avenues Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting with Reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements includes those policies and procedures that:

- pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting with Reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with

reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone IND AS financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership Number: 106355 UDIN: 23106355BGXIZE4248 Date : May 25, 2023 Place : Gandhinagar

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023

		(₹ in Millior
Notes	As at March 31,2023	As at March 31, 2022
	1,839.49	1,996.49
5		68.43
6		16,124.18
6		2,169.12
6	48.06	655.56
7		
	5,900.07	4,466.84
	468.98	205.55
9	796.81	974.65
8	42.68	54.50
	28,003.01	26,715.32
7		
	075.04	
		435 58
		1,077.84
		7.18
		19.85
		1,830.98
		5.581.15
		8.952.58
		35.667.90
	38,1/3.0/	35,667.90
	2 677 70	2 676 24
		2,676.31
		24,849.71
	29,594.03	27,526.02
	50.13	52.71
13	55.84	50.71
<u>2</u> 4	1,089.88	649.25
14	148.44	222.66
	1,344.29	975.33
12		
	2 66	3 31
	116 31	189.44
		19.45
		315.22
14		6,618.71
		17.82
		2.60
		7,166.55
		35.667.90
	3X 1 / X 117	35 66 / 90
	5 5 6 6 7 7 9 8 7 7 7 10 11 12 13 24 14 12	March 31,2023 5 1,839,49 5 74,69 6 16,124,18 6 2,708,05 6 48,06 7 5,900,07 468,98 9 9 796,81 8 42,68 28,003,01 7 7 375,06 536,34 1,672,16 17,59 100,59 2,061,80 8 5,401,52 10,170,06 38,173,07 38,173,07 10 2,677,78 11 26,916,25 29,594,03 11 26,916,25 29,594,03 12 50,13 13 55,84 24 1,089,88 14 148,44 12 2,66 116,31 30,12 306,41 1,752 24 1,55 7,234,75 7,234,75

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership No.: 106355 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Infibeam Avenues Limited CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366

Vishal Mehta Managing Director DIN: 03093563 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Sunil Bhagat

Chief Financial Officer Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Ajit Mehta

Chairman DIN: 01234707 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Shyamal Trivedi

Company Secretary Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023 Infibeam Avenues Limited 159

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended March 31,2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Income			
Revenue from operations	15	17,872.86	11,674.80
Other income	16	638.47	81.09
Total income (I)		18,511.33	11,755.89
Expenses			
Operating expenses		15,001.58	9,431.34
Employee benefits expenses	17	801.99	633.96
Finance costs	18	19.21	18.86
Depreciation and amortization expenses	19	558.20	586.46
Other expenses	20	315.33	239.86
Total expenses (II)		16,696.31	10,910.48
Profit before exceptional item and tax (III) = (I - II)		1,815.02	845.40
Exceptional items (IV)		-	-
Profit before tax (V) = (III-IV)		1,815.02	845.40
Tax expenses	24		
Current tax			
- for current year		-	-
- for previous year		16.39	(247.84)
Deferred tax (net)		443.66	394.68
Total tax expense (VI)		460.05	146.84
Profit for the year (VII) = (V-VI)		1,354.97	698.57
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Re-measurement gains / (losses) on defined benefit plans		(1.86)	(3.73)
Net Change in fair value of Investments in equity and preference instruments		52.53	(285.95)
Income tax on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		3.03	66.37
Total other comprehensive income for the year (VIII)		53.70	(223.32)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year comprising Profit and Other comprehensive Income for the year(IX) = (VII+VIII)		1,408.67	475.25
Earning per equity share [nominal value per share ₹1/- (March 31, 2022: ₹1/-)]	27		
Basic		0.51	0.26
Diluted		0.50	0.26
Summary of significant accounting policies	1 - 4		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership No.: 106355 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Infibeam Avenues Limited** CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366

Vishal Mehta

Managing Director DIN: 03093563 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Sunil Bhagat Chief Financial Officer Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Ajit Mehta

Chairman DIN: 01234707 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Shyamal Trivedi

Company Secretary Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

(₹ in Million)

	Changes in Equity Share capital	ity Share canit		Restated halance as	nce as at	Change	Changes in Fourity Share			
As at March 31, 2022	due to prior	due to prior period errors		March 31,2022	2022	capital	capital during the year		As at March 31, 2023	31, 2023
2,676.31			-		2,676.31			1.47		2,677.78
As at March 31, 2021	Changes in Equity Share capital due to prior period errors	anges in Equity Share capit due to prior period errors	1_	Restated balance as March 31,2022	nce as at 2022	Change: capital	Changes in Equity Share capital during the year		As at March 31, 2022	31, 2022
1,331.05			-		1,331.05			1,345.26		2,676.31
B. Other equity									<u></u> })	(₹ in Million)
					Reserves and surplus	ad surplus				
Particulars		Employee stock option So outstanding F account F	Securities premium	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Treasury Shares	IEW Trust Reserve	Money Received against Share warrants	y d Capital e Reserve s	Total equity
		Note 11	Note 11	Note 11	Note 11	Note 11	Note 11	Note 11	1 Note 11	
Balance as at March 31, 2021	2021	281.08 2	24,503.82	0.15	751.37	(396.06)	0.00*		- 100.00	25,240.37
Profit for the year					698.57					698.57
Other comprehensive income for the year	me for the year				(223.32)					(223.32)
Total Comprehensive income for the year	ne for the year				475.25					475.25
Employee compensation expense for the year	kpense for the year	336.40								336.40
Transfer to securities premium on exercise of options	ium on exercise of	(18.21)	18.21							I
Issue of bonus shares)	(1,338.16)							(1,338.16)
On issue of equity shares			268.89							268.89
On lapse of stock options		(7.54)		7.54						
Dividend paid					(132.65)					(132.65)
Other adjustment						(0.40)				(0.40)
Balance as at March 31, 2022	2022	591.73 2	23,452.77	7.69	1,093.97	(396.46)	0.00*		- 100.00	24,849.71
Profit for the year					1,354.97					1,354.97

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2023

53.70

1,408.67 269.35

1,408.67 53.70

269.35

Employee compensation expense for the year

Other comprehensive income for the year Total Comprehensive income for the year

				Reserves and surplus	nd surplus				
Particulars	Employee stock option outstanding account	Securities premium	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Treasury Shares	IEW Trust Reserve	Money Received against Share warrants	Capital Reserve	Total equity
	Note 11	Note 11	Note 11	Note 11	Note 11	Note 11	Note 11	Note 11	
Transfer to securities premium on exercise of options	(29.63)	29.63							T
Issue of bonus shares									I
On issue of equity shares									I
Fair Value Impact on contingent consideration	1.83								1.83
Money Received against Share warrants							403.75		403.75
(Purchase)/sale of treasury shares by the trust during the year (net)					(17.06)				(17.06)
On lapse of stock options	(19.93)		19.93						I
Dividend paid									'
Other adjustment									•
Balance as at March 31, 2023	813.35	23,482.40	27.62	2,502.65	(413.51)	0.00 *	403.75	100.00	26,916.25
* Represents amount less than one million	Ę								
Securities Premium									
Where the Company issues shares at a premium, whether for cash or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the premium received on those shares shall be transferred to "Securities Premium". The Company may issue fully paid-up bonus shares to its members out of the Securities Premium and the Company can use this reserve for buy-back of shares	a premium, whether for cash or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the premium received on Securities Premium". The Company may issue fully paid-up bonus shares to its members out of the Securities chis reserve for buy-back of shares	⁻ for cash or . The Comp back of sha	otherwise any may is: res	, a sum equ sue fully pa	ual to the a aid-up bon	ggregate us shares	amount of the _l to its members	premium re s out of the	ceived on Securities
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements.	e standalone financia	al statements.							
As per our report of even date									
For Shah & Taparia			For a Infib	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of	of the Boar	d of Directo	rs of		

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership No.: 106355 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Infibeam Avenues Limited CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366

Vishal Mehta Managing Director DIN: 03093563 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Ajit Mehta Chairman DIN: 01234707 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Sunil Bhagat Chief Financial Officer Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Shyamal Trivedi Company Secretary Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Statement of changes in Equity (Cont.) for the year ended March 31, 2023

Statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2023

		(₹ in Million) Year ended
	Year ended March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
A Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before tax	1,815.02	845.40
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	558.20	586.46
Employee stock option expense (net)	88.21	71.27
Finance costs	19.21	18.86
Interest Income	(100.70)	(54.13)
Short term capital gain on sale of mutual fund	(1.96)	(0.58)
Profit on sale of Investments	(258.04)	0.00
Dividend income	(0.10)	0.00
Excess allowance written back	(4.11)	0.00
Unrealised foreign currency loss / (gain) (net)	(6.16)	(1.10)
Forex currency loss / (gain) on sale of Investments	(37.72)	0.00
Fair value gain on equity instruments	(192.79)	0.00
Liability no longer required	(12.12)	(7.57)
Balances written off	0.00	0.37
Allowance for doubtful debts	27.85	26.87
Bad debts written off	16.98	0.00
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,911.77	1,485.84
Adjustments for:		
Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables	83.05	1,618.68
Movement in provisions	3.88	5.64
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	(139.43)	(67.53)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(235.99)	(1,496.45)
Net changes in working capital	(288.49)	60.35
Cash generated from operations	1,623.29	1,546.20
Direct taxes paid (net of income tax refund)	160.40	(529.45)
Net cash (used in) operating activities (A)	1,783.68	1,016.75
B Cash flow from investing activities		
Payment for acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible		
asset (including capital work-in-progress, intangible under development and capital advances)	(230.65)	(412.56)
Loans and advances given to subsidiaries (net)	(85.73)	(7.08)
Repayment of Loans and advances by others (net)	0.00	5.58
Interest received	100.25	51.99
Fixed deposits with bank (net)	(77.41)	(46.89)
Investments for acquisition of shares / units (net)	(891.95)	(273.60)
Dividend income	0.10	0.00
Purchase of mutual fund	(1,067.95)	(341.00)
Proceeds from sale of mutual fund	694.93	341.58
Net cash (used in) Investing Activities (B)	(1,558.41)	(681.97)

Statement of cash flows (Continued) for the year ended March 31, 2023

			(₹ in Million)
		Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
С	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Dividend paid	0.10	(132.52)
	Proceeds from share application money (ESOP)	1.47	0.99
	Treasury Shares and corpus	(17.06)	0.00
	Money Received against share warrants	403.75	0.00
	Interest paid	(19.21)	(26.45)
	Proceeds / repayment of borrowings (net)	0.00	(198.31)
	Net Cash (used in) Financing Activities (C)	369.05	(356.29)
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash & cash equivalents (A+B+C)	594.32	(21.51)
	Cash & Cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	1,077.84	1,099.35
	Cash & Cash equivalent at the end of the year	1,672.16	1,077.84

The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) - 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	INR in Million	INR in Million
Cash and cash equivalents comprise of: (Note 7)		
Balance with Bank		
(a) Current accounts	474.10	292.77
(b) Balance with bank in nodal accounts	1,197.72	784.87
Cash on hand	0.34	0.21
Cash and cash equivalents	1,672.16	1,077.84

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership No.: 106355 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Infibeam Avenues Limited**

CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366

Vishal Mehta

Managing Director DIN: 03093563 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Sunil Bhagat

Chief Financial Officer Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Ajit Mehta

Chairman DIN: 01234707 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Shyamal Trivedi Company Secretary Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Notes to the Financials Statement

for the year ended March 31, 2023

1. Corporate Information

Infibeam Avenues Limited ('the Company') was incorporated on June 30, 2010 under the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is primarily engaged in business of software development services, maintenance, web development, payment gateway services, e-commerce and other ancillary services.

The Company is a public company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The Company's shares are listed on the BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited in India. The registered office of the company is located at 28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road-5C, Zone-5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar, Taluka & District - Gandhinagar – 382 355.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 25, 2023.

2. Statement of compliance

These standalone financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as amended from time to time.

Basis of preparation

These standalone financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments and defined benefit plans which are measured at fair value or amortised cost at the end of each reporting period. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current and noncurrent as per the Company's normal operating cycle. Based on the nature of services rendered to customers and time elapsed between deployment of resources and the realisation in cash and cash equivalents of the consideration for such services rendered, the Company has considered an operating cycle of 12 months.

The statement of cash flows has been prepared under indirect method, whereby profit or loss is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and items of income or expense associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR') which is also the Company's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest millions, except when otherwise indicated.

3. Critical accounting estimates

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

3.1. Estimates and assumption

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

3.2. Defined benefit plans

The cost of the defined benefit plans and the present value of the obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. Discount rate has been determined by reference to market yields on the government bonds as at the balance sheet date. The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables. Those mortality tables tend to change only at intervals in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the country.

Further details about defined benefit obligations are provided in Note 25.

3.3. Share-based payments

The Company initially measures the cost of equitysettled transactions with employees using a black

Notes to the Financials Statement

for the year ended March 31, 2023

schole model to determine the fair value of the liability incurred. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determination of the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determination of the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. For equity-settled share-based payment transactions, the liability needs to be measured at the time of grant.

The Company has also approved the grant of Employee Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) to the eligible employees of the Company. Each SAR shall confer the right to the eligible employee to receive appreciation (cash settled / equity settled) with respect to the underlying Equity Share on the entitled shares after it has been exercised in accordance with terms of the Scheme.

The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 28.

3.4. Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

3.5. Intangible asset including intangible asset under development

Intangible development costs are capitalised as and when technical and commercial feasibility of the asset is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable. The costs which can be capitalized include the salary and ESOP cost of employees that are directly attributable to development of the asset for its intended use. Research and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred. Intangible assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Refer Note 4.6 for the estimated useful life of Intangible assets. The carrying value of Intangible assets has been disclosed in Note 6.

3.6. Property, plant and equipment

Refer Note 4.5 for the estimated useful life of Property, plant and equipment. The carrying value of Property, plant and equipment has been disclosed in Note 5.

3.7. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those services.

3.8. Investments

Investment in subsidiaries and associates is carried at cost in the standalone financial statements.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following are the significant accounting policies applied by the company in preparing its financial statements:

4.1. Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

for the year ended March 31, 2023

4.2. Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method prescribed under IND AS. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition date fair value.

Acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their acquisition date fair values. For this purpose, the liabilities assumed include contingent liabilities representing present obligation and they are measured at their acquisition fair values irrespective of the fact that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable. However, the following assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination are measured at the basis indicated below:

Deferred tax assets or liabilities, and the assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with Ind AS 12 Income Tax and Ind AS 19 Employee Benefits respectively.

When the Company acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, any previously held equity interest is re-measured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

A cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. Where goodwill has been allocated to a cashgenerating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed off, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Company reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted through goodwill during the measurement period, or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognized at that date. These adjustments are called as measurement period adjustments. The measurement period does not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

4.3. Foreign currencies

The company's financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the company's functional currency.

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company at the functional currency spot rate at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or statement of profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

for the year ended March 31, 2023

4.4. Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability
 - Or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, as described below, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy, as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

- Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions
- Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy
- Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost)

4.5. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. The cost of assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. When significant parts of Property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. All repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Capital work-in-progress comprises cost of fixed assets that are not yet installed and ready for their intended use at the balance sheet date.

Depreciation is calculated on a written down value basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

- Building 60 years
- Leasehold Improvements 10 years
- Plant and equipment 5 to 10 years
- Furniture & Fixtures 10 years
- Vehicles 8 years
- Computer & Peripherals 3 to 6 years

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated

for the year ended March 31, 2023

as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

4.6. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost include acquisition and other incidental cost related to acquiring the intangible asset.

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Intangible development costs are capitalised as and when technical and commercial feasibility of the asset is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable. The costs which can be capitalized include the salary and ESOP cost of employees that are directly attributable to development of the asset for its intended use.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

Amortisation

Period of Amortisation of Intangibles is calculated as follows:

- Computer software acquired on Amalgamation 6 years
- Computer software acquired 10 years (w.e.f. April 01, 2020)
- Trademark acquired on Amalgamation 25 years (w.e.f. April 01, 2020)

- IT Platform acquired on Amalgamation 5 years (w.e.f. April 01, 2020)
- Customer Relationship acquired on Amalgamation - 25 years (w.e.f. April 01, 2020)
- Internally generated Computer Software 5 years (w.e.f. April 01, 2020)

Intangible assets under development

Expenditure incurred on acquisition /construction of intangible assets which are not ready for their intended use at balance sheet date are disclosed under Intangible assets under development. During the period of development, the asset is tested for impairment annually.

4.7. Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a lessee

The Company's lease asset classes comprise of lease for building and for vehicles. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets as below:

i) Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes

for the year ended March 31, 2023

the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. For lease of building right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straightline basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the underlying assets (i.e. 30 and 60 years) and for lease of vehicles Right of-use assets are depreciated on a straightline basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the underlying assets (i.e. 8 years) If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-ofuse assets are also subject to impairment.

ii) Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. The Company's lease liabilities are included in other

current and non-current financial liabilities.

(iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. "Lease liability" and "Right of Use" asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

Company as a lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as finance or operating lease. Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

4.8. Government Grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to expense item is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the period that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Government grants related to assets (i.e. those whose primary condition is that an entity qualifying for them should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire longterm assets), including non-monetary grants at fair value, are presented in the balance sheet by deducting the grant in arriving at the carrying amount of the asset, in which case the grant is recognised in profit or loss as a reduction of depreciation expense.

4.9. Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets and Disposal Group are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount is intended to be recovered principally through sale rather than through continuing use. The condition for classification of held for sale is met when the non-current asset or

for the year ended March 31, 2023

the Disposal Group is available for immediate sale and the same is highly probable of being completed within one year from the date of classification as held for sale. Non-current assets and Disposal Group held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell. Non-current assets and Disposal Group that ceases to be classified as held for sale shall be measured at the lower of carrying amount before the non-current asset and Disposal Group was classified as held for sale adjusted for any depreciation/ amortization and its recoverable amount at the date when the Disposal Group no longer meets the "Held for sale" criteria.

A discontinued operation is a component of the undertaking that has been disposed off or is classified as held for sale and

- represents a separate line of business or graphical area of operations and;
- is a part of a single coordinated plan to dispose off such a line of business or area of operations.

The results of discontinued operations are presented separately in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss.

4.10. Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generated unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the statement of profit and loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and when

circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount of each CGU to which the goodwill relates. When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually at the CGU level, as appropriate, and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

4.11. Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

4.12. Revenue Recognition

Rendering of services

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those services.

Revenue from payment gateway services is recognised on settlement of transactions measured by value of transactions processed as per the rates and terms agreed between parties.

Revenue from Web Services is recognised upfront at the point in time when the service is delivered to the customer. In cases where implementation and / or customisation services rendered significantly modifies or customises, these service is recognised proportionally over the period.

Registry Services revenues primarily arise from fixed fees charged to registrars for the initial registration or renewal of .ooo domain names. Revenues from the initial registration or renewal of domain names are deferred and recognized rateably over the registration term, generally one year and up to ten years. Fees for renewals and advance extensions to the existing term are deferred until the new incremental period commences. These fees are then recognized rateably over the renewal term.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with the customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of customers.

for the year ended March 31, 2023

The Company presents revenue net of discounts and collection charges. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

Revenue from subsidiaries is recognised based on transaction price which is at arm's length.

Contract assets are recognised when there is excess of revenue earned over billings on contracts. Contract assets are classified as unbilled revenue (only act of invoicing is pending) when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms.

Excess billing over revenue ("contract liability") is recognised when there is billing in excess of revenues.

In accordance with Ind AS 37, the Company recognises an onerous contract provision when the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under a contract exceed the economic benefits to be received.

Contracts are subject to modification to account for changes in contract specification and requirements. The Company reviews modification to contract in conjunction with the original contract, basis which the transaction price could be allocated to a new performance obligation, or transaction price of an existing obligation could undergo a change. In the event transaction price is revised for existing obligation, a cumulative adjustment is accounted for.

The Company disaggregates revenue from contracts with customers by offering and geography.

The Company exercises judgement in determining whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Company considers indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who controls the asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment for performance to date as per contract.

Interest income

For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in other income in the statement of profit or loss.

Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in other income in the statement of profit or loss due to its nature.

Export incentives

Export incentives are accounted on accrual basis based on services rendered.

4.13. Financial instruments – initial recognition and subsequent measurement

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a) Financial assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement.

All financial assets, except investment in subsidiaries and joint ventures, are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss (FVTPL)

• Debt instruments at amortised cost:

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and

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- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in other income in the statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

• Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A debt instrument is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following criteria are met:

- the objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- the asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to statement of profit and loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

Debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the Company may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income criteria, as at fair value through profit or loss. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The Company has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

Equity instruments:

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

• Investment in subsidiaries and associates:

Investment in subsidiaries and associates is carried at cost in the standalone financial statements.

(iii) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material

for the year ended March 31, 2023

delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

(iv) Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss.

b) Financial Liabilities

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings.

(ii) Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind-AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risks are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

Loans and Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

This category generally applies to borrowings.

for the year ended March 31, 2023

(iii) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

c) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.14. Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

4.15. Treasury shares

The Company has created an Employee Benefit Trust (EBT) for providing share-based payment to its employees. The Company uses EBT as a vehicle for distributing shares to employees under the employee remuneration schemes. The EBT buys shares of the company from the market, for giving shares to employees. The Company treats EBT as its extension and shares held by EBT are treated as treasury shares.

Own equity instruments that are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

4.16. Taxes

Tax expense comprises of current income tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside Statement of profit and loss is recognised outside Statement of profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in joint arrangements, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination

for the year ended March 31, 2023

and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;

In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside Statement of profit and loss is recognised outside Statement of profit and loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

4.17. Retirement and other employee benefits

a) Short Term Employee Benefits

All employee benefits payable within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised during the year.

b) Post-Employment Benefits

(i) Defined benefit plan

Gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plans is determined based on the actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method as at the date of the Balance sheet reduced by the fair value of any plan assets. The discount rate used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date.

Re-measurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the Balance Sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the Statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and nonroutine settlements; and
- Net interest expense or income

The Company has not invested in any fund for meeting liability.

for the year ended March 31, 2023

4.18. Share-based payments

Employees of the Company receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions).

Equity-settled transactions

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model.

That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/ or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The statement of profit and loss expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognised in employee benefits expense. No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

Employee Stock Appreciation Rights (SAR)

The company has formed 'Infibeam Employee Welfare Trust' (IEW trust) for implementation of the schemes that are notified or may be notified from time to time by the Company under the plan, providing share based payment to its employees. IEW trust purchases Company's shares out of funds provided by the Company. Accordingly, the Company has approved the grant of Employee Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) to the eligible employees of the Company. Each SAR shall confer the right to the eligible employee to receive appreciation (cash settled / equity settled) with respect to the underlying Equity Share on the entitled shares after it has been exercised in accordance with terms of the Scheme.

The Company follows the fair value method to account for its Employee Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) using an appropriate valuation model. Compensation cost is measured by the excess, if any, of the market price of the underlying stock over the exercise price as determined under the option plan. The market price is the closing price on the stock exchange where there is highest trading volume on the working day immediately preceding the date of grant. Compensation cost, if any, is amortised over the vesting period.

4.19. Earnings per share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders for the period by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders for the period by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

4.20. Segment reporting

Based on "Management Approach" as defined in Ind AS 108 -Operating Segments, the Chief Operating Decision Maker evaluates the Company's performance and allocates the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments. Unallocable items includes general corporate income and expense items which are not allocated to any business segment.

Segment policies:

The Company prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the financial statements of the Company as a whole. Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment on an appropriate basis.

4.21. Dividend distribution

The Company recognises a liability to make cash distributions to equity holders of the Company when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the Companies Act, 2013, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

4.22. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of

for the year ended March 31, 2023

a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit or loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingencies

Provision in respect of contingencies relating to claims, litigation, assessment, fines, penalties etc. are recognised when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be estimated reliably.

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets:

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount cannot be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions, but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

4.23. Standards issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 vide Notification dated 31 March 2023. Following amendments and annual improvements to Ind AS are applicable from 1 April 2023.

Ind AS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements

The amendments require companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information, together with other information, is material when it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions of primary users of general purpose financial statements.

Ind AS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

The amendments will help entities to distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates. The definition of a change in accounting estimates has been replaced with a definition of accounting estimates. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". Entities develop accounting estimates if accounting policies require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty.

Ind AS 12 – Income Taxes

The amendments clarify how companies account for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations. The amendments narrowed the scope of the recognition exemption in paragraphs 15 and 24 of Ind AS 12 (recognition exemption) so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The Company does not expect the above amendments / improvements to have any significant impact on its standalone financial statements.

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Particulars	Building	Vehicles	Electronic Equipment	Furniture & fixture	Leasehold improvements	Office equipment	Computer, server & network	Right of use asset - Leasehold Building	Right of use asset - Vehicles	Total
Cost										
As at March 31, 2021	1,696.12	21.34	37.95	68.60	39.48	15.51	1,227.83	92.28	•	3,199.12
Additions	1	'	2.22	1.45	2.38	0.42	92.54	32.37	'	131.40
Deletion	I	I	I	I	I	1	I	ı	ı	I
As at March 31, 2022	1,696.12	21.34	40.18	70.05	41.87	15.94	1,320.37	124.66		3,330.52
Additions	1	6.96	0.75	0.43	I	0.04	110.03	21.96	10.86	151.03
Deletion	1	T		1			T			
As at March 31, 2023	1,696.12	28.30	40.93	70.48	41.87	15.97	1,430.40	146.62	10.86	3,481.55
Depreciation										
As at March 31, 2021	243.98	13.38	28.95	48.79	21.31	12.87	527.25	33.48		930.00
Depreciation for the year #	58.41	2.50	6.07	5.66	3.62	0.39	236.20	22.75		335.59
As at March 31, 2022	302.38	15.88	35.02	54.45	24.93	13.25	763.45	56.23	•	1,265.59
Depreciation for the year	58.64	2.41	4.68	4.26	2.31	0.28	202.62	25.36	1.21	301.77
As at March 31, 2023	361.02	18.29	39.70	58.71	27.24	13.54	966.08	81.58	1.21	1,567.36
Net Block										
As at March 31, 2023	1,335.10	10.01	1.23	11.76	14.63	2.44	464.32	65.04	9.65	1,914.18
As at March 31, 2022	1,393.73	5.46	5.16	15.60	16.93	2.69	556.92	68.43	•	2,064.92
Net book value									<u></u> })	(₹ in Million)
Particulars						As a	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	31, 2022
Property, Plant and Equipment	luipment						1,	1,839.49		1,996.49
Right of Use Assets								74.69		68.43

Right of use assets - Leasehold Building represents properties taken on lease for office accounted for in accordance with principal of Ind AS 116 "Leases". (refer note 31)

Right of use asset - Vehicles represents vehicles taken on lease for employees, are accounted for in accordance with the principal of Ind AS 116 "Leases". (refer note 31) :=

Based on the technical evaluation, Company has revised the useful life of certain tangible assets. As a result of this change in estimated useful life, the life of said tangible assets got extended. Consequently the depreciation for the year ended on March 31, 2022 has decreased by ₹ 53.87 millions.

Notes to the Financials Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

Additions * 795.36 174.34 969.70 Capitalised (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) As at March 31, 2021 16,124.18 1,947.42 360.10 597.80 1,563.10 48.06 20,640.66 Amortisation 157.25 28.81 21.04 43.77 250.87 As at March 31, 2022 559.98 273.66 113.82 556.46 - 1,503.07 As at March 31, 2022 559.98 273.66 113.82 556.46 - 1,503.31 As at March 31, 2023 - 719.79 305.48 134.86 600.23 - 1,760.37 As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2022 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 <th>Note 6 : Goodwill, oth</th> <th>er intangible</th> <th>e assets ar</th> <th>n<mark>d intang</mark>i</th> <th>ible assets ເ</th> <th>under develo</th> <th>pment</th> <th></th> <th>(₹ in Million)</th>	Note 6 : Goodwill, oth	er intangible	e assets ar	n <mark>d intang</mark> i	ible assets ເ	under develo	pment		(₹ in Million)
As at March 31, 2021 16,124.18 1,117.66 36.00 597.80 1,563.10 144.06 19,906.91 Additions * 34.39 - - 511.50 545.89 Deletion - - - 511.50 545.89 As at March 31, 2022 16,124.18 1,152.05 360.10 597.80 1,563.10 655.56 20,452.79 Additions * - - - - - 78.33 78.81 39.90.70 Deletion - - - - - - 78.81 39.97.80 1,563.10 48.06 20,640.66 Amortisation - - - - - 1,253.07 - 1,253.07 - 1,253.07 - 1,253.07 - 1,253.07 - 1,253.07 - 2,56.87 As at March 31, 2022 - 559.98 273.68 113.82 256.46 - 1,503.34 Amortisation for the year - 159.81 31.81 21	Particulars	Goodwill			Trademark		assets und	ler	Total
Additions * 34.39 511.50 545.89 Deletion 597.80 1,563.10 655.56 20.452.79 As at March 31, 2022 16,124.18 1,152.05 360.10 597.80 1,563.10 655.56 20.452.79 As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,947.42 360.10 597.80 1,563.10 48.06 20.640.66 As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,947.42 360.10 597.80 1,563.10 48.06 20.640.66 Amortisation - - - (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) (7	Cost								
Deletion - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<	As at March 31, 2021	16,124.18	1,117.66	360.10	597.80	1,563.10	144.	.06	19,906.91
As at March 31, 2022 16,124.18 1,152.05 360.10 597.80 1,563.10 655.56 20,452.79 Additions * 	Additions *	-	34.39	-	-	-	511.	.50	545.89
Additions * 795.36 174.34 969.70 Capitalised (781.83) (781.83) (781.83) As at March 31, 2021 16,124.18 1,947.42 360.10 597.80 1,563.10 48.06 20,640.66 Amortisation 157.25 28.81 21.04 43.77 250.87 As at March 31, 2022 559.98 273.66 113.82 556.46 - 1,503.07 As at March 31, 2022 559.98 273.66 113.82 556.46 - 1,503.31 As at March 31, 2023 - 719.79 305.48 134.86 600.23 - 1,760.37 As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2022 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 <td>Deletion</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Deletion	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Deletion - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<	As at March 31, 2022	16,124.18	1,152.05	360.10	597.80	1,563.10	655.	.56	20,452.79
Capitalised	Additions *	-	795.36	-	-	-	174.	.34	969.70
As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,947.42 360.10 597.80 1,563.10 48.06 20,640.66 Amortisation - 402.73 244.87 92.78 512.70 - 1,253.07 Amortisation for the year - 157.25 28.81 21.04 43.77 - 250.87 As at March 31, 2022 - 559.98 273.68 113.82 556.46 - 1,503.94 Amortisation for the year - 159.81 31.81 21.04 43.77 - 256.43 As at March 31, 2023 - 719.79 305.48 134.86 600.23 - 1,760.37 Net Block - 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 Net block value (₹ in Million) - - (₹ in Million) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Deletion	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Amortisation 402.73 244.87 92.78 512.70 1,253.07 Amortisation for the year 157.25 28.81 21.04 43.77 250.87 As at March 31, 2022 559.98 273.68 113.82 556.46 1,503.94 Amortisation for the year 159.81 31.81 21.04 43.77 256.43 As at March 31, 2022 599.98 273.68 134.86 600.23 1,760.37 As at March 31, 2023 719.79 305.48 134.86 600.23 1,760.37 Net Block 7 92.76 36.42 483.98 1,006.64 655.56 18,948.86 Net book value (₹ in Million) 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 06 655.56	Capitalised	-	-	-	-	-	(781.8	33)	(781.83)
As at March 31, 2021 . 402.73 244.87 92.78 512.70 . 1,253.07 Amortisation for the year . 157.25 28.81 21.04 43.77 . 250.87 As at March 31, 2022 . 559.98 273.68 113.82 556.46 . 1,503.94 Amortisation for the year . . 159.81 31.81 21.04 43.77 . 256.43 As at March 31, 2023 <	As at March 31, 2023	16,124.18	1,947.42	360.10	597.80	1,563.10	48.	.06	20,640.66
Amortisation for the year 157.25 28.81 21.04 43.77 250.87 As at March 31, 2022 559.98 273.68 113.82 556.46 1,503.94 Amortisation for the year 159.81 31.81 21.04 43.77 256.43 As at March 31, 2023 719.79 305.48 134.86 600.23 1,760.37 Net Block As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2022 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 Net book value (₹ in Million) (₹ in Million) 713.022 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 <td>Amortisation</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Amortisation								
As at March 31, 2022 - 559.98 273.68 113.82 556.46 - 1,503.94 Amortisation for the year 159.81 31.81 21.04 43.77 - 256.43 As at March 31, 2023 719.79 305.48 134.86 600.23 - 1,760.37 Net Block - - - - - 18,80.30 As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2022 16,124.18 592.08 86.42 483.98 1,006.64 655.56 18,948.86 Net book value (₹ in Million) As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 Other Intangible assets 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 Other Intangible assets under development as on March 31,2023: (₹ in Million) 48.06 655.56 Intangible assets under development ageing: Ageing for intangible assets under development ageing: Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of Intangible assets under development Less than 1	As at March 31, 2021	-	402.73	244.87	92.78	512.70		-	1,253.07
Amortisation for the year - 159.81 31.81 21.04 43.77 - 256.43 As at March 31, 2023 - 719.79 305.48 134.86 600.23 - 1,760.37 Net Block - - - - - 1,760.37 As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2022 16,124.18 592.08 86.42 483.98 1,006.64 655.56 18,948.86 Net book value (₹ in Million) As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 655.56 18,948.86 Net book value (₹ in Million) As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 <t< td=""><td>Amortisation for the year</td><td>-</td><td>157.25</td><td>28.81</td><td>21.04</td><td>43.77</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>250.87</td></t<>	Amortisation for the year	-	157.25	28.81	21.04	43.77		-	250.87
As at March 31, 2023 - 719.79 305.48 134.86 600.23 - 1,760.37 Net Block As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2022 16,124.18 592.08 86.42 483.98 1,006.64 655.56 18,948.86 Net book value (₹ in Million) (₹ in Million) (₹ in Million) (₹ in Million) Particulars As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 592.08 86.42 483.98 1,006.64 655.56 18,948.86 Oddwill (₹ in Million) (₹ in Million) (₹ in Million) 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.	As at March 31, 2022	-	559.98	273.68	113.82	556.46		-	1,503.94
Net Block Image: Second	Amortisation for the year	-	159.81	31.81	21.04	43.77		-	256.43
As at March 31, 2023 16,124.18 1,227.63 54.62 462.94 962.87 48.06 18,880.30 As at March 31, 2022 16,124.18 592.08 86.42 483.98 1,006.64 655.56 18,948.86 Net book value (₹ in Million) (₹ in Million) (₹ in Million) (₹ in Million) Particulars As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2023 March 31, 2023 March 31, 2023 Goodwill 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 Other Intangible assets 0.00 48.06 655.56 2,169.12 Intangible assets under development 48.06 655.56 10,124.18 Ageing for intangible assets under development ageing: Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of (₹ in Million) Intangible assets under development Less than 1 1-2 Years 2-3 Years More than 3 Years Total Projects in progress 48.06 - - - 48.06 - - - 48.06 Projects temporarily suspended - - - - 48.06 - -	As at March 31, 2023	-	719.79	305.48	134.86	600.23		-	1,760.37
As at March 31, 2022 16,124.18 592.08 86.42 483.98 1,006.64 655.56 18,948.86 Net book value (₹ in Million) (₹ in Million) <t< td=""><td>Net Block</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Net Block								
Net book value (₹ in Million) Particulars As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2023 Goodwill 16,124.18 16,124.18 16,124.18 Other Intangible assets 2,708.05 2,169.12 Intangible assets under development 48.06 655.56 Intangible assets under development ageing: Ageing for intangible assets under development as on March 31,2023: (₹ in Million) Intangible assets under development Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of Less than 1 Year 1-2 Years 2-3 Years More than 3 Years Total Projects in progress 48.06 - - - 48.06	As at March 31, 2023	16,124.18	1,227.63	54.62	462.94	962.87	48.	.06	18,880.30
ParticularsAs at March 31, 2023As at March 31, 2023Goodwill16,124.1816,124.18Other Intangible assets2,708.052,169.12Intangible assets under development48.06655.56Intangible assets under development ageing:48.06655.56Ageing for intangible assets under development as on March 31,2023:(₹ in Million)Intangible assets under developmentAmount in intangible assets under development for a period ofIntangible assets under development1-2 Years2-3 YearsProjects in progress48.06Projects temporarily suspended	As at March 31, 2022	16,124.18	592.08	86.42	483.98	1,006.64	655.	.56	18,948.86
ParticularsMarch 31, 2023March 31, 2023March 31, 2022Goodwill16,124.1816,124.1816,124.18Other Intangible assets2,708.052,169.12Intangible assets under development48.06655.56Intangible assets under development ageing:(₹ in Million)Ageing for intangible assets under development ageing:(₹ in Million)Intangible assets under development ageing:(₹ in Million)Ageing for intangible assets under development ageing:(₹ in Million)Intangible assets under development1-2 Years2-3 YearsProjects in progress48.06Projects temporarily suspended	Net book value								(₹ in Million)
Other Intangible assets2,708.052,169.12Intangible assets under development48.06655.56Intangible assets under development ageing:Ageing for intangible assets under development as on March 31,2023:(₹ in Million)Intangible assets under developmentAmount in intangible assets under development for a period of(₹ in Million)Intangible assets under developmentLess than 1 Year1-2 Years2-3 YearsMore than 3 YearsTotalProjects in progress48.0648.06Projects temporarily suspended	Particulars					March		Ma	
Intangible assets under development 48.06 655.56 Intangible assets under development ageing: Ageing for intangible assets under development as on March 31,2023: (₹ in Million) Intangible assets under development Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of (₹ in Million) Intangible assets under development Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of More than 3 Total Projects in progress 48.06 - - - 48.06 Projects temporarily suspended - - - - -	Goodwill					1	6,124.18		16,124.18
Intangible assets under development ageing: Ageing for intangible assets under development as on March 31,2023: (₹ in Million) Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of Intangible assets under development Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of Intangible assets under development Less than 1 Year 1-2 Years 2-3 Years More than 3 Years Total Projects in progress 48.06 - - - 48.06 Projects temporarily suspended - - - - -	Other Intangible assets						2,708.05		2,169.12
Ageing for intangible assets under development as on March 31,2023: (₹ in Million) Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of Intangible assets under development Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of More than 3 years Total Projects in progress 48.06 - - 48.06 - - 48.06 Projects temporarily suspended - - - - - -	Intangible assets under deve	lopment					48.06		655.56
Ageing for intangible assets under development as on March 31,2023: (₹ in Million) Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of Intangible assets under development Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of More than 3 years Total Projects in progress 48.06 - - 48.06 - - 48.06 Projects temporarily suspended - - - - - -	Intangible assets under	development	ageing:						
Intangible assets under developmentAmount in intangible assets under development for a period of Less than 1 Year1-2 Years2-3 YearsMore than 3 YearsTotalProjects in progress48.0648.06Projects temporarily suspended				as on Mar	ch 31.2023:				(₹ in Million)
Intangible assets under developmentLess than 1 Year1-2 Years2-3 YearsMore than 3 YearsTotalProjects in progress48.0648.06Projects temporarily suspended48.06			•			ets under dev	elopment fo	or a	period of
Projects temporarily suspended	Intangible assets under	r developmen		s than 1			More than	3	•
······································	Projects in progress			48.06	-	-		-	48.06
Ageing for intangible assets under development as on March 31.2022:	Projects temporarily susp	ended		-	-	-		-	-
	Ageing for intangible as	sets under de	velopment	as on Mar	ch 31 2022·				(₹ in Million)

other intensible accets and intensible accets under development Nata Carolandarill

Ageing for intangible assets under develop	oment as on March 31,2022:

	Amount in i	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of						
Intangible assets under development	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total			
Projects in progress	511.50	144.06	-	-	655.56			
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-			

*Addition to the intangible assets under development includes ESOP cost and salary cost capitalised amounting to ₹ 108.76 million (March 31, 2022: ₹ 264.48 million) and ₹ 17.51 million (March 31, 2022: 30.51 million) respectively.

Intangible assets under development as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 comprises expenditure for the development of computer software i.e. IT framework.

for the year ended March 31, 2023

Goodwill arising on Amalgamation

Goodwill includes goodwill arising on amalgamation of Avenues (India) Private Limited.

Goodwill is tested for impairment on annual basis and whenever there is an indication that the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount based on a number of factors including business plan, operating results, future cash flows and economic conditions. The recoverable amount is determined based on higher of value in use and fair value less cost to sell.

The Company uses discounted cash flows method to determine the recoverable amount. These discounted cash flow calculations use five-year projections that are based on financial forecasts. Cash flow projections take into account past experience and represent managements's best estimate about future developments. Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market development. The calculations performed indicate that there is no impairment of Goodwill of the company.

Note 7 : Financial assets

7 - Investments

			(₹ in Million)
Parti	culars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
NON	CURRENT		
Inves	stment stated at cost		
(A)	Investment in Equity Instruments		
a.	Investment in Subsidiaries (Unquoted)		
	Infibeam Logistics Private Limited		
	3,75,09,990 (March 31, 2022: 3,75,09,990) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	375.10	375.10
	Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited		
	3,145,000 (March 31, 2022: 3,145,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	31.45	31.45
	Less: Provision for diminution in value of investments in equity shares	(31.45)	(31.45)
	Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited		
	4,39,040 (March 31, 2022: 2,24,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	647.17	262.25
	Vavian International Limited		
	33,600 (March 31, 2022: 13,800) equity shares of AED 1 each, fully paid up	1,106.09	289.99
	AI Fintech Inc		
	Nil Class A (March 31, 2022: 1500) equity shares of no par value, fully paid up	-	0.01
	Nil Class B (March 31, 2022: 3000) equity shares of USD 1000 each, fully paid up	-	223.78
	Instant Global Paytech Private Limited		
	1,81,875 (March 31, 2022: 1,65,000) equity shares of ₹ 1 each, fully paid up	290.33	130.00
	So Hum Bharat Digital Payments Private Limited		
	5,05,000 (March 31, 2022: 5,05,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	5.05	5.05
	Uvik Technologies Private Limited		
	10,001 (March 31, 2022: 10,001) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	440.47	440.47
	Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited		
	10,000 (March 31, 2022: Nil) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	0.10	-
	Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Limited®		
	1,000 (March 31, 2022: Nil) equity shares of AUD 10 each, fully paid up	0.56	-

			(₹ in Million)
Part	iculars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
	Infibeam Avenues Saudi Arabia For Information Systems Technology Co.®		
	1,00,000 (March 31, 2022: Nil) equity shares of SAR 1 each, fully paid up	2.22	-
	Avenues Infinite Private Limited		
	39,36,000 (March 31, 2022: 39,36,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	1,195.96	1,195.96
	Less: Allowance for diminution in value of investments in equity shares	(10.00)	(10.00)
		4,053.05	2,912.61
b.	Investment in Associates (Unquoted)		
	Infibeam Global EMEA FZ - LLC		
	36,016 (March 31, 2022: 36,016) equity shares of AED 1000 each, fully paid up	675.86	675.86
	Vishko22 Products and Services Private Limited		
	1,25,000 (March 31, 2022: Nil) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	1.25	-
		677.11	675.86
с.	Investment in Associates (Quoted)		
	DRC Systems India Limited		
	Nil (31 March 2022 : 1,14,75,000) equity shares of ₹ 1 each, fully paid up	-	30.60
		-	30.60
(B)	Investment in Preference Instruments		
а.	Investment in Subsidiaries (Unquoted)		
	Uvik Technologies Private Limited		
	5,708 (March 31, 2022: 5708) preference shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	251.40	251.40
		251.40	251.40
Inve	stment stated at Fair Value through Profit and loss		
(A)	Investment in Equity Instruments (Quoted)		
	DRC Systems India Limited		
	41,30,820 (March 31, 2022: Nil) equity shares of ₹ 1 each, fully paid up	11.02	-
	Add/(less): Fair value changes	190.78	-
		201.79	
Inve	stment stated at Fair Value through OCI		
(A)	Investment in Equity Instruments (Unquoted)		
	Avenues Payments India Private Limited		
	34,791 (March 31, 2022: 34,791) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	214.03	214.03
	Add/(less): Fair value changes	63.95	267.09
		277.98	481.12
	JRI Technologies Private Limited		
	220,625 (March 31, 2022: 220,625) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	15.79	15.79
	Add/(less): Fair value changes	319.56	-
		335.35	15.79
	Tradohub B2B Limited		
	355,320 (March 31, 2022: 355,320) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	600.29	600.00
	Less: Allowance for diminution in value of investments in equity shares	(600.29)	(600.00)

Part	iculars	As at	(₹ in Million) As at
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(D)		613.33	496.91
(B)	Investment in Equity Instruments (Quoted) Investment in Equity Shares of LIC of India		
		60.60	
	63,852 (March 31, 2022 : Nil) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	60.60	-
	Add/(less): Fair value changes	(26.48)	-
·····	Investment in Preference Instruments (Unquoted)	34.12	
(C)	***************************************		
	Avenues Payments India Private Limited	40.00	40.00
	6,288 (31 March 2022 : 6288) preference shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	40.00	40.00
	Add/(less): Fair value changes	9.84	46.96
(D)	Tavastasati in Mutual Fund Units (Unsustad)	49.84	86.96
(D)	Investment in Mutual Fund Units (Unquoted) Beams Fintech Fund		
		17 50	12 50
	1,750 (31 March 2022 : 1250) Units of ₹ 10,000 each, fully paid up	17.50	12.50
	Add/(less): Fair value changes	1.94 19.44	12.50
	Total Non current Investments	5,900.07	4,466.84
	Total Non-current investment	5,900.07	4,466.84
	Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	6,305.91	5,077.68
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments	235.91	30.60
	Impairment of investment	(641.74)	(641.45)
	Value of Unquoted Investments	5,664.16	4,436.24
	Market Value of quoted investments	235.91	436.62
	@ represents investment which are under process of transfer to our Wholly Owned		
	Subsidiary Company		
	CURRENT		
	Investment stated at Fair Value through Profit and loss		
	A. Investment in units of mutual funds (Quoted)		
	ICICI Prudential Overnight Fund		
	3,10,357.778 (March 31, 2022: Nil) Units	374.98	-
	Add/(less): Fair value changes	0.08	-
	Total Current Investments	375.06	-
7 - Lo	ans		(₹ in Million)
Part	iculars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Loan to related parties*	105.59	19.85
	105.59	19.85
Total Loans	105.59	19.85

* The above loan are unsecured, repayable on demand, interest free and the same have been given for the purpose of business operations. (Refer note 26)

7 - Other financial assets		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Security Deposits	11.37	6.74
Advance to employees	28.72	26.83
Prepaid employees benefits	3.91	6.04
Bank deposits with original maturity of more than 12 months (including accrued interest) #	424.98	165.95
Unsecured, considered doubtful		
Security deposits	1.35	1.35
Less: Allowance for doubtful security deposits	(1.35)	(1.35)
	468.98	205.55
Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Security deposits*	9.11	5.44
Unbilled revenue	1,455.39	1,105.74
Advance to employees	14.74	13.06
Prepaid employees benefit	2.13	2.13
Bank deposits maturing within 12 months from reporting date (including accrued interest) #	505.69	697.74
Receivable from subsidiary company for reimbursement of expenses (net) (refer note 26)	0.28	0.20
Prepaid balances	67.34	-
Interest accrued on FD with original maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months.	5.78	5.99
Interest on loan receviable (refer note 26)	1.34	0.68
	2,061.80	1,830.98
Total other financial assets	2,530.78	2,036.53

* includes deposit given to the director of the Company (refer note 26)

Fixed deposits of ₹ 771.67 million (March 31, 2022: ₹ 356.95 million) are under lien against credit facilities from banks.

7 - Trade receivables

7 - Trade receivables		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Trade receivables		
Unsecured, considered good	536.34	435.58
Unsecured, considered doubtful	127.57	99.73
	663.92	535.31
Less : Allowance for Bad Debts	(127.57)	(99.73)
Total Trade receivables	536.34	435.58

(i) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 90 days

(ii) For amount dues and terms and conditions relating to Related Party Transactions, refer note 26

(iii) For explanation on Company's credit risk management process, refer note 33

(iv) For trade receivables ageing schedule, refer note 40

7 - Cash and cash equivalent		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Balance with Bank		
Current accounts	474.10	292.77
Balance with bank in nodal accounts	1,197.72	784.87
Cash on hand	0.34	0.21
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,672.16	1,077.84
7 - Bank balance other than the above		(₹ in Million)
		As at

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Deposits with original maturity of more than three months but less than 12 months (Refer notes below)	17.06	6.75
Earmarked balances for unclaimed dividend	0.53	0.43
Bank balance other than the above	17.59	7.18

(i) Fixed deposit of ₹ 6.98 million (March 31, 2022: ₹ 6.75 million) are under lien against credit facilities from banks.

7 - Financial assets by category				(₹ in Million)
Particulars	Cost	FVOCI	FVTPL	Amortised Cost
March 31, 2023				
Investments				
- Equity shares	4,730.16	647.45	201.79	-
- Preference shares	251 40	49.84	-	-
- Mutual Fund	-	19.44	375.06	-
Trade receivables				536.34
Loans				105.59
Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances				1,689.74
Other financial assets				2,530.78
Total Financial assets	4 981 56	716.73	576.85	4,862.45
March 31, 2022				
Investments				
- Equity shares	3 619 07	496.91		
- Preference shares	251.40	86.96		
- Mutual Fund	-	12.50		
Trade receivables				435.58
Loans				19.85
Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances				1,085.02
Other financial assets				2,036.53
Total Financial assets	3,870.47	596.37	•	3,576.99

For financial instruments risk management objectives and policies, refer note 33

Fair value disclosures for financial assets and liabilities and fair value hierarchy disclosures for investment, refer note 33.

Note 8 : Other assets		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non-current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Capital advances	0.80	1.39
Prepaid expense	41.88	53.11
Total Non-current asset	42.68	54.50
Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Advance to suppliers	582.86	517.07
Less : Allowance for doubtfull advances	(2.99)	(2.99)
Balance with government authorities	11.26	19.40
Receivable for settlement of payment gateway transaction (refer note 37)	4,787.02	5,044.35
Capital advances	-	0.17
Prepaid expenses	22.60	2.80
Other current asset	0.76	0.35
Total current asset	5,401.52	5,581.15
Total	5,444.20	5,635.65

Note 9: Income tax assets (net)

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Tax paid in advance (net of provision) (refer note 24)	796.81	974.65
Total	796.81	974.65
Provision for tax (net of advance tax) (refer note 24)	1.55	2.60
Total	1.55	2.60

Note 10 : Equity Share Capital

As at Marc			
As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
No. of shares	₹ in Million	No. of shares	₹ in Million
3,500,000,000	3,500.00	2,800,000,000	2,800.00
2,677,781,182	2,677.78	2,676,310,462	2,676.31
2,677,781,182	2,677.78	2,676,310,462	2,676.31
2,677,781,182	2,677.78	2,676,310,462	2,676.31
-	No. of shares	No. of shares ₹ in Million 3,500,000,000 3,500.00 2,677,781,182 2,677.78 2,677,781,182 2,677.78	No. of shares ₹ in Million No. of shares 3,500,000,000 3,500.00 2,800,000,000 2,677,781,182 2,677.78 2,676,310,462 2,677,781,182 2,677.78 2,676,310,462

for the year ended March 31, 2023

10.1. Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the Reporting period

.	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
Particulars	No. of shares	₹ in Million	No. of shares	₹ in Million
At the beginning of the year	2,676,310,462	2,676.31	1,331,053,580	1,331.05
Add :				
Shares allotted pursuant to exercise of Employee Stock Option Plan	1,470,720	1.47	990,540	0.99
Shares issued on acquisition of subsidiary	-	-	6,111,111	6.11
Issue of Bonus shares	-	-	1,338,155,231	1,338.16
Outstanding at the end of the year	2,677,781,182	2,677.78	2,676,310,462	2,676.31

10.2. Terms/Rights attached to the equity shares

The Company has equity shares having a par value of ₹ 1 per share. All equity shares rank equally with regard to dividend and share in the Company's residual assets in proportion of amount paid up. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. Each holder of the equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

On winding up of Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of Company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to number of equity shares held. Terms attached to stock options granted to employees are described in note 28 regarding employee share based payments.

10.3. Number of Shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% Shares in the company

	As at March 31, 2023		As at Marc	h 31, 2022
Name of the Shareholder	No. of shares	% of shareholding	No. of shares	% of shareholding
Vishal A Mehta	239,837,600	8.96	239,837,600	8.96
Infinium Motors Private Limited	231,527,500	8.65	231,527,500	8.65
Vishwas A Patel	306,382,648	11.44	306,382,648	11.45

Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders / members and other declarations received from the shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

10.4 Number of Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year

	As at March 31, 2023		
Name of the Promoter	ne Promoter No. of shares % of shareho		% Change during the year
Promoters			
Mr. Ajit Champaklal Mehta	120,459,120	4.50	
Mr. Vishal Ajitbhai Mehta	239,837,600	8.96	
Ms. Jayshreeben Ajitbhai Mehta	120,459,120	4.50	
Mr. Malav Ajitbhai Mehta	34,596,800	1.29	
Promoter group			
Ms. Nirali Vishal Mehta	60,236,800	2.25	

	As at Ma	As at March 31, 2023		
Name of the Promoter	romoter No. of shares % of shareholding		% Change during the year	
Ms. Anoli Malav Mehta	3,873,931	0.14		
Mr. Subhashchandra Rambhai Amin	8,235,160	0.31		
Ms. Achalaben S. Amin	705,800	0.03		
Ms. Pallavi Kumarpal	93,360	-		
Ms. Bhadrika Arvind Shah	41,360	-		
Ms. Shreya Nisarg Parikh	8,000	-		
Infinium Motors Private Limited	231,527,500	8.65		

Norma of the Duran star	As at Mar	% Change during		
Name of the Promoter	No. of shares	% of shareholding	the year	
Promoters				
Mr. Ajit Champaklal Mehta	120,459,120	4.50	(0.02)	
Mr. Vishal Ajitbhai Mehta	239,837,600	8.96	(0.05)	
Ms. Jayshreeben Ajitbhai Mehta	120,459,120	4.50	(0.02)	
Mr. Malav Ajitbhai Mehta	34,596,800	1.29	(0.29)	
Promoter group				
Ms. Nirali Vishal Mehta	60,236,800	2.25	(0.01)	
Ms. Anoli Malav Mehta	3,873,931	0.14	(0.01)	
Mr. Subhashchandra Rambhai Amin	8,235,160	0.31	-	
Ms. Achalaben S. Amin	705,800	0.03	-	
Ms. Pallavi Kumarpal	93,360	-	-	
Ms. Bhadrika Arvind Shah	41,360	-	-	
Ms. Shreya Nisarg Parikh	8,000	-	-	
Infinium Motors Private Limited	231,527,500	8.65	(0.05)	
Infinity Drive Private Limited	-	-	(0.06)	
O3 Developers Private Limited *	-	-	(0.44)	
Infinium Communications Private Limited *	-	-	(0.08)	
Tripwheels and Drive Private Limited *	-	-	(0.23)	

12, 2021

for the year ended March 31, 2023

10.5. Shares reserved for issue under options

For information relating to Infibeam Avenues Limited Employee Stock Option Plan, including details of options issued, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and options outstanding at the end of the reporting period please refer to note 28.

10.6 Aggregate number of equity shares issued as bonus shares during five years prior to March 31, 2023.

Number of Shares
1,338,155,231
665,526,790

Nil (Previous year :1,33,81,55,231) equity shares of ₹ 1 each have been alloted as fully paid up bonus shares

10.7 Aggregate number of equity shares issued for a consideration other than cash during five years prior to March 31, 2023.

Year	Number of Shares
2021-22	1,344,266,342
2020-21	665,526,790

Nil (Previous year :1,33,81,55,231) equity shares of ₹ 1 each have been alloted as fully paid up bonus shares

Nil (Previous year : 61,11,111) equity shares of ₹ 1 each have been alloted as fully paid up on acquisition of subsidiary

10.8. Distribution made and proposed

The final dividend on shares is recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders. Interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Company's Board. Income tax consequences of dividends on financial instruments classified as equity will be recognized according to where the entity originally recognized those past transactions or events that generated distributable profits.

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. Companies are required to pay / distribute dividend after deducting applicable taxes. The remittance of dividends outside India is governed by Indian law on foreign exchange and is also subject to withholding tax at applicable rates.

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Cash dividends on Equity Shares declared and paid:		
Final dividend for year ended March 31, 2021: ₹ 0.05 Per share		66.60
Less: Paid to IEW Trust (refer note 29)		(0.28)
Net final dividend paid		66.32
Interim dividend for year ended March 31, 2022: ₹ 0.05 Per share		66.60
Less: Paid to IEW Trust (refer note 29)		(0.28)
Net interim dividend paid		66.32
Proposed dividends on Equity Shares:		
Final cash dividend for March 31, 2023: ₹ 0.05 Per Share (March 31, 2022: Nil)	133.89	-
(including Payable to IEW trust)		

The Board of Directors, in their meeting held on May 25, 2023, recommended a final dividend of \mathfrak{F} 0.05 per equity share for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. This payment is subject to the approval of shareholders in the AGM of the Company and if approved, would result in a net cash outflow of approximately \mathfrak{F} 133.89 million.

Note: Refer note 26 for dividend paid to related party transactions

Note 11 : Other Equity		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
General reserve		
Opening balance	7.69	0.15
Add: Addition on account of lapse of employee stock options	19.93	7.54
Balance at the end of the year	27.62	7.69
Securities premium		
Opening balance	23,452.77	24,503.82
Add : on issue of equity shares on acquisition of subsidiary		268.89
Add: on exercising of employee stock options	29.63	18.21
Less: capitalisation on issue of bonus shares		(1,338.16)
Balance at the end of the year	23,482.40	23,452.77
Capital reserve		
Opening balance	100.00	100.00
Balance at the end of the year	100.00	100.00
Employees Stock Options Outstanding (Net)- (refer note 28)		
Opening balance	591.73	281.08
Add : Employee compensation expense for the year	269.35	336.40
Add : Fair Value Impact on contingent consideration	1.83	-
Less: Transfer to securities premium on exercise of options	(29.63)	(18.21)
Less: Reversal due to lapse of options	(19.93)	(7.54)
Balance at the end of the year	<u>813.35</u>	591.73
Treasury Shares (refer note 29)		
Opening balance	(396.46)	(396.06)
Add : (Purchase) of treasury shares by the trust during the year	(17.06)	-
Add : Other adjustment		(0.40)
Balance at the end of the year	(413.51)	(396.46)
Money received against share warrants	403.75	-
Balance at the end of the year	403.75	-
IEW Trust Reserve (refer note 29)		
Opening balance	0.00*	0.00*
Balance at the end of the year	0.00*	0.00*
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	1,093.97	751.37
Add: Profit for the year	1,354.97	698.57
Add: OCI for the year	53.70	(223.32)
	2,502.65	1,226.62
Less: Appropriation		
Dividend paid (refer note 26)		(132.65)
Balance at the end of the year	2,502.65	1,093.97
Total	26,916.25	24,849.71

for the year ended March 31, 2023

* Represents amount less than one million

General reserve

General Reserve is created out of the profits earned by the Company by way of transfer from surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss as also on account of lapse of employee stock options. The Company can use this reserve for payment of dividend and issue of fully paid-up bonus shares.

Securities premium

Where the Company issues shares at a premium, whether for cash or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the premium received on those shares shall be transferred to "Securities Premium". The Company may issue fully paid-up bonus shares to its members out of the Securities Premium and the Company can use this reserve for buy-back of shares

Employees Stock Options Outstanding

The share based option outstanding account is used to recognise the grant date fair value of options issued to employees under group's employee stock option schemes.

Money received against share warrants

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on August 25, 2022 and the Shareholders in their meeting held on September 23, 2022 approved issue of 9,50,00,000 Fully Covertible Warrants on Preferential Issue basis to Vybe Ventures LLP (Other than Promoter & Promoter Group) at an issue price of ₹ 17/- (including premium of ₹ 16/- each) per warrant. The said Warrants were allotted on October 07, 2022 upon receipt of ₹ 403.75 million (being 25% of the total consideration) as upfront payment.

Retained earnings

Retained Earnings are profits that the Company has earned till date less dividend or other distribution or transaction with shareholders.

Note 12 : Financial liabilities

12 - Trade payable

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Current		
a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	2.66	3.31
b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	116.31	189.44
Total	118.97	192.75

(i) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-90 days terms.

(ii) For disclosure required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006, refer note 35

(iii) For explanation on Company's liability risk management process, refer note 33

(₹ in Million)

for the year ended March 31, 2023

(iv) For trade payable ageing schedule, refer note 40

12 - Other financial liabilities

(₹ in Million)

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non Current		
Lease liability (refer note 31)	50.13	52.71
Total non current lease liabilities	50.13	52.71
Current		
Lease liability (refer note 31)	30.12	19.45
Total current lease liabilities	30.12	19.45
Other financial liabilities		
Employee benefits payable	61.95	41.27
Provision for expenses	211.09	210.94
Creditor for capital goods	-	8.55
Security deposits from merchants	12.75	16.08
Unpaid dividends	0.53	0.43
Other payables	20.09	37.95
Total other current financial liabilities	306.41	315.22
Total	386.66	387.38

12 Financial liabilities by category

Particulars FVTPL FVOCI **Amortised Cost** March 31, 2023 Trade payable 118.97 Lease liabilities 80.25 Other financial liabilities 306.41 Total Financial liabilities 505.63 Particulars FVTPL FVOCI **Amortised Cost** March 31, 2022 Trade payable 192.75 Lease liabilities 72.16 Other financial liabilities 315.22 Total Financial liabilities 580.13

For financial instruments risk management objectives and policies, refer Note 33

(₹ in Million)

Notes to the Financials Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

Fair value disclosures for financial assets and liabilities and fair value hierarchy disclosures for investment, refer note 33.

Note 13 : Provisions		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non - current		
Provision for employee benefits (refer note 25)		
Provision for gratuity	55.84	50.71
Total Non Current Provisions	55.84	50.71
Current		
Provision for employee benefits (refer note 25)		
Provision for gratuity	17.52	17.82
Total Current Provisions	17.52	17.82
Total	73.36	68.54

Note 14 : Other Non-current / current liabilities

As at As at Particulars March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Non-current ESOP Compensation Payable* 148.44 222.66 148.44 222.66 Current Advance from customers 14.30 _____ Statutory dues including provident fund and tax deducted at source 101.92 44.82
 Payable for settlement of payment gateway transaction (refere note 37)
 6,623.29
 6,374.40 Excess billing over revenue 17.85 53.88 ESOP Compensation Payable* 74.23 74.21 6,760.18 6,618.71 Total 6,908.62 6,841.37 _____

* With respect to the acquisition of 100% shareholding of UVIK Technologies Private Limited during the previous year, the Employee stock options are required to be issued over a period of 5 years is an arrangement in the nature of Contingent Consideration, the present value of which is recognised as above.

Note 15 : Revenue from operations		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Sale of services	17,872.86	11,674.80
Total	17,872.86	11,674.80

Refer note 39 "Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 115 "Revenue from contract with customers"

for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note 16 : Other income		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Interest income on:		
- Bank deposits	49.44	49.95
- Others	51.27	4.18
Foreign exchange gain/loss	60.12	7.11
Excess Provision written back	4.11	-
Short term capital gain on sale of mutual funds	1.96	0.58
Rental Income**	8.52	7.98
Gain on fair value of Investment	192.79	-
Liability no longer required	12.12	7.57
Profit on sale of Investment	258.04	-
Dividend income	0.10	-
Miscellaneous income	0.01	3.72
Total	638.47	81.09

** The Company has entered into lease agreement for office premises with its subsidiary and associate companies. The leasing agreement is cancellable, and renewable on a periodic basis by mutual consent on mutually accepted terms including escalation of lease rent. Lease income from related parties recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year amounts to ₹ 4.74 million (March 31, 2022: 7.65 million). (refer note 26)

(₹ in Million)

Note 17 : Employee benefits expense

Particulars 2021-22 2022-23 Salaries, wages and bonus^ 687.11 543.06 Contribution to provident fund and other funds (refer note 25) 18.47 16.52 Share based payments to employees (refer note 28) 88.21 71.27 Staff welfare expenses 8.20 3.12 801.99 633.96 Total ^Salaries,wages and bonus (net of capitalisation) 704.62 Salaries,wages and bonus 573.57 Less : Cost capitalised (17.51) (30.51) _____ Salaries,wages and bonus cost for the year 687.11 543.06 * Employee stock option outstanding expenses Share based payment expense 269.35 336.40 Less : Cost capitalised (108.76) (264.48) _____ Less : Expense recovered from the subsidary/associate companies (0.65) -Less: Adjusted against Contingent Consideration on acquisition of subsidiary (72.38) ESOP cost for the year 88.21 71.27

Note 18 : Finance costs		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Interest expense for:		
- Bank	7.60	7.00
- Statutory dues	2.68	1.09
Interest on lease payment (refer note 31)	8.94	6.58
Other borrowing cost	-	4.19
Total	19.21	18.86
Note 19 : Depreciation and Amortization expense		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Depreciation on tangible assets (refer note 5)	275.21	312.84
Amortization on intangible assets (refer note 6)	256.43	250.87
Depreciation on right of use assets (refer note 5)	26.56	22.75
Total	558.20	586.46
Note 20 : Other expenses		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Bank charges	2.07	3.58
Communication expenses	9.86	10.89
CSR expenses (refer note 32)	15.10	12.20
Legal and consultancy expenses	75.91	45.02
Director sitting fees	1.00	0.80
Security service charges	0.68	0.58
Retainership fees expenses	14.46	20.97
Office expenses	28.19	26.38
Payments to auditors - statutory audit fees (refer note below)	6.10	6.02
Rent	12.78	3.71
Rate and taxes	8.59	13.44
Web hosting and server support expense	51.87	45.34
Advertisement expenses	6.59	4.35
Electricity expenses*	14.55	10.77
Traveling expenses	18.46	4.07
Service charges	2.47	2.17
Allowances for bad debts expenses	27.85	26.87
Balances written off	-	0.37
Bad Debts written off	16.98	-
Miscellaneous expenses	1.82	2.34
Total	315.33	239.86

* Electricity expenses is net of government grant amounting to ₹ Nil million (March 31, 2022: ₹ 1.23 million)

	(₹ in Million)
2022-23	2021-22
1.50	1.50
4.50	4.50
0.08	0.02
0.02	0.01
6.10	6.02
-	1.50 4.50 0.08 0.02

Note 21 : Contingent liabilities

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Contingent liabilities not provided for		
a. Claims against Company not acknowledged as debts	-	-
b. Guarantees given by bank on behalf of the Company	-	-

Note 22 : Capital commitment and other commitments

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Capital commitments		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advance)	0.32	0.32

Note 23 : Foreign Exchange Derivatives and Exposures not hedged

Α. Foreign Exchange Derivatives: The Company does not have any foreign exchange derivatives

Exposure Not Hedged В.

		Year ended March 31, 2023		Year ended March 31, 2022	
Nature of exposure	Currency	Foreign currency	Local currency (₹ in Million)	Foreign currency	Local currency (₹ in Million)
Trade receivables	USD	1,535,309	126.16	1,455,116	110.29
	AED	6,714,542	150.22	923,038	19.05
	SAR	750,000	16.42	-	-
	OMR	21,474	4.58	13,223	2.60
Accrued revenue	USD	12,571	1.03	54,022	4.09
	SAR	375,000	8.21	375,000	7.58
Provision for expenses	USD	9,042	0.74	6,650	0.50
Creditors for expenses	USD	20,078	1.65	90,346	6.85
Bank balance	USD	808,034	66.40	377,347	28.60

Note 24 : Income tax

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Tax paid in advance (net of provision)	796.81	974.65
Total	796.81	974.65
Provision for tax (net of advance tax)	1.55	2.60
Total 1.55		2.60
The major component of income tax expense for the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are :		

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current tax (incl tax on OCI)		
Current year	-	-
Previous year	16.39	(247.84)
Deferred tax		
Deferred tax income/(expense) during the year recognised in profit or loss	443.66	394.68
Deferred tax income/(expense) during the year recognised in OCI	(3.03)	(66.37)
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	457.02	80.47

Note : With the amendment in the Income Tax Act in respect of allowability of Depreciation on Goodwill by Finance Act 2021 and Finance Act 2022, the Company is eligible to claim depreciation on Goodwill upto Financial Year 2019-20. Consequently, the Company has reversed the excess income tax provisions of earlier years and recognized deferred tax liability on difference in tax base on Goodwill and differed tax assets on unabsorbed depreciation under tax law. The Impact of remeasurement of Deferred Tax on above is accounted in the year ended March 31, 2022. Accordingly, previous year current tax expenses are not comparable.

Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by domestic tax rate for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

A) Current tax		
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Accounting profit before tax	1,815.02	845.40
Enacted tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Computed expected tax expense	456.80	212.77
Adjustments		
Non-deductable expenses (B)		
Effect of non-deductable expenses	30.62	5.98
Deferred tax impact on Ind AS adjustment	(28.76)	(74.30)
Tax expenses for earlier year	16.39	(247.84)
Tax benefit on brought forward losses	(45.89)	(212.77)
Excess of tax depreciation over book depreciation	27.85	396.63
	457.02	80.47

for the year ended March 31, 2023

B) Deferred tax

(₹ in Million)

The tax effects of significant temporary differences that resulted in deferred income tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	Balance Sheet		Statement of Profit and Loss	
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Deferred income tax assets				
Impact of fair valuation of investments	103.51	74.91	28.60	74.91
Provision for employee benefits	17.59	15.91	1.68	3.00
IPO Expenses	-	39.31	(39.31)	(15.74)
Allowance for Bad debts	33.20	26.19	7.01	6.76
Lease hold property Ind AS 116	0.69	0.54	0.16	(0.61)
Unabsorb Loss of IT	1,572.55	1,983.47	(410.92)	1,983.47
Total deferred income tax assets	1,727.55	2,140.32	(412.78)	2,051.78
Deferred income tax liabilities				
Excess of amortization on fixed assets under income-tax law over amortization provided in accounts.	2,817.43	2,789.57	27.85	2,380.10
Total deferred income tax liabilities	2,817.43	2,789.57	27.85	2,380.10
Deferred tax expense/(income)			440.63	328.31
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	(1,089.88)	(649.25)		
Reflected in the balance sheet as follows				
Deferred tax assets	1,727.55	2,140.32		
Deferred tax liabilities	2,817.43	2,789.57		
Deferred tax liability (net)	(1,089.88)	(649.25)		

(₹ in Million)

Reconciliation of deferred tax assets / (liabilities), net	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Opening balance as of April 1	(649.25)	(320.94)
Tax income/(expense) during the year recognised in profit or loss	(443.66)	(394.68)
Tax income/(expense) during the year recognised in OCI	3.03	66.37
Closing balance as at March 31	(1,089.88)	(649.25)

The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

In assessing the realizability of deferred income tax assets, management considers whether some portion or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversals of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based on the level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred income tax assets are deductible, management believes that the Company will realize the benefits of those deductible differences. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry forward period are reduced.

Note 25 : Disclosure pursuant to Employee benefits

The Company makes contributions, determined as a specified percentage of employee salaries, in respect of qualifying employees towards provident fund and employee state insurance, which is a defined contribution plan. The Company has no obligations other than to make the specified contributions. The contribution is charged to the Statement of profit and loss as they accrue. The amount recognised as an expense towards contribution to provident fund and other funds for the year are as follows:

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Provident Fund	17.82	15.97
ESIC	0.65	0.56
	18.47	16.52

The Company has following post employment benefits which are in the nature of defined benefit plans:

(a) Gratuity

The Company operates gratuity plan wherein every employee is entitled to the benefit as per scheme of the Company, for each completed year of service. The same is payable on retirement or termination whichever is earlier. The benefit vests only after five years of continuous service.

(₹ in Million) (₹ in Million) 68.54 31, 2023 31, 2022 68.54 68.54 73.36 73.36 73.36 March March tions by employer Contributions by employer Contribuī . ı included Sub-total included 3.73 3.73 3.73 Remeasurement gains/(losses) in other comprehensive Sub-total 1.86 1.86 Remeasurement gains/(losses) in other comprehensive 1.86 in OCI in OCI 4.82 4.82 4.82 ence adjust-5.66 5.66 5.66 adjust-Experi-Experiments ence ments changes in financial changes in (1.09) (1.09) (1.09) Actuarial changes arising (3.81) (3.81) (3.81) arising financial changes Actuarial assumpassumpfrom from tions tions income income demograph-ic assumparising from (00.0) (00.0) (00.0) . changes in graphic assumptions changes Actuarial changes arising in demo-Actuarial changes from tions plan assets excluding . plan assets (excluding . Return on amounts Return on included interest expense) amounts included expense) interest in net in net March 31, 2023 : Changes in defined benefit obligation and plan assets March 31, 2022 : Changes in defined benefit obligation and plan assets Benefit (8.88) (8.88) (8.88) Benefit (5.52) (5.52) (5.52) Gratuity cost charged to statement of profit and loss paid Gratuity cost charged to statement of profit and loss paid 11.84 in state-ment of 11.84 11.84 in state-9.99 9.99 Sub-total included ment of 9.99 included profit and loss Sub-tota and loss profit 3.75 3.75 3.75 interest expense interest expense 3.26 3.26 3.26 Net Net Service 8.09 8.09 8.09 6.73 6.73 6.73 Service cost cost . in/(out) obliga-tion in/(out) ÷ **Fransfer Fransfer** obligation April 1, April 1, 68.54 68.54 68.54 60.33 60.33 60.33 2022 2021 Defined benefit Defined benefit Benefit liability Benefit liability Total benefit **Total benefit** Fair value of Fair value of plan assets plan assets obligation obligation liability Gratuity liability Gratuity

Notes to the Financials Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

for the year ended March 31, 2023

The principal assumptions used in determining above defined benefit obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

Year ended	Year ended	
March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
7.30%	5.80-6.09%	
8.00%	8.00%	
ages reducing to	40% at younger ages reducing to 5.00% at older ages	
Mortality (2012-14)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Table	
58 years	58 years	
- -	March 31, 2023 7.30% 8.00% 40% at younger ages reducing to 5.00% at older ages Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Table	

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as shown below:

(₹ in Million)

P-uti-ut-u-	Constituite local	· ·	(increase) / decrease in defined benefit obligation (Impact)		
Particulars	Sensitivity level	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022		
Gratuity					
Discount rate	0.5% - 1% increase	71.00	16.48		
	0.5% - 1% decrease	75.91	17.01		
Future Salary increase	0.5% - 1% increase	75.19	16.52		
	0.5% - 1% decrease	71.53	16.22		
Withdrawal rates (W.R.)	0.5% - 1% increase	73.28	14.90		
	0.5% - 1% decrease	73.44	15.09		
The followings are the expec	ted future benefit payments for the defined benefit plan :		(₹ in Million)		
Particulars		Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022		
Gratuity					
Within one year		17.52	17.82		
After one year but not m	ore than five years	43.52	35.25		
More than five years		25.23	33.25		

Risk Exposure :

Gratuity

i. Investment risk

For funded plans that rely on insurers for managing the assets, the value of assets certified by the insurer may not be the fair value of instruments backing the liability. In such cases, the present value of the assets is independent of the future discount rate. This can result in wide fluctuations in the net liability or the funded status if there are significant changes in the discount rate during the inter-valuation period.

ii. Market Risk (Interest Rate)

Market risk is a collective term for risks that are related to the changes and fluctuations of the financial markets. The discount rate reflects the time value of money. An increase in discount rate leads to decrease in Defined Benefit Obligation of the plan benefits & vice versa. This assumption depends on the yields on the corporate/government bonds and hence the valuation of liability is exposed to fluctuations in the yields as at the valuation date.

for the year ended March 31, 2023

iii. Longevity Risk

The impact of longevity risk will depend on whether the benefits are paid before retirement age or after. Typically for the benefits paid on or before the retirement age, the longevity risk is not very material.

iv. Actuarial Risk

a. Salary Increase Assumption

Actual Salary increases that are higher than the assumed salary escalation, will result in increase to the Obligation at a rate that is higher than expected.

b. Attrition/Withdrawal Assumption

If actual withdrawal rates are higher than assumed withdrawal rates, the benefits will be paid earlier than expected. Similarly if the actual withdrawal rates are lower than assumed, the benefits will be paid later than expected. The impact of this will depend on the demography of the company and the financials assumptions.

v. Regulatory Risk

Any Changes to the current Regulations by the Government, will increase (in most cases) or Decrease the obligation which is not anticipated. Sometimes, the increase is many fold which will impact the financials quite significantly.

Note 26 : Related Party disclosures.

As per the Indian Accounting Standard on "Related Party Disclosures" (IND AS 24), the related parties of the Company are as follows :

Name of Related Parties and Nature of Relationship :

Sr. No.	Relationship	Name of Company / person
1	Subsidiary Company	Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited
		Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited
		Infibeam Logistics Private Limited
		Avenues Infinite Private Limited
		Vavin International Limited
		Avenues World FZ LLC
		Instant Global Paytech Private Limited
		Cardpay Technologies Private Limited
		AI Fintech Inc
		So Hum Bharat Digital Payment Limited (with effect from February 20, 2021)
		Uvik Technologies Private Limited (with effect from March 01, 2022)
		Infibeam Avenues Australia PTY Limited (with effect from June 06, 2022)
		Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited (with effect from February 14, 2022)
		Infibeam Avenues Saudi Arabia For Information Systems Technology Co (with effect from July 01, 2022)
2	Associate Companies	Avenues Payments India Private Limited (upto April 29, 2021)
		Infibeam Global EMEA FZ LLC
		DRC Systems India Limited (Upto September 30, 2022)
		VIshko22 Products and Services Private Limited (With effect from September 20,2022)

Sr. No.	Relationship	Name of Company / person
3	Key Management Personnel	
	Managing Director	Vishal Ajit Mehta
	Executive Director	Vishwas Ambalal Patel
	Non-executive Directors	Ajit Champaklal Mehta
		Roopkishan Sohanlal Dave
		Keyoor Madhusudan Bakshi
		Vijaylaxmi Tulsidas Sheth
		Piyushkumar Sinha
	Chief Financial Officer (CFO)	Hiren Padhya (upto March 18, 2022)
		Sunil Bhagat (with effect from March 19, 2022)
	Company Secretary (CS)	Shyamal Trivedi
4	Relatives of KMP	Jayshree Ajit Mehta
		Nirali Vishal Mehta
		Malav A. Mehta
		Anoli Malav Mehta
		Varini Vishwas Patel
		Vivek Vishwas Patel
		Mokshadaben Sheth
5	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence	Infinium Motors Private Limited
		Avenues Enterprises Private Limited
		Vybe Ventures LLP

Related party transactions

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Period ending	Management Personnel (KMP) and	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence			Total
Issue of equity shares on exercising of ESOP (Number of shares)						
Chief Financial officer (CFO)	31/Mar/23	0.30				0.30
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	-
Company secretary (CS)	31/Mar/23	0.30				0.30
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	-
Issue of equity shares pursuant to Bonus Issue (Number of shares)	31/Mar/23	-	-	-	-	-
	31/Mar/22	499.60	115.76	-	-	615.36
Investment in equity shares						

Particulars	Period ending	Management Personnel	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence		Subsidiary Companies	Total
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	31/Mar/23	-		-	160.33	160.33
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	-
AI Fintech Inc	31/Mar/23				232.49	232.49
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	131.09	131.09
Jvik Technologies Private Limited	31/Mar/23				-	-
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	691.87	691.87
Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	31/Mar/23				384.92	384.92
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	-
Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.10	0.10
	31/Mar/22				-	-
Infibeam Avenues Australia PTY Limited	31/Mar/23				0.56	0.56
	31/Mar/22					
Infibeam Avenues Saudi Arabia For Information Systems Technology Co	31/Mar/23				2.22	2.22
	31/Mar/22					
Vavian International Limited	31/Mar/23				816.10	816.10
	31/Mar/22					
Vishko22 Products and Services Private Limited	31/Mar/23			1.25		1.25
	31/Mar/22					
Disinvestment in DRC Systems India Limited						
Avenues Infinite Private Limited	31/Mar/23				257.05	257.05
	31/Mar/22				-	-
Disinvestment in AI Fintech INC						
Vavian International Limited	31/Mar/23				514.58	514.58
	31/Mar/22				-	-
Loans given						
Avenues Infinite Private Limited	31/Mar/23				27.85	27.85
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.21	0.21
Uvik Technologies Private Limited	31/Mar/23				19.52	19.52
	31/Mar/22			-	7.40	7.40
Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22			-	10.79	10.79
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22		-	38.96	-	38.96
Infibeam Projects Management Private Limted	31/Mar/23				92.70	92.70

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Period ending	Management Personnel	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence	Associate Companies	Subsidiary Companies	Total
	31/Mar/22					
Chief Financial Officer	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22	2.00	-	-	-	2.00
Repayment of loan given						
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22	-	-	38.96	-	38.96
Avenues Infinite Private Limited	31/Mar/23				29.43	29.43
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	1.30	1.30
Infibeam Projects Management Private Limted	31/Mar/23				2.10	2.10
	31/Mar/22					
Uvik Technologies Private Limited	31/Mar/23				22.81	22.81
	31/Mar/22				-	-
Chief Financial Officer	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22	2.70		-	-	2.70
Business advance given						
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	31/Mar/23				410.00	410.00
	31/Mar/22		-	-	451.50	451.50
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23			32.50		32.50
	31/Mar/22			-		-
Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited	31/Mar/23				1,672.90	1,672.90
	31/Mar/22					
Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	31/Mar/23				214.85	214.85
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	-
Repayment of business advance						
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	31/Mar/23				410.00	410.00
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	451.50	451.50
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23			32.50		32.50
	31/Mar/22			-		-
Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited	31/Mar/23				1,672.90	1,672.90
	31/Mar/22					
Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	31/Mar/23				214.85	214.85
	31/Mar/23		-	-	-	-
Advance received towards services						
Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	14.30	14.30

Particulars	Period ending	Management Personnel	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence		Subsidiary Companies	Total
Reimbursement of expenses from (amount receivable)						
Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.01	0.01
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	-
Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	31/Mar/23				107.03	107.03
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	1.16	1.16
Infibeam Logistics Pvt Ltd	31/Mar/23				0.11	0.11
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	-
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23			0.06		0.06
	31/Mar/22	-	-	5.98	-	5.98
Avenues Enterprises Private Limited	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22	-	0.02	-	-	0.02
Avenues Infinite Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.20	0.20
	31/Mar/22				-	-
Avenues World FZ LLC	31/Mar/23				0.03	0.03
	31/Mar/22					
Sharing of expenses receivable						
Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited	31/Mar/23				3.15	3.15
	31/Mar/22					
Purchase of Go Cards						
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	31/Mar/23				4.08	4.08
	31/Mar/22	-	-		2.74	2.74
Services given						
Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	31/Mar/23				232.47	232.47
-	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	172.95	172.95
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	31/Mar/23				37.71	37.71
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	35.29	35.29
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23			0.05		0.05
	31/Mar/22	-	-	42.33	-	42.33
Infinium Motors Private Limited	31/Mar/23		13.40			13.40
	31/Mar/22	-	18.28	-	-	18.28
Avenues World FZ LLC	31/Mar/23				167.15	167.15
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	-
Services taken						
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.77	0.77
	31/Mar/22	-			0.53	0.53

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Period ending	Management Personnel	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence	Associate Companies	Subsidiary Companies	Total
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23			11.20		11.20
	31/Mar/22	-	-	21.46	-	21.46
Infibeam Logistics Private Limited	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	15.00	15.00
Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	31/Mar/23				3.13	3.13
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	-
Vishko22 Products and Services Private Limited	31/Mar/23			5.57		5.57
	31/Mar/22					-
Uvik Technologies Private Limited	31/Mar/23				36.00	36.00
	31/Mar/22				-	-
Rental Expense						
Infinium Motors Private Limited	31/Mar/23		3.51	-		3.51
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	-
Rental Income						
Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.06	0.06
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.06	0.06
Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.06	0.06
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.06	0.06
Infibeam Logistics Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.06	0.06
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.06	0.06
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23			3.54		3.54
	31/Mar/22	-	-	7.08	-	7.08
Avenues Infinite Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.06	0.06
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.07	0.07
Cardpay Technologies Private Limited	31/Mar/23				-	-
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.02	0.02
Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.06	0.06
	31/Mar/22				-	-
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.30	0.30
	31/Mar/22		-	-	0.30	0.30
Uvik Technologies Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.60	0.60
	31/Mar/22				-	
Interest income						
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22		-	0.33	-	0.33

Particulars	Period ending	Management Personnel	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence	Associate Companies	Subsidiary Companies	Total
Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.73	0.73
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.10	0.10
Issue of Convertible Share Warrant						
Vybe Ventures LLP	31/Mar/23		403.75			403.75
	31/Mar/22		-			-
ESOP cost recovered						
Odigma consultancy solutions private limited	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.65	0.65
Dividend paid	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22	49.96	11.58	-	-	61.54
Transaction with key Management personnel						
Salaries and ESOP to key managerial personnel						
Chief Financial Officer	31/Mar/23	8.78				8.78
	31/Mar/22	5.04		-	-	5.04
Company Secretary	31/Mar/23	9.28				9.28
	31/Mar/22	4.44	-	-	-	4.44
Rent expense						
Vishwas Patel (Executive Director)	31/Mar/23	16.26				16.26
	31/Mar/22	13.77	-	-	-	13.77
Reimbursement of expenses (amount payable)						
Vishwas Patel	31/Mar/23	0.30				0.30
	31/Mar/22					
Roopkishan Dave	31/Mar/23	0.00				0.00
	31/Mar/22	-				-
Rent Deposit						
Vishwas Patel (Executive Director)	31/Mar/23	1.37				1.37
	31/Mar/22	-		-	-	
Directors sitting fees expense						
Director sitting fees to non-executive and independent directors	31/Mar/23	1.00				1.00
	31/Mar/22	0.80		-	-	0.80
Closing balances						
Trade receivable						
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.03	0.03
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.03	0.03

Particulars	Period ending	Management Personnel	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence	Associate Companies	Subsidiary Companies	Total
Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	31/Mar/23				11.42	11.42
	31/Mar/22				-	-
Infinium Motors Private Limited	31/Mar/23		-			
	31/Mar/22	-	2.35	-	-	2.35
Avenues Infinite Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.06	0.06
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.08	0.08
Cardpay Technologies Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.06	0.06
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.06	0.06
Avenues World FZ LLC	31/Mar/23				143.79	143.79
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	19.05	19.05
Infibeam Logistics Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.06	0.06
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	-
Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited	31/Mar/23				3.16	3.16
	31/Mar/22				-	-
Unbilled revenue						
Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	31/Mar/23				-	-
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	2.68	2.68
nfinium Motors Private Limited	31/Mar/23		-			
	31/Mar/22	-	3.63	-	-	3.63
Uvik Technologies Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.60	0.60
	31/Mar/22					
Loans and advances given						
Avenues Infinite Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.02	0.02
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	1.60	1.60
Uvik Technologies Private Limited	31/Mar/23				4.11	4.11
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	7.40	7.40
Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited	31/Mar/23				10.86	10.86
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	10.86	10.86
Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited	31/Mar/23				90.60	90.60
	31/Mar/22					-
Receivables for reimbursement						
Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.28	0.28
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.20	0.20
Avenues World FZ LLC	31/Mar/23				0.04	0.04
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	-
Infibeam Logistics Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.01	0.01
	31/Mar/22				-	-

Particulars	Period ending	Management Personnel	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence		Subsidiary Companies	Total
Receivables for interest on loan						
Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited	31/Mar/23				1.34	1.34
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.68	0.68
Advance received towards services						
Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22	-		-	14.30	14.30
Rent Payable						
Vishwas Ambalal Patel	31/Mar/23	0.75				0.75
	31/Mar/22	5.88	-	-	-	5.88
Creditors for Expenses						
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	31/Mar/23					
	31/Mar/22	-	_	-	0.05	0.05
Vishko22 Products and Services Private Limited	31/Mar/23			2.33		2.33
	31/Mar/22					
Payable for settlement of payment gateway transactions						
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	31/Mar/23				21.67	21.67
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	5.52	5.52
Advance paid for settlement of payment gateway transactions						
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	31/Mar/23				16.09	16.09
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	7.96	7.96
Security deposit given						
Vishwas Ambalal Patel	31/Mar/23	4.57				4.57
	31/Mar/22	3.20		-	-	3.20
Security deposit taken						
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	31/Mar/23				0.10	0.10
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	0.10	0.10

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

Transaction entered into with related party are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding (1)balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables.

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related (2) parties (March 31, 2022: Rs Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Commitments with related parties

The Company has not provided any commitment to the related party as at March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022: Nil)

for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note 27 : Earning per share

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Earing per share (Basic and Diluted)		
Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders	1,354.97	698.57
Total number of equity shares at the end of the year	2,677,781,182	2,676,310,462
Weighted average number of equity shares		
For basic EPS	2,676,183,332	2,653,265,264
For diluted EPS	2,722,509,252	2,693,197,064
Nominal value of equity shares	1	1
Basic earning per share	0.51	0.26
Diluted earning per share	0.50	0.26
Weighted average number of equity shares		
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS	2,676,183,332	2,653,265,264
Effect of dilution: Employee stock options	46,325,920	39,931,800
Weighted average number of equity shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	2,722,509,252	2,693,197,064

Note 28: Share based payments

Employee stock option (ESOP) scheme (2013-14):

The scheme has been adopted by the Board of Directors pursuant to resolution passed at its meeting held on February 17, 2013, read with Special Resolution passed by shareholder of the company at the extra ordinary general meeting held on March 30, 2013. The plan entitles senior employees to purchase shares in the Company at the stipulated exercise price, subject to compliance with vesting conditions. All exercised options shall be settled in demat mode. As per the plan, holders of vested options are entitled to purchase one equity share for every option at an exercise price of ₹ 1 which is 93% to 98% below the market price at the date of grant.

Employee stock option (ESOP) scheme (2014-15)

The scheme has been adopted by the Board of Directors pursuant to resolution passed at its meeting held on February 27, 2014, read with Special Resolution passed by shareholder of the company at the extra ordinary general meeting held on March 31, 2014. The plan entitles senior employees to purchase shares in the Company at the stipulated exercise price, subject to compliance with vesting conditions. All exercised options shall be settled in demat mode. As per the plan, holders of vested options are entitled to purchase one equity share for every option at an exercise price of \gtrless 1 which is 93% to 98% below the market price at the date of grant.

Employee stock option (ESOP) scheme (2019-20)

The scheme has been adopted by the Board of Directors pursuant to resolution passed at its meeting held on June 29, 2019, read with Special Resolution passed by shareholder of the company at the extra ordinary general meeting held on July 30, 2019. The plan entitles senior employees to purchase shares in the Company at the stipulated exercise price, subject to compliance with vesting conditions. All exercised options shall be settled in demat mode. As per the plan, holders of vested options are entitled to purchase one equity share for every option at an exercise price of ₹ 1 which is 93% to 98% below the market price at the date of grant.

for the year ended March 31, 2023

Scheme	ES	OP Scheme 2013	-14	ESOP Scheme 2014-15	ESOP Scheme 2019-20		
Date of grant	April 1 , 2022	October 1 , 2022	January 01, 2023	April 1 , 2022	April 1 , 2022	July 01, 2022	
Number of options granted	304,000	1,123,000	600,000	240,000	4,517,444	3,466,400	
Exercise price per option	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Vesting requirements	Vesting period as defined by the board in the letters issuing the options to employees.	Vesting period as defined by the board in the letters issuing the options to employees.	Vesting period as defined by the board in the letters issuing the options to employees.	Vesting period as defined by the board in the letters issuing the options to employees.	Vesting period as defined by the board in the letters issuing the options to employees.	Vesting period as defined by the board in the letters issuing the options to employees.	
Exercise period	1 years - 5 years						
Method of settlement	Demat mode						

The following table sets forth a summary of the activity of options:

		2022-23			2021-22	
Particulars	ESOP Scheme 13-14	ESOP Scheme 14-15	ESOP Scheme 19-20	ESOP Scheme 13-14	ESOP Scheme 14-15	ESOP Scheme 19-20
Options						
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,261,400	13,045,600	26,387,200	372,700	7,058,140	8,830,200
Granted during the year	2,027,000	240,000	7,983,844	711,000	-	4,790,600
Exercised during the year	(1,305,600)	(25,520)	(139,600)	(61,000)	(526,340)	(403,200)
Lapse during the year	(68,000)	-	(1,824,000)	(392,000)	(9,000)	(24,000)
Outstanding at the end of the year-Pre-Bonus	-	-	-	630,700	6,522,800	13,193,600
Outstanding at the end of the year-Post-Bonus *	1,914,800	13,260,080	32,407,444	1,261,400	13,045,600	26,387,200
Exercisable at the end of the year	1,914,800	13,260,080	32,407,444	1,261,400	13,045,600	26,387,200

* In view of Bonus shares issued by the Company in the ratio of 1:1, the outstanding stock options as on the record date of Bonus are being entitled to bonus and hence the post bonus effect is considered for outstanding stock options as at March 31, 2022.

Expense arising from share- based payment transactions

Total expenses arising from share- based payment transactions recognised in profit or loss as part of employee benefit expense were as follows :

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Employee stock option plan	88.21	71.27
Total employee share based payment expense	88.21	71.27

The fair value of the share based payment options granted on is determined using the black scholes model using the following inputs at the grant date which takes in to account the exercise price, the term of the option, the share price at the grant date, and the expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option.

for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	March 31, 2023				March 3	31, 2022		
Option grant date	April 1, 2022	July 01, 2022	October 1, 2022	January 01, 2023	April 1, 2021	July 01, 2021	October 1, 2021	January 01, 2022
Weighted average share price	19.92	13.64	14.91	16.7	47.75	51.69	41.72	40.10
Exercise price	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Expected volatility	49.59%	49.59%	49.59%	49.59%	66.54%	66.54%	66.54%	66.54%
Expected life (years)	5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years
Dividend yield	-	-	-	-	0.26%	0.26%	0.26%	0.26%
Risk-free interest rate (%)	6.50%	6.95%	7.32%	7.18%	5.59%	5.65%	5.32%	5.79%
Fair market value share	18.6	13.37	13.98	15.88	46.38	50.10	40.56	38.94
Weighted average remaining contractual life (Years)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Employee Stock Appreciation Rights (SAR)

Pursuant to the resolution passed by the Board of Directors of the Company, at its meeting held on July 13, 2017 and the special resolution passed by the Members of the Company on August 11, 2017, the Infibeam Stock Appreciation Rights Scheme 2017 ("SAR Scheme 2017") was approved in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (SBEB) Regulations, having face value of ₹ 1.00 each. The Company has created "Infibeam Employees Welfare Fund" by way of a trust on September 5, 2017 which will be involved in the execution of Infibeam Stock Appreciation Rights Scheme 2017 (SAR). Barclays Wealth Trustees (India) Private Limited (Barclays) are appointed as trustees of the same. Each SAR shall confer the right to the eligible employee to receive appreciation (cash settled / equity settled) with respect to the underlying Equity Share on the entitled shares after it has been exercised in accordance with terms of the Scheme.

Movement of shares acquired by IEW Trust:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	Price INR in Million per Share (post-bonus)	As at March 31, 2022	Price INR in Million per Share (post-bonus)
Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	11,185,244	35.44	11,185,244	35.44
Equity shares acquired during the year	1,126,398	15.14	-	-
Number of shares outstanding at the end of the year	12,311,642		11,185,244	

Movement in options:

Particulars	SAR Scheme 2017 As at March 31, 2023	SAR Scheme 2017 As at March 31, 2022
SAR Scheme 2017		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,085,244	5,592,622
Granted during the year	4,006,398	-
Exercised during the year	-	-
Lapse during the year	(1,780,000)	(550,000)
Outstanding at the end of the year -Pre-Bonus	-	5,042,622
Outstanding at the end of the year-Post-Bonus *	12,311,642	10,085,244
Exercisable at the end of the year-Pre-Bonus	-	5,042,622
Exercisable at the end of the year-Post-Bonus *	12,311,642	10,085,244

* In view of Bonus shares issued by the Company in the ratio of 1:1, the outstanding SAR as on the record date of Bonus are being entitled to bonus and hence the post bonus effect is considered for outstanding SAR as at March 31, 2022.

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Note 29: Consolidation of Trust

The company has formed 'Infibeam Employee Welfare Trust' (IEW trust) for implementation of the schemes that are notified or may be notified from time to time by the Company under the plan, providing share based payment to its employees. IEW trust purchases Company's shares out of funds provided by the Company. The Company treats IEW as its extension and accordingly shares held by IEW are treated as treasury shares.

The Consolidation of the IEW trust financials statements with that of the Company does not in any manner affect the independence of the trustees where the rights and obligations are regulated by the trust deed.

Own equity instruments (treasury shares) are deducted from equity.

(i) The sources and application of funds of the IEW Trust consolidated as at March 31, 2023 were as follows:

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Corpus Fund	0.00*	0.00*
Borrowing	420.05	403.09
Current liabilities and provision	40.49	40.05
Cash & Bank equivalents	0.00*	0.29
Non current investments	413.51	396.46
Income tax assets	0.00*	0.17
Net asset / (liability)	(47.02)	(46.22)

(ii) Impact on the Company's profit and loss post IEW Trust consolidation for the year March 31, 2023

		(₹ in Million	
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22	
Income			
Dividend on equity	-	0.56	
Miscellaneous income	-	0.40	
Expenses			
Administrative expese	0.79	0.62	
Impact on profit before tax	(0.79)	0.33	

(iii) Summarised statement of cash flows of the Trust consolidated for the year ended March 31, 2023

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Cash and cash equivalents 1st April,	0.29	0.01
Cash flow from operating activities	(0.19)	(0.22)
Cash flow from investing activities	(17.06)	(0.40)
Cash flow from financing activities	16.96	0.90
Cash and cash equivalents 31 March	0.00*	0.29

*Represents amount less than one million

Other items adjusted owing to the Trust consolidation include :

(a) Treasury shares

Upon consolidation, the investment in the Parent Company's equity shares made by IEW Trust is debited to the Group's equity as treasury shares amounting to ₹ 413.51 million as at March 31, 2023 (previous year: ₹ 396.46 million).

for the year ended March 31, 2023

(b) Dividend Income

The dividend income of the Trust is debited to the Group's retained earning amounting to Nil as at March 31, 2023 (previous year: ₹ 0.56 million) (shown as deduction from dividend paid).

(c) Other Non Current Financial Assets and other income

Loan advanced to the Trust is eliminated on consolidation amounting to ₹ 420.05 million as at March 31, 2023 (previous year: ₹ 403.09 million) forming a part of current loans.

(d) Interest Expenses

Due to significant difference in the purchase price of the shares accquired and prevailing market price of the share, the Group foresees inability of the IEW Trust to service its loan obligations and interest payment temporirly. Accordingly the Group has reduced the interest on loan to zero.

Note 30: Segment reporting

Based on the "management approach" as defined in Ind AS-108 - "Operating Segments" and evaluation by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, the Company operates in two business segments:

- (1) Payment Business includes Payment Gateway business with CC Avenue business brand and payment infrastructure including CPGS towards banks, and Credit & Lending related business and
- (2) E-Commerce Platform Business includes Software Framework & Infrastructure to enable E-Commerce for large enterprises and related services including domains & advertising.

Segment assets and liabilities:

Segment information is prepared in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the standalone financial statements of the Company as a whole. Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and principally consists of operating cash, trade receivables, other assets and fixed assets, net of allowances and provisions which are reported as direct offsets in the balance sheet. While most such assets can be directly attributed to individual segments, the carrying amount of certain assets used jointly by two segments is allocated to the segments on a reasonable basis. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of trade payables, other liabilities and accrued liabilities. Segment assets and liabilities do not include those relating to income taxes.

Segment Expense:

Segment expense comprises the expense resulting from the operating activities of a segment that is directly attributable to the segment or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to the segment and expense relating to transactions with other segments. Certain expenses are not specifically allocable to individual segments as the underlying services are used interchangeably. The Company therefore believes that it is not practicable to provide segment disclosures relating to such expenses, and accordingly such expenses are separately disclosed as 'unallocated' and directly charged against total income.

Certain assets and liabilities which are common to both the segments for which basis of allocation cannot be consistently identified are included under un-allocable assets and liabilities

Primary Segment:

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Revenue		
Total revenue		
(a) Payment Business	16,384.06	10,214.10
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	1,488.80	1,460.69
External revenue		
(a) Payment Business	16,384.06	10,214.10

	(₹ in N		
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	1,488.80	1,460.69	
Total revenue	17,872.86	11,674.80	
Segment result			
(a) Payment Business	614.51	175.05	
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	785.36	757.54	
Unallocated corporate expenses (net of unallocated income)	333.66	(122.45)	
Operating profit	1,733.53	810.14	
Interest expense	19.21	18.86	
Interest income	100.70	54.13	
Profit before tax	1,815.02	845.40	
Income taxes	460.05	146.84	
Profit after tax	1,354.97	698.57	
Other Information:			
Segment assets			
(a) Payment Business	27,927.17	27,051.75	
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	7,967.80	6,432.90	
(c) Unallocable corporate assets	2,278.11	2,183.26	
Total assets	38,173.08	35,667.90	
Segment Liabilities			
(a) Payment Business	7,260.11	7,108.09	
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	1,191.84	936.72	
(c) Unallocable corporate liabilities	127.09	97.08	
Total liabilities	8,579.04	8,141.88	
Capital expenditure			
(a) Payment Business	110.34	158.68	
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	228.56	518.60	
(c) Unallocated	-	-	
Depreciation & amortization			
(a) Payment Business	201.07	183.57	
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	302.64	347.28	
(c) Unallocated	54.48	55.61	
Non cash expenses other than depreciation & amortization			
(a) Payment Business	27.39	0.14	
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	111.81	98.46	
(c) Unallocated		-	

Geographical information:

Geographical segments for the Company are secondary segments. Segment revenue is analysed based on the location of customers regardless of where the services are provided from. The following provides an analysis of the Company's sales by

for the year ended March 31, 2023

Geographical Markets. For management purpose, the Company operates in three principal geographical areas of the world, in India, in UAE and other countries. (₹ in Million)

					(In IVIIIION)
	Year ending	India	UAE	Others	Total
Revenue from operations and other operating revenue	31/03/2023	17,415.48	324.19	133.19	17,872.86
	31/03/2022	11,389.80	174.45	110.55	11,674.80
Carrying amount of segment non current assets *	31/03/2023	25,421.47	1,781.95	2.78	27,206.20
	31/03/2022	24,551.03	965.85	223.79	25,740.67

* The carrying amount of Non Current Assets which do not include Deferred Tax Asset, Income Tax Assets. Financial Assets are analysed by the geographical area in which the Assets are located.

Note 31: Lease

Company as Lessee

The Company's lease asset primarily consist of leases of buildings offices having the various lease terms. During the year, the Company has acquired vehicles for its employees on long term lease basis. Accordingly, the Company has adopted IND AS 116 "Leases" to all lease contracts.

Following is carrying value of right of use assets recognised and the movements thereof during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022: (₹ in Million)

	Right of use a	asset Vehicles	Right of use asset Leasehold Building		
Particulars	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Opening Balance	-	-	68.43	58.81	
Additions during the year	10.86	-	21.96	32.37	
Deletion during the year	-	-	-	-	
Depreciation of Right of use assets (refer note 5)	1.21	-	25.36	22.75	
Closing Balance	9.65	-	65.04	68.43	

The following is the carrying value of lease liability and movement thereof during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022:

(₹ in Million)

Deutieuleur	Lease Liabi	lity Vehicles	Lease Liability Leasehold Building		
Particulars	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Opening Balance	-	-	72.16	61.89	
Additions during the year	10.81	-	21.40	31.24	
Finance cost accrued during the year	0.27	-	8.67	6.58	
Deletions	-	-		-	
Payment of lease liabilities	(1.36)	-	(31.69)	(27.54)	
Closing Balance	9.72	-	70.53	72.16	
Current maturities of Lease liability (refer note 12)	3.33	-	26.79	19.45	
Non-Current Lease Liability (refer note 12)	6.39	-	43.74	52.71	

for the year ended March 31, 2023

The following are the amounts recognised in statement of Profit & Loss :	(₹ in Million)
The following are the amounts recognised in statement of Front & Loss .	

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Amortisation of right of use assets	26.56	22.75
Interest on Lease obligation	8.94	6.58
	35.50	29.33

For leasehold builing , the Company had total cash out flows for leases of \gtrless 31.70 million in the current year (year ended March 31, 2022 \gtrless 27.54 million). The entire amount is in the nature of fixed lease payments. The Company had non-cash addition to right of use assets of \gtrless 21.96 million (year ended March 31,2022 \gtrless 32.37 million) and lease liabilities of \gtrless 21.40 million in the current year (year ended March 31, 2022 \gtrless 31.24 million) on account of acquisition of right of use assets.

For Vehicles, the Company had total cash out flows for leases of ₹ 1.36 million in the current year (year ended March 31, 2022 Nil). The entire amount is in the nature of fixed lease payments. The Company had non-cash addition to right of use assets of ₹ 10.86 million (year ended March 31,2022 Nil) and lease liabilities of ₹ 10.81 million in the current year (year ended March 31, 2022 Nil) on account of acquisition of right of use assets.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities is 10.65%

The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

(₹ in Million)

Note 32 : Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities:

- a. The Company is required to spend ₹ 13.66 million (Previous Year ₹ 12.13 million) on CSR activities.
- **b.** Amount spent during the year on:

				Year	ended		
			March 31, 202	3		March 31, 2022	
		In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
(i)	Construction / Acquisition of an Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii)	Contribution to Trust/Universities	15.10	-	15.10	12.20	-	12.20
(iii)	On Purposes other than above	-	-	-	-	-	-

 c. Nature of CSR activities undertaken by the company a) Construction of large Gaushala, hospital building, gobar gas plants including and its related activities b) Provide medical treatment to needed people and education also b) Provide medical treatment to needed people and education also c. Nature of CSR activities undertaken by the company a) Construction of large Gaushala, hospital building, gobar gas plants including and its related activities b) Provide medical treatment to needed people and education also c. Details of related party transaction 		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022		
d. Details of related party transaction Nil Nil Nil	c	Gaushala, hospital building, gobar gas plants including and its related activitiesb) Provide medical treatment to needed people and education	 needed people and education also b) Gaushala - Gobar Gas plant,Vermi Compost unit,Waste management System,Hospital Building, Water Lake cattle shed, Office Block, 		
	l. Details of related party transaction Nil		Nil		

(₹ in Million)

(₹ in Million)

Notes to the Financials Statement

for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note 33 : Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 2 to the Financial Statements.

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets and liabilities:

As at 31 March 2023

Carrying amount Fair value Fair value through Level 1 -Level 3 -Level 2 -Quoted Significant Particulars Amortised Significant Other com-Profit Total price in unobser-Total Cost observable prehensive and active vable inputs income loss markets inputs **Financial assets** ----------235.91 Non current investment 4,981.56 716.73 201.79 5,900.07 5,664.16 - 5,900.07 Current investment 375.06 375.06 375.06 375.06 468.98 468.98 468.98 468.98 Other Non-current financial asset? 5,825.60 716.73 201.79 6,744.11 610.97 6,133.14 - 6,744.11 **Financial liabilities** Other financial liabilities-non-current 50.13 50.13 50.13 50.13 50.13 50.13 50.13 50.13 -

As at 31 March 2022

		Carrying am	ount			Fair	/alue	
		Fair value through			Level 1 -	Level 2 -	Level 3 -	
Particulars	C +	Other com- prehensive income	Profit and loss	Total	Quoted otal price in active markets	Significant observable inputs	Significant unobser- vable inputs	Total
Financial assets								
Non current investment	3,870.47	596.37	-	4,466.84	436.62	4,436.24	-	4,872.86
Current investment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Non-current financial asset*	205.55			205.55		205.55		205.55
	4,076.02	596.37	-	4,672.39	436.62	4,641.79	-	5,078.41
Financial liabilities								
Other financial liabilities-non-current	52.71			52.71		52.71		52.71
	52.71	-	-	52.71	-	52.71	-	52.71

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans, trade receivables, trade payables, other current financial assets and other current financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

* The management assessed that carrying value approximates to the fair value

for the year ended March 31, 2023

Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Level 1 - Valuation technique and significant observable inputs for assets and liabilities

Investments represents investment in quoted equity instruments. The fair value of investment is derived based on the closing market rate as per stock exchange.

Reconciliation of Level 1 fair values

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for Level 1 fair values.

		(₹ in Million)
Paticulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Opening Balance on April 1,	436.62	335.82
Net change in fair value (unrealised)	(4.18)	100.81
Purchases	1,128.54	341.00
Sales	(950.01)	(341.00)
Closing Balance on March 31,	610.97	436.62

Level 2 - Valuation technique and significant observable inputs for assets and liabilities

Long term borrowings represents loan taken from bank. The fair value of borrowing is derived based on market observable interest rate.

The fair values of the unquoted non current investment have been estimated using a DCF model. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about the model inputs, including forecast cash flows and discount rate. The probabilities of the various estimates within the range can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value for these unquoted investments.

B. Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk; and
- Market risk

i. Risk management framework

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company manages market risk through a treasury operations, which evaluates and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The Finance team recommends risk management objectives and policies. The activities of this operations include management of cash resources, borrowing strategies, and ensuring compliance with market risk limits and policies.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company.

for the year ended March 31, 2023

ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investments in debt securities. The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Financial Instruments and Cash Deposits

The credit risk from balances/deposits with Banks, current investments and other financial assets are managed in accordance with company's policy. Investment of surplus funds are primarily made in Liquid/Short Term Plan of Mutual Funds and in Bank Deposits which carry a high external rating.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables of the company are typically unsecured. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals and periodic monitoring of the creditworthiness of customers to which company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The allowance for impairment of Trade receivables is created to the extent and as and when required, based upon the expected collectability of accounts receivables.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade receivables by geographic region was as follows:

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Domestic	238.97	303.65
Other regions	297.38	131.94
	536.34	435.58

The above receivables which are past due but not impaired are assessed on individual case to case basis and relate to a number of independent third party customers from whom there is no recent history of default. These financial assets were not impaired as there had not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts were still considered recoverable based on the nature of the activity of the customer portfolio to which they belong and the type of customers. There are no other classes of financial assets that are past due but not impaired except for Trade receivables as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022

iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	Less than 1 year	more than 1 year
Year ended March 31, 2023		
Interest bearing borrowings	-	-
Trade payables	118/18	0.49
Other financial liabilities	306.41	50.13
	424.89	50.62
Year ended March 31, 2022		
Interest bearing borrowings	-	-
Trade payables	191.18	1.57
Other financial liabilities	315.22	52.71
	506.40	54.28

for the year ended March 31, 2023

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company transacts business in local currency and in foreign currency, primarily in USD, AED, SAR, OMR. The Company has foreign currency trade payables and receivables and is, therefore, exposed to foreign exchange risk. The Company does not use any derivative instruments to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations.

Foreign currency sensitivity

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD, AED, SAR and OMR rates to the functional currency of the Company, with all other variables held constant. The Company's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material. The impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities.

(₹ in Million)

Change in USD rate	Effect on profit before tax
+5%	9.80
-5%	(9.80)
+5%	7.52
-5%	(7.52)
Change in AED rate	Effect on profit before tax
+5%	7.51
-5%	(7.51)
+5%	0.95
-5%	(0.95)
Change in SAR rate	Effect on profit before tax
+5%	1.23
-5%	(1.23)
+5%	0.38
-5%	(0.38)
Change in OMR rate	Effect on profit before tax
+5%	0.23
-5%	(0.23)
+5%	0.13
-5%	(0.13)
	+5% -5% +5% -5% Change in AED rate +5% -5% +5% -5% Change in SAR rate +5% -5% Change in OMR rate +5% -5%

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed plus variable rate borrowings.

(₹ in Million)

(₹ in Million)

Notes to the Financials Statement

for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note 34 : Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions or its business requirements. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and short-term deposits (including other bank balance).

		(< 111 WIIIIOTI)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings		-
Less: cash and cash equivalent (Note 7)	(1,672.16)	(1,077.84)
Net debt	(1,672.16)	(1,077.84)
Equity share capital (Note 10)	2,677.78	2,676.31
Other equity (Note 11)	26,916.25	24,849.71
Total capital	29,594.04	27,526.02
Capital and net debt	27,921.88	26,448.18
Gearing ratio	-	-

Note 35 : Dues to micro, small and medium suppliers

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an office memorandum dated August 26, 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum in accordance with the 'Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006' ('the MSMED Act') accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the Company. Further in view of the Management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier as at the balance-sheet date.

		((
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of accounting year;	2.66	3.31
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyod the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act;	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting year; and	-	-
The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding period, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act.	-	-

for the year ended March 31, 2023

On basis of information and records available with the Company, the above disclosures are made in respect of amount due to the micro, small and medium enterprises, which have been registered with the relevant competent authorities. The above information takes into account only those suppliers who have submitted their registration details or has responded to the inquiries made by the Company for this purpose.

Note 36 : Additional Regulatory Information

- **A** There are no proceedings that have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended from time to time) (earlier Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- **B** The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- **C** The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017, and there are no companies beyond the specified layers.
- **D** Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium;

The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall

- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries"); or
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Party") with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall

- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- **E** Undisclosed Income : The Company do not have any transaction not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961). Further, there was no previously unrecorded income and no additional assets were required to be recorded in the books of account during the year.
- **F** Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency : The Company has neither traded nor invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year ended March 31, 2023. Further, the Company has also not received any deposits or advances from any person for the purpose of trading or investing in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency.

G Details of Relationship with Struck off Companies

(₹ in Million)

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck off Company	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the Struck off company, if any, to be disclosed
Life On Wheels (OPC) Private Limited	Payables	0.07	Merchant
Raycharge Ecommerce Private Limited	Payables	0.01	Merchant

H Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company

The company does not hold any immovable property not held in the name of the company.

for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note 37 : Nodal balance

The Company maintains nodal account with ICICI Bank and HDFC Bank. The nodal accounts are operated as per RBI guidelines pertaining to settlement of payment for electronic payment transactions for payment gateway business. The balance in the nodal accounts represents money collected from customers on transaction undertaken and is used for settling of dues to various merchants as per RBI guidelines.

Receivable for settlement of transactions:

The balance in receivable for settlement of transaction represents the amount pending to be received from pooling bank account and payment gateway for successful online transaction completed by the customer of the merchant into the nodal accounts. These amounts once collected in Nodal account will be utilized for payment to the merchants.

Payable for settlement of transactions:

The balance in payable for settlement of transaction represents the amount pending to be paid to merchant for successful online transaction completed by the customer of the merchant. The amount for the nodal accounts are transferred to the merchant designated bank account as per RBI guidelines, after deducting applicable charges.

Note 38 : The Company's transactions with associated enterprises are at arm's length. Management believes that company's domestic transactions with associated enterprises post March 31, 2023 continue to be at arm's length and that the transfer pricing legislation will not have any impact on the financial statements particularly on the amount of the tax expense for the year and the amount of the provision for the taxation at the period end.

Note 39 : Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 115 "Revenue from contract with customers":

a) Disaggregation of revenue

The table below presents disaggregated revenue from contract with customers for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 by offerings.

i) Revenue by offerings		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Digital Payments and Checkout Web Services	16,384.06	10,214.10
E-Commerce Related Web Services	1,488.80	1,460.69
Total	17,872.86	11,674.80

Digital Payments and Checkout Web Services

It comprises revenue from providing complete, simple and secure online payment gateway and checkout web services, with a real-time Credit Card, Debit Card, Net Banking, Digital and Mobile Wallet including UPI Payments, Recharge, Cash Card and Mobile Payment transaction validation process and platforms. This enables eCommerce websites to sell products and services online, and accept payments in real time.

E-Commerce Related Web Services

These primarily include a comprehensive suite of E-Commerce related web services comprising of domain registry, technical analysis and testing of software web services, digital advertising, and infrastructure related services.

- ii) Refer note 30 for disaggregation of revenue by geographical segments
- iii) The Company believes that this disaggregation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing of its revenues and cash flows are affected by industry, market and other economic factors.

b) Transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligation

The aggregate value of performance obligations that are completely or partially unsatisfied as of March 31, 2023 is ₹ 50 million (March 31, 2022 is ₹ 42.73 million) which is expected to be recognize as revenue within the next one year. Remaining performance obligation estimates are subject to change and are affected by several factors, including changes in the scope of contracts, periodic revalidations, and adjustments for currency.

Changes in contract assets are as follows: C)

(₹ in Million)

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,105.74	689.13
Revenue recognised during the year	1,208.76	982.93
Invoices raised during the year	(859.11)	(566.32)
Translation exchange difference	-	
Balance at the end of the year	1,455.39	1,105.74
Changes in unearned and deferred revenue are as follows:		(₹ in Million)

d) Changes in unearned and deferred revenue are as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	53.88	10.25
Revenue recognised that was included in the excess billing over revenue at the beginning of the year	(50.48)	(7.47)
Increase due to invoicing during the year, excluding amounts recognised as revenue during the year	14.45	51.10
Translation exchange difference	-	
Balance at the end of the year	17.85	53.88

Note 40 : Ageing Schedule

Α. Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule

As at March 31, 2023

	Outstanding for the following periods from date of the invoice						
Particulars	< 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1- 2 Years	2- 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
Undisputed Trade Receivables, considered good	530.50	5.13	0.46	0.25	-	536.34	
Undisputed Trade Receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Undisputed Trade Receivables, credit impaired	2.81	14.64	3.17	85.21	21.74	127.57	
Disputed Trade Receivables, considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed Trade Receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed Trade Receivables, credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	533.31	19.77	3.63	85.46	21.74	663.92	
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables						127.57	
Total						536.34	

As at March 31, 2022

(₹ in Million)

	0					
Particulars	< 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1- 2 Years	2- 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables, considered good	424.01	3.02	8.43	0.11	0.02	435.58
Undisputed Trade Receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables, credit impaired	9.74	12.67	43.38	2.35	31.59	99.73
Disputed Trade Receivables, considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables, credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
	433.74	15.69	51.81	2.46	31.61	535.31
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables						99.73
Total						435.58

Β. **Trade Payables Ageing Schedule**

As at March 31, 2023

(₹ in Million)

(₹ in Million)

Pautianlaur	Outstanding for the following periods from date of the invoice						
Particulars	< 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1- 2 Years	2- 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
MSME	2.53	0.13	0.00	-	-	2.66	
Others	115.77	0.05	0.33	0.02	0.14	116.31	
Total	118.30	0.18	0.33	0.02	0.14	118.97	

As at March 31, 2022

Outstanding for the following periods from date of the invoice Particulars Total 6 Months -< 6 1-2 2-3 More than Months 1 Year Years Years 3 Years MSME 3.31 - - - 3.31
 Others
 187.48
 0.40
 1.57
 189.44
 Total <u>190.79</u> 0.40 1.57 - - 192.75

for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note 41 : Analytical Ratios

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	As on March 31, 2023	As on March 31, 2022	% Variance	Reason for Variance
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.41	1.25	13%	There is no significant change.
Debt Equity Ratio	Borrowings	Total Equity	-	-	-	Not applicable
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	EBITDA	Interest + Principal	-	-	-	Not applicable
Return on Equity Ratio	EBIT	Total Assets less Total Liabilities	6.20%	3.14%	97%	Improvement in view of increase in operating efficiency resulting into higher operating profit
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Income from Operations	Average Working Capital (Current Assets less Current Liabilites)	7.57	6.28	21%	There is no significant change.
Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit	Total Income	7.32%	5.94%	23%	There is no significant change.
Trade receivables turnover ratio	Income from Operations	Average Trade Receivables	36.78	28.15	31%	Improvement in view of better trade receivables management.
Trade payables turnover ratio	Contracting Expenses	Average Trade Payables	96.25	69.91	38%	Improvement in view of better working capital management.
Return on capital employed	EBIT	Total Assets less Current Liabilities	5.93%	3.03%	96%	Improvement in view of increase in operating efficiency resulting into higher operating profit
Inventory turnover ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Return on investment	Income generated from investments	Average Investments	4.84%	0.01%	34971%	Due to Income generated from sale of quoted investment in current year

Note 42: Previous year figures have been regrouped or recast wherever necessary to present them more appropriately with those of the current year.

As per our report of even date

For Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership No.: 106355 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Infibeam Avenues Limited CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366

Vishal Mehta

Managing Director DIN: 03093563 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Sunil Bhagat

Chief Financial Officer Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Ajit Mehta

Chairman DIN: 01234707 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Shyamal Trivedi

Company Secretary Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Infibeam Avenues Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated IND AS financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated IND AS financial statements of Infibeam Avenues Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company"), its subsidiaries, (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") which includes the share of profit of the Group in its associates, which comprise the consolidated Balance sheet as at March 31 2023, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, including other comprehensive income, the consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated IND AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated IND AS financial statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associates, the aforesaid consolidated IND AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as amended (IND AS) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associates as at March 31, 2023, their consolidated profit including other comprehensive income, their consolidated cash flows and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated IND AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated IND AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associates in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated IND AS financial statements

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated IND AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated IND AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr Io	Key Audit Matter	Auditors Response				
•	Goodwill Impairment testing	Principal Audit Procedures				
	Included on the balance sheet of parent company is an intangible assets balance of Rs.19,483 million as on March 31, 2023 which relates to goodwill of Rs. 16,124.18 million which arose mainly from past acquisition and other intangible assets like Computer Software, IT Platform, Trademark and Customer relationship of Rs.3,028.45 million are classified as	Focusing on group's business, we understood evaluated and validated management's key control over the impairment assessment process. Th group had obtained a valuation report from externa independent valuer. On observing the same following audit procedures were adopted:				
	other Intangible assets. The group is required to perform impairment assessments of goodwill annually. For intangible assets with useful lives, the group is required to review these for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable, and at least annually, review whether there is any change in their expected useful lives.	 Evaluating the methodical and mathematical accuracy of the model used for the impairment testing, the appropriateness of the assumption and the methodology used to prepare its case flow forecasts. gaining an understanding and assessing the second se				
	For the purpose of performing impairment assessments, all intangible assets including goodwill have been allocated to groups of cash generating units ("CGUs"). The recoverable amount of the underlying CGUs is supported by value-in-use calculations which are based on future discounted cash flows. Management concluded that the intangible assets including goodwill were not impaired as of March 31, 2023. The above assessment on annual impairment of goodwill is considered as significant accounting judgement and estimate to the consolidated IND AS financial statements and a key audit matter because the assumptions on which the tests are based are highly judgmental and are affected by future market and economic conditions which are inherently uncertain, and because of the materiality of the balances to the consolidated financial statements as a whole. Kindly refer Note No. 6 to the consolidated IND AS financial statements.	 challenging the robustness of the ke assumptions used to determine the value use, including the allocation of goodwill to the adequate CGUs, cash flow forecasts, long-term growth rates and the discount rates based of 				
		our understanding of the commercial prospec of the related CGUs and by comparing the with publicly available data, where possible; We also considered the appropriateness of disclosure in the consolidated IND AS financial statements ar conclude that our audit procedures did not lead to any reservations regarding the goodwill impairment test.				

Information Other than the Consolidated IND AS financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the consolidated IND AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated IND AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated IND AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated IND AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated IND AS financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group including its associates in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and of its associates and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated IND AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated IND AS financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated IND AS financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associates to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the respective entities.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated IND AS financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated IND AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated IND AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated IND AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)
 (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated IND AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated IND AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated IND AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
 - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associates of which we are the independent auditors, to express an opinion on the consolidated IND AS financial statements. We

are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated IND AS financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated IND AS financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated IND AS financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated IND AS financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

We did not audit, the financial statements of 14 subsidiaries whose financial statements reflects total assets of Rs. 4,965 million as at March 31, 2023, total revenue of Rs. 2,227.76 million and net cash flow of Rs. 17.84 million for the year ended on that date. The consolidated IND AS financial statements also include the Group's share of net comprehensive loss of Rs. 45.59 million for the year ended March 31, 2023, as considered in the consolidated IND AS financial statements, in respect of 3 associates. These financial statements and other financial information have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management. Our opinion on the consolidated IND AS financial statements and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and

associates, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and associates, is based solely on the reports of such other auditors. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Certain of these subsidiaries and associates are located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their respective countries. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiaries and associates located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of such subsidiaries and associates located outside India is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited bv us.

Our opinion on the consolidated IND AS financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of subsidiaries and associates, as noted in the 'other matter' paragraph we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We/the other auditors whose report we have relied upon have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated IND AS financial statements.
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidation of the financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and reports of the other auditors;
 - c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated IND AS financial statements;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated IND AS financial statements comply with the Accounting

Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors who are appointed under Section 139 of the Act, of its subsidiary companies and associates, none of the directors of the Group's companies, its associates incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy and the operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, and associates incorporated in India, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A" to this report.
- g) In our opinion and based on the consideration of reports of other statutory auditors of the subsidiaries and associates incorporated in India, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2023 has been paid / provided by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associates incorporated in India to their directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associates, as noted in the 'Other matter' paragraph:
 - The consolidated INDAS financial statements disclose impact of pending litigations on the consolidated IND AS financial position of the Group and its associates in its consolidated IND AS financial statements – Refer note no. 25 and note no. 26 to the consolidated IND AS financial statements;
 - The Group and its associates did not have any material foreseeable losses in long-term contracts including derivative contracts during the year ended March 31, 2023;
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associates incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2023.

- iv. a) The respective management of the holding company and its subsidiaries and associates incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associates respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in Note No. 37 to the consolidated IND AS financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - b) The respective management of the holding company and its subsidiaries and associates which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associates respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in Note No. 37 to the consolidated IND AS financial statements, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any such subsidiaries or associates shall:
 - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c) Based on the audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries and associates, which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited

under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditor's notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under subclause (d) (i) and (d) (ii) contain any material mis-statement.

i)

- v. As stated in Note 11.8 to the consolidated IND AS financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approvals of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by its subsidiaries, associate companies, incorporated in India.
- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Parent,

its subsidiaries and associates which are companies incorporated in India, with effect from 1st April 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended 31st March 2023.

With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Company and its subsidiaries and associates included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, except for clause number (ix)(d) of Infibeam Project Management Private Limited, a subsidiary company having CIN: U70109GJ2022PTC129384, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports.

For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership Number: 106355 UDIN: 23106355BGXIZF5152 Date: May 25, 2023 Place : Gandhinagar

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Infibeam Avenues Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated IND AS financial statements of Infibeam Avenues Limited as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Infibeam Avenues Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiary companies and associates, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and associates, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, both, issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, and deemed to be prescribed under section 143 (10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with Reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with Reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and associates, which are companies incorporated in India, have, maintained in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Other Matters

Our report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated IND AS financial statements of the Holding Company, insofar as it relates to these 9 subsidiary companies and 2 associates, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such subsidiary and associates. Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.

For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership Number: 106355 UDIN: 23106355BGXIZF5152 Date : May 25, 2023 Place : Gandhinagar

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023

(₹ in Million)

			(< IN MILLION
Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
ASSETS			-
I. Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	1,875.53	2,035.61
Right-of-use assets		74.69	68.43
Goodwill	6	16,454.53	16,294,90
Other intangible assets	6	3,028.45	2,406.07
Intangible assets under development	6	743.18	1,462.64
Financial assets	_		
(i) Investments		4,236.10	3,939.72
(ii) Other financial assets		469.10	205.78
Deferred tax assets (net)		-	0.58
Other non-current assets	8	751 12	385.50
Non-current tax assets (net)		864.73	1.043.27
Total non-current assets		28.497.43	27.842.50
II. Current assets		20,497.43	27,842.30
Financial assets (i) Investments		375.06	
(ii) Trade receivables			
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents			2,088.00
			2,000.00
(iv) Bank balance other than (iii) above			
(v) Loans			2 067 62
(vi) Others financial assets		6.028.89	<u>2,067.62</u> 5.711.76
Other current assets			
Total current assets		12,542.75	10,700.92
Total Assets		41.040.18	38,543,42
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			2 676 24
Equity share capital			2,676.31
Other equity	12	28,977.11	26,902.74
auity attributable to equity holders of the parent. Non-controlling interests.		31,654.90	29,579.05
Non-controlling interests		9.67	(30.53)
lotal equity		31,664.57	29,548.52
IABILITIES			
INon-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Lease liabilities		50.13	
Provisions		61.84	55.91
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	24		844.36
Other non-current liabilities	15	148.44	222.66
Fotal non-current liabilities		1.540.86	1,175.64
I. Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities	13		
(i).Borrowings			2.08
(ii) Trade pavables			
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		2.99	3.37
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises. (b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.		144.49	388.22
(iii) Lease liabilities		30.12	
(iv) Other financial liabilities		811.63	727.00
Other current liabilities		6,825.29	6,658.29
Provisions			18.19
		1.55	2.66
		7 834 75	7 819 26
Current tax liabilities (net). Total current liabilities Total equity and liabilities		<u>7,834.75</u> 41,040,18	<u>7,819.26</u> 38,543.42

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership No.: 106355 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Infibeam Avenues Limited CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366

Vishal Mehta Managing Director DIN: 03093563 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Sunil Bhagat Chief Financial Officer Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Ajit C Mehta Chairman DIN: 01234707 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Shyamal Trivedi Company Secretary Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

(₹ in Million) Year ended Year ended Particulars Notes March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Income 12,939.34 Revenue from operations 16 19,623.39 Other income 707.30 99.98 20,330.69 13,039.32 Total income (I) Expenses 16,339.68 Operating expenses 10,345.45
 Employee benefit expenses
 19
 1,078.25
 817.80
 19.43 20 19.34 Finance costs 616.02 626.37 Depreciation and amortisation expense 21 Other expenses 409.56 326.25 12,135.20 Total expenses (II) 18.462.94 Profit before exceptional items, share of profit / (loss) of an associate and tax (III) = (I - II) 1,867.75 904.12 Exceptional items (IV) Profit after exceptional items but before share of profit / (loss) of associates and tax (V) 1,867.75 904.12 = (III + IV) Add : Share in net profit / (loss) of associates (VI) (45.59) 79.44 Profit before tax (VII) = (V + VI) 1,822.16 983.56 Tax expenses Current tax - for current year 2.86 0.38 16.90 - for previous year (247.84) 39<u>4.52</u> Deferred tax (net) 439.71 Total tax expense (VIII) 459.47 147.05 Profit for the year (IX) = (VII - VIII) 1,362.70 836.50 Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (0.47) Re-measurement gains / (losses) on defined benefit plans (3.77) Net Changes in fair value of Investments in equity instruments (74.41) (729.13) Income tax on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss 3.03 66.37 Total other comprehensive income for the year (X) (71.85) (666.54) _____ Total Comprehensive Income for the year comprising Profit and Other comprehensive 1.290.84 169.97 Income for the year(XI) = (IX+X) Profit for the year attributable to: Equity holders of the parent 1,395.98 865.19 Non-controlling interest (33.28)(28.69)1,362.70 836.50 Other comprehensive income attributable to: Equity holders of the parent (72.31) (666.57) Non-controlling interest 0.46 0.03 (666.54) (71.85) Total comprehensive income attributable to: Equity holders of the parent 1,323.67 198.62 Non-controlling interest (32.82)(28.66) 1,290.84 169.97 Earning per equity share Basic 0.51 0.32 0.50 Diluted 0.31

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Summary of significant accounting policies 1-4

As per our report of even date

For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership No.: 106355 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Infibeam Avenues Limited**

Vishal Mehta

Managing Director DIN: 03093563 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Sunil Bhagat Chief Financial Officer Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Ajit C Mehta

Chairman DIN: 01234707 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Shyamal Trivedi Company Secretary

Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2023

As at March 31, 2022	Changes in Equity Share prior period er	n Equity Share Capi prior period errors	Capital due to rors	Restat	Restated balance as at March 21, 2022	s at	Changes i dı	Changes in equity share capital during the year	ıre capital ar		As at March 31, 2023	1, 2023
2,676.31				-	2,	2,676.31				1.47		2,677.78
As at March 31, 2021	Changes in Equity Share prior period er	n Equity Share prior period er	Capital due to rors	Restat	Restated balance as at March 21, 2021	is at	Changes i dı	Changes in equity share capital during the year	ıre capital ar		As at March 31, 2022	1, 2022
1,331.05				-	1	1,331.05			1,0	,345.26		2,676.31
B. Other equity											₹)	(₹ in Million)
				A	ttributable t	o the equity	Attributable to the equity holders of the parent	e parent				
Particulars		Capital reserve	Employee stock option outstanding account	Securities premium	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Foreign currency monetary item translation reserve	Treasury Shares	IEW Trust Reserve	Money Received against Share warrants	Non- Controlling Interest	Total other equity
		Note 12	Note 12	Note 12	Note 12	Note 12	Note 12	Note 12	Note 12	Note 12		
Balance as at March 31, 2021	5	100.00	281.08	24,503.82	0.15	3,046.45	15.39	(396.06)	0.00*		(2.82)	27,550.85
Profit for the year						865.19					(28.69)	865.19
Other comprehensive income for the year	for the year		,	'	'	(666.57)	'	'	'		0.03	(666.57)
Employee compensation expense for the year	nse for the year	-	336.40	-	-			-		-	-	336.40
Transfer to securities premium on exercise of options	n on exercise of		(18.21)	18.21			1				'	'
On acquisition of New subsidiaires	aires	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	0.95	-
Dividend paid		-	1	-	-	(132.65)		-		-	-	(132.65)
On lapse of stock options		-	(7.54)	'	7.54		'	-		-		
On issue of equity shares on acquisition of subsidiary	icquisition of			268.89			'					268.89
On issue of bonus shares		-	-	(1,338.16)		'	'	-		-		(1,338.16)
Other adjustments on colsolidation	lation	-	-	-	-	(3.00)	'	(0.40)	-	-	-	(3.40)
Adjustment on account of foreign currency translation	eign currency			'	·	,	22.18	'	'		'	22.18
Balance as at March 31, 2022	2	100.00	591.73	23,452.77	7.69	3,109.43	37.57	(396.46)	*00.0		(30.53)	26,902.74
Profit for the year		-		-	-	1,395.98		-		-	(33.28)	1,395.98
Other comprehensive income for the year	for the year	-	1		-	(72.31)	'	-		-	0.46	(72.31)
Employee compensation expense for the year	nse for the year	-	269.35	ſ	ſ		1	1		-	1	269.35
Transfer to securities premium on exercise of options	n on exercise of		(29.63)	29.63			I	,				ı

Statement of changes in Equity (Continued) for the year ended March 31, 2023

Interfact the control the control 				A	ttributable 1	o the equity	Attributable to the equity holders of the parent	parent				
Mort I Mort I<	Particulars	Capital reserve	Employee stock option outstanding account	Securities premium	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Foreign currency monetary item translation reserve	Treasury Shares	IEW Trust Reserve	Money Received against Share warrants	Non- Controlling Interest	Total other equity
Induction Induction <thinduction< th=""> Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction Induction <th< th=""><th></th><th>Note 12</th><th>Note 12</th><th>Note 12</th><th>Note 12</th><th>Note 12</th><th>Note 12</th><th>Note 12</th><th>Note 12</th><th>Note 12</th><th></th><th></th></th<></thinduction<>		Note 12	Note 12	Note 12	Note 12	Note 12	Note 12	Note 12	Note 12	Note 12		
Cluster of stack options (1933) 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 <th< td=""><td>Dividend paid</td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td>'</td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>,</td><td>'</td><td></td></th<>	Dividend paid			,	'			1		,	'	
Ocision degly shares on acquisition of current treatmy shares by the tots: In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 Prevention: Discose of bound shares by the tots: In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 Prevention: Discose of bound shares by the tots: In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 Prevention: Discose of bound shares In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 Prevention: Discose of bound shares In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 Prevention: Discose of bound shares In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 Prevention: Discose of bound shares In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 Prevention: Discose of bound shares In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 Prevention: Discose of bound shares In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 Prevention: Discose of bound shares Discose of bound shares In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 Prevention: Discose of bound shares Discose of bound shares In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 In 2000 Preven	On lapse of stock options	'	(19.93)	'	19.93	'		'		-	'	'
Ortcate/state (treation) states by the total Image (the proprietion)	On issue of equity shares on acquisition of subsidiary		T				-	'		,	'	
On seare of hours: shares On seare of hours: shares Instruction	Purchase)/sale of treasury shares by the trust during the year (net)		-	'			'	(17.06)			'	(17.06)
Bit relate trappert consideration 1.83 1.84 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83	On issue of bonus shares	,	ſ	1	'	1	1	'	1		'	
Monop Recenced against Share warran: 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 403.75 4	Fair value impact on contingent consideration	ı	1.83	T	,	I	T	ľ	L	ı	ı	1.83
Adjustment on account of Foreign currency 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 9283 92833 9283	Money Received against Share warrants	,	'	'	'	'		'	-	403.75	'	403.75
Balance set March 31, 203 100.00 613.35 33, 43.310 130.40 (413.51) 0.00 ¹ 403.75 56.7 28.97711 * Represents amount less than one million * Represents amount of the premium metered on those shares shall be transferred to "Securities Remium and the Company may make fully paid-up bonus shares to its members out of the Securities Remium and the Company van use this reserve for bay-back of shares * Rescurities Rescurities Remium metered on those shares shall be transferred to "Securities Remium and the Company may of transfer from suplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company can use this reserve for payment of dividend and the accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. * Reserve for payment of dividend and the Company can use this reserve for payment of dividend and the accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. * Reserve for payment of dividend and the Company can use this reserve for payment of dividend and the recompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. * Represerve for payment of dividend and the recompany can use this reserve for payment of dividend and the recompanying notes are an integral part of the Reserve for payment of dividend and the recompanying notes are an integral part of the Reserve for payment of dividen	Adjustment on account of Foreign currency translation	ı	I	ı	I	ı	92.83	ı	I	ı		92.83
 * Represents amount less than one million. * Represents amount less than one million. Certrites Premium The Company issues stares at a premium whether for cash or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the premium received on those stares shall be transferred to "Securities Premium Whether for company issues stares to its members out of the Securities Premium mitcher for many by way of transfer from surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company can use this reserve for payment of dividend and the accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The accompany stat	Balance as at March 31, 2023	100.00	813.35	23,482.40	27.62	4,433.10	130.40	(413.51)	0.00*	403.75	9.67	28,977.11
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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Infibeam Avenues Limited CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366 Aitt C Mehta CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366 Vishal Mehta Aitt C Mehta Cinading Director Directors Directors Directors Director Directors Cinading Director Directors Director Director Director Director Director Director </td <td>The accompanying notes are an integral part of th</td> <td>nese consoli</td> <td>dated financial s</td> <td>tatements.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	The accompanying notes are an integral part of th	nese consoli	dated financial s	tatements.								
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Infibeam Avenues Limited CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366 Ajit C Mehta CIN: 164203GJ2010PLC061366 Vishal Mehta Ajit C Mehta Managing Director DIN: 03033563 Gandhinagar DIN: 0123470 Gandhinagar Din: 0123470 DIN: 0123470 Date: May 25, 2023 Sandhinagar DIN: 0123470 Chief Financial Officer Gandhinagar DIN: 0123470 Gandhinagar Din: 0123470 Din: 0123470 Date: May 25, 2023 Sandhinagar Din: 0123470 Date: May 25, 2023 Date: May 25, 2023 Date: May 25, 2023	As per our report of even date											
Vishal MehtaVishal MehtaManaging DirectorManaging DirectorDIN: 0303563GandhinagarDate: May 25, 2023Date: May 25, 2023Sunil BhagatShyamal TriChief Financial OfficerCompany SecGandhinagarDate: May 25, 2023Date: May 25, 2023Date: May 25, 2023	For Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 109463W						For and c Infibeam CIN: L642	n behalf of Avenues Li 03GJ2010PL(the Board c imited 2061366	of Directors	of	
Shyamal Triv Company Sec Gandhinagar Date: May 25,	<mark>Narottam Shah</mark> Partner Membership No.: 106355 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023						Vishal Me Managing DIN: 0309 Gandhina Date: May	ehta I Director 3563 gar 25, 2023			Ajit C Me ^r Chairman DIN: 01234 Gandhinag Date: May	ita 4707 3ar 25, 2023
							<mark>Sunil Bh</mark> a Chief Fina Gandhina Date: May	igat ncial Officer gar · 25, 2023			Shyamal 1 Company 5 Gandhinag Date: May	Frivedi Secretary Jar 25, 2023

Statement of cash flow for the year ended March 31, 2023

		Year ei	nded	Year en	ded
		March 3′		March 31	
Α	Cash flow from operating activities				
	Profit Before taxation		1,867.75		904.12
	Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:				
	Depreciation and amortization expenses	616.02		626.37	
	ESOP expense (net)	88.21		71.92	
	Dividend Income	(0.10)		-	
	Finance cost	19.43		19.34	
	Allowance for doubtful debts	28.07		26.87	
	Bad Debts written off	17.86		-	
	Balances written off	-		37.36	
	Unrealised foreign currency loss / (gain)	(11.48)		(8.96)	
	Liabilities / allowance written back	(18.03)		(14.19)	
	Interest income	(106.61)		(55.53)	
	Profit on sale of mutual fund	(1.96)		(0.58)	
	Gain on fair value of investment	(349.79)		-	
	Profit / Loss on sale of Investments	(143.69)		-	
	Profit / Loss on sale of fixed assets	(0.17)		0.79	
			137.75		703.3
	Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes		2,005.50		1,607.51
	Adjustments for:				
	Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	(242.35)		175.06	
	(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables	131.14		(97.88)	
	(Increase) / decrease in other assets	(1,178.14)		(1,609.93)	
	Increase /(decrease) in provisions and other liabilities	253.50		1,623.81	
	Net Changes in Working Capital		(1,035.85)		91.0
	Cash Generated from Operations		969.65		1,698.56
	Direct Taxes paid (Net of Income Tax refund)		160.53		(478.51
	Net Cash (used in) Operating Activities		1,130.17		1,220.0
B	Cash flow from investing activities				
	Payment for acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (including capital work-in-progress, intangible under development and capital advances)	(626.90)		(420.70)	
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	15.00		1.24	
	Proceeds/ (Payment) from investments (net)	77.02		(137.50)	
	Purchase of Mutual fund	(1,067.95)		(341.00)	
	Proceeds from sale of mutual fund	694.93		341.58	
	Interest received	106.82		53.48	
	Fixed deposits with bank (net)	(83.79)		(46.89)	
	Dividend income	0.10		-	

Statement of cash flow (Continued) for the year ended March 31, 2023

					(₹ in Million)
		Year e March 3	ended 31, 2023	Year en March 31	
С	Cash flow from financing activities				
	Dividend Paid	0.10		(132.52)	
	Proceeds from exercise of ESOP	1.47		0.99	
	(Purchase) / sale of treasury shares	(17.06)		-	
	Money Received against share warrants	403.75		-	
	Proceeds / Repayment of borrowings (net)	(2.08)		(199.61)	
	Interest paid	(19.43)		(26.92)	
	Net Cash flow from Financing Activities		366.75		(358.05)
	Net Increase/(Decrease) in cash & cash equivalents		612.15		312.21
	Cash & Cash equivalent at the beginning of the year		2,088.00		1,774.14
	Add : Cash & Cash equivalent acquired on acquisition of subsidiaries		-		1.65
	Cash & Cash equivalent at the end of the year		2,700.16		2,088.00

The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) - 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

,		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents comprise of: (Note 7)		
Cash and cash equivalents comprises of		
Balances with banks:		
- Current accounts	1,501.57	1,012.99
- Balance with bank in Nodal Accounts	1,197.72	784.87
Cheques on hand	-	283.01
Cash on hand	0.87	0.63
Fixed deposit Having Maturity Less Than Three month	-	6.52
Cash and cash equivalents	2,700.16	2,088.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership No.: 106355 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Infibeam Avenues Limited** CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366

Vishal Mehta

Managing Director DIN: 03093563 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Sunil Bhagat

Chief Financial Officer Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Ajit C Mehta

Chairman DIN: 01234707 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Shyamal Trivedi

Company Secretary Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

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1. Corporate Information

Infibeam Avenues Limited (Formerly known as Infibeam Incorporation Limited) ("the Company") was incorporated on 30 June 2010 under the Companies Act, 1956. The Group [along with its subsidiaries and associate, collectively referred to as (the "Group")] is primarily engaged in business software of development services, maintenance, web development, payment gateway services, e-commerce and other ancillary services.

The Company is a public company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The Company's shares are listed on the BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited in India. The registered office of the Company is located at 28th Floor, GIFT Two Building, Block No. 56, Road-5C, Zone-5, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar, Taluka & District - Gandhinagar – 382 355.

The consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 25, 2023.

2. Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as amended from time to time.

2.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments and defined benefit plans which are measured at fair value or amortised cost at the end of each reporting period. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per the Group's normal operating cycle. Based on the nature of services rendered to customers and time elapsed between deployment of resources and the realisation in cash and cash equivalents of the consideration for such services rendered, the Group has considered an operating cycle of 12 months.

The statement of cash flows has been prepared under indirect method, whereby profit or loss is adjusted for

the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and items of income or expense associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR') which is also the Group's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest millions, except when otherwise indicated.

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries and associate as at March 31, 2023.

Subsidiaries: Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

Equity accounted investees: The Group's interests in equity accounted investees comprise interests in associate. An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. Interests in associate are accounted for using the equity method. They are initially recognised at cost which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of profit or loss and OCI of equity accounted investees until the date on which significant influence ceases.

Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed off during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary. Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the group's accounting policies.

The financial statements of each of the subsidiaries

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

and associate used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the Company, i.e., year ended on 31 March.

Consolidation procedure:

- Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, (a) income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- (b) Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary. Business combinations policy explains how to account for any related goodwill.
- (C) Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating

to transactions between entities of the group. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation. When the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, and any related non-controlling interest and other components of equity. Any interest retained in the form of subsidiary is measured at fair value at the date the control is lost. Any resulting gain or loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company, and its subsidiaries and associate as disclosed below.

	Country of	% of :	shareholding
Name of the Company	Country of incorporation	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Subsidiaries:			
Infibeam Digital Entertainment Private Limited	India	74.00%	74.00%
Odigma Consultancy Solutions Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
Infibeam Logistics Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
Avenues Infinite Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
Uvik Technologies Pvt Ltd (From March 01, 2022)	India	100.00%	100.00%
Vavian International Limited	U.A.E	100.00%	100.00%
Avenues World FZ LLC	U.A.E	100.00%	100.00%
AI Fintech Inc	U.S.A.	100.00%	100.00%
Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Limited (From June 06, 2022)	Australia	100.00%	-
Infibeam Avenues Saudi Arabia for Information System Technology Co (From July 01, 2022)	Saudi	100.00%	-
Infibeam Projects Management Private Limited (February 14, 2022)	India	100.00%	-
Instant Global Paytech Private Limited	India	54.80%	52.38%
Cardpay Technologies Private Limited	India	54.80%	52.38%
So Hum Bharat Digital Payments Private Limited	India	50.50%	50.50%
Associate:			
Avenues Payments India Private Limited (Upto April 29, 2021)	India	-	22.68%
Infibeam Global EMEA FZ LLC	U.A.E	49.00%	49.00%
Rich Relevants Limited	U.A.E	49.00%	49.00%
DRC Systems India Limited (Upto September 30, 2022)	India	29.69%	29.69%
Vishko22 Products & Services Private Limited (From September 20, 2022)	India	50.00%	

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Business combinations (other than common control business combinations) on or after 1 April 2015

The Group accounts for its business combinations under acquisition method of accounting. Acquisition related costs are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss as incurred. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the condition for recognition are recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Purchase consideration paid in excess of the fair value of net assets acquired is recognised as goodwill. Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment (see Note 4.10). Where the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the cost of acquisition, after reassessing the fair values of the net assets and contingent liabilities, the excess is recognised as capital reserve. Any gain on a bargain purchase is recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity as capital reserve if there exists clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as resulting in a bargain purchase; otherwise the gain is recognised directly in equity as capital reserve. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except to the extent related to the issue of debt or equity securities.

Any contingent consideration is measured at fair value at the date of acquisition. If an obligation to pay contingent consideration that meets the definition of a financial instrument is classified as equity, then it is not remeasured subsequently and settlement is accounted for within equity. Other contingent consideration is remeasured at fair value at each reporting date and changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognised in profit or loss. If a business combination is achieved in stages, any previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss or OCI, as appropriate.

The interest of non-controlling shareholders is initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of noncontrolling interests is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interests' share of subsequent changes in equity of subsidiaries.

Business combinations arising from transfers of interests in entities that are under common control are accounted at historical cost. The difference between any consideration given and the aggregate historical carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the acquired entity is recorded in shareholders' equity.

3. Critical accounting estimates

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

3.1 Estimate and assumption

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

3.2 Defined benefit plans

The cost of the defined benefit plans and the present value of the obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. Discount rate has been determined by reference to market yields on the government bonds as at the balance sheet date. The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables. Those mortality tables tend to change only at intervals in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the country.

Further details about defined benefit obligations are provided in Note 28.

3.3 Share-based payments

The Group initially measures the cost of equitysettled transactions with employees using a black schole model to determine the fair value of the liability incurred. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determination of the

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determination of the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. For equity-settled share-based payment transactions, the liability needs to be measured at the time of grant.

The Group has also approved the grant of Employee Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) to the eligible employees of the Group. Each SAR shall confer the right to the eligible employee to receive appreciation (cash settled / equity settled) with respect to the underlying Equity Share on the entitled shares after it has been exercised in accordance with terms of the Scheme.

The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 32.

3.4 Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

3.5 Intangible asset including intangible asset under development

Intangible development costs are capitalised as and when technical and commercial feasibility of the asset is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable. The costs which can be capitalized include the salary and ESOP cost of employees that are directly attributable to development of the asset for its intended use. Research and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred. Intangible assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Refer Note 4.6 for the estimated useful life of Intangible assets. The carrying value of Intangible assets has been disclosed in Note 6.

3.6 Property, plant and equipment

Refer Note 4.5 for the estimated useful life of Property, plant and equipment. The carrying value of Property, plant and equipment has been disclosed in Note 5.

3.7 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised services to customers in an amount that

reflects the consideration which the Group expects to receive in exchange for those services.

3.8 Investments

Investment in associate is carried at cost in the consolidated financial statements.

4. Summary of Significant accounting policies

The following are the significant accounting policies applied by the Group in preparing Consolidated financial statement:

4.1 Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

4.2 Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method prescribed under accounting standard. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition date fair value.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their acquisition date fair values. For this purpose, the liabilities assumed include contingent liabilities representing present obligation and they are measured at their acquisition fair values irrespective of the fact that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable. However, the following assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination are measured at the basis indicated below:

Deferred tax assets or liabilities, and the assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with Ind AS 12 Income Tax and Ind AS 19 Employee Benefits respectively.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, any previously held equity interest is re-measured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

A cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cashgenerating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed off, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted through goodwill during the measurement period, or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognized at that date. These adjustments are called as measurement period adjustments. The measurement period does not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

4.3 Foreign currencies

The Group's financial statements are presented in Indian rupees. The functional currency of Parent and Indian Subsidiaries and Associates is the Indian Rupee. The functional currency of Overseas Subsidiaries and Associates is local currency of the respective countries in which they are incorporated.

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group at the functional currency spot rate at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or statement of profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

The translations of financial statements of the foreign subsidiaries to the presentation currency is performed for assets and liabilities using exchange rate in the effect at the balance sheet and for revenue, expense

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and cash-flow items using average exchange rate for respective periods. The gains or losses resulting from such translations are included in currency translation reserve under other component of equity. When a subsidiary is disposed of, in full, the relevant amount is transferred to net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss. However, when a change in the parent's ownership does not result in loss of control of a subsidiary, such changes are recorded through equity.

4.4 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability
 - Or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, as described below, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy, as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

- Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions
- Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy
- Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost)

4.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of Property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. All repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Capital work-in-progress comprises cost of fixed assets that are not yet installed and ready for their intended use at the balance sheet date.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

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Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on written down value based on useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013, which represents the estimated useful lives of the assets. Assets individually costing less than Rs. 5,000 are fully written off in the year of acquisition. Depreciation is calculated on a written down value basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

- Building – 60 years
- Leasehold Improvements 10 years
- Plant and equipment - 5 to 10 years
- . Furniture & Fixtures - 10 years
- Vehicles - 8 years
- . Computer & Peripherals - 3 to 6 years

The Group, depreciates certain items of building, plant and equipment over useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013, which represents the estimated useful lives of the assets. The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

4.6 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost include acquisition and other incidental cost related to acquiring the intangible asset.

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Intangible development costs are capitalised as and when technical and commercial feasibility of the asset is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable. The costs which can be capitalized include the salary and ESOP cost of employees that are directly attributable to development of the asset for its intended use.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

Amortisation

Period of Amortisation of Intangibles is calculated as follows:

- Computer software acquired on Amalgamation -6 vears
- Computer software acquired 10 years (w.e.f. April 01, 2020)
- Trademark acquired on Amalgamation 25 years (w.e.f. April 01, 2020)
- IT Platform acquired on Amalgamation 5 years (w.e.f. April 01, 2020)
- Customer Relationship acquired on Amalgamation - 25 years (w.e.f. April 01, 2020)
- Internally generated Computer Software 5 years (w.e.f. April 01, 2020)

Intangible assets under development

Expenditure incurred on acquisition /construction of intangible assets which are not ready for their intended use at balance sheet date are disclosed under Intangible assets under development. During the period of development, the asset is tested for impairment annually.

4.7 Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group's lease asset classes comprise of lease for building and for vehicles. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified

asset, the Group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. For these short-term and low value leases, the Group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-ofuse assets representing the right to use the underlying assets as below:

i) **Right-of-use assets**

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Rightof-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the underlying assets (i.e. 30 and 60 years) and for lease of vehicles Right of-use assets are depreciated on a straightline basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the underlying assets (i.e. 8 years). If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-ofuse assets are also subject to impairment.

ii) Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating

the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. The Group's lease liabilities are included in other current and non-current financial liabilities.

(iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. "Lease liability" and "Right of Use" asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

Group as a lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

4.8 Government Grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

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Government grants relating to expense item is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the period that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Government grants related to assets (i.e. those whose primary condition is that an entity qualifying for them should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire longterm assets), including non-monetary grants at fair value, are presented in the balance sheet by deducting the grant in arriving at the carrying amount of the asset, in which case the grant is recognised in profit or loss as a reduction of depreciation expense.

4.9 Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets and Disposal Group are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount is intended to be recovered principally through sale rather than through continuing use. The condition for classification of held for sale is met when the non-current asset or the Disposal Group is available for immediate sale and the same is highly probable of being completed within one year from the date of classification as held for sale. Non-current assets and Disposal Group held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell. Non-current assets and Disposal Group that ceases to be classified as held for sale shall be measured at the lower of carrying amount before the non-current asset and Disposal Group was classified as held for sale adjusted for any depreciation/ amortization and its recoverable amount at the date when the Disposal Group no longer meets the "Held for sale" criteria.

A discontinued operation is a component of the undertaking and entity that has been disposed off or is classified as held for sale and

- represents a separate line of business or graphical area of operations and;
- is a part of a single coordinated plan to dispose off such a line of business or area of operations.

The results of discontinued operations are presented separately in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

4.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generated unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the statement of profit and loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount of each CGU to which the goodwill relates. When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually at the CGU level, as appropriate, and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

4.11 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

4.12 Revenue Recognition

Rendering of services

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Group expects to receive in exchange for those services.

Revenue from payment gateway services is recognised on settlement of transactions measured by value of transactions processed as per the rates and terms agreed between parties.

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Revenue from Web Services is recognised upfront at the point in time when the service is delivered to the customer. In cases where implementation and / or customisation services rendered significantly modifies or customises, these service is recognised proportionally over the period.

Registry Services revenues primarily arise from fixed fees charged to registrars for the initial registration or renewal of .ooo domain names. Revenues from the initial registration or renewal of domain names are deferred and recognized rateably over the registration term, generally one year and up to ten years. Fees for renewals and advance extensions to the existing term are deferred until the new incremental period commences. These fees are then recognized rateably over the renewal term.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with the customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of customers. The Group presents revenue net of discounts and collection charges. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

Contract assets are recognised when there is excess of revenue earned over billings on contracts. Contract assets are classified as unbilled revenue (only act of invoicing is pending) when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms.

Excess billing over revenue ("contract liability") is recognised when there is billing in excess of revenues.

In accordance with Ind AS 37, the Group recognises an onerous contract provision when the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under a contract exceed the economic benefits to be received.

Contracts are subject to modification to account for changes in contract specification and requirements. The Group reviews modification to contract in conjunction with the original contract, basis which the transaction price could be allocated to a new performance obligation, or transaction price of an existing obligation could undergo a change. In the event transaction price is revised for existing obligation, a cumulative adjustment is accounted for.

The Group disaggregates revenue from contracts with customers by offering and geography.

The Group exercises judgement in determining whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Group considers indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who controls the

asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment for performance to date as per contract.

Interest income

For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in other income in the statement of profit or loss.

Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in other income in the statement of profit or loss due to its nature.

Export incentives

Export incentives are accounted on accrual basis based on services rendered.

4.13 Financial instruments - initial recognition and subsequent measurement

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a) **Financial assets**

Initial recognition and measurement. (i)

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

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- Debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss (FVTPL)
- Debt instruments at amortised cost:

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in other income in the statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A debt instrument is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following criteria are met:

 the objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and the asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. On de-recognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to statement of profit and loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

Debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

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FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the Group may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income criteria, as at fair value through profit or loss. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The Group has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

Equity instruments:

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive

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income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Group makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Group decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

• Investment in associates:

Investment in associates is carried at cost in the consolidated financial statements.

(iii) De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the consolidated balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

(iv) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss.

b) Financial Liabilities

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings.

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(ii) Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

• Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind-AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risks are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The Group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

Loans and Borrowings

After initial recognition, interestbearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

This category generally applies to borrowings.

(iii) De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

c) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.14 Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.

4.15 Treasury shares

The Group has created an Employee Benefit Trust (EBT) for providing share-based payment to its employees. The Group uses EBT as a vehicle for distributing shares to employees under the employee remuneration schemes. The EBT buys shares of the company from the market, for giving appreciation (cash settled / equity settled) to employees. The Group treats EBT as its extension and shares held by EBT are treated as treasury shares.

Own equity instruments that are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on

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the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

4.16 Taxes

Tax expense comprises of current income tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside Statement of profit and loss is recognised outside Statement of profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in joint arrangements, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associate and interests in joint arrangements, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside Statement of profit and loss is recognised outside Statement of profit and loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

The Group does not recognize tax credits in the nature of MAT credit as an asset since there is no convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which tax credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the future year in which the Group recognizes tax credits as an asset, the said asset will be created by way of tax credit to the Statement of profit and loss.

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4.17 Retirement and other employee benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits a)

All employee benefits payable within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised during the vear.

Post-Employment Benefits b)

Defined benefit plan (i)

Gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plans is determined based on the actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method as at the date of the Balance sheet reduced by the fair value of any plan assets. The discount rate used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date.

Re-measurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the Balance Sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- The date that the Group recognises related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the Statement of profit and loss:

Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and

Net interest expense or income

The Group has not invested in any fund for meeting liability.

4.18 Share-based payments

Employees of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions).

Equity-settled transactions

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made in accordance with SEBI regulation and Ind As 102: Share based payment.

That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/ or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The statement of profit and loss expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognised in employee benefits expense. No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

Employee Stock Appreciation Rights (SAR)

The Group has formed 'Infibeam Employee Welfare Trust' (IEW trust) for implementation of the schemes that are notified or may be notified from time to time by the Group under the plan, providing share based payment to its employees. IEW trust purchases holding Company's shares out of funds provided by the Group. Accordingly, the Group has approved the grant of Employee Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) to the eligible employees of the Group. Each SAR shall confer the right to the eligible employee to receive appreciation (cash settled / equity settled) with respect to the underlying Equity Share on the entitled shares after it has been exercised in accordance with terms of the Scheme.

The Group follows the fair value method to account for its Employee Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) using an appropriate valuation model. Compensation cost is measured by the excess, if any, of the market price of the underlying stock over the exercise price as determined under the option plan. The market price is the closing price on the stock exchange where there is highest trading volume on the working day immediately preceding the date of grant. Compensation cost, if any, is amortised over the vesting period.

4.19 Earnings per share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders for the period by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders for the period by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

4.20 Segment reporting

Based on "Management Approach" as defined in Ind AS 108 -Operating Segments, the Chief Operating Decision Maker evaluates the Group's performance and allocates the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments. Un allocable items includes general corporate income and expense items which are not allocated to any business segment.

Segment policies:

The Group prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the financial statements of the Group as a whole. Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment on an appropriate basis.

4.21 Dividend distribution

The Group recognises a liability to make cash distributions to equity holders of the Group when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Group. As per the

Companies Act, 2013, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

4.22 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit or loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingencies

Provision in respect of contingencies relating to claims, litigation, assessment, fines, penalties etc. are recognised when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be estimated reliably.

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets:

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount cannot be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions, but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

4.23 Standards issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 vide Notification dated 31 March 2023. Following amendments and annual improvements to Ind AS are applicable from 1 April 2023.

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements

The amendments require companies to disclose their

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information, together with other information, is material when it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions of primary users of general purpose financial statements.

Ind AS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

The amendments will help entities to distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates. The definition of a change in accounting estimates has been replaced with a definition of accounting estimates. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". Entities develop accounting estimates if accounting policies require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty.

Ind AS 12 – Income Taxes

The amendments clarify how companies account for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations. The amendments narrowed the scope of the recognition exemption in paragraphs 15 and 24 of Ind AS 12 (recognition exemption) so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The Group does not expect the above amendments / improvements to have any significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

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et book value		68.43	- 2,104.04
			(₹ in Million)
Particulars As at March 31, 2023			As at March 31, 2022
Property, Plant and Equipment 1,875.53	1,875.53	3	2,035.61
Right-of-use assets 74.69	74.69	6	68.43

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Particulars	Computer Software	Trade- mark	Customer Relation-ship	IT Platform	Total	Intangible assets under develop- ment	6 Goodwill
Cost							
As at March 31, 2021	1,256.49	597.80	1,563.10	360.10	3,777.49	158.42	16,198.19
Additions	189.99	1			189.99	499.53	
Foreign currency translation	6.06	1	ı		6.06		
Acquired on Acquisition(refer note 40)	-	-		ł	-	804.69	96.70
As at March 31, 2022	1,452.55	597.80	1,563.10	360.10	3,973.55	1,462.64	16,294.90
Additions	90.48	0.21	1	812.51	903.19	139.15	159.63
Foreign currency translation	27.51	0.01	'	'	27.52	*(00.0)	
Sale / deletion		'				(14.83)	
Capitalised during the year	-	-	-	-	-	(843.78)	-
As at March 31, 2023	1,570.54	598.02	1,563.10	1,172.61	4,904.26	743.18	16,454.53
Amortisation:							
As at March 31, 2021	437.54	92.78	512.70	244.87	1,287.88		•
Amortisation	184.80	21.04	43.77	28.81	278.42		
Foreign currency translation	1.18			-	1.18		
As at March 31, 2022	623.51	113.82	556.46	273.68	1,567.47		•
Amortisation	206.13	21.17	43.77	31.82	302.88		
Foreign currency translation	5.45	0.01			5.46		•
As at March 31, 2023	835.09	135.00	600.23	305.49	1,875.81		•
Net Block							
As at March 31, 2023	735.45	463.02	962.87	867.11	3,028.45	743.18	16,454.53
As at March 31, 2022	829.03	483.98	1,006.64	86.42	2,406.07	1,462.64	16,294.90
Net book value							(₹ in Million)
Particulars					2	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Goodwill						16,454.53	16,294.90
Intangible assets						3,028.45	2,406.07
Intancible assets under development						143 40	NA CAN 1

Intangible assets under development ageing:

Ageing for intangible assets under development as on March 31, 2023:

(₹ in Million)

(₹ in Million)

•	Amour	nt in intangible a	assets under de	evelopment for a period of	1
Intangible assets under development	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Projects in progress	-	743.18			743.18
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

Ageing for intangible assets under development as on March 31, 2022:

*	Amoun	t in intangible a	ssets under de	velopment for a period of	
Intangible assets under development	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Projects in progress	1,304.22	158.42	-	-	1,462.64
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

*Addition to the intangible assets under development includes ESOP cost and salary cost capitalised amounting to ₹ 108.76 million (March 31, 2022: 264.48 million) and ₹ 17.51 million (March 31, 2022: 30.51 million) respectively.

Intangible assets under development as at 31st March 2023 and 31st March 2022 comprises expenditure for the development of computer software i.e. IT framework.

Note 7 : Financial assets

7 - Investments

			(₹ in Million
Part	iculars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
NON	N-CURRENT INVESTMENT		
Inve	estment stated at cost		
(A)	Investment in Equity Instruments		
a.	Investment in Associates (Unquoted)		
	Infibeam Global EMEA FZ - LLC		
	36,016 (March 31, 2022 : 36,016) equity shares of AED 1000 each, fully paid up	675.86	675.86
	Add /Less: Share of profit / (loss)	2,423.67	2,472.29
	Richrelevants Limited		
	Add /Less: Share of profit / (loss)	88.85	90.67
	Vishko22 Products and Services Private Limited		
	1,25,000 (March 31, 2022 : Nil) equity shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	1.25	-
	Add /Less: Share of profit / (loss)	0.17	-
		3,189.80	3,238.81
b.	Investment in Associates (Quoted)		
	DRC Systems India Limited		
	Nil (March 31, 2022 : 1,14,75,000) equity shares of ₹ 1 each, fully paid up	_	30.60
	Add /Less: Share of profit / (loss)		0.86
			31.46
Inve	estment stated at Fair Value through Profit and loss		
(A)	Investment in Equity Instruments (Quoted)		
	DRC Systems India Limited		
	76,09,644 (March 31, 2022: Nil) equity shares of ₹ 1 each, fully paid up	20.29	-
	Add/(less): Fair value changes	351.44	-
		371.73	-
Inve	estment stated at Fair Value through OCI		
(A)	Investment in Equity Instruments (Unquoted)		
	NSI Infinium Global Limited		
	1,830 (March 31, 2022: 1,830) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	605.16	605.16
	Add /Less: Share of profit / (loss)	(38.29)	(38.29)
	Less: Allowance for diminution in value of investments in equity shares	(605.16)	(526.12)

			(₹ in Million
Parti	culars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
	TCT Ventures Private Limited		
	100 (March 31, 2022: Nil) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	11.70	-
	JRI Technology Private Limited		
	220,625 (March 31, 2022: 220,625) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	15.79	15.79
	Add / Less : Fair value changes	319.56	-
	Tradohub B2B Limited		
	355,320 (March 31, 2022 : 355,320) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	600.29	600.00
	Less: Allowance for diminution in value of investments in equity shares	(600.29)	(600.00)
	Avenues Payments India Private Limited		
	34,791 (March 31, 2022 :34,791) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	214.03	214.03
	Add /Less : Fair value changes	63.95	267.09
	Add /Less: Share of profit / (loss)	(48.35)	(48.35)
		538.39	489.31
(B)	Investment in Equity Instruments (Quoted)		
	Suvidhaa Infoserve Limited		
	1,00,85,953 (March 31, 2022: 1,00,85,953) equity shares of ₹ 1 each, fully paid up	523.86	523.86
	Add /Less : Fair value changes	(491.09)	(443.18)
		32.78	80.69
	LIC of India		
	63,852 (March 31, 2022 : Nil) equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	60.60	-
	Add /Less : Fair value changes	(26.48)	-
		34.12	-
(C)	Investment in Preference Instruments (Unquoted)		
	Avenues Payments India Private Limited		
	6,288 (March 31, 2022 : 6,288) preference shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	40.00	40.00
	Add /Less : Fair value changes	9.84	46.96
		49.84	86.96
(D)	Investment in Mutual Fund Units (Unquoted)		
	Beams Fintech Fund		
	1,750 (March 31, 2022 : 1,250) Units of ₹ 10,000 each, fully paid up	17.50	12.50
	Add / Less : Fair value changes	1.94	-
		19.44	12.50
Tota	Non-Current Investments	4,236.10	3,939.72
Tota	l Non-current investment	4,236.10	3,939.72

			(₹ in Million)
Part	ticulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
	Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	5,002.92	4,639.65
	Impairment of investment	(1,205.45)	(812.07)
	Carrying value of unquoted investments	3,797.47	3,827.58
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments	604.75	555.32
	Add / Less : Fair value changes	(166.12)	(443.18)
	Carrying value of quoted investments	438.63	112.14
		0.00	
	Market Value of quoted investments	438.63	517.31
CUR	RENT INVESTMENT		
Inv	estment stated at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)		
Qu	oted		
a.	Investment in fully paid up units of mutual funds (Quoted)		
CURI Inve Quo a. Tota	ICICI Prudential Overnight Fund		
	3,10,357.778 (March 31, 2022: Nil) Units	374.98	-
	Add / Less : Fair value changes	0.08	-
		375.06	-
Tota	al current investment	375.06	-
Agg	regate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	375.06	-
7 - L	oans		(₹ in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Current		
Unsecured considered good		
Loans to related parties	-	17.20
Loan to others *	130.97	-
	130.97	17.20
Total Loans	130.97	17.20

*The above loans are unsecured, repayable on demand, and carring interest.

For amount due from Related Parties, refer note 29

7 - Other financial assets

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non-current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Security deposits*	11.49	6.97
Advance to employees	28.72	26.83
Prepaid employee benefits	3.91	6.04
Bank deposits with original maturity of more than 12 months (including accrued interest) #	424.98	165.95
	469.10	205.78
Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Security deposits	53.29	6.68
Unbilled revenue	1,464.18	1,162.79
Advance to employees	14.89	13.06
Other assets	412.24	179.24
Interest on loan receviable	1.56	-
Bank deposits maturing within 12 months from reporting date (including accrued interest)#	505.69	697.74
Advance given for acquisition of shares pending allotment	173.50	-
Interest accrued but not due on bank deposits	5.78	5.99
Prepaid employee benefit	2.13	2.13
Unsecured, considered doubtful		
Security deposits	1.35	1.35
Less: Allowances for doubtful security deposits	(1.35)	(1.35)
	2,633.26	2,067.62
Total other financial assets	3,102.36	2,273.41

* Includes deposit given to director of the Company (refer note 29)

Fixed deposits of ₹ 771.67 million (March 31, 2022: ₹ 356.95 million) are under lien against credit facilities from banks.

7 - Trade receivables		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Trade receivables		
Unsecured, considered good	650.32	809.15
Unsecured, considered doubtful	127.83	99.76
	778.15	908.91
Less: Allowances for doubtful debts	(127.83)	(99.76)
Total Trade and other receivables	650.32	809.15

(i) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 90 days

(ii) For amount dues and terms and conditions relating to Related Party Transactions, refer note 29

(iii) For explanation on Company's credit risk management process, refer note 35

(iv) For trade receivables ageing schedule, refer note 41

7 - Cash and cash equivalent

(₹ in Million)

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Balance with Bank		
Current accounts	1,501.57	1,012.99
Balance with bank in nodal accounts	1,197.72	784.87
Cheques on hand	-	283.01
Cash on hand	0.87	0.63
Fixed deposit having maturity less than three months	-	6.52
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,700.16	2,088.00

7 - Bank balance other than the above

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Deposits with original maturity of more than three months but less than 12 months #	23.56	6.75
Earmarked balances for unclaimed dividend	0.53	0.43
Total other bank balances	24.09	7.18

Fixed deposit of Rs. 6.98 million (March 31, 2022: Rs. 6.75 million) are under lien against credit facilities from banks.

7 - Financial assets by category				(₹ in Million
Particulars	Cost	FVOCI	FVTPL	Amortised Cost
March 31, 2023				
Investment				
- Equity shares	3,189.80	605.29	371.73	
- Preference shares	-	49.84	-	
- Mutual Fund	-	19.44	375.06	
Trade receivables	-	-	-	650.32
Loans	-	-	-	130.97
Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances	-	-	-	2,724.25
Other financial assets	-	-	-	3,102.36
Total Financial assets	3,189.80	674.57	746.79	6,607.89
				(₹ in Million
Particulars	Cost	FVOCI	FVTPL	Amortised Cost
March 31, 2022				
Investment				
- Equity shares	3,270.27	570.00		
- Preference shares	-	86.96		
- Mutual Fund	-	12.50		
Trade receivables				809.15
Loans				17.20
Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances				2,095.18
other financial assets				2,273.41
Total Financial assets	3,270.27	669.46	-	5,194.95

For Financial instruments risk management objectives and policies, refer note 35

Fair value disclosures for financial assets and liabilities and fair value hierarchy disclosures for investment, refer note 35.

Note 8 : Other assets		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non-current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Capital advances	709.24	332.39
Prepaid expense	41.88	53.11
	751.12	385.50
Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Advance to suppliers	1,164.39	570.43
Balance with government authorities	17.24	30.01
Prepaid expenses	30.22	5.79
Other assets	30.03	61.18
Receivable for settlement of payment gateway transaction (refer note 38)	4,787.02	5,044.35
Unsecured, considered doubtful		
Advance to suppliers	2.99	2.99
Less : Allowance for doubtful advances	(2.99)	(2.99)
	6,028.89	5,711.76
Total	6,780.02	6,097.26

Note 9: Income tax assets (net)

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Tax paid in advance (net of provision) (refer note 24)	864.73	1,043.27
Total	864.73	1,043.27
Provision for tax (net of advance tax) (refer note 24)	1.55	2.66
Total	1.55	2.66

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Note 10 : Equity Share Capital

As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
No. of shares	₹ in Million	No. of shares	₹ in Million
3,500,000,000	3,500.00	2,800,000,000	2,800.00
2,677,781,182	2,677.78	2,676,310,462	2,676.31
2,677,781,182	2,677.78	2,676,310,462	2,676.31
2,677,781,182	2,677.78	2,676,310,462	2,676.31
-	No. of shares 3,500,000,000 2,677,781,182 2,677,781,182	No. of shares ₹ in Million 3,500,000,000 3,500.00 2,677,781,182 2,677.78 2,677,781,182 2,677.78	No. of shares ₹ in Million No. of shares 3,500,000,000 3,500.00 2,800,000,000 2,677,781,182 2,677.78 2,676,310,462 2,677,781,182 2,677.78 2,676,310,462

Note 11

11.1. Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the Reporting period

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
Particulars	No. of shares	₹ in Million	No. of shares	₹ in Million
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	2,676,310,462	2,676.31	1,331,053,580	1,331.05
Add:				
Shares allotted pursuant to exercise of Employee Stock Option Plan	1,470,720	1.47	990,540	0.99
Shares issued on acquisition of subsidiary	-	-	6,111,111	6.11
Issue of Bonus shares	-	-	1,338,155,231	1,338.16
Outstanding at the end of the year	2,677,781,182	2,677.78	2,676,310,462	2,676.31

11.2. Terms/Rights attached to the Equity Shares

The Company has equity shares having a par value of ₹ 1 per share. All equity shares rank equally with regard to dividend and share in the Company's residual assets in proportion of amount paid up. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. Each holder of the equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

On winding up of Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of Company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to number of equity shares held. Terms attached to stock options granted to employees are described in note 32 regarding employee share based payments.

11.3. Number of Shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% Shares in the Company

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
Name of the Shareholder	No. of shares	% of shareholding	No. of shares	% of shareholding
Vishal A Mehta	239,837,600	8.96%	239,837,600	8.96%
Infinium Motors Private Limited	231,527,500	8.65%	231,527,500	8.65%
Vishwas A Patel	306,382,648	11.44%	306,382,648	11.45%

Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders / members and other declarations received from the shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

11.4 Number of Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year

Name of the Promoter	 As at March 31, 2023		% Change
	No. of shares	% of shareholding	during the year
Promoters			
Mr. Ajit Champaklal Mehta	120,459,120	4.50	-
Mr. Vishal Ajitbhai Mehta	 239,837,600	8.96	-
Ms. Jayshreeben Ajitbhai Mehta	 120,459,120	4.50	-
Mr. Malav Ajitbhai Mehta	 34,596,800	1.29	-
Promoter Group			
Ms. Nirali Vishal Mehta	 60,236,800	2.25	-
Ms. Anoli Malav Mehta	 3,873,931	0.14	-
Mr. Subhashchandra Rambhai Amin	8,235,160	0.31	-
Ms. Achalaben S. Amin	705,800	0.03	-
Ms. Pallavi Kumarpal	93,360	-	-
Ms. Bhadrika Arvind Shah	 41,360	-	-
Ms. Shreya Nisarg Parikh	 8,000	-	-
Infinium Motors Private Limited	 231,527,500	8.65	-

Name of the Promoter	As at Ma	As at March 31, 2022		
	No. of shares	% of shareholding	during the year	
Promoters				
Mr. Ajit Champaklal Mehta	120,459,120	4.50	(0.02)	
Mr. Vishal Ajitbhai Mehta	239,837,600	8.96	(0.05)	
Ms. Jayshreeben Ajitbhai Mehta	120,459,120	4.50	(0.02)	
Mr. Malav Ajitbhai Mehta	34,596,800	1.29	(0.29)	
Promoter Group				
Ms. Nirali Vishal Mehta	60,236,800	2.25	(0.01)	
Ms. Anoli Malav Mehta	3,873,931	0.14	(0.01)	
Mr. Subhashchandra Rambhai Amin	8,235,160	0.31	-	
Ms. Achalaben S. Amin	705,800	0.03	-	
Ms. Pallavi Kumarpal	93,360	-	-	
Ms. Bhadrika Arvind Shah	41,360	-	-	
Ms. Shreya Nisarg Parikh	8,000	-	-	
Infinium Motors Private Limited	231,527,500	8.65	(0.05)	
Infinity Drive Private Limited	-	-	(0.06)	
O3 Developers Private Limited *		-	(0.44)	
Infinium Communications Private Limited *		-	(0.08)	
Tripwheels and Drive Private Limited *	-	-	(0.23)	
* Reclassified from Promoter Group Category to Public Category	upon receipt of approval from both	the Stock Exchanges w	.e.f. November	

12, 2021

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

11.5 Shares reserved for issue under options

For information relating to Infibeam Avenues Limited Employee Stock Option Plan, including details of options issued, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and options outstanding at the end of the reporting period please refer to note 32.

11.6 Aggregate number of equity shares issued as bonus shares during five years prior to March 31, 2023

Year	Number of Shares
2021-22	1,338,155,231
2020-21	665,526,790

Nil (Previous year :1,33,81,55,231) equity shares of Re. 1 each have been alloted as fully paid up bonus shares

11.7 Aggregate number of equity shares issued for a consideration other than cash during five years prior to March 31, 2023

Year	Number of Shares
2021-22	1,344,266,342
2020-21	665,526,790
Nil (Previous year :1,33,81,55,231) equity shares of ₹ 1 each have been alloted as fully paid up bonus shares	

Nil (Previous year : 61,11,111) equity shares of ₹ 1 each have been alloted as fully paid up on acquisition of subsidiary

11.8 Distribution made and proposed

The final dividend on shares is recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders. Interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Company's Board. Income tax consequences of dividends on financial instruments classified as equity will be recognized according to where the entity originally recognized those past transactions or events that generated distributable profits.

The Company declares and pays dividends in INR in Million. Companies are required to pay / distribute dividend after deducting applicable taxes. The remittance of dividends outside India is governed by Indian law on foreign exchange and is also subject to withholding tax at applicable rates.

(₹ in Million)

As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
	66.60	
	(0.28)	
	66.32	
	66.60	
	(0.28)	
	66.32	
133.89	-	
	March 31, 2023	

The Board of Directors, in their meeting held on May 25, 2023, recommended a final dividend of ₹ 0.05 per equity share for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. This payment is subject to the approval of shareholders in the AGM of the Company and if approved, would result in a net cash outflow of approximately ₹ 133.89 million.

Note: Refer note 29 for dividend paid to related party transactions

Note 12: Other Equity

		(₹ in Millior		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022		
Capital reserve				
Opening balance	100.00	100.00		
Balance at the end of the year	100.00	100.00		
General reserve				
Opening balance	7.69	0.15		
Add: Addition on account of lapse of options	19.93	7.54		
Balance at the end of the year	27.62	7.69		
Securities premium account				
Opening balance	23,452.77	24,503.82		
Add : on issue of equity shares on acquisition of subsidiary	-	268.89		
Less: capitalisation on issue of bonus shares	-	(1,338.16)		
Add: on exercising of options	29.63	18.21		
Balance at the end of the year	23,482.40	23,452.77		
Foreign currency monetary item translation reserve				
Opening balance	37.57	15.39		
Add: adjustment during the year	92.83	22.18		
Balance at the end of the year	130.40	37.57		
Employees Stock Options Outstanding (Net)- (Refer Note 32)				
Opening balance	<u>591.73</u>	281.08		
Add : Employee compensation expense for the year	269.35	336.40		
Add : Fair value impact on contingent consideration	1.83	-		
Less: Transfer to securities premium on exercise of options	(29.63)	(18.21)		
Less: Reversal due to lapse of options	(19.93)	(7.54)		
Balance at the end of the year	813.35	591.73		
Treasury Shares (refer note 39)				
Opening balance	(396.46)	(396.06)		
Add : (Purchase)/sale of treasury shares by the trust during the year	(17.06)	-		
Add : Other adjustment	-	(0.40)		
Balance at the end of the year	(413.51)	(396.46)		
IEW Trust Reserve (refer note 39)				
Opening balance	0.00*	0.00*		
Add : received during the year	-	-		

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Balance at the end of the year	0.00*	0.00*
Money received against share warrants		
Opening balance	-	-
Add: Received during the year	403.75	-
Balance at the end of the year	403.75	-
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	3,109.43	3,046.45
Add: profit for the year	1,395.98	865.19
Add: OCI for the year	(72.31)	(666.57)
Less: Consolidation adjustments	-	(3.00)
	4,433.10	3,242.08
Less: Appropriation		
Dividend paid	-	(132.65)
Balance at the end of the year	4,433.10	3,109.43
Total Other equity	28,977.11	26,902.74

*Represents amount less than one million

Securities Premium Reserve

Where the Company issues shares at a premium, whether for cash or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the premium received on those shares shall be transferred to "Securities Premium". The Company may issue fully paid-up bonus shares to its members out of the Securities Premium and the Company can use this reserve for buy-back of shares.

General reserve

General Reserve is created out of the profits earned by the Company by way of transfer from surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company can use this reserve for payment of dividend and issue of fully paid-up bonus shares.

Employees Stock Options Outstanding

The share based option outstanding account is used to recognise the grant date fair value of options issued to employees under group's employee stock option schemes.

Money received against share warrants

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on August 25, 2022 and the Shareholders in their meeting held on September 23, 2022 approved issue of 9,50,00,000 Fully Covertible Warrants on Preferential Issue basis to Vybe Ventures LLP (Other than Promoter & Promoter Group) at an issue price of ₹ 17/- (including premium of ₹ 16/- each) per warrant. The said Warrants were allotted on October 07, 2022 upon receipt of ₹ 403.75 million (being 25% of the total consideration) as upfront payment.

Retained earnings

Retained Earnings are profits that the Company has earned till date less dividend or other distribution or transaction with shareholders.

(₹ in Million)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Note 13 : Financial liabilities

13 Borrowings		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Short-term Borrowings		
Secured		
Bank overdraft facility	-	2.08
Total short-term borrowings	-	2.08
Total borrowings	-	2.08

Terms of borrowings:

Bank overdraft facility from bank is unsecured and carry interest rate of 15% p.a., computed on a monthly basis on the actual amount utilised, and are repayable on demand.

13 Trade payable

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Current		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	2.99	3.37
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	144.49	388.22
	147.48	391.59
Total	147.48	391.59

(i) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-90 days terms.

(ii) For disclosure required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006, refer note 31.

(iii) For explanation on Company's liability risk management process, refer note 35.

(iv) Refer note 29 for trade payable to related parties.

(v) For trade payable ageing schedule, refer note 41

Particulars		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non-current			
Lease Liability (refer note 34)		50.13	52.71
		50.13	52.71
Current			
Lease Liability (refer note 34)		30.12	19.45
		30.12	19.45
Employee benefits payable		82.79	56.06
Creditor for capital goods		41.69	50.24
Creditor for expenses		17.69	16.27
Other payables		33.89	40.64
Unpaid dividends		0.53	0.43
Security deposits from merchants		414.01	343.01
Provision for expenses		221.03	220.35
		811.63	727.00
		841.75	746.44
Total		891.88	799.15
13 Financial liabilities by category			(₹ in Million)
Particulars	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost
March 31, 2023			
Borrowings	-	-	-
Trade payable			147.48
Lease liabilities	-	-	80.25
Other financial liabilities	-	-	811.63
Total Financial liabilities	-	-	1,039.36
			(₹ in Million)
Particulars	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost
March 31, 2022			
Borrowings	-	-	2.08
Trade payable		-	391.59
Lease liabilities			72.16
Other financial liabilities	-	-	727.00
Total Financial liabilities	-	-	1,192.83

For Financial instruments risk management objectives and policies, refer note 35

Fair value disclosures for financial assets and liabilities and fair value hierarchy disclosures for investment, refer note 35.

Note 14 : Provisions		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Long Term		
Provision for employee benefits (refer Note 28)		
Provision for gratuity	61.84	55.91
	61.84	55.91
Short Term		
Provision for employee benefits (refer Note 28)		
Provision for gratuity	18.68	18.19
	18.68	18.19
Total	80.52	74.10
Note 15 : Other current liabilities		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non-current		
ESOP Compensation Payable* (refer note 40)	148.44	222.66
	148.44	222.66
Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Advance from customers	41.23	41.40
Excess billing over revenue	17.85	53.88
Other current liabilites	19.90	-
ESOP Compensation Payable*(refer note 40)	74.23	74.33
Payable for settlement of payment gateway transaction (refer note 38)	6,601.71	6,367.82
Statutory dues including provident fund and tax deducted at source	70.37	120.86
	6,825.29	6,658.29
Total	6,973.72	6,880.95

* With respect to the acquisition of 100% shareholding of UVIK Technologies Private Limited during the previous year, the Employee stock options are required to be issued over a period of 5 years is an arrangement in the nature of Contingent Consideration, the present value of which is recognised as above.

Note 16 : Revenue from operations

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Sale of services	19,623.39	12,939.34
Total	19,623.39	12,939.34

Refer note 46 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 115 "Revenue from contract with customers":

Note 17 : Other income

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Interest income on:		
- bank deposits	49.44	49.97
- Others	57.17	5.56
Rental income**	7.32	7.39
Net gain on account of foreign exchange fluctuations	75.12	12.02
Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)	0.17	-
Profit on sale of investment	143.69	-
Short term capital gain on sale of mutual funds	1.96	0.58
Excess provision written back	4.13	0.72
Liabilities / provision no longer required written back	13.91	13.47
Gain on fair value of Investment	349.79	-
Dividend income	0.10	-
Miscellaneous income	4.51	10.27
Total	707.30	99.98

** The Company has entered into lease agreement for office premises with its subsidiary and associate companies. The leasing agreement is cancellable, and renewable on a periodic basis by mutual consent on mutually accepted terms including escalation of lease rent. Lease income from related parties recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year amounts to ₹ 4.74 million (March 31, 2022; 7.65) milion). (refer note 29)

Note 18 : Operating expenses		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Operating expenses	16,339.68	10,345.45
Total	16,339.68	10,345.45
Note 19 : Employee benefits expense		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Salaries, wages and bonus^	954.02	719.67
Contribution to provident fund and other funds (refer note 28)	25.21	22.26
Share based payments to employees* (refer note 32)	88.21	71.92
Staff welfare expenses	10.81	3.95
Total	1,078.25	817.80
^Salaries,wages and bonus (net of capitalisation)		
Salaries,wages and bonus	971.53	750.18
Less : Cost capitalised	(17.51)	(30.51)
Salaries,wages and bonus cost for the year	954.02	719.67
* Employee stock option outstanding expenses		
Share based payment expenses	269.35	336.40
Less : Cost capitalised	(108.76)	(264.48)
Less: Adjusted against Contingent Consideration on acquisition of subsidiary	(72.38)	-
ESOP cost for the year	88.21	71.92

Repairs and maintenance

Security service charges

Travelling and conveyance

Payment to auditors (refer note 23)

Web hosting and server support expenses

Net loss on account of foreign exchange fluctuations

Other

Note 20 : Finance costs		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Interest expense on:		
- Bank	7.60	7.05
- Statutory dues	2.87	0.48
- Others	0.02	1.04
Interest on lease payment	8.94	6.58
Other borrowing cost	-	4.19
Total	19.43	19.34
Note 21 : Depreciation and Amortization expense		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Depreciation on tangible assets (refer note 5)	286.57	325.20
Amortization on intangible assets (refer note 6)	302.88	278.42
Depreciation on right of use assets (refer note 5)	26.56	22.75
Total	616.02	626.37
Note 22 : Other expenses		
		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Bank charges	2.08	3.58
Telephone and other communication expenses	14.10	13.14
CSR Expenses (refer note 44)	15.10	12.20
Power and fuel *	15.00	11.04
Legal and professional fees	100.37	57.25
Retainership fees expenses	14.46	20.97
Office expenses	35.41	27.99
Rent (refer note 34)	20.48	9.19
Rates and taxes	9.89	17.76

-

0.37

0.68

32.10 8.49

78.92

-

0.26

0.58

8.36

7.86

51.55

0.11

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Donation	0.30	-
Service charges	2.47	2.17
Director sitting fees	1.00	1.16
Sales promotion	0.82	7.68
Advertising expenses	3.46	4.35
Loss on sale of fixed assets	-	0.79
Allowance for doubtful debts	28.07	26.87
Balance writtten off	-	37.36
Bad Debts writtten off	17.86	-
Miscellaneous expenses	8.14	4.02
Total	409.56	326.25

* Power & Fuel expenses is net of government grant amounting to Nil (March 31, 2022: ₹ 1.23 million)

Note 23 : Payment to auditors

Particulars 2022-23 2021-22 As auditor Statutory audit 3.56 3.15 4.76 Limited review 4.50 0.16 Certification charges 0.11 Reimbursement of expenses 0.02 0.11 Total 8.49 7.86

Note 24 : Income tax

The major component of income tax expense for the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are :

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Tax paid in advance (net of provision)	864.73	1,043.27
Total	864.73	1,043.27
Provision for tax (net of advance tax)	1.55	2.66
Total	1.55	2.66

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current tax		
- for the current year	2.86	0.38
- for the previous year	16.90	(247.84)
Deferred tax		
Deferred tax income/(expense) during the year recognised in profit or loss	439.71	394.52
Deferred tax income/(expense) during the year recognised in OCI	(3.03)	(66.37)
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	456.44	80.69

Note : With the amendment in the Income Tax Act in respect of allowability of Depreciation on Goodwill by Finance Act 2021 and Finance Act 2022, the Company is eligible to claim depreciation on Goodwill upto Financial Year 2019-20. Consequently, the Company has reversed the excess income tax provisions of earlier years and recognized deferred tax liability on difference in tax base on Goodwill and deffered tax assets on unabsorbed depreciation under tax law. The Impact of remeasurement of Deferred Tax on above is accounted in the year ended March 31, 2022. Accordingly, previous year tax expenses are not comparable.

Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by domestic tax rate for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022

A) Current tax

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Accounting profit before tax	1,867.75	904.12
Total profit before tax from operations	1,867.75	904.12
Enacted tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Computed expected tax expense	470.08	227.55
Adjustments		
Deferred tax not recognised not considered reasonably uncertain of realisation	18.48	14.94
Effect of non-deductable expenses	30.21	1.91
Deferred tax impact on Ind AS adjustment	(28.76)	(74.20)
Tax expenses /(income) for earlier year	16.90	(248.26)
Tax benefit on brought forward losses	(18.28)	(222.08)
Excess of tax depreciation over book depreciation	29.97	396.59
Employee benefit payable	(0.17)	(0.12)
Tax exempt income of foreign subsidiaries	(61.99)	(15.31)
Other adjustments	-	(0.34)
Income tax expenses:	456.44	80.69

B) Deferred tax

(₹ in Million)

	Balance	e Sheet	Statement of Profit and Loss			
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022		
Deferred income tax assets						
Provision for employee benefits	18.15	16.30	(1.85)	(3.12)		
Provision for doubtful trade receivables	33.20	26.19	(7.01)	(26.19)		
Lease hold Property INDAS 116	0.69	0.54	(0.16)	0.61		
Brought forward losses	1,578.74	1,983.47	404.73	(1,983.47)		
IPO Expenses	-	39.31	39.31	15.74		
Provision for diminution in value of investment and doubtful debts	103.51	74.91	(28.60)	(55.48)		
Total deferred income tax assets	1,734.29	2,140.71	406.42	-2,051.90		
Deferred income tax liabilities						
Excess of amortization on fixed assets under income-tax law over amortization provided in accounts.	(2,826.82)	(2,796.56)	30.26	2,380.05		
DTL on Fair valuation of intangibles on acquisition of subsidiary (No P&L Impact)	(187.93)	(187.93)	-	-		
Total deferred income tax liabilities	(3,014.75)	(2,984.49)	30.26	2,380.05		
Deferred tax (expense) / income*			436.68	328.15		
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)*	(1,280.45)	(843.78)				

(₹ in Million)

As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
-	0.58
(1,280.45)	(844.36)
(1,280.45)	(843.78)
	March 31, 2023 (1,280.45)

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Year ended Year March 31, 2023 March 3	
Reconciliation of deferred tax assets / (liabilities), net		
Opening balance as of April 1	(843.78)	(327.70)
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in profit or loss	(439.71)	(394.52)
Deferred tax liability acquired on acquisition of subsidiary	-	(187.93)
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in OCI	3.03	66.37
Closing balance as at March 31	(1,280.45)	(843.78)

* The Group offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

(₹ in Million)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

In assessing the realizability of deferred income tax assets, management considers whether some portion or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversals of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based on the level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred income tax assets are deductible, management believes that the Group will realize the benefits of those deductible differences. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry forward period are reduced.

Note 25 : Contingent liabilities

The Company does not have any contingent liability as at balance sheet date.	(₹ in Million)
------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Contingent liabilities not provided for		
a. Claims against Company not acknowledged as debts	-	-
b. Guarantees given by bank on behalf of the Company	-	-

Note 26 : Capital commitment and other commitments

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Capital commitments		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advance)	0.32	0.32

Note 27 : Foreign Exchange Derivatives and Exposures not hedged

A. Foreign Exchange Derivatives: The Company does not have any foreign exchange derivatives

B. Exposure Not Hedged

		Year ended M	larch 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022		
Nature of exposure	Currency	Foreign currency	Local currency (₹ in Million)	Foreign currency	Local currency ([₹] in Million)	
Creditors for expenses	USD	23,568	1.94	90,346	6.85	
Provision for expenses	USD	9,042	0.74	6,650	0.50	
			2.68		7.35	
Trade receivables	USD	2,043,062	167.88	3,309,512	250.84	
	AED	285,600	6.39	923,038	19.05	
	SAR	750,000	16.42	-	-	
	OMR	21,474	4.58	13,223	2.60	
Bank balance	USD	808,034	66.40	377,347	28.60	
Accrued revenue	USD	12,571	1.03	54,022	4.09	
	AED	-	-	2,221,700	45.88	
	SAR	375,000	8.21	375,000	7.58	
			270.91		358.64	

Note 28 : Disclosure pursuant to Employee benefits

The Company makes contributions, determined as a specified percentage of employee salaries, in respect of qualifying employees towards provident fund and (₹ in Million) employee state insurance

22.26 0.56 As at March 31, 2022 21.71 24.56 0.65 25.21 As at March 31, 2023 The Company has following post employment benefits which are in the nature of defined benefit plans: **Provident Fund** Particulars ESIC

Gratuity (a)

The Company operates gratuity plan wherein every employee is entitled to the benefit as per scheme of the Company, for each completed year of service. The (₹ in Million) same is payable on retirement or termination whichever is earlier. The benefit vests only after five years of continuous service. March 31, 2023 : Changes in defined benefit obligation and plan assets

Remeasurement gains/(losses) in other comprehensive income Gratuity cost charged to statement of profit and loss

March 31, 2023		80.52	1	80.52	80.52
Contribu- tions by employer			-	1	
Sub-total included in OCI		0.47	-	0.47	0.47
Experi- ence adjust- ments		5.62		5.62	5.62
Actuarial changes arising from changes in financial assump- tions		(4.98)	-	(4.98)	(4.98)
Actuarial changes arising from changes in demo- graphic assump- tions		(0.18)	-	(0.18)	(0.18)
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in included in net interest expense)		(8.88) - (0.18) (4.98) 5.62		-	•
Benefit paid/ Reversal		(8.88)		(8.88)	(8.88)
Sub-total included in state- ment of profit and loss		14.82	-	14.82	14.82
Net interest expense		- 10.71 4.11 14.82		4.11	4.11
Service cost		10.71	-	10.71	10.71
Transfer in/(out) obliga- tion				T	•
April 1, Transfer 2022 in/(out) obliga- tion		74.10	'	74.10	74.10
	Gratuity	Defined benefit obligation 74.10	Fair value of plan assets	Benefit liability	Total benefit liability

March 31, 2022 74.10 Contribu-tions by employer Sub-total included in OCI Remeasurement gains/(losses) in other comprehensive 3.77 4.95 Experi-ence adjust-ments 4.95 (1.17) changes arising from changes Actuarial financial assumptions ncome (00.00) changes arising from graphic assump-tions Actuarial changes n demonet interest plan assets (excluding included in Return on amounts expense) (5.52) Reversal Benefit paid/ in state-ment of profit and 12.43 12.43 Sub-total included Gratuity cost charged to statement of profit and loss loss 3.44 expense interest Net Service 8.59 cost Transfer in/(out) obliga-tion 0.39 0.39 April 1, 2021 63.42 63.42 Defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Benefit liability Total benefit liability Gratuity

74.10

74.10

3.77 3.77

(1.17) (1.17)

(00.0) (00.0)

(5.52) (5.52)

12.43

3.44 3.44

8.59

0.39

63.42

8.59

4.95

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(₹ in Million)

March 31, 2022 : Changes in defined benefit obligation and plan assets

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The principal assumptions used in determining above defined benefit obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Discount rate	7.18-7.40%	5.80% - 7.10%
Future salary increase	8.00%	8.00%
Attrition rate	40% at younger ages reducing to 5% at older ages	25% - 40% at younger ages reducing to 5% at older ages
Morality rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Table	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Table
Retirement age	58 years	58 years

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as shown below:

Gratuity

(increase) / decrease in defined benefit obligation (Impact) Particulars Sensitivity level Year ended Year ended March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Gratuity Discount rate 0.5% - 1% increase 64.51 21.58 0.5% - 1% decrease 83.89 23.15 82.94 Future Salary increase 0.5% - 1% increase 22.43 0.5% - 1% decrease 64.87 21.47 Withdrawal rates (W.R.) 17.01 10% increase 70.85 10% decrease 17.33 76.00

The followings are the expected future benefit payments for the defined benefit plan :

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Gratuity		
Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	18.68	18.18
Between 2 and 5 years	45.54	36.26
Beyond 5 years	26.20	34.13
Total expected payments	90.42	88.56

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Risk Exposure :

Investment risk i.

For funded plans that rely on insurers for managing the assets, the value of assets certified by the insurer may not be the fair value of instruments backing the liability. In such cases, the present value of the assets is independent of the future discount rate. This can result in wide fluctuations in the net liability or the funded status if there are significant changes in the discount rate during the inter-valuation period.

Market Risk (Interest Rate) ii.

Market risk is a collective term for risks that are related to the changes and fluctuations of the financial markets. The discount rate reflects the time value of money. An increase in discount rate leads to decrease in Defined Benefit Obligation of the plan benefits & vice versa. This assumption depends on the vields on the corporate/government bonds and hence the valuation of liability is exposed to fluctuations in the yields as at the valuation date.

iii. Longevity Risk

The impact of longevity risk will depend on whether the benefits are paid before retirement age or after. Typically for the benefits paid on or before the retirement age, the longevity risk is not very material.

iv. **Actuarial Risk**

Salary Increase Assumption а.

Actual Salary increases that are higher than the assumed salary escalation, will result in increase to the Obligation at a rate that is higher than expected.

h. **Attrition/Withdrawal Assumption**

If actual withdrawal rates are higher than assumed withdrawal rates, the benefits will be paid earlier than expected. Similarly if the actual withdrawal rates are lower than assumed, the benefits will be paid later than expected. The impact of this will depend on the demography of the company and the financials assumptions.

Regulatory Risk V.

Any Changes to the current Regulations by the Government, will increase (in most cases) or Decrease the obligation which is not anticipated. Sometimes, the increase is many fold which will impact the financials quite significantly.

Note 29 : Related Party disclosures.

As per the Indian Accounting Standard on "Related Party Disclosures" (IND AS 24), the related parties of the Group are as follows :

Name of Related Parties and Nature of Relationship :

Description of relationship	Name of the parties		
Parties with whom transactions have been entered into			
Company where Key Managerial Personnel can exercise	Infinium Motors Private Limited		
control / significant influence	Avenues Enterprises Private Limited		
	Vybe Ventures LLP		
Key Management Personnel ('KMP')			
Managing Director	Vishal Ajit Mehta		
Executive Director	Vishwas Ambalal Patel		
Non-executive Directors	Ajit Champaklal Mehta		
	Roopkishan Sohanlal Dave		
	Keyoor Madhusudan Bakshi		
	Vijaylaxmi Tulsidas Sheth		
	Piyushkumar Sinha		
Chief Financial Officer (CFO)	Sunil Bhagat (with effect from March 19, 2022)		
	Hiren Padhya (upto March 18, 2022)		
Company Secretary (CS)	Shyamal Trivedi		
Relatives of KMP	Jayshree Ajit Mehta		
	Nirali Vishal Mehta		
	Malav A. Mehta		
	Anoli Malav Mehta		
	Varini Vishwas Patel		
	Anushka Vishwas Patel		
	Vivek Vishwas Patel		
	Mokshadaben Sheth		
Directors/Executives of subsidiaries	Mathew Jose		
	Daykin Creado		
	Rahul Hirve		
Associate Company	Avenues Payments India Private Limited (upto April 29, 2021)		
	DRC Systems India Limited (Upto September 30, 2022)		
	Infibeam Global EMEA FZ LLC		
	VIshko22 Products and Services Private Limited (With effect from September 20,2022)		

				(₹ i	n Million
Particulars	Period ending	Key Management Personnel (KMP), relatives of KMP and Directors/ Executives of subsidiaries	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence	Associate Companies	Total
Issue of equity shares on exercising of ESOP (Number of shares)					
Chief Financial officer (CFO)	31/Mar/23	0.30	-	-	0.30
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-
Company secretary (CS)	31/Mar/23	0.30	-	-	0.30
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-
Issue of equity shares pursuant to Bonus Issue (Number of shares)	31/Mar/23				
	31/Mar/22	499.60	115.76	-	615.36
Investment in equity shares					
Vishko22 Products and Services Private Limited	31/Mar/23	-	-	1.25	1.25
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-
Loans given					
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23	-	-	-	-
	31/Mar/22	-		38.96	38.96
Infibeam Global EMEA FZ LLC	31/Mar/23	-	-		-
	31/Mar/22	-	-	17.20	17.20
Chief Financial Officer	31/Mar/23	-		-	-
Directors (Duce et autoridiaries	31/Mar/22	2.00		-	2.00
Directors/Executives of subsidiaries	31/Mar/23 31/Mar/22	0.60	-	-	0.60
Repayment of loan given	51/1VId1/22	-	-	-	-
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23				-
	31/Mar/22				38.96
Infibeam Global EMEA FZ LLC	31/Mar/23			16.43	16.43
	31/Mar/22			-	-
Chief Financial Officer	31/Mar/23	-		-	-
	31/Mar/22	2.70	-	-	2.70
Directors/Executives of subsidiaries	31/Mar/23	0.60	-	-	0.60
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-
Advance received					
Directors/Executives of subsidiaries	31/Mar/23	7.77	-	-	7.77
	31/Mar/22	-		-	-

				(₹ i	n Million)
Particulars	Period ending	Key Management Personnel (KMP), relatives of KMP and Directors/ Executives of subsidiaries	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence	Associate Companies	Total
Business advance given					
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23	-	-	32.50	32.50
	31/Mar/22	-		-	-
Repayment of business advance					
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23	-		32.50	32.50
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-
Reimbursement of expenses from (amount receivable)					
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23	-		0.06	0.06
	31/Mar/22	-	-	5.98	5.98
Avenues Enterprises Private Limited	31/Mar/23	-	-	-	-
	31/Mar/22	-	0.02	-	0.02
Services given					
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23	-	-	0.05	0.05
	31/Mar/22	-	-	42.33	42.33
Infinium Motors Private Limited	31/Mar/23	-	13.40	-	13.40
	31/Mar/22	-	18.28	-	18.28
Services taken					
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23	-	-	11.20	11.20
	31/Mar/22	-	-	21.46	21.46
Vishko22 Products and Services Private Limited	31/Mar/23	-	-	5.57	5.57
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-
Vehicle insurance and hire charges					
Infinium Motors Private Limited	31/Mar/23	-	1.15	-	1.15
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-
Purchase of fixed assets					
Infinium Motors Private Limited	31/Mar/23	-	3.90	-	3.90
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-
Rental Expense					
Infinium Motors Private Limited	31/Mar/23	-	3.51	-	3.51
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-

				(₹ in Million)		
Particulars	Period ending	Key Management Personnel (KMP), relatives of KMP and Directors/ Executives of subsidiaries	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence	Associate Companies	Total	
Rental Income						
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23	-	-	3.54	3.54	
	31/Mar/22	-	-	7.08	7.08	
Interest income						
DRC Systems India Limited	31/Mar/23	-	-	-	-	
	31/Mar/22	-	-	0.33	0.33	
Issue of Convertible Share Warrant	31/Mar/23					
Vybe Ventures LLP	31/Mar/22	-	403.75	-	403.75	
Dividend paid	31/Mar/23	-	-	-	-	
	31/Mar/22	49.96	11.58	-	61.54	
Salaries and ESOP to Directors/Executives of subsidiaries	31/Mar/23	23.15	-	-	23.15	
	31/Mar/22	19.69	-	-	19.69	
Transaction with key Management personnel						
Salaries and ESOP to key managerial personnel						
Chief Financial Officer	31/Mar/23	8.78	-	-	8.78	
	31/Mar/22	5.04	-	-	5.04	
Company Secretary	31/Mar/23	9.28	-	-	9.28	
	31/Mar/22	4.44	-	-	4.44	
Rent expense						
Vishwas Patel (Executive Director)	31/Mar/23	16.26	-	-	16.26	
	31/Mar/22	13.77	-	-	13.77	
Rent Deposit						
Vishwas Patel (Executive Director)	31/Mar/23	1.37	-	-	1.37	
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	
Reimbursement of expenses (amount payable)	31/Mar/23					
Vishwas Patel	31/Mar/22	0.30	-	-	0.30	
Roopkishan Dave	31/Mar/23	0.00	-	-	0.00	
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	
Directors sitting fees expense						
Director sitting fees to non-executive and independent directors	31/Mar/23	1.00	-	-	1.00	
	31/Mar/22	0.80	-	-	0.80	

				(₹ i	n Million)	
Particulars Closing balances	Period ending	Key Management Personnel (KMP), relatives of KMP and Directors/ Executives of subsidiaries	Company where Key Managerial personnel can exercise control / significant influence	Associate Companies	Total	
Closing balances						
Trade receivable						
Infinium Motors Private Limited	31/Mar/23	-	-	-	-	
	31/Mar/22	-	2.35	-	2.35	
Unbilled revenue						
Infinium Motors Private Limited	31/Mar/23	-	-	-	-	
	31/Mar/22	-	3.63	-	3.63	
Loans and advances given						
Infibeam Global EMEA FZ LLC	31/Mar/23	-	-	2.22	2.22	
	31/Mar/22	-	-	17.20	17.20	
Rent Payable						
Vishwas Ambalal Patel	31/Mar/23	0.75	-	-	0.75	
	31/Mar/22	5.88	-	-	5.88	
Other Payable						
Directors/Executives of subsidiaries	31/Mar/23	7.77	-	-	7.77	
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	
Creditors for Expenses						
Vishko22 Products and Services Private Limited	31/Mar/23	-	-	2.33	2.33	
	31/Mar/22	-	-	-	-	
Security deposit given						
Vishwas Ambalal Patel	31/Mar/23	4.57	-	-	4.57	
	31/Mar/22	3.20	-	-	3.20	

Related party transactions

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

- (1) Transaction entered into with related party are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables.
- (2) For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Commitments with related parties

The Group has not provided any commitment to the related party as at March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022: ₹ Nil)

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Note 30 : Earning per share		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Earing per share (Basic and Diluted)		
Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders	1,362.70	836.50
Total no. of equity shares at the end of the year	2,677,781,182	2,676,310,462
Weighted average number of equity shares		
For basic EPS	2,676,183,332	2,653,265,264
For diluted EPS	2,722,509,252	2,693,197,064
Nominal value of equity shares	1.00	1.00
From continuing operations		
Basic earning per share	0.51	0.32
Diluted earning per share	0.50	0.31
Weighted average number of equity shares		
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS	2,676,183,332	2,653,265,264
Effect of dilution: Employee stock options	46,325,920	39,931,800
Weighted average number of equity shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	2,722,509,252	2,693,197,064

Note 31 : Dues to micro and small suppliers

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an office memorandum dated August 26, 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum in accordance with the 'Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006' ('the MSMED Act') accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the Company. Further in view of the Management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier as at the balance-sheet date.

(₹ in Million)

		(())
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of accounting year;	2.99	3.37
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyod the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act;	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting year; and	-	-
The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding period, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act.	-	-

On basis of information and records available with the Group, the above disclosures are made in respect of amount due to the micro and small enterprises, which have been registered with the relevant competent authorities. The above information takes into account only those suppliers who have submitted their registration details or has responded to the inquiries made by the Company for this purpose.

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Note 32: Share based payments

Employee stock option (ESOP) scheme (2013-14):

The scheme has been adopted by the Board of Directors pursuant to resolution passed at its meeting held on February 17, 2013, read with Special Resolution passed by shareholder of the company at the extra ordinary general meeting held on March 30, 2013. The plan entitles senior employees to purchase shares in the Company at the stipulated exercise price, subject to compliance with vesting conditions. All exercised options shall be settled in demat mode. As per the plan, holders of vested options are entitled to purchase one equity share for every option at an exercise price of Re 1 which is 93% to 98% below the market price at the date of grant.

Employee stock option (ESOP) scheme (2014-15)

The scheme has been adopted by the Board of Directors pursuant to resolution passed at its meeting held on February 27, 2014, read with Special Resolution passed by shareholder of the company at the extra ordinary general meeting held on March 31, 2014. The plan entitles senior employees to purchase shares in the Company at the stipulated exercise price, subject to compliance with vesting conditions. All exercised options shall be settled in demat mode. As per the plan, holders of vested options are entitled to purchase one equity share for every option at an exercise price of Re 1 which is 93% to 98% below the market price at the date of grant.

Employee stock option (ESOP) scheme (2019-20)

The scheme has been adopted by the Board of Directors pursuant to resolution passed at its meeting held on June 29, 2019, read with Special Resolution passed by shareholder of the company at the extra ordinary general meeting held on July 30, 2019. The plan entitles senior employees to purchase shares in the Company at the stipulated exercise price, subject to compliance with vesting conditions. All exercised options shall be settled in demat mode. As per the plan, holders of vested options are entitled to purchase one equity share for every option at an exercise price of Re 1 which is 93% to 98% below the market price at the date of grant.

Scheme	cheme ESOP Scheme 2013-14		ESOP Scheme 2014-15	ESOP Sche	me 2019-20	
Date of grant	April 1 , 2022	October 1 , 2022	January 01, 2023	April 1 , 2022	April 1 , 2022	July 01, 2022
Number of options granted	304,000	1,123,000	600,000	240,000	4,517,444	3,466,400
Exercise price per option	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Vesting requirements	Vesting period as defined by the board in the letters issuing the options to employees.	5 1	Vesting period as defined by the board in the letters issuing the options to employees.	5 1	Vesting period as defined by the board in the letters issuing the options to employees.	Vesting period as defined by the board in the letters issuing the options to employees.
Exercise period	1 years - 5 years	1 years - 5 years	1 years - 5 years	1 years - 5 years	1 years - 5 years	1 years - 5 years
Method of settlement	Demat mode	Demat mode	Demat mode	Demat mode	Demat mode	Demat mode

The following table sets forth a summary of the activity of options:

		2022-23			2021-22	
Particulars	ESOP Scheme 13-14	ESOP Scheme 14-15	ESOP Scheme 19-20	ESOP Scheme 13-14	ESOP Scheme 14-15	ESOP Scheme 19-20
Options						
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,261,400	13,045,600	26,387,200	372,700	7,058,140	8,830,200
Granted during the year	2,027,000	240,000	7,983,844	711,000	-	4,790,600
Exercised during the year	(1,305,600)	(25,520)	(139,600)	(61,000)	(526,340)	(403,200)
Lapse during the year	(68,000)	-	(1,824,000)	(392,000)	(9,000)	(24,000)
Outstanding at the end of the year-Pre-Bonus	-	-	-	630,700	6,522,800	13,193,600
Outstanding at the end of the year-Post-Bonus *	1,914,800	13,260,080	32,407,444	1,261,400	13,045,600	26,387,200
Exercisable at the end of the year	1,914,800	13,260,080	32,407,444	1,261,400	13,045,600	26,387,200

* In view of Bonus shares issued by the Company in the ratio of 1:1, the outstanding stock options as on the record date of Bonus are being entitled to bonus and hence the post bonus effect is considered for outstanding stock options as at March 31, 2022.

Expense arising from share- based payment transactions

Total expenses arising from share- based payment transactions recognised in profit or loss as part of employee benefit expense were as follows :

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Employee stock option plan	88.21	71.92
Total employee share based payment expense	88.21	71.92

The fair value of the share based payment options granted on is determined using the black scholes model using the following inputs at the grant date which takes in to account the exercise price, the term of the option, the share price at the grant date, and the expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option.

Particulars	March 31, 2023				March	31, 2022		
Option grant date	April 1, 2022	5 5 7	October 1,2022	January 01, 2023	April 1 , 2021	July 01, 2021	October 1 , 2021	January 01, 2022
Weighted average share price	19.92	13.64	14.91	16.7	47.75	51.69	41.72	40.10
Exercise price	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Expected volatility	49.59%	49.59%	49.59%	49.59%	66.54%	66.54%	66.54%	66.54%
Expected life (years)	5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years
Dividend yield	-	-	-	-	0.26%	0.26%	0.26%	0.26%
Risk-free interest rate (%)	6.50%	6.95%	7.32%	7.18%	5.59%	5.65%	5.32%	5.79%
Fair market value share	18.6	13.37	13.98	15.88	46.38	50.10	40.56	38.94
Weighted average remaining contractual life (Years)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

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Employee Stock Appreciation Rights (SAR)

Pursuant to the resolution passed by the Board of Directors of the Company, at its meeting held on July 13, 2017 and the special resolution passed by the Members of the Company on August 11, 2017, the Infibeam Stock Appreciation Rights Scheme 2017 ("SAR Scheme 2017") was approved in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (SBEB) Regulations, having face value of Rs. 1.00 each. The Company has created "Infibeam Employees Welfare Fund" by way of a trust on September 5, 2017 which will be involved in the execution of Infibeam Stock Appreciation Rights Scheme 2017 (SAR). Barclays Wealth Trustees (India) Private Limited (Barclays) are appointed as trustees of the same. Each SAR shall confer the right to the eligible employee to receive appreciation (cash settled / equity settled) with respect to the underlying Equity Share on the entitled shares after it has been exercised in accordance with terms of the Scheme.

Movement of shares acquired by IEW Trust:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	Price INR in Million per Share (post-bonus)	As at March 31, 2022	Price INR in Million per Share (post-bonus)
Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	11,185,244	35.44	11,185,244	35.44
Equity shares acquired during the year	1,126,398	15.14		-
Number of shares outstanding at the end of the year	12,311,642		11,185,244	

Movement in options:

Particulars	SAR Scheme 2017 As at March 31, 2023	SAR Scheme 2017 As at March 31, 2022
SAR Scheme 2017		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,085,244	5,592,622
Granted during the year	4,006,398	-
Exercised during the year	-	-
Lapse during the year	(1,780,000)	(550,000)
Outstanding at the end of the year -Pre-Bonus	-	5,042,622
Outstanding at the end of the year-Post-Bonus *	12,311,642	10,085,244
Exercisable at the end of the year-Pre-Bonus	-	5,042,622
Exercisable at the end of the year-Post-Bonus *	12,311,642	10,085,244

* In view of Bonus shares issued by the Company in the ratio of 1:1, the outstanding SAR as on the record date of Bonus are being entitled to bonus and hence the post bonus effect is considered for outstanding SAR as at March 31, 2022.

Note 33: Segment reporting

Based on the "management approach" as defined in Ind AS-108 - "Operating Segments" and evaluation by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, the Group operates in two business segments:

- Payment Business includes Payment Gateway business with CC Avenue business brand and payment infrastructure including CPGS towards banks, and Credit & Lending related business and
- E-Commerce Platform Business includes Software Framework & Infrastructure to enable E-Commerce for large (2)enterprises and related services including domains & advertising.

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Segment assets and liabilities:

Segment information is prepared in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the standalone financial statements of the Group as a whole. Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and principally consists of operating cash, trade receivables, other assets and fixed assets, net of allowances and provisions which are reported as direct offsets in the balance sheet. While most such assets can be directly attributed to individual segments, the carrying amount of certain assets used jointly by two segments is allocated to the segments on a reasonable basis. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of trade payables, other liabilities and accrued liabilities. Segment assets and liabilities do not include those relating to income taxes.

Segment Expense:

Segment expense comprises the expense resulting from the operating activities of a segment that is directly attributable to the segment or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to the segment and expense relating to transactions with other segments. Certain expenses are not specifically allocable to individual segments as the underlying services are used interchangeably. The Group therefore believes that it is not practicable to provide segment disclosures relating to such expenses, and accordingly such expenses are separately disclosed as 'unallocated' and directly charged against total income.

Certain assets and liabilities which are common to both the segments for which basis of allocation cannot be consistently identified are included under un-allocable assets and liabilities

Primary Segment:

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Revenue		
Total revenue		
(a) Payment Business	17,932.35	11,340.86
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	1691.04	1,598.48
External revenue		
(a) Payment Business	17,932.35	11,340.86
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	1691.04	1,598.48
Total revenue	19,623.39	12,939.34
Segment result		
(a) Payment Business	615.65	213.44
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	768.34	759.45
Unallocated corporate expenses (net of unallocated income)	(396.58)	104.96
Operating profit	1,780.57	867.92
Interest expense	19.43	19.34
Interest income	106.61	55.53
Profit before tax	1,867.75	904.12
Add : Share in net profit / (loss) of associates	(45.59)	79.44
Profit before tax (after share of profit/(loss) of associates	1,822.16	983.56
Income taxes	459.47	147.05
Profit after tax	1,362.70	836.50

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Other Information:		
Segment assets		
(a) Payment Business	31,113.10	30,396.09
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	7,648.97	5,964.07
(c) Unallocable corporate assets	2,278.11	2,183.26
Total assets	41,040.18	38,543.42
Segment Liabilities		
(a) Payment Business	7,952.65	7,861.63
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	1,295.86	1,036.19
(c) Unallocable corporate liabilities	127.09	97.08
Total liabilities	9,375.61	8,994.90
Capital expenditure		
(a) Payment Business	78.51	162.08
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	264.34	659.80
(c) Unallocated	-	-
Depreciation & amortization		
(a) Payment Business	244.39	200.90
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	317.14	369.86
(c) Unallocated	54.48	55.61
Non cash expenses other than depreciation & amortization		
(a) Payment Business	27.64	1.34
(b) E-Commerce Platform Business	117.99	134.89
(c) Unallocated	-	-

Geographical information:

Geographical segments for the Group are secondary segments. Segment revenue is analysed based on the location of customers regardless of where the services are provided from. The following provides an analysis of the Group's sales by Geographical Markets. For management purposes, the Group operates in three principal geographical areas of the world, in India, UAE and the other countries. (₹ in Million)

					,
	Period ending	India	UAE	Others	Total
Revenue from operations and other operating revenue	31/3/2023	18,446.50	1,015.98	160.91	19,623.39
	31/3/2022	12,133.44	646.96	158.94	12,939.34
Carrying amount of segment non current assets*	31/3/2023	24,150.67	3,296.60	185.43	27,632.70
	31/3/2022	23,337.29	3,290.74	170.63	26,798.66

* The carrying amount of non current assets, which do not include deferred tax assets and income tax assets. Financial assets analysed by the Geographical area in which the Assets are located.

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Note 34: Lease

The Group's lease asset primarily consist of leases of buildings offices having the various lease terms. During the year, the Company has acquired vehicles for its employees on long term lease basis. Accordingly, the Company has adopted IND AS 116 "Leases" to all lease contracts.

Following is carrying value of right of use assets recognised on date of transition and the movements thereof during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31,2022:

	Right to u	ise asset	Right to use asset Leasehold Building		
Particulars	Vehi	cles			
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Opening Balance	-	-	68.43	58.81	
Additions during the year	10.86	-	21.96	32.37	
Deletion during the year	-	-	-	-	
Depreciation of Right of use assets (refer note 5)	1.21	-	25.36	22.75	
Closing Balance	9.65	-	65.04	68.43	

The following is the carrying value of lease liability on the date of transition and movement thereof during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022:

	Right to u	use asset	Right to use asset Leasehold Building		
Particulars	Vehi	cles			
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Opening Balance	-	-	72.16	61.89	
Additions during the year	10.81	-	21.40	31.24	
Finance cost accrued during the year	0.27	-	8.67	6.58	
Payment of lease liabilities	(1.36)	-	(31.69)	(27.54)	
Closing Balance	9.72	-	70.53	72.16	
Current maturities of Lease liability (refer note 13)	3.33	-	26.79	19.45	
Non-Current Lease Liability (refer note 13)	6.39	-	43.74	52.71	

The following are the amounts recognised in statement of Profit & Loss :

ParticularsYear ended
March 31, 2023Year ended
March 31, 2022Amortisation of Right to use assets26.5622.75Interest on Lease obligation8.946.5835.5029.3335.50

For leasehold builing , the Group had total cash out flows for leases of ₹ 31.70 million in the current year (year ended March 31, 2022 ₹ 27.54 million). The entire amount is in the nature of fixed lease payments. The Company had non-cash addition to right of use assets of ₹ 21.96 million (year ended March 31,2022 ₹ 32.37 million) and lease liabilities of ₹ 21.40 million in the current year (year ended March 31, 2022 ₹ 31.24 million) on account of acquisition of right to use assets.

(₹ in Million)

(₹ in Million)

(₹ in Million)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

For Vehicles , the Group had total cash out flows for leases of ₹ 1.36 million in the current year (year ended March 31, 2022 Nil). The entire amount is in the nature of fixed lease payments. The Company had non-cash addition to right of use assets of ₹ 10.86 million (year ended March 31,2022 Nil) and lease liabilities of ₹ 10.81 million in the current year (year ended March 31, 2022 Nil) on account of acquisition of right to use assets.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities is 10.65%

The Group does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

Note 35 : Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

Accounting classification and fair values Α.

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 2 to the Financial Statements.

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets and liabilities:

As at 31 March 2023

		Carrying amount				Fair va	alue	
		Fair value through		Quoted	Level 1 -			
	Cost compre- hensive a	Profit and loss	Level 2 - Significant observable inputs		nt Significant ble unobser-	Total		
Financial assets								
Non current investment	3,189.80	674.57	371.73	4,236.10	438.63	3,797.47	-	4,236.10
Current investment	-	-	375.06	375.06	375.06	-	-	375.06
Other Non-current financial asset*	469.10	-	-	469.10	-	469.10	-	469.10
	3,658.90	674.57	746.79	5,080.26	813.69	4,266.57	-	5,080.26
Financial liabilities								
Other financial liabilities-non- current	50.13	-	-	50.13	-	50.13	-	50.13
	50.13	-	-	50.13	-	50.13	-	50.13

As at 31 March 2022

(₹ in Million)

		Carrying am	ount		Fair value			
		Fair value through		1				
Particulars	Amortised Cost	Other compre- hensive income	Profit and loss	Total	Level 1 - Quoted price in active markets	Level 2 - Significant observable inputs	Level 3 - Significant unobser- vable inputs	Total
Financial assets								
Non current investment	3,270.27	669.46	-	3,939.72	517.31	3,827.58	-	4,344.89
Current investment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Non-current financial asset*	205.78	-	-	205.78	-	205.78		205.78
	3,476.05	669.46		4,145.51	517.31	4,033.36	-	4,550.68
Financial liabilities								
Other financial liabilities-non- current	52.71	-	-	52.71	-	52.71	-	52.71
	52.71	-	-	52.71	-	52.71		52.71

The group assessed that cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans, trade receivables, trade payables, other current financial assets and other current financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

* The group assessed that carrying value approximates to the fair value

Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Level 1 - Valuation technique and significant observable inputs for assets and liabilities

Non Current Investment represents investment in quoted equity instruments. The fair value of investment is derived based on the closing market rate as per stock exchange.

Reconciliation of Level 1 fair values

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for Level 1 fair values.

		(₹ in Million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Opening Balance on April 1	517.31	1,392.82
Net change in fair value (unrealised)	(3.91)	(875.51)
Purchases	1,128.54	341.00
Sales	(828.25)	(341.00)
Closing Balance on March 31	813.69	517.31

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Level 2 - Valuation technique and significant observable inputs for assets and liabilities

Long term borrowings represents loan taken from bank. The fair value of borrowing is derived based on market observable interest rate.

The fair values of the unquoted non current investment have been estimated using a DCF model. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about the model inputs, including forecast cash flows and discount rate. The probabilities of the various estimates within the range can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value for these unquoted preference investments.

B. **Financial risk management**

The Group has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- . Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk; and •
- Market risk .

i. **Risk management framework**

The Group's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Group manages market risk through a treasury operations, which evaluates and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The treasury team recommends risk management objectives and policies. The activities of this operations include management of cash resources, borrowing strategies, and ensuring compliance with market risk limits and policies.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group.

Credit risk ii.

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and investments in debt securities. The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Financial Instruments and Cash Deposits

The Group maintains its Cash and cash equivalents and Bank deposits with banks having good reputation, good past track record and high quality credit rating and also reviews their credit-worthiness on an on-going basis.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables of the Group are typically unsecured. Credit risk is managed through periodic monitoring of the creditworthiness of customers to which Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The allowance for impairment of Trade receivables is created to the extent and as and when required, based upon the expected collectability of accounts receivables.

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At March 31, 2023, the maximum exposure to credit risk for trade receivables by geographic region was as follows: (₹ in Million)

	Carrying amount			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2021		
Domestic	455.05	536.67		
Other regions	195.27	272.49		
	650.32	809.15		

The above receivables which are past due but not impaired are assessed on individual case to case basis and relate to a number of independent third party customers from whom there is no recent history of default. These financial assets were not impaired as there had not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts were still considered recoverable based on the nature of the activity of the customer portfolio to which they belong and the type of customers. There are no other classes of financial assets that are past due but not impaired except for Trade receivables as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022

Liquidity risk iii.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Group's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Group closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

(₹ in Million)

(₹ in Million)

			(< 111 101111011)
Particulars	On demand	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year
Year ended March 31, 2023			
Interest bearing borrowings*	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	111.43	36.05
Lease liabilities	-	30.12	50.13
Other financial liabilities	-	811.63	-
	-	953.18	86.18

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

Particulars	On demand	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year
Year ended March 31, 2022			
Interest bearing borrowings*	-	2.08	-
Trade payables	-	387.75	3.84
Lease liabilities	-	19.45	52.71
Other financial liabilities	-	727.00	-
	-	1,136.27	56.55

* Includes contractual interest payment based on interest rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period over the tenor of the borrowings.

(₹ in Million)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group transacts business in local currency and in foreign currency USD, AED, SAR, OMR. The Group has foreign currency trade payables and receivables and is, therefore, exposed to foreign exchange risk. The Group does not use any derivative instruments to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations.

Foreign currency sensitivity

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD, AED, SAR, OMR rates to the functional currency of respective entity, with all other variables held constant. The Group's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material. The impact on the Group's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities.

	Change in USD rate	Effect on profit before tax
March 31, 2023	+5%	11.90
	-5%	(11.90)
March 31, 2022	+5%	13.81
	-5%	(13.81)
	Change in AED rate	Effect on profit before tax
March 31, 2023	+5%	0.32
	-5%	(0.32)
March 31, 2022	+5%	3.25
	-5%	(3.25)
	Change in SAR rate	Effect on profit before tax
March 31, 2023	+5%	1.23
	-5%	(1.23)
March 31, 2022	+5%	0.38
	-5%	(0.38)
	Change in OMR rate	Effect on profit before tax
March 31, 2023	+5%	0.23
	-5%	(0.23)
March 31, 2022	+5%	0.13
	-5%	(0.13)

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Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Group manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed plus variable rate borrowings.

Note 36 : Capital management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Group. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions or its business requirements. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Group includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and short-term deposits (including other bank balance).

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings (Note 13)	-	-
Less: cash and cash equivalent and other bank balance (Note 7)	(2,700.16)	(2,088.00)
Net debt	(2,700.16)	(2,088.00)
Equity share capital (Note 10)	2,677.78	2,676.31
Other equity (Note 12)	28,977.11	26,902.74
Total capital	31,654.90	29,579.05
Capital and net debt	28,954.74	27,491.05

Gearing ratio

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Group's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022

Note 37 : Additional Regulatory Information

- There are no proceedings that have been initiated or pending against the Parent and Indian Subsidiaries for holding A: any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended from time to time) (earlier Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- R٠ The Parent and Indian Subsidiaries have not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender
- The Parent and Indian Subsidiaries have complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 C: of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017, and there are no companies beyond the specified layers.

D: Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium;

The Parent and Indian Subsidiaries have not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall

- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Parent and Indian Subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries"); or
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

The Parent and Indian Subsidiaries have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Party") with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Parent and Indian Subsidiaries shall

- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- E: Undisclosed Income : The Parent and Indian Subsidiaries does not have any transaction not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Incometax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Incometax Act, 1961). Further, there was no previously unrecorded income and no additional assets were required to be recorded in the books of account during the year.
- F: Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency : The Parent and Indian Subsidiaries have neither traded nor invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year ended March 31, 2023. Further, the Parent and Indian Subsidiaries has also not received any deposits or advances from any person for the purpose of trading or investing in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency.
- **G:** Details of Relationship with Struck off Companies:

(₹ in Million)

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck off Company	Balance outstanding			
Life On Wheels (OPC) Private Limited	Payables	0.07	Merchant		
Raycharge Ecommerce Private Limited	Payables	0.01	Merchant		

H: Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company

The Parent and Indian Subsidiaries does not hold any immovable property not held in the name of the respective companies.

Note 38 : Nodal account balance

The group maintains nodal account with ICICI Bank and HDFC Bank. The nodal accounts are operated as per RBI guidelines pertaining to settlement of payment for electronic payment transactions for payment gateway business. The balance in the nodal accounts represents money collected from customers on transaction undertaken and is used for settling of dues to various merchants as per RBI guidelines.

Receivable for settlement of transactions:

The balance in receivable for settlement of transaction represents the amount pending to be received from pooling bank account and payment gateway for successful online transaction completed by the customer of the merchant into the nodal accounts. These amounts once collected in Nodal account will be utilized for payment to the merchants.

Payable for settlement of transactions:

The balance in payable for settlement of transaction represents the amount pending to be paid to merchant for successful online transaction completed by the customer of the merchant. The amount for the nodal accounts are transferred to the merchant designated bank account as per RBI guidelines, after deducting applicable charges.

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Note 39: Consolidation of Trust

The group has formed 'Infibeam Employee Welfare Trust' (IEW trust) for implementation of the schemes that are notified or may be notified from time to time by the Group under the plan, providing share based payment to its employees. IEW trust purchases Parent Company's shares out of funds provided by the Group. The Group treats IEW as its extension and accordingly shares held by IEW are treated as treasury shares.

The Consolidation of the IEW trust financials statements with that of the Group does not in any manner affect the independence of the trustees where the rights and obligations are regulated by the trust deed.

Own equity instruments (treasury shares) are deducted from equity.

(i) The sources and application of funds of the IEW Trust consolidated as at March 31, 2023 were as follows:

		(₹ in Million)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023			
Corpus Fund	0.00*	0.00*		
Borrowing	420.05	403.09		
Current liabilities and provision	40.49	40.05		
Cash & Bank equivalents	0.00*	0.29		
Non current investments	413.51	396.46		
Income tax assets	0.00*	0.17		
Net asset / (liability)	(47.02)	(46.22)		

(ii) Impact on the Company's profit and loss post IEW Trust consolidation for the year March 31, 2023

(₹ in Million)

2022-23	2021-22
-	0.56
-	0.40
-	-
0.79	0.62
(0.79)	0.33
	- - - - 0.79

(iii) Summarised statement of cash flows of the Trust consolidated for the year ended March 31, 2023

(₹ in Million)

	(,
2022-23	2021-22
0.29	0.01
(0.19)	(0.22)
(17.06)	(0.40)
16.96	0.90
0.00*	0.29
	0.29 (0.19) (17.06) 16.96

* Represents amount less than one million

Other items adjusted owing to the Trust consolidation include :

(a) Treasury shares

Upon consolidation, the investment in the Parent Company's equity shares made by IEW Trust is debited to the Group's equity as treasury shares amounting to ₹ 413.51 million as at March 31, 2023 (previous year: ₹396.46 million).

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(b) Dividend Income

The dividend income of the Trust is debited to the Group's retained earning amounting to Nil as at March 31, 2023 (previous year: ₹ 0.56 million) (shown as deduction from dividend paid).

Other Non Current Financial Assets and other income (c)

Loan advanced to the Trust is eliminated on consolidation amounting to ₹ 420.05 million as at March 31, 2023 (previous year: ₹ 403.09 million) forming a part of current loans.

(d) Interest Expenses

Due to significant difference in the purchase price of the shares accquired and prevailing market price of the share, the Group foresees inability of the IEW Trust to service its loan obligations and interest payment temporirly. Accordingly the Group has reduced the interest on loan to zero.

Note: 40 Acquisition of of Uvik Technologies Private Limited

During the previous year, the Board at its meeting held on January 31, 2022 has approved the acquisition of 100% shareholding of UVIK Technologies Private Limited ("UVIK") from its existing Shareholders. Consequent to the said acquisition of the entire share capital, UVIK became the wholly owned subsidiary of Infibeam Avenues Limited, w.e.f. March 01, 2022.

The said acquisition has been accounted for as prescribed by Ind AS 103 "Business Combinations".

Accordingly, the accounting treatment has been given as under:

All the assets and liabilities of acquired Company as at March 01, 2022 have been recorded at their fair values. The consideration was to be paid in cash, equity shares and stock options.

Asstes acquired and liabilities assumed

The fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired as at the date of acquisition (March 01, 2022) were as follows:

(₹ in Million) Particulars As at March 01, 2022 Assets Property, plant and equipments 1.74 Intangible assets under development- Technology Software 804.69 0.61 Income tax Assets Trade receivable 0.00 Cash and cash equivalent 1.65 Other Assets - current 3.86 Liabilities (0.39) Long Term Provisions -Gratuity (187.93) Deferred Tax Liabilitites Short term borrowing (3.38) Trade payable (0.97) Short Term Provisions -Gratuity (0.00)(6.62) Other financial liabilities Other current liabilities (18.09) 595.17 Total net assets at fair value (A)

Agreed Consideration was to be paid as under :

Mode of Payment	Consideration Amount	Fair Value of Consideration
Cash	120.00	120.00
Swap of Shares	275.00	275.00
Employee Stock Options (over a period of 5 years) *	355.00	296.87
Total amount of Consideration (B)	750.00	691.87
Goodwill recongnised on consolidation (C) = (B-A)		96.70

* Employee stock options to be issued over a period of 5 years is an arrangement in the nature of Contingent Consideration, the present value of which is recognised under the head "Other Liabilites - Non-current and current" as "ESOP Compensation Payable"

Note 41: Additional Regulatory Information

A. Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule

As at March 31, 2023

(₹ in Million)

	Outstanding for the following periods from date of the invoice						
Particulars	< 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1- 2 Years	2- 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
Undisputed Trade Receivables, considered good	517.63	8.54	15.50	44.73	63.91	650.32	
Undisputed Trade Receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Undisputed Trade Receivables, credit impaired	2.89	14.65	3.31	85.21	21.78	127.83	
Disputed Trade Receivables, considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed Trade Receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed Trade Receivables, credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	520.52	23.19	18.82	129.94	85.69	778.15	
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	127.83	
Total	-	-	-	-	-	650.32	

As at March 31, 2022

(₹ in Million)

	Outstanding for the following periods from date of the invoice						
Particulars	< 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1- 2 Years	2- 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
Undisputed Trade Receivables, considered good	652.85	3.59	18.31	134.39	0.02	809.15	
Undisputed Trade Receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Undisputed Trade Receivables, credit impaired	9.74	12.67	43.38	2.35	31.63	99.76	
Disputed Trade Receivables, considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed Trade Receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed Trade Receivables, credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	662.58	16.26	61.69	136.74	31.64	908.91	
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	99.76	
Total	-	-	-	-	-	809.15	

B. Trade Payable Ageing Schedule

As at March 31, 2023

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from date of the invoice						
	< 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1- 2 Years	2- 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
MSME	2.76	0.23	0.00	-	-	2.99	
Others	88.11	20.34	16.09	0.27	19.69	144.49	
Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	90.87	20.56	16.09	0.27	19.69	147.48	

As at March 31, 2022

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from date of the invoice							
	< 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1- 2 Years	2- 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total		
MSME	3.37	-	-	-	-	3.37		
Others	380.01	4.37	1.86	1.11	0.87	388.22		
Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total	383.38	4.37	1.86	1.11	0.87	391.59		

C: Analytical Ratios

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	As on March 31, 2023	As on March 31, 2022	% Variance	Reason for Variance
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.60	1.37	17%	There is no significant change.
Debt Equity Ratio	Borrowings	Total Equity	-	0.00	100%	The Company has repaid the borrowings during the year.
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	EBITDA	Interest + Principal	-	782.64	100%	The Company has repaid the borrowings during the year.
Return on Equity Ratio	EBIT	Total Assets less Total Liabilities	5.82%	3.39%	71%	Improvement in view of increase in operating efficiency resulting into higher operating profit
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Income from Operations	Average Working Capital (Current Assets less Current Liabilites)	5.17	4.60	12%	There is no significant change.
Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit	Total Income	6.7%	6.4%	4%	There is no significant change.
Trade receivables turnover ratio	Income from Operations	Average Trade Receivables	26.89	16.82	60%	Improvement in view of better trade receivables management.
Trade payables turnover ratio	Contracting Expenses	Average Trade Payables	60.62	34.08	78%	Improvement in view of better working capital management.
Return on capital employed	EBIT	Total Assets less Current Liabilities	5.55%	3.26%	70%	Improvement in view of increase in operating efficiency resulting into higher operating margin
Inventory turnover ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Return on investment	Income generated from investments	Average Investments	3.41%	0.01%	24979%	Due to Income generated from sale of quoted investment in current year

Note : 42 Additional information as required by Paragraph 2 of the general instructions for preparation of consolidated financial statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

		ts i.e. total ninus total liabilities	Share of profit or loss		Share of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		Comp	e of Total rehensive ome (TCI)
Name of the entity in the group	As % of consoli- dated net assets	Amount	As % of consoli- dated profit	Amount	As % of consoli- dated OCI	Amount	As % of consoli- dated TCI	Amount
Parent								
1. Infibeam Avenues Limited	88.52%	28,030.99	58.59%	798.44	-74.74%	53.70	62.53%	852.15

Subsidiary								
Indian								
1. Instant Global Paytech Pvt Ltd	0.34%	108.77	0.29%	3.90	-0.78%	0.56	0.33%	4.46
2. Infibeam Digital Entertainment Pvt. Ltd.	-0.18%	(58.19)	0.06%	0.85	0.00%	-	0.06%	0.85
3. So Hum Bharat Digital Payments Private Limited	0.02%	5.20	-0.04%	(0.54)	0.00%	-	-0.04%	(0.54)
4. Odigma Consultancy Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	2.14%	678.53	17.60%	239.86	-0.33%	0.23	17.62%	240.09
5. Infibeam Logistics Pvt. Ltd.	1.09%	345.23	-0.79%	(10.80)	0.00%	-	-0.79%	(10.80)
6. Cardpay Technologies Pvt Ltd	0.01%	1.86	0.03%	0.39	0.00%	-	0.03%	0.39
7. Avenues Infinite Private Limited	2.45%	775.98	11.82%	161.05	176.68%	(126.95)	2.50%	34.11
8. Uvik Technologies Pvt Ltd (w.e.f. 01.03.2022)	0.11%	36.29	-2.50%	(34.03)	-0.19%	0.14	-2.49%	(33.89)
9. Infibeam Project Management Pvt Ltd	0.30%	94.06	0.25%	3.41	0.00%	-	0.25%	3.41
Foreign								
1. AI Fintech INC	1.65%	521.14	-0.40%	(5.46)	0.00%	-	-0.40%	(5.46)
2. Vavian International Limited	1.22%	387.55	-0.97%	(13.24)	0.00%	-	-0.97%	(13.24)
3. Avenues World FZ LLC	2.04%	647.26	22.33%	304.36	0.00%	-	22.33%	304.36
4. Infibeam Avenues Saudi Arabia	0.25%	80.42	-0.47%	(6.44)	0.00%	-	-0.47%	(6.44)
5. Infibeam Avenues Australia Pty Ltd	0.00%	(0.19)	-0.01%	(0.19)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.19)
Associates								
1. Avenues Payments India Private Limited	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
2. Vishko22 Products & Services Private Limited (w.e.f. September 20, 2022)	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.17	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.17
3. Infibeam Global EMEA FZ LLC	0.00%	-	-3.57%	(48.62)	0.00%	-	-3.57%	(48.62)
4. Rich Relevants Ltd	0.00%	-	-0.13%	(1.81)	0.00%	-	-0.13%	(1.81)
5. DRC Systems India Limited (upto September 30, 2022)	0.00%	-	0.34%	4.68	0.00%	-	0.34%	4.68
Non-Controlling interest in subsidiary	0.03%	9.67	-2.44%	(33.28)	-0.64%	0.46	-2.41%	(32.82)
Total	100%	31,664.57	100%	1,362.70	100%	(71.85)	95%	1,290.84

Note : 43 Investment in Associate

The following table depicts the summarised financial information of the Group's investment in associates.

	Avenues Payments India Private Limited (up to April 29, 2021)		Vishko22 Products & Services Private Limited (w.e.f. September 20, 2022)		Infibeam Global EMEA FZ LLC		Rich Relevants Limited		DRC Systems India Limited (upto September 30, 2022)		Total	
Summarised Balance Sheet	March 31, 2023	April 29, 2021		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Septem- ber 30, 2022	March 31,2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Current assets	-	265.41	4.44	-	3,364.07	3,361.62	2,865.64	3,784.72	69.63	72.54	6,303.78	7,484.29
Non current assets	-	93.06	0.07	-	2,575.93	2,469.98	1,296.54	-	193.53	177.01	4,066.08	2,740.05
Current liabilities	-	37.63	1.70	-	9.41	364.66	3,696.33	3,359.15	33.41	20.24	3,740.86	3,781.68
Non current liabilities	-	5.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	142.56	161.50	142.56	166.74
Equity	-	315.59	2.81	-	5,930.59	5,466.94	465.85	425.57	87.19	67.81	6,486.43	6,275.91
Proportion of the Group's ownership	0.00%	22.68%	50.00%	0.00%	49.00%	49.00%	49.00%	49.00%	29.69%	29.69%		
Carrying amount of investment	-	71.58	1.42		3,099.53	3,148.15	88.85	90.67	371.73	31.46	3,561.53	3,341.84

(₹ in Million)

Summarised statement of profit and loss	March 31, 2023	April 01, 2021 to April 29, 2021	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	April 01, 2022 to Septem- ber 30, 2022	March 31,2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Revenue	-	2.90	5.57	-	72.23	370.96	7.12	-	103.23	198.32	188.15	572.18
Cost of Sale	-	-	-	-	0.74	30.05	7.02	-	8.22	61.56	15.98	91.62
Employee benefits expense	-	9.56	3.00	-	16.92	12.41	-	-	48.93	93.19	68.85	115.17
Finance cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.17	0.72	5.17	0.72
Depreciation	-	1.93	0.01	-	137.59	129.39	-	-	5.14	13.21	142.73	144.54
Other expenses	_	2.48	2.10	-	16.20	35.66	3.81	0.41	13.33	17.54	35.43	56.09
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(11.07)	0.47		(99.22)	163.45	(3.70)	(0.41)	22.46	12.08	(80.00)	164.04

											(₹ i	n Million)
Summarised statement of profit and loss	March 31, 2023	April 01, 2021 to April 29, 2021	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	April 01, 2022 to Septem- ber 30, 2022	March 31,2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Income tax (credit)	-	-	0.12	-					6.70	5.05	6.83	5.05
Profit / (Loss) for the year	-	(11.07)	0.34	-	(99.22)	163.45	(3.70)	(0.41)	15.75	7.03	(86.83)	158.99
Other Com- prehensive Income / (Loss)	-	_	_	_					-	-0.08	-	-0.08
Total com- prehensive profit / (loss) for the year	-	(11.07)	0.34	-	(99.22)	163.45	(3.70)	(0.41)	15.75	6.95	(86.83)	158.90
Proportion of the Group's ownership	0.00%	22.68%	50.00%	0.00%	49.00%	49.00%	49.00%	49.00%	29.69%	29.69%	0.00%	0.00%
Group's share of profit / (loss) for the year		(2.51)	0.17		(48.62)	80.09	(1.81)	(0.20)	4.68	2.06	(45.59)	79.44
Contingent liabilities and capital commit- ment												
Contingent liabilities	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
capital commitment	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Note : 44 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities:

The Company is required to spend ₹ 13.66 million (Previous Year ₹ 12.13 million) on CSR activities. a.

b. Amount spent during the year on:

		Year ended							
		March 31, 20223							
		In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total		
(i)	Construction / Acquisition of an Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-		
(ii)	Contribution to Trust/Universities	15.10	-	15.10	12.20	-	12.20		
(iii)	On Purposes other than (i) above	-	-	-	-	-	-		

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
C.	Nature of CSR activities undertaken by the company	a) Construction of large Gaushala, hospital building, gobar gas plants including and its related activitiesb) Provide medical treatment to needed people and education also	 a) Provide medical treatment to needed people and education also b) Gaushala - Gobar Gas plant,Vermi Compost unit,Waste management System,Hospital Building,WaterLake cattle shed, Office Block, labour quarter
d.	Details of related party transaction	Nil	Nil

Note : 45 Transfer Pricing

The Group transactions with associated enterprise is at arm's length. Management believes that the group domestic transactions with associated enterprises post March 31, 2023 continue to be at arm's length and that the transfer pricing legislation will not have any impact on the financial statements particularly on the amount of the tax expense for the year and the amount of the provision for taxation at the period end.

Note : 46 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 115 "Revenue from contract with customers":

a. Disaggregation of revenue

The table below presents disaggregated revenue from contract with customer for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 by offerings.

(₹ in Million)

i) Revenue	by offerings
------------	--------------

		,
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Digital Payment and Checkout Web Services	17,932.35	11,340.86
E-Commerce Related Web Services	1,691.05	1,598.48
Total	19,623.39	12,939.34

Digital Payment and Checkout Web Services

It comprises revenue from providing complete, simple and secure online payment gateway and checkout web services, with a real-time Credit Card, Debit Card, Net Banking, Digital and Mobile Wallet including UPI Payments, Recharge, Cash Card and Mobile Payment transaction validation process and platforms. This enables eCommerce websites to sell products and services online, and accept payments in real time.

E-Commerce Related Web Services

These primarily include a comprehensive suite of E-Commerce related web services comprising of domain registry, technical analysis and testing of software web services, digital advertising, and infrastructure related services.

ii) Refer note 33 for disaggregation of revenue by geographical segments

iii) The Group believes that this disaggregation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing of its revenues and cash flows are affected by industry, market and other economic factors.

b) Transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligation

The aggregate value of performance obligations that are completely or partially unsatisfied as of March 31, 2023 is ₹ 50 million (March 31, 2022 is ₹ 42.73 million) which is expected to be recognize as revenue within the next one year. Remaining performance obligation estimates are subject to change and are affected by several factors, including changes in the scope of contracts, periodic revalidations, and adjustments for currency.

for the year ended 31st March, 2023

C) Changes in contract assets are as follows:

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,162.79	763.89
Revenue recognised during the year	1,217.02	1,039.97
Invoices raised during the year	(915.63)	(641.07)
Balance at the end of the year	1,464.18	1,162.79

d) Changes in unearned and deferred revenue are as follows:

(₹ in Million)

		. ,
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	53.88	10.25
Revenue recognised that was included in the excess billing over revenue at the beginning of the year	(50.48)	(7.47)
Increase due to invoicing during the year, excluding amounts recognised as revenue during the year	14.45	51.10
Balance at the end of the year	17.85	53.88

Note: 47 Previous year figures have been regrouped or recast wherever necessary to present them more appropriately with those of the current year.

As per our report of even date

For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 109463W

Narottam Shah

Partner Membership No.: 106355 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Infibeam Avenues Limited** CIN: L64203GJ2010PLC061366

Vishal Mehta

Managing Director DIN: 03093563 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Sunil Bhagat

Chief Financial Officer Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Ajit C Mehta

Chairman DIN: 01234707 Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023

Shyamal Trivedi

Company Secretary Gandhinagar Date: May 25, 2023



Registered Office:

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PAYMENTS | PLATFORMS